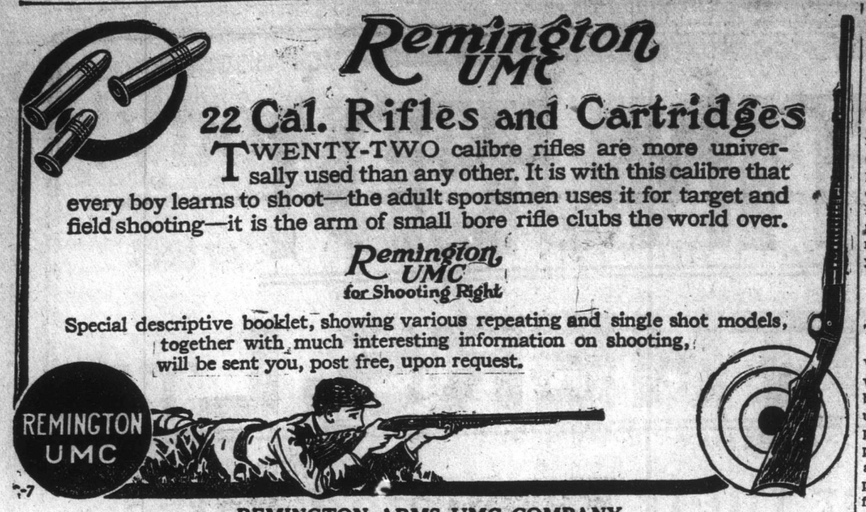


REMINGTON ARMS UMC COMPANY
233 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

Produce and Provisions.

(From Saturday's Trade Review.)

CODFISH.—Arrivals during the week have not been large. Shore fish has found a ready market at current prices. Labrador arrivals have been small, and altogether buyers have not been over anxious to stock up large quantities of fish. The few arrivals referred to have all been disposed of at not less than $8.25 per quintal. The shipments for the week to foreign markets amount to 8,700 quintals.

COD OIL.—There is no improvement in the foreign markets, and it looks as if we are going to see still lower prices before there can be any improvement in the demand. Several of our largest handlers will not pay over $180.00 per tun on the spot for Common Oil. Advices from New York this week do not justify the payment of this figure.

CODLIVER OIL.—There is nothing doing in Codliver Oil. It looks as if the Norwegians, with their lower priced, if inferior product, have filled up all the buyers in the foreign market for the season, and latest reports from New York by letters to Exporters here show they have, during October, made big sales at $1.00 a gallon and in some cases even lower. This is the price quoted here. "The Drug and Chemical Market" in its October issue, commenting on market conditions says:—"The same weakness prevades the Codliver Oil stiuation. Demand when it should be heavy, is light, and dealers are shading prices to induce buying. The best openly named figure for spot goods is $55.00 a barrel for both Norwegian and Newfoundland. However it is intimated that better than this can be done for the latter type. For shipments from Norway, $45.00 is named."

PORK.—The importation of Pork to St. John's this week was only 100 barrels, which is an indication of the dullness of the provision market. Latest American information speaks of marked inactivity, stocks being moderate and very little interest shown in this particular line. Prices of Hogs continue very firm. The falling off in the movement of Hogs reported during the week and of the general slaughter, is expected to mean a further decrease in the available stocks of product at the principal points. Ham Butt in the local market is $56.00, while lower quality may be had for $53.00. Other qualities from $38 to $50.00.

BEEF.—The imports for this week totalled 568 barrels. Market continues very strong at last week's prices. Not much trade in Beef here the past week, and the dullness in local circles discourages importation of Beef and Pork in any quality. If the usual local demand for outport requirements takes place, it will be necessary to make considerable larger imports. If this demand does not supervene, there are sufficient stocks here no doubt to supply the local trade. Local prices are:—Choice Boneless $32.00, Special Family $38.00, Family $34.00, and Choice Plate $25.

FLOUR.—Stocks are getting low in the local market, and there are no considerable shipments arriving such as would be coming in other years at this time. There have been rapid fluctuations in the Wheat market, and it looks as if we will see still lower prices by the end of the year. The reports from Manitoba are excellent and Wheat has been secured in splendid condition. There are over one million bushes on the way to Minneapolis to help out the quality of United States Spring Wheat Flours, as their Wheat does not compare in quality with that of the Canadian North West. We quote highest grade of Manitoba Patents at $17.00 on the spot and $16.00 to arrive shortly. Imports this week amounted to 2240 barrels.

SUGAR.—Importers of sugar contend that on behalf of themselves and the public generally, the Food Control Board should make public the total quantity on hand, so that the people may know when to expect cheaper sugar and the importers may know when to purchase.

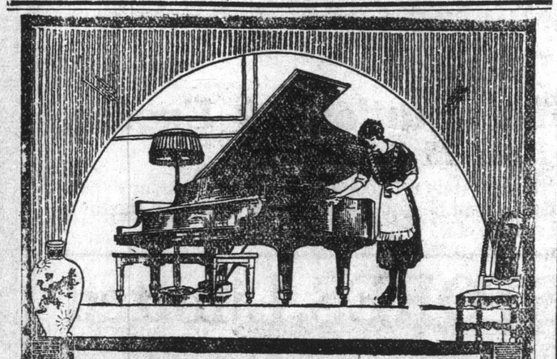
These figures can be procured by the Trade, we believe, but it would look better if the Board would take the public into their confidence and give out the figures officially so that we would all know where we stand. Some of the papers say that there is sufficient controlled sugar here to last till March; others say "it will not be exhausted till June."

We think it is due to the public to be enlightened as to the probable date when we may expect to get cheap sugar.

POTATOES.—Home grown potatoes are very plentiful in the local market just now, and are going from farmers to householders as low as $3.50 per barrel. Store prices are $4.00 a barrel and 15 to 16 cents a gallon. Newfoundland has had the best crop for many years and the quality is excellent. P.E.I. stocks will not be in till about a month hence. The price will be $4.00 to $5.00 per 180 pounds, barrel.

APPLES.—The "Gravenstein" season is over as far as Importers are concerned. The next quality in order of consumption is "Kings," a few small shipments of which have already arrived. Prices are somewhat lower, the reduction being caused by disorganization in shipping facilities to Europe, due to the labor unrest, which has reduced the normal rate of Apple export to England in October 100%. "Kings" are selling in the St. John's markets at $8.50 to $9.00 per barrel.

CORN.—There has been a drop of 41 cents per bushel during the past month. Corn is selling now cheaper than any time since the war. The greatest corn crop ever known has been gathered this season on the American Continent, and it should greatly reduce the price of Pork next year as it is the staple food of a large percentage of the hogs.



For the Piano—
and all fine Furniture

THE care of a costly instrument involves the use of a polish so dependable as to be absolutely "above reproach".

The fact that O-Cedar Polish is used for piano polishing in preference to all other preparations, by thousands of women, is as strong a recommendation as you could have for its use on less costly articles of furniture and on woodwork.

It is preferred in most homes, because it cleans as it polishes, producing a high, dry, lasting lustre and bringing out the beauty of the grain.

O-Cedar Polish 30c. and 60c. a bottle, $1.50 to $3.50 a can.
O-Cedar Polish Mop, with 54-inch handle $2.00.
Both Polish and Mop at your Hardware or Grocery shop.

CHANNELL CHEMICAL CO., LIMITED, TORONTO

O-Cedar Polish

Notes From Brigus.

Mr. T. E. Mitchell and J. T. Mack left for Harbor Grace to spend the week-end on Saturday last.

The stork has been visiting this town very frequent of late. This time it has left a son to Mr. and Mrs. D. G. Butland.

Schooner Clarence B., owned by Mr. C. A. Jerrett and commanded by Mr. Stephen J. Kennedy, of Conception Harbor, arrived home on Tuesday evening after a passage of about 3½ days.

Mr. C. A. Jerrett and J. W. Hiscock, arrived from the Labrador by Friday morning's train. Mr. Hiscock left by the Seal for St. John's the same evening.

The S.S. Seal arrived from Labrador ports on Friday afternoon to land a few crews including Capt. William Bartlett, Jr., also Mr. Thomas Roberts, one of Coaker's Fish Inspectors.

Mr. Danial Quinlan and Miss Elizabeth Morrissey were united in the Holy bonds of matrimony on Thursday evening at 7.30 by the Rev. Dr. J. J. Murphy, P.P. Mr. Quinlan has purchased the house formerly occupied by Mr. James Power, the last of the true born Irishmen of this harbor, as their future residence. We wish Mr. and Mrs. Quinlan many years of weded happiness.

Mr. Robert Bartlett, carpenter, who spent the past couple of months erecting a bank at St. George's, returned home on Thursday evening.

Schooner Springwood, owned by J. W. Hiscock and commanded by Mr. Patrick Driscoll, another of Conception Harbor's fine mariners arrived here on Thursday evening after a run of about a week.

Mr. J. French and Mr. H. M. Hearn, arrived from Heart's Content on a visit.

ALIQUIS.

Brigus, Oct. 29th, 1920.

The Young Man's Boot! Men's Dark Tan Laced Boots with rubber heels; makes an excellent Fall Boot, for $13.50 at SMALLWOOD'S.—sep25,tf

Mr. Morine's Reply to "Advocate."

Editor Evening Telegram.

Dear Sir.—The Advocate published my letter of Thursday last in Saturday's number, and will, I hope, also publish the appended reply to certain comments it chose to make on that letter, but as the Advocate is not prompt in publication, and the public memory is short, I shall be obliged if you will publish the inclosed.

Yours truly,
ALFRED B. MORINE.

To the Editor of the Advocate.

Dear Sir.—My letter sent to you on Wednesday not appearing in the Advocate on Thursday, and no mention being made of it therein, I very naturally concluded that you would not publish it, and naturally also I expressed chagrin at what seemed to me a gross unfairness. But you have published my letter, though after unfair delay, and for so much I thank you, and withdraw any words of mine which were unjustifiable.

I thank you, too, for your attempt to justify your editorial remarks on Tuesday last, for I take it for granted you will publish this further reply, and it gives me still another opportunity to state the real truth.

As to the Labrador Boundary, you quote the Hon. Mr. Coaker as saying to you that he "did not ask Mr. Morine, but only **suggested**, that he should accept a retainer from the Government." Well, Sir, Mr. Coaker's "suggestions" are very valuable, and in this case resulted in me being retained by Premier Lloyd. I see no real distinction. The point is that it was Mr. Coaker who first mooted to me my appointment by the Government, for which I thank him, as I did then.

But you say, Sir, on the authority of Mr. Caoker, I presume, that "the retainer Mr. Morine was to get was for the whole job, and he had no right to draw the amount until the work was performed." If this were true, it would indicate that Mr. Coaker did not merely suggest "that I should accept a retainer," but arranged the amount thereof, and when I was to be paid. It is true, however, that I was asked to accept a "retainer," which is the fee always payable in advance, and in fact, the exact amount was arranged at the time I was appointed. It is so manifestly absurd that I should name an exact sum to cover services that might spread over years, and perhaps take me to the Privy Council, and that I should wait to be paid until all the work was done, that I merely say on this point that it is utterly false.

Your reference on Saturday to this Labrador Boundary matter are so mixed with payments made to me in November last, on account of the Commercial Cable case, as to create the impression that His Excellency the Governor made some objection to the fee paid to me in the Labrador matter. This is not true.

It has always appeared to me that discussions between the Governor and any of his Ministers in relation to public affairs are in their very nature confidential, and the manner in which the name of Governor Harris has been drawn into discussions by some of his present Ministers is positively amazing to me. I refrain, therefore, from replying to your remarks about the Governor in this connection, except to remark that you can know nothing of the Governor's conduct except by statements he has made to his Ministers, and they have improperly repeated to you.

The Lloyd Government was defeated in May, 1919, and any payments made to me prior to that date on account of the Commercial Cable case were known to Mr. Coaker, I presume, and upon his joint responsibility. Judgment for the Government was given in February, 1919, and an appeal made to the Privy Council. In Nov., 1919, payments were made on accounts of the action and the appeal, and on the 17th of May, 1920, final judgment for the Government was given in the Privy Council. The proceedings have not yet been concluded, and extend, therefore, over a period longer than two years, while the amount the Commercial Cable Company will have to pay this year will total $230,000, in addition to which claims against other cable companies were involved in this.

On the 18th of May, 1918, I said the following in a letter to a member of the Lloyd Government: "I have based the retainer on 1% * *. Will you kindly ascertain if this meets with the Government's approval * *. If so, I shall be obliged for a cheque forthwith, **according to the usual practice.**" In reply, I received a cheque for my retainer. Two weeks later I wrote, "as the amount now at issue proves to be $308,000, I shall later ask that the retainer be increased." This was agreed to. I quote from the correspondence to show that my bargain was perfectly clear.

Commenting upon the fact that I received about $12,000 for legal work given to me by the Lloyd Government, the Advocate says "a great many people would consider themselves very lucky if they could get so much in four or five years." I should think them lucky, too, the kind of people the Advocate has in mind, but the Colony which paid them would certainly be very unlucky. I am not of that kind of people, and I may say that I would think it a very unlucky year nowadays when, if not in public office, I could not earn that amount or more. I must admit that I am amazed at Mr. Coaker's narrow views in this connection, for I've never regarded him as too small in spirit to pay a good price for good work.

As to the law reports I sold to the Government in 1919, for the Justice Department, you say you understand that a further expenditure will have to be made to bring the library of the department up-to-date. Why, of course! I sold 150 volumes. About fifty more of later date are needed for this series. Then there will be hundreds more needed of still later date. And they are needed very much. About $5,000 could be profitably spent in law books for that office. Might I suggest that Mr. Coaker needs a law library in his own department. But if he had one, and competent advisers, I would not be so profitably employed as nowadays, and as I hope to be.

Yours truly,
ALFRED B. MORINE.

Nov. 1, 1920.

COATS!

Ladies! There's a reason why you should see the wonderful line of Coats we are offering for

$18.75.

Because these Coats are worth half as much more. They are well cut, well made, therefore sure to fit good; that's the reason why you should see them before looking elsewhere. The price is $18.75.

OUR REGULAR STOCK OF LADIES' & CHILDREN'S COATS IS AT ITS BEST.

A carefully selected line, embracing all the fashionable and most popular winter weight fabrics. Every Coat is cut on lines which guarantee a good fit.

Dollar for Dollar, your money cannot buy better Coats at the prices.

S. MILLEY.

nov1,m,w,f,s

Opposition Should Get Busy.

Editor Evening Telegram.

Dear Sir.—Do the people of this country realize that they are permitting themselves to become slaves? Day by day the autocratic rule of W. F. Coaker is being forced upon us, and we seem to bow our heads in complete submission. Has the spirit of our forefathers entirely disappeared, and has the manliness and independence of the past become completely obliterated? Where are our leaders, or have we any man in the country strong enough to arouse the people to a sense of decency and respect. Never was a strong man more needed than at the present moment. W. F. Coaker is playing the role of the impudent autocrat shamelessly. His partner in the game, Premier Squires, is gone a-hiding and allows Coaker to run the show, knowing that he has brass in his make up to attempt anything. Mr. Warren has also taken a back seat, acting the part of the cute small man. Men who were supposed to be vigorous champions of the independence of the people in the Opposition Party are as dumb as it is possible to be. Why is this? Have they lost courage or do they think that silence is the part that the people of this country expect them to play? Where is our young champion, W. J. Higgins? Why does he not get busy and show the stuff he is made of? Surely he and Sir M. P. Cashin and Sir J. C. Crosbie are not going to allow the people to be treated as slaves without making an attempt to arouse the old fire of manliness to take control in this country again. If these men are dead politically, then let them tell the people so, and not be fooling us. We can then make a move to secure others, who will not be inactive at a time like this when matters are so serious. It may be said that the people placed Coaker and Squires in power and that it is no use to do anything now, but it must be borne in mind that there are thousands in this country who regret that they ever placed these men in power. All over the country dissatisfaction is rampant, and the people want an opportunity to show their opposition to the doings of the Coaker rule. But we must have a way of showing it, and that can be done only by public meetings organized and conducted by the men who are looked upon as leaders in the Opposition ranks. If the people are given a chance they will soon show their disapproval of the slavery rule that now threatens us.

Yours truly,
DEMOCRAT.

Nov. 1, 1920.

Salvage Notes.

Mr. J. R. Courage was here a few days ago soliciting orders for imported beef (fresh). We are informed that he did a brisk business, although considering that the meat will cost in the vicinity of 30 cents per pound, landed, we see nothing enticing in the way of bargains about the transaction.

We also had a visit from a journeyman watch repairer, but if we have to depend on such scantily outfitted workmen for reliable chronometers, we are doomed to something worse than the confusion existing in our outports when the Daylight Bill is enforced, and only obeyed by half the villagers.

Many families are disappearing from Salvage. Since September no less than seven families have left or are about to leave. Some are merely going away for the winter, while others are bidding adieu for aye, to the old scenes. Happily but few intend leaving Newfoundland as yet.

The unsettled weather has been a big setback to the fall's work. Most of the people have their potatoes up, and are endeavouring to get their cruising finished, but the daily gales and the consequent seas make the task an almost impossible one.

Twice during October the "Watchful" has been unable to call—going north—by reason of the tremendous sea running. On the first occasion, the mail was landed at Happy Adventure, Tuesday night, but we did not receive same until Saturday. Only six miles away, but the genial Minister of Posts and Telegraphs, was so interested in his leader's district, that he disregarded the desire of the people to have mail sent by sepcial trip of the courier.

I note with pleasure the formation of a Philatelic Society, in St. John's. It appears to me, however, that the Philatelists could easily come as a sub-body under the Historical Society, as the postage and revenue stamps of any country give more than an intermittent outline of part of its history. Newfoundland being no exception. Be that as it may the formation of such a society will, undoubtedly induce many to become stamp collectors, and thus keener patriots.

We are glad to note that the Regulations are still getting logical knockouts from the People's Paper. The cries of the Star and Advocate are of course as per usual. "All is gold that glitters of Coakerism." The Star was not always so generous—but bygones are bygones for the present—and talking of the regulations, was it the results of the same, so manifest in the city and country, that induced an American visitor to St. John's to remark to one of our clergy, that the tide of sentiment in the city in business circles, was confederation?

If so, and it would not surprise us if confederation became a live question to-morrow, wouldn't it be ridiculous to know that Squires was at the very moment pretending to settle the Labrador Boundary Question between Newfoundland and Canada. Laughable, indeed! but not more so than others of Squires' doings.

—COR.

Salvage, October, 26, 1920.

An Appeal.

To The C. of E. Children, Newfoundland.

Dear Children,—On behalf of the children of Bay Bull's Arm, Trinity Bay, I will ask your help. On June 1st, 1920, the forest fire destroyed our Church and some of our homes, but we still have our school left, in which we hold Divine Service. We, the children, are at present working to obtain money to purchase a small organ to be used in His service. We want you children to think of us, and send us a small donation. However small we shall be thankful. If you cannot help us this way, please remember us in your prayer's. Any donation received will be acknowledged. On behalf of the Children, I am yours in anticipation.

A. B. M. Ryan, C. of E. Teacher,
Bay Bull's Arm., T.B.

Oct. 28, 1920.

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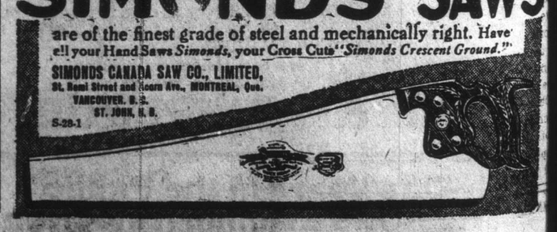
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