(24) Union with Grammar Schools.

VIII. And be it enacted, That the Trustees of each School Section shall have authority to take such steps as they may deem expedient to unite their School with any public Grammar School, which shall be situate within or adjacent to the limits of their School Section.*

(25) Personal responsibility of Trustees for neglect of duty.

IX. And be it enacted, That the Trustees of each School Section shall be personally responsible for the amount of any School moneys which shall be forfeited and lost to such School Section during the period of their continuance in office, in consequence of their neglect of duty; and the amount thus forfeited or lost shall be collected and applied in the manner provided by the ninth section of the said Upper Canada School Act of 1850, for the collection and application of the fines imposed by the said section.†

(26) Penalty for delaying Annual School Report.

X. And be it enacted, That the Trustees of each Section School shall each personally forfeit the sum of five dollars for each and every week that they shall neglect, after the thirty-first day of January in each year, to prepare and forward to their local Superintendent of Schools, their School Report, as required by law, for the year ending the thirty-first of December immediately preceding; and which sum or sums thus forfeited shall be sued for by such local Superintendent, and collected and applied in the manner provided by the ninth section of the said Upper Canada School Act of 1850. [See page 26.]

^{*} In case of a union, the Grammar and Common School departments of the school should be kept quite distinct. See Manual for Grammar and Common Schools in Cities, Towns, and Incorporated Villages.

[†] While Trustees are thus made personally responsible for refusal to exercise their corporate powers, and while the acts of a majority are binding upon the Corporation, yet no majority of the Trustees can act without notifying their colleague or colleagues, and giving him or them an opportunity of joining in or dissenting from, their acts. See Note *, page 28.