Conductor. (R. R.) Nádasinaiganiwinini, "ticket (musinaigan) gathering (nad-) man (inini)."

Des Moines River. (Iowa.) French La Rivière des Moines, "River of the Moingwena." The Indians of this name formed one of the divisions of the Illinois tribe. Mowingwe, "dirty face." Mo, "dirt" (excrements); ingwe, "he has such a face."

The ending -na, is peculiar to the Illinois dialect.

Detour. (Chippewa Co., Mich.) French, "turning point." The Ojibwa name for the locality is Giwideoónan, "a channel where they turn, sailing." Giwidevao, "he goes around a point by water;" -onan, "a boat channel."

Drummond Island. (St. Mary's River, Michigan.) Potiganissing, "mortar-shaped." From the obsolete potigan, (now bodagan,) "a mortar," "a pot;" and issin, "it lies thus." The term refers to a large bay on the north-western side of the island.

Eagle River. (Keweenaw Co., Mich.) Migisiwisibi. Migisi, "eagle;" sibi, "river." The ancient form migisiw, is used in compounds, and i is inserted for the sake of euphony.

Entry. (The month of Portage River, Keweenaw Co., Mich.) Ságing, "at the mouth." This is a common name, and the locative case of sagi, "the mouth of a river;" from the root sag., "coming forth." (See Saugatuck.)

European. Kichiayaming wénjibad, "one who comes from the great other side."

Fence River. (Marquette Co., Mich.) Michikanisibi, "fence river," or "fish weir river." Michikan, "an enclosure." The name of Lake Michigan has been erroneously derived from this word.

Fond du Lac. (Minn.) French, "head of the lake." The Ojibwa name is Nagajiwanang, "where the current is stopped." Naga-, "stopping;" -ijiwan, "the water flows;" -ang, a locative affix.

The current of the St. Louis River is arrested below the rapids near *Fond du Lac*, the lake water backing up thus far, especially when strong north - easters are blowing.

Naugatuck, (Conn.) has the same meaning. The Ottawa

equivalent would be nagitag; Menominee nagita.

Genan. Anima; Déchiman; also Meyagwed. Anima, from the French Allemand. Dechiman, from Dutehman. Meyagwed, "one who speaks a strange language;" i. e. different from French or English, with which the Indians became acquainted at an earlier period.