## PUNCH'S LEAGUE.

## TO THE INHABITANTS OF CANADA.

Fellowo Countrymen,
British American Funch bas read the address of the British American League, which he considers reflects the most injurious imputations upon hitm: Punch hopes that he is a man and a brother, but he cannot allowhimseli to be outstripped by a League which has not as yet offered a single wood-cut or joke to the Public. Punch tells the League, that the Public have placed the redress of their grievances in Punch's hands: and that it is to bim they look, and not to the League, to regulate all questions respecting their own fates "and the happiness and fate of their posterity."

Punch admits that "here is a gencral depression throughout the Province," owing to the want of a more general perosal of his inimitable columns. If the people will not read Punch they must expect to be miserabte, and they deserve to be miserable, and Punch has no pity for them. If the League will expend $£ 600$ a yems in circulating numbers of Punch, it is admitted by "all men of unbiassed judgment and adequate opportunities of observation" and "conmercial men of the greatest experience and policical economists of every shade of opinion" that grumbling and dissatisfaction will cease. Punch is a thousand Leagues in himself. Punch walks over a thousand Leagues every day of lis existence. Punch can walk into a League, and Punch will walk into any League which treads on his corns or crosses the shadow of his venerable hunch.

Punch is a Briton and a "brick," and he denies that any thing about him has been "diluted and weakened" excepting the tea and coffee which is about him at the bour of breakfast; which hour is with him on uncertain hour and at limes only half an hour. "The westeful experditure of time and talents" has also no application to Punch, although he is a member of the "honorabble House." Had inoney been mentioned; Punch would have "achoowledged the corn." The allusion to the "noble ends" of the members of the League, Puach considers highly indelicate.

In order to secure his rights granted to him by an idolizing Public, Punch has determined to form an organization of his own which will consist of mimself and suescribers throdghodt the whole Province, "to be known as PUNCH'S LEAGUE." The objects to be attained by this great agency are, good humor, jollity, and contentment. The interchange very simple. Wherever there are five Punchites, they will form themselves into a elub, which ou the payment of thirty-seven shillings and six pence will entitle them to receive one bundred and thirty numbers of Punch: These members will be entitled to enrol as many frech members as they' can in each locality; odministering the following oath of allegiance on admission:
"I promise carefully and contentedny to aead Punch in a Próper spirit, not turnigg yp my nose at his witticisms or repusing tc laugh at his jokrb-good or bad. I also prozige punotualiy to pay for Punch in adtance amd induce my neighhourg to do lieewise, which will be the wiseet thing they can Dg."
"Upon this general basis" it is believed that Punch's followers will soon be a majority of the Colonist, strnng to cope with hypocrisy and humbug, and able to put dowa all imposters.
If indeed, as some have said, the time will cone when even Punch must cease to be potent, it can only arrive when the woodengravers have slruck for ligh wages and the printer's slunk from their duty. Even in that hour, the shadow of Puuch will be seen on the roof of No. 10 St . Francois Xavier Street, flourishing his baton and shouting at the top of his voice "Shallabala! Shallabala!! Shallabala!!!,

## FLINT UPON PHYSIC.

From bis place in the House, Billa Flint has been discoursing ia the most flowery style, in favor of the Botanic or Thompsouian sctionl of medicioe. Thompson, it appears, found physic in flowers, and flowers in those who had rather go 10 grase with him, than to their graves with the aid of the more orthodox sons of Galen; and in the course of his remarks, Billa openly avowed his Thompsonian tendency, by moving that the usual privileges be granted to those practitioners whose cunning lies in the culling of simples.

We rather like you Billa, and are inclined to allow that in this instance you are one of the sharpest flints we bave met with for some time; but, for the sake of the public, we would object to granting unlimited powers of physicking to the "root-doctors," unil the superiority of their practice has been established by a proper course of experiments. Fiat experimentum in corpore viliand we think the Legislature could not do better than make a grant of Sam Mills, for the purpose of testing the efficacy of Fliat's physic. Should he sink beneath the treatment, the members will of course go into mourning; but should the result prove favorable. the name of Mills will go down to all posterity, flanked by those of Flint and of Thompson.

Again we say, we like you Billa-and although we have long been convinced that there are sermons in stones, we certainly never before knew that there was so much physic in a Flint.

## HONORABLE MEMBERS.

A certain moralizing Wit whose name we can't take the rouble to remember, observed a trop of Eton boys at play, and pathetically remarked "what a dreadful thing to contemplate that some day many of these harny litule fellows will be iurned into members of Parliament." How would this moralizer's syrnpathies be excited to see the specimens of Statesmen this juvenile country has produced! but we believe his mental suffering would not be one quarter so great, as that of the Parliantentary viclims themselves. We know litte of human nature, if we are wrong in supposing that if many of our Honorable Representalives had not the pleasing pecuniary reward allached to their bigh position, their interest in the politics of the Province would grow

> "Small by degices and beautifully leas"

Perhaps we are peculiarly constituted; but if we sought to avoid the tedium of life by the rational employment of our time, certainly with the palice force open to us, we would rather have "Policeman No. $10^{\prime \prime}$ upon our collar, than M. P. P. appended to our name. Much more heathful and interesting to our immorial part would be to us-a uightly duty in Notre Dame Sireet, than in $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{t}}$. Anne's Market : and although Policeman No. 10 does not receive the same number of stillings for keeping awake at night as the M. P. P. receives for sleeping, in his place: yet has he the pure air of Heaven about him and the consciousness of authority simmering at his heart.
Turn to the picture of the dumb "M. P. P" the mere mannikin of Legislation. He takes his seat at fuor o'clock in the afternoon, and with the exception of an oceasional shirk to "the tea and loast of Madame St. Jullien, is nailed for eight bours to his seat." He is a member of "Parle-ment" but he canoot use his tongue and has not courage to say "bo" to a goose, although the goose may be a minister. He sees an iaiquity, is perfectly conscious of a wrong committed : yet is he as dumb as in oyster, and only watches for the carliest opportuaity to get home, smoke his pipe and slink between the sheets, with a humiliating sense of Parliamentary inability and the pleasing subject for his dreama that be bas koocked another twenty snillings out of the Province.

> PUNCH'S SONNETS.

TO A GOVERNOR.
Saving and sad, Ah! hapless Lord, A bitter lot is thinc, for balbling guests Say that thy fetes are parsiniony's tests
Tho' tea and coffee load thy scanty board, And cnkes and swectraeats-all you can allord? Hunger and thirst, pléasurce's destrogers, wait
At thy feasts, so drear and desolate:
Although increasing daily is thy hoard.
No praises reach thy ear: but Folly's grin,
Good nature's sigh, and pity's gentie tear:
Will make the often wish thou hads't stoodest gin
Or made the corks to fly from "Molson's" beer.
A nd now farewell-to gain thy path's secure
Much, much, then't save, but Ah! bow much endure.

