# THE SORTIE FROM MAFEKING.

Detailed Story of the Success ful Fight by the Brave Garrison.

Women Help-Two Members of the Fair Sex Who Shoot Well.

On the Armored Train-British Troops Gave Free and Sarcastic Advice to the Boers -Cronje's Polite Note,

The London, England, Times of October 24 has the following graphic account from its own correspondent at Mafeking of the successful sortie made from that place on October 15, in which the British force lost three killed and fifteen wounded, and the Boers 53 killed and many wounded.

At daybreak this morning the Boers were reported to be advancing from the south, and the whole garris stood to arms. At 5.25 a sharp fire was heard from the north, and a galloper reported that the patrol under Lord Charles Cavendish Bentinck was in action. The firing lasted only a few minutes, and then the armored train, under Capt. Williams of the British South African police and Lieutenant More of the railway section was ordered to move out and engage the enemy. Within seven minutes of Bentinck's engagement all the outposts had reported having heard the firing, and about 20 minutes to six Capt. Wilson was despatched to ascertain what had actually happened. It was found that the enemy had retreated, and the alarm flag was then hauled down and the town guard re-

The armored train came into action at nine minutes past six. The scene incide it was remarkable. The crew of the leading truck. Firefly, consisted of a detachment of British South African rolice and railway volunteers. Ashley Williams was in command. Mr. Gwayne was the driver of the engine, and A. Moffat acted as The second truck was in charge of Lieut. More, an engineer on the Bechuanaland railway. No. 1 truck was armed with a Maxim, and its crew mostly with Lee-Metfords. Truck No. 2, the Wasp, carried another Maxim. A third truck, the Gun. carried a Hotchkiss. The crew of each

truck numbered about fifteen. THE ARMORED TRAIN

As the trucks steamed past Lord Charles Bentinck's squadron they were received with a cheer, some shouting, "They can't shoot for nuts About two miles beyond Bentinck's men the enemy, some 500 strong, were sighted to the right front of the train, and the leading truck Maxim at 300 yards. The enemy replied with quick-firing guns and their pounder Maxim, and in a minute or two both sides were raining bullets. Our men manned every loophole, and as they served their guns rallied the sarcastically as he retired enemy gradually before them. The train advanced steadily, and as the Boers now and again discovered the range and began to drop shells too close, it kept moving up and down the line to the discomfiture of their gunners. Meanwhile the Mauser bullets rattled merrily, but impotently, on the armor each new discharge or volley being greeted with what our fellows called

'gun laughter." After the engagement had lasted some time, Col. Baden-Powell decided that the armored train should return and despatched Capt. Fitzclarence with a squadron of men to cover the retreat. The train then retired to meet Fitzclarence. The troopers moved away to the right of the line At first his advance was not opposed but after occupying a Kaffir kraal the enemy attempted to outflank him, and a heavy and determined engagement ensued. The armored train at this juncture was quite unable to assist Fitzclarcnce, as the enemy were attacking his front and still trying to turn his flank, so that the crew the train were unable to fire for fear

of hitting their own men. ALL THE WOUNDED SAFE.

Captain Fitzclarence was then ordered to retire on Mafeking, but he sent to the train, which formed a sort of base, to say that being hampered with his wounded he could not return without reinforcements. The phonophore was therefore connected with the railway telegraph message wire, and this message was wired to headquarters. In response Captain Lord Charles Bentinck was ordered to take his squadron and endeavor to extricate Fitzclarence. Meanwhile, our men were behaving splendidly and pressing the Boers hard. As a result of this the enemy abandoned their position a little before midday, thus allowing Fitzclarence, who was unquestionably outnumbered, to begin a retreat in good order.

At this moment a detachment of British South African police, about twelve strong, under Captain Wiliams, disembarked from the train, and proceeded unarmed with two stretchers to the spot where the wounded had been collected, and brought in those who had been rendered absolutely helpless Those who were able to do so moun ed horses and rode to the armored train. Amongst them was Lieutenant Brady of Queenstown, though he had been severely hit in the side. All the wounded were safely got into the train without further casualties. Fitzclarence, who had the enemy well in hand during the whole engagement, then commenced to retire on the town, and the armored train triumphantly returned with the wounded at full speed to Mafeking, its crew doing what they could in the way of first aid to relieve those hurt. By luncheon time the red flag was hauled down in the town, and our first scrimmage with the Boers

was over. WOMEN WHO CAN SHOOT. Of the crew of the train only three were hit, one of the British South

African police in the leading truck

namely Corporal Taylor, J. H. Hodge, a railway man, and a man named Kennedy, none of them seriously. The train proved immensely useful in the engagement, and its crew must have done great execution amongst the They had the advantage of enemy. being able to fire with perfect confidence, feeling tamselves secure. The men of the Protectorate regiment behaved remarkably well under a heavy and well-directed fire. The townsmen stood to their defences all the morning and there was never a sign of flinching on the part of anyone. So keen is the spirit in Mafeking that amongst the railway detachment, who help to man the Sandages limits to the north of the town are two ladies, the wife and daughter of a railway employe. They absolutely decline to go to the women' laager, and as both are good shots and love their own Lee-Metfords they are capable of taking care of themselves. During this morning Major Baillie who endeavored to get through to Fitzclarence with an order to retire, had a narrow escape. He galloped off to reach our right flank and ran the gauntlet of the enemy at about 250 yards. Fire was opened on him and his water bottle was struck. A secon or two later his horse was shot in the hindquarters, and he was only able to reach the shelter of the train just in time, his horse, which he had to abandon, being quite disabled

BADEN-POWELL COOL Col. Baden-Powell directed the operations with consummate coolness while his staff officers were very successful in persuading all despatch riders to assume that air of calm confidence recommended in the pocket book. Mafeking is very jubilant tonight, and quite ready to try another fall with the enemy as soon as they

are ready. A courteously worded note from Commander Cronje has been received by Col. Baden-Powell offering facilities for the interchange of wounded and prisoners. This being so, it may be supposed that when the Boers fired on the ambulance train that went out after the fight to pick up the dead they did so under a misapprehension.

#### BURLINGTON.

BURLINGTON, Vt., Nev. 3.-Right Rev. Bishop Louis De Goesbriand of the diocese of Burlington, for many years the head of the Catholic church in Vermont, died at the St. Joseph Orphans' Home, which had been his residence for several years, this evening at 7 o'clock. His funeral will be held from St. Mary's Cathedral at 10 a. m. Tuesday. The cause of his death was old age.

He was the oldest Catholic bishor in the United States, being 83 years of age and having been ordained for 59 years. He had been in failing health for several years, and in 1892 gave up the active work in the diocese, requesting that a coadjutor be appoint-

HOPE FOR CONSUMPTIVES.

(Pall Mall Gazette.)

The report of the medical registrar of the North London Hospital for mption at Hampstead, printed by the committee of management, states that 183 cases of consumption have been treated on the open-air principle since January last. Of these 43.7 per cent. left the hospital to return, in the majority of cases, to work; 32.3 per cent, distinctly improved; 7.6 slightly improved; 4.3 did not improve, and 3.9 died.

It is stated that it is a common currence for patients to enter the hospital with extensive signs of disease, and to leave, after nine or ten weeks, with no sign of active disease and an increase of a stone in weight Practically all early cases improve under the treatment. A proportion of these go to convalescent homes, and nearly all return to work. A large number of the patients keep up a correspondence with the medical staff, and none of these who markedly improved and followed out the hygienic principles taught there has shown any sign of relapse.

G. H. Mitchell, the Canadian government agent in Liverpool, writes to the department of trade and commerce requesting tenders from Canadian manufacturers of hop poles for some English firms.

"I feel as if I should fly to pieces. How often those words are on a woman's lips. They express to the uttermost th condition of the body, which makes life a daily martrydom.

> had come suddenly it would have been unbearable. But the transition was gradual. A little more strain each day on the nerves. A little of the vitality. Any woman would be a condition. Every woman tries to be of such women have been cured by Dr. Pierce's treatment with his "Favorite Prescription" when

If this condition

entirely failed to cure. Sick women suffering from unpleasant drains, irregularities, bearing down pains, inflammation and ulceration are invited to consult Dr. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., by letter free of charge. Every letter is guarded as a sacred confidence. All letters are promptly answered and mailed in private envelopes without printing of any kind upon them.

"Favorite Prescription" is in the full-est sense a temperance medicine, con-taining neither alcohol nor opium or other narcotic in any form. Accept no substitute.

Mrs. Rena Hensel, of Massilion, Stark Co., Ohio, writes: "I had been troubled with chronic constipation and female weakness and doctored with different physicians, none of whom seemed to help me. I saw one of your advertisements, and I thought I would try your medicines. I did so and with good results. Took one bottle of Dr. Pierce's Pavorite Prescription, and two of his 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and I can say I am cured of my troubles, thanks to Dr. Pierce and his medicines. They do a world of good to those who give them a good trial."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are a perfect cure for constipation.

### COUNTERFEITERS.

Three Men Arrested in Nova Scotia on a Serious Charge.

A Clever Scheme to Circulate Bogus Two Dollar Bills-Two Former I. C. R. Men Implicated.

AMHERST, N. S., Nov. 7.-Two nen, Arthur Stewart and Neil Barklev, both of Maccan, the latter bein an I. C. R. telegraph operator, are in custody here charged with circulating counterfeit two-dollar bills, and the telegram received here announced the arrest of a third man, Alex. Chisholm. in Halifax. About six months ago an individual made a tour through the maritime provinces, visiting New Glasgow, Stellarton, Westville, Truro, Maccan, Amherst and Halifax. In each place he chose one individual, saying that he was about to form company to handle counterfeit money entrance fee fifty dollars, one person to each place. He said that forty thousand dollars counterfeit twos were to be struck off and divided equally among the shareholders. Stewart and Barkley agreed to become shareholders. For some time the scheme did not materialize, the excuse being that one maker of the bills got drunk and spilt some acid on the bills and spoiled them. He left for Boston on Oct. 17th. returning later with the bills, giving the shareholders two hundred dollars

Detective Skeffington, in company with Officer Jones, arrested Stewart at Maccan. From information received from Stewart, officers Jones and Dunn arrested Neil Barkley, telegraph operator, on whom was found \$152 in counterfeit twos. Barkley admitted receiving two hundred dollar of the money. This led to the arres. in Halifax of Chisholm, formerly bag-gage master on the I. C. R., and he was brought here tonight and will be put on trial with the other two men. A. S. Fillmore's carriage factory Southampton was destroyed by fire last evening. The loss is about five thousand dollars; insurance two thou-

each.

sand.

#### LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

How They Do Things in Madawaska. To the Editor of the Sun:

To the Editor of the Sun:

Sir—For the first time in the history of this county, the late municipal elections were run on political lines. That means that the issue was between Mr. Costigan and Mr. LaForest.

In the last council there were ten partisals of Mr. Costigan and four friends of Mr. LaForest, whilst in the new council just elected Mr. Costigan can count only one supporter out of the fourteen who represent the seven parishes of this county. Such is the answer this county gives to Messrs. Costigan and Emmerson for their attempt to whip this county into line, by refusing to recognize Messrs. LaForest and Gagnon as its representatives and punishing those who at the last election and since have dared to show their independence. But the people of Madawaska are not to be driven, and they have resented the public insuit of Boss Emmerson and Contract. insuit of Boss Emmerson and Costigan change of feeling has come over the clike a snow-slide down a mountain. The Costigan party threw down the lenge and the LaForest party as quitook it up.

The contest in St. Leonards spoke for itself. In the last general election Messrs. LaForest and Gagnon had a majority of only seven in that large parish, whilst their municipal candidates, led by that sturdy champion, Lapointe, were elected by over one hundred majority.

ne hundred majority. Perhaps the stiffest fight in the county took place at Edmundston. The Costigan party had held a meeting and chosen their two strongest men, Maxime Martin and J. Aug. Bernier. Previous to this, our old councillors, T. M. Richards and Joseph Martin, hed compiled the people invested. councillors, T. M. Richards and Joseph Martin, had consulted the people, irrespective of party, and were urged by all to file their nominations. Mr. Richards, who was still suffering from the sad blow of the recent death of his eldest son, was unwilling to have any contest, and offered the Costigan party to withdraw in favor of any one. This was taken as a sign of weakness by the clique, who are unacquainted with anything like fine sentiments, and fearing that if Mr. Richards withdrew they would not have an opportunity to show their strength, they urge! Mr. Richards to come forward, Mr. Bernier even went so far as to sign his nomination. But no sooner had the nomination been field than Messrs. Bernier and his mate filed theirs. Those who were not in close transnation been filed than Messrs. Bernier and his mate filed theirs. Those who were not in close touch with the mass of the people had doubts about the result, particularly as the Costigan party have always carried this poll by great majorities. An eyecpener awaited them. Behold the result. T. M. Richards...150 Maxime Martin...57 Joseph Martin...147 J. A. Bernier....70 As soon as the announcement was made the crowd went will with cheering; in fact, never was so much enthusiasm and rejoicing shown at any previous election, whether federal or provincial. Messrs. Richard and Martin returned thanks in appropriate terms for the magnificent manner in which they had been supported, and then asked the people to give three cheers for Mr. LaForest, which were given with a vengeance.

people to give three cheers for Mr. LaForest, which were given with a vengeance.

Still further evidence of Mr. Richards's popularity was shown in the evening, when his friends invaded his fine residence to congratulate him and his colleague upon their great success. Stirring speeches were made by the two newly-elected councillors and others. Amongst the latter was Mr. I aForest, who stated that he was more than pleased at the result of the day for several reasons. The first was that an attempt had been made by means of the municipal elections, not only in this parish, but throughout the county, to show that Mr. Emmerson's policy in refusing to give him the patronage of the county had weakened him in Madawaska, whilst the verdict at the polls was an overwhelming answer that this county did not wish to be governed by those they had rejected. Another reason which made him feel proud of his parish, of the French and the Cathelics, was that they had followed the rule recognized years ago, to elect of their own accord a representative of the English Protestants, who raid more than one-half of the taxes of this parish. The attempt of the opposite parity to disregard this rule was unworthy of any good citizen, whose aim should be to live in harmony with his neighbors of every class and creed, which could be only attained by giving equal rights to all. Meesrs. Richards and Martin should feel proud of their victory, as it was no small est, which were given with a vengeance every class and creed, which could be only attained by giving equal rights to all. blessrs. Richards and Martin should feel proud of their victory, as it was no small credit to them that they should be held in such high esteem in a mixed community like ours, notwithstanding the shameful and determined attempts of a certain little very small class to brew the worst of all troubles, sectional strife, just for the sake of polities.

Several others gave expression to their feelings of satisfaction, after which every-body withdrew, delighted with the result of the day, more encouraged and determined than ever to fight with even greater success the next battle on the greater arena of fed eral politics.

AN ELECTOR.

Edmundston, N. B., Nov. 4, 1899.

To the Editor of the Sun: Sir-On account of the recent change in law governing municipal elections, the electors of Hammond have been deprived of the chance of making a choice as to who shall represent them for the present term at the council board.

There were three candidates seeking the suffrage of the people, of whom one, R. C. McMonagle, filed his nomination at or before six o'clock; another, Addison U. Pickle, at 6.30, and the third, Walter Alexander, at 7 o'clock. The parish clerk accepted the two first and refused to accept that of Mr. Alexander, hence there was no Sir-On account of the recent change

contest. People are asking why Mr. Pickle's nomination should have been accepted after the hour set by law had passed and Mr. Alexander's nomination rejected. If the clerk had been desirous of dealing out even-handed justice, he should have sceepted both, or neither; in either of which cases the electors would have had a chance to say by their votes which two out of the three candidates should be their representatives. It might be ursed that such an irregularity would render the election liable to be avoided under a protest, but experience has shown that orotests are not favorably received at the council board, and, besides, the expense added to the uncertainty makes that course undesirable. As matters stand, therefore, Messrs. McMonagle and Plokle will, by the grace of the people, have the henor of representing the parish of Hammond at the council for the next two onor of representing the parish of ond at the council for the next two a man possessing a wise sense

To a man possessing a wise sense of honor, a representative position obtained in such a way would carry with it a feeling which, to say the least, would scarcely be agreeable; but so far from our councillors-elect being affected by this view of the case, they are rather boastful of the smart way in which they have prevented an expression of opinion on the part of the ratepayers, knowing full well that if the electors could have spoken at the polls one of them would have remained for the next two years in private life. rivate life.

By printing the above in your excellent family journal you will confer a favor upon Yours very truly, RATEPAYER.

Hammond, Nov. 6th, 1899.

HOPEWELL CAPE, Nov. 3. To the Editor of the Sun:

Sir—The municipal election in the parish of Hopewell was the most spirited contest ever seen in this county, and resulted in the election of William J. Carnwath, merchant and lumber manufacturer of Riverside, and William A. West, an extensive farmer of Hopewell Hill. They were opposed by Isaac C. Prescott, nerchant and lumber manufacturer of Albert, member of the firm of C. & I. Prescott, and Benjamin T. Carter, a retired master mariner of Hopewell Cape The poll stood: Carnwath, 287; West, 276; Prescott, 259; Carter, 256—the largest vote ever polled in Hopewell. The councillorselect are liberals, but their victory cannot fairly be called a political party one. A great deal of dissatisfaction was occasioned by the unprecedentedly large expenditure of To the Editor of the Sun: ever polited in Hopeweil. The countries elect are liberals, but their victory cannot fairly be called a political party one. A great deal of dissatisfaction was occarioned by the unpresedentedly large expenditure of morey for Scott Act purposes, while results were very disappointing to the temperance people. Irregularities of officers who still enjoyed the confidence of the defeated councillors was also alleged. Mr. Prescott sat four years at the board and Captain Carter two years. Mr. Carnwath is a new man, while Mr. West has served at the board many years. Nins residents of Dorchester and vicinity voted, presumably for Carnwath and West. They were challenged by C. A. Peck, Q. C., agent at the poll for Messrs. Prescott and Carter, and took the required statutory oath. Mr. Peck urged that the form of oath "should be varied to suit the circumstances," and had an adition written on a piece of paper in pencil, which he urged the chairman to require the gentlemen from Dorchester to attest to before receiving their hallots. The inter-

which he urged the chairman to require the gentlemen from Dorchester to attest to before receiving their hallots. The interested narties refused to swallow Mr. Peck's extension of the statute. The chairman ordered the clerk to file Mr. Peck's memorandum and make an entry of the whole matter, and received the ballots.

The despatch from Albert by a special correspondent, which appeared in vesterday's Sun, reflects unfairly on George Newcomb, the parish clerk, who presided in a most impartial and honorable manner. Fred G. Moore acta? as secretary. most impartial and honorable manner. G. Moore acted as secretary.

Children Cry for

CASTORIA WINTER LUMBERING

The Anticipated Cut on the St. Croix

and Magaguadavic. Lumbering operations on the St. Croix and Maguguadavic rivers will extensively than for several years past. Brooks have been cleared out and dams built in many directions. On the St. Croix the cut will be about 40 million, as compared with 25 million last year. Of this H. F. Eaton & Sons will cut 17 or 18 million, James Murchie & Sons 10 or 12 million, F. H. Todd & Sons 8 of 10 million, G. Chase of Baring two million, and F. Mercere & Sons of Princeton one million. Spence & McMorran have a contrac with the Todds to operate on North Brook. C. F. Keith will cut two millions on Main Tomah for the Eatons; Thos. Hill will cut one and one-half million for the Eatons on Little To mah, Gideon Moores will cut one and one-half million on Ox Brook for the Eatons; F. Mercier & Sons will cut one and one-half millions on Main Tomah for the Todds; Geo. Bubaer will cut one and one-half millions on Monument Brook and Grand Lake for the Eatons; D. T. Belmore one million on Dobsis Lake for the Murchies Sev. eral small concerns will haul about one and one-half million into Scott Brook for the Todds. About two million logs will be carried by cars to Milltown fo the Murchies. F. H. Todd & Sons have cleared Scott Brook from Lambert Lake out, have cleared North Brook and built a number of dams. H. Eaton & Sons have cleared Main Tomah and Ox Brook, and have built several dams. On the Magaguadavic Moore & Howe have contracted for ten million feet. They expect to put a portable mill in at Red Rock or Utopia and will get out one million of hardwood deal. David Johnson has a large contract with this concern. John Dewar & Sons will cut five or

six million, as compared with two million last year.

# McADAM NOTES.

A concert was held in the I. O. O He hall on the evening of the 30th ult. the proceeds of which go towards the repairing of Union church. Miss S. Allison Knight of St. John was the leading singer of the evening. first selection, "The Heavenly Song," was admirably sung, her rich, powerful voice showing evidence of culture. She was heartily encored. Mrs. Barker of Bar Harbor, Mrs. Connolly of Vanceboro, and Miss Lila Green of McAdam also sang in a very pleasing manner. The McAdam brass band played several selections.

Rev. Mr. Currie exchanged pulpits on Sunday with Rev. Mr. Rupec of Vanceboro.-Rev. Mr. Flewelling of Canterbury held services here on Sunday.

Mr. Erb of St. John has opened photographic studio here.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. E. W. Grove's signature is on

## VICTIMS OF FIRE.

SUSSEX, N. B., Nov. 8.-At Pisgah today Mrs. Sylvester Anderson, in trying to rescue a child whose clothes vere on fire, had all her clothes burned off her. Neither are expected to Royal Canadian Regiment, South Afwas no recover. Dr. Ryan attended them

U. N. B. TROUBLE.

Sentences of Suspension Reduced at a [Meeting of the Senate.

Two of the Professors Have Resigned, and Another Has Stated His Intention of So Doing-Several Students Say They Will Withdraw.

FREDERICTON, Nov. 7.—The University senate met again tonight to further consider the recent trouble at the college, and their action is embodied in the following:

A resolution was introduced, the preamble of which, after commenting on the custom that has long prevailed at the University of subjecting the freshmen class to initiation ceremonies, commonly known as nitiation ceremonies, commonly known as 'hazing," and citing the many abuses of "hazins," and citing the many abuses of these proceedings and the danger to life and limb of the victims, after detailing the particular incidents connected with the present difficulty, concluded as follows:

Resolved, that the members of the senate, after thorough consultation and discussion with the members of the faculty, have been unable to induce a majority of that body to make such alterations in the punishment imposed as would, without in any way impairing their dignity or detracting from their authority, have the result of effectually enforcing discipline in the future and at the same time permit the five senior students to take their examinations, and if successful in so doing, obtain their degrees at the next encoenia; and without in any way extenuating the offence that has been committed, in view of the fact that the members of the faculty are not unanimous in approving of the sentence that has been imposed, and that the students under surpension have apologized humbly for their conduct both verbally and in writing and in approving of the sentence that has been imposed, and that the students under surpension have apologized humbly for their conduct, both verbally and in writing, and have promised to observe strictly the authority of the faculty in the future; and in view of the fact that very serious results will accrue to these students now under suspension from enforcement of a penalty involving so material an interruption of university studies, and that no charge was previously made against any of the students during their college course, for which they were called before the board of discipiine, have come to the conclusion that the interests of the University will be best served by reducing the sentence of suspension imposed upon the members of the junior and sophomore classes, so that it will terminate upon the 15th day of November instant, and by reducing that imposed upon the five seniors so that it will terminate upon the 15th day of November instant, and by reducing that imposed upon the five seniors so that it will terminate upon the 15th of December next. The following amendment was proposed and rejected:

Whereas, right public opinion demands the complete suppression and abolition of every form of what has been known among the complete suppression and abolition of every form of what has been known among every form of what has been known among the students as initiation; and whereas, the discipline of the college requires obecience to lawful authority instead of flagrant dischedience manifested in the present case; and whereas, this applies to non-interference with the personal liberty of every student instead of organized terrorism over freshmen, that the students now under sentence seemed determined to perpetuate; therefore resolved that the case be left in the hands of the faculty, who are primarily responsible for the discipline of the college.

The University of New Brunswick difficulty has taken a new turn. A Fredericton lessatch to the Globe says: The decision of the university senate last night in the matter of the recent difficulty has not by any means ended the incident. On the contrary, a situation has been created in comparison with which the original difficulty is quite insignificant. Three of the professors who voted with Chancello Harrison for expulsion of the five and the suspension of fourteen of the offending students have expressed today their determination to stand by their intimation, conveyed to the senate last week, that they would resign in the event of the senate overruling the faculty's decision, in fact, two of them this morning handed in their resignations to Chancellor Harrison, and the third will be handed in this afternoon. It is understood that the two who have already resigned are Professors Raymond and Stockley, but, however that may be, there is no doubt regarding the fact that the three professors who are standing by the chancellor are Professors Raymond, Stockley and Dixon, and that two of these three have already handed in their resignations and the third is to follow. In addition to this, six undergraduates, four seniors and two juniors have announced that they will withdraw from the university. Two of these, Wilson of St. John and McNally of Fredericton, both seniors, absented themselves from lectures today. The other two seniors who say they will withdraw are Clawson and Erb of St. John, and the juniors are Clawson of St. John and Porter of St. Marvs. All six are prominent members of the University Y. M. C. A. and have persistently opposed the initiation practices out of which all the trouble has originated, or perhaps more accurately has been made. They are giving it out, however, that they are not leaving the university as a protest against the senate's decision, but because they feel that they cannot advantageously prosecute their studies with the change in the prefessorate which the resignations of Professors Stockley, Dixon and Raymond will necessitate. These resignations are to take effect at the close of the present term at Christmas, or sooner if new professors can be got.

A Sun reporter called at Mr. Clawson's residence, King street east, last evening and was informed that Mr. Clawson sided with the faculty. and approved entirely of his sons action. They had decided to come home, but would remain at Fredericton a day or two longer.

All the members of the faculty were invited by the senate to appear and state their views. The offending students were also heard. It is understood that the minority of the senate who voted for the amendment numbered our, viz., Chancellor Harrison, Hon. Archibald Harrison, Dr. Travers and Dr. Bridges.

## A NOVEMBER WEDDING.

A quiet wedding took place at the esidence of Capt. Robt. Gifford, Plymouth, Mass., on Thursday, Nov. 2nd. when his youngest daughter, Miss Gertrude, was united in marriage to George Herbert Plumpton of Waterbury, Conn., formerly of St. John, N. The nuptial knot was tied by the Rev. D. Melancthon James, of the First Congregational church. During the visit of the happy couple to this city they will be the guests of G. W. Plumpton, 142 Brittain street.

THE SODLIERS' ADDRESS.

Persons wishing to communicate with the men from New Brunswick who went to South Africa, will use the following address: "Company G,

MAKES WHITE GOODS WHITER

Surprise Soap does it the was Has remarkat' and peculiar qualities for ashing clothes. Good for all uses. SURPRISE is the name. 5 cents a cake.

HYMN BEFORE ACTION. The earth is full of anger, The earth is full of anger,
The seas are dark with wrath.
The nations in their harness
Go up against our path;
Ere yet we loose the legions—
Ere yet we draw the blade,
Jehovah of the thunders,
Lord God of battles, aid!

High lust and froward bearing, Proud heart, and robellious br Deef ear and soul uncaring, We seek Thy mercy now! The sinner that forswore Thee, The fool that passed Thee by, Our times are known before Thee Lord, grant us strength to die!

For those who kneel beside us At alturs not Thine own
Who lack the lights that guide us,
Lord, let their faith alcre.
If wrong we did to call them,
By honor bound they came;
Let not Thy wrath befall them,
But deal to us the blame.

From panic, pride and terror. Revenge that knows no rein Light haste and 'awless error, Protect us yet again.

Cloak Thou our undeserving,

Make firm the shuddering breath,

n silence and unswerving, To taste Thy lesser death! E'en now their vanguard gathers,
E'en now we face the fray—
As Thou didst help our fathers,
Help Thou our host today!
Fuifilled of signs and wonders,
In life, in death made clear—
Jenovah of the thunders,
Lord God of battles, hear!
—Rudyard Kipling.

THE CANUCK SOLDIERS. To far-off fields they go, Where the gloomy veldt is red, With their kits aback and the Union Jack A-floating overhead.

When the good Queen's trumpets sound,
When the good Queen's bugles blow,
Each true Canuck will wish them luck,
As o'er the seas they go.
When the widow's bugles blow,
When the widow's trumpets sound,
Each brave Canuck will show his pluck
When the battlefield is found.

To foreign lands they go, By patriotism fed,
They will not lag, for the meteor flag
Is floating overhead

When the good Queen's trumpets sound,
When the good Queen's bugles blow,
Each true Canuck will wish them luck,
As o'er the seas they go.
When the widow's bugles blow,
When the widow's trumpets sound,
Each brave Canuck will show his pluck
When the battlefield is found.

To battlefields afar, Perhaps to join the dead! They go with joy for the silken toy That's floating overhead.

When the good Queen's trumpets sound,
When the good Queen's bugles blow,
Each true Canuck will wish them luck.
As o'er the veldt they go
When the widow's bugles blow,
When the widow's trumpets sound,
Each brave Canuck will show his plack
When the battlefield is found.
—The Khan -The Khan

TREATING WOUNDS.

Every Canadian Soldier Will Carry a Package of Lint. Seldom has an army corps gone to the front so well equipped from a life-saving standpoint as the Canadian contingent for the Transvaal. In addition to the protection against fatalities furnished by a well-equipped ambulance corps and skilled surgeons and nurses, each man will carry sewn to the lining of his coat a sealed packet containing simple yet effective means for treating wound; on the battlefield. The packet, in the use of which each soldier is instructed beforehand, is a sealed waterproof packet containing aseptic dressing for binding about the wound. Then comes a bundle of lint and gauze of the best quality obtainable, and sufficient for the treatment of several serious wounds. Then there is a band of 4½ yards of gauzy material for binding the wound. On the outside of each packet is a car' bearing the name of and address of the owner. A similar card is sewed within the packet, together with full yet simple directions as to how the bandages are to be used. Altogether the outfit is a most effective one for treating wounds on the battlefield, serving at once the purposes of preventing waste in hospital supplies, enabling wounded men to care for themselves until assistance arrives, and to readily identify men whose wounds have proved fatal. Dr. Nellsen has devoted special care to this matter, and has arranged to have 1,170 of these packets taken with the contingent, so as to have a reserve store after providing one for each man. the Transvaal. In addition to the protection

W. C. T. UNION

Of Nova Scotia in Session at Wolfville. WOLFVILLE, N. S., Nov. 6 .- On Monday evening the welcome meeting to the provincial convention was held in the Baptist church, which was beautifully decorated with flags and potted plants. On the platform was a portrait of Miss Willard, while across the top was the word "Welcome," in large letters, with the W. C. T. U. banner, having the words: "For God and Home and Native Land."

The address of welcome to the convention was given by Mrs. David Freeman on behalf of the local union. Miss Hilda Tufts gave an address in behalf of the order of the King's Daughters, and Capt. Tingley then extended a welcome in behalf of the Sons of Temperance, while Mayor Thompson welcomed the visitors in cehalf of the town. The Rev. Mr. Donkin extended a hearty greeting to the convention from the churches of the town, and Dr. Trotter represented

the educational institutions, Mrs. O. C. Whitman of Canso gracefully replied to these welcome Mrs. Rutherford, president of the dominion convention, captured the audience at once by her pleasing manner and eloquence

Excellent music was rendered by the choir. A duet by two little girls and a solo by the Rev. Mr. McDonald were much enjoyed. A pleasing feature of Monday evening was a five o'clock tea given to the delegates and visitors of the convention in the Baptist vestry.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Nov. 8.—Key West reported two new cases of yellow fever last night and Miami the same number.

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