

Frederickton Guide.

VOL. III.

FREDERICTON, N. B., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1892.

No. 27

Professional Cards. H. D. CURRIE, D. D. S., Surgeon Dentist, 164 Queen St.

BLACK, JORDAN & BLISS, Barristers, Notaries, &c. SOLICITORS BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA. 280 QUEEN STREET.

JAS. T. SHARKEY, Barrister & Attorney, FREDERICTON, N. B. Fredericton, N. B., April 4.

C. E. DUFFY, Barrister-at-Law, NOTARY PUBLIC, &c.

OFFICES: West Side of Carleton St., Second Door from Queen St. Fredericton, N. B., April 5.

FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE. Best English, American and Canadian Companies.

APPLY AT OFFICE OF JAS. T. SHARKEY. Fredericton, N. B., April 4.

T. AMOS WILSON, BOOKBINDER AND Paper Ruler.

Cor. Queen and Regent Sts. Fredericton, N. B., Dec. 22.

CANADIAN PACIFIC R.V. NEW BRUNSWICK DIVISION.

All Rail Lines to Boston, &c. The Short Line to Montreal, &c.

ARRANGEMENT OF TRAINS. In Effect May 23rd, 1892.

DEPARTURES. 7.10 A.M. EXPRESS for St. John, St. Stephen, St. Andrew, Houlton, Woodstock and points North, Bangor, Portland, Boston and points South and West.

10.00 A.M. ACCOMMODATION for Fredericton, St. John and points East.

4.20 P.M. ACCOMMODATION for Fredericton, St. John and points East, also with Night Express for Bangor, Portland and Boston, and Saturdays excepted, with Short Line Express for Montreal, Ottawa, Toronto, the West North West and Pacific Coast.

ARRIVAS. 9.25 a.m. from St. John, etc. 12.55 a.m. from St. John, Bangor, Montreal, etc.

6.40 p.m. from St. John, St. Stephen, Piquette Isle, Woodstock, etc.

GIBSON. DEPARTURE. 6.50 A.M. MIXED, for Woodstock, Piquette Isle, Edmundston, and points North.

ARRIVE. 4.00 p.m. from Woodstock and points North.

All above Trains run Week days only. C. E. McPHERSON, H. P. TIMBERMAN, Dist. Pass. Agt.

THE PLACE TO BUY Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silver and Silver Plated Ware IS AT A. F. MORRELL'S.

A Fine Assortment of WEDDING RINGS Always on Hand.

F. A. Morrell, OPP. BRIDGE

New Advertisements. Watch Out

For something interesting in This Space next week. You can learn how to get Something for Nothing. This week we begin to sell all kinds of Carpets at a Reduction to make room for Fall Goods. Good Bargains may be expected. JUST RECEIVED! A Lot of Children's Carriages coming in late will be sold cheap to clear them out. 25 more suites parlor frames daily expected. Just think of it! You can buy a Parlor Suite in Walnut Frames for \$27.50. Have you seen our hand made Chamber Suites, complete and all mounted on castors, for only \$19.50? It is a marvel of cheapness. We are getting them by the dozen and they are going out like hot cakes.

J. G. McNally.

150 QUEEN STREET ESTABLISHED 1850. 150 QUEEN STREET

JAMES R. HOWIE, PRACTICAL TAILOR.

Has a Splendid Stock of Imported and Native Cloths. This Season and Cases arriving daily. Coats and Suits and Windows are fitted with their goods than ever. These are full lines of staple goods in Coats, Crockery, Diagonals, Worsted Millings, West of England Cloths, and British, Canadian, Scotch and German Tweeds, and Trousers of every style.

A SPECIAL NOVELTY. In Trousers of French Make and a splendid finished Mixtures, soft and fine, and smooth as satin. It comes in beautiful designs, a fine selection of which can be seen on the Counter. SPINNING AND BLENDED CLOTHS are of speciality this year, and now is the time to have them made up. MY READY MADE CLOTHING is all it should be, and more, as my many friends are testifying daily. Come and see the makes and prices, they will astonish you.

BOYS' CLOTHING. Is a model line with me this spring. My stock cannot be BEAT, a fact which should be known to all school-boys. But seriously, every suit is stylish, durable, and cheap. In this department are very rapid, and underwear is better than ever. All styles in summer and winter wear, and a complete outfit for every boy. MY OLD STAND, 150 QUEEN STREET. Fredericton, N. B., April 4.

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A Fine Assortment of WEDDING RINGS Always on Hand.

F. A. Morrell, OPP. BRIDGE

THIS SPACE BELONGS TO A. Limerick.

"IMPERIAL HALL." JUST RECEIVED!

A Fine Line of English, Scotch, Irish and German Suitings which will be made up at the lowest prices.

THOMAS STANGER, 280 QUEEN STREET.

MISS WILLIAMS, Milliner.

Feathers, Flowers, Laces Trimmings, etc.

All the Latest Spring BONNETS MADE TO ORDER

N. HARRIS'S Cor. York & King Sts. Repairing Promptly Done.

AGRICULTURE. Notes and Suggestions of Practical Utility

FOR THE FARM, FIELD, GARDEN AND DAIRY.

Clearings of Interest for Our Country Readers.

The man that claims sheep will destroy his pasture has been starving his sheep until they are the grass clear into the ground.

All calcareous soils are naturally fertile and durable in a very high degree, and all soils naturally poor and entirely destitute of calcareous earth.

The same amount of food that is required to grow a pound of beef will make a pound of butter; the one can be sold for five cents and the other for thirty cents.

Nitrogen abounds in soils that are well filled with humus or decay vegetable matter. Keep up the green manuring. They need potash, phosphorus and lime.

In offering a premium for the best sample of a given product, no definite goal is accomplished unless there is an explanation of the means by which it was secured.

Some men "guess" that they are plowing just deep, but would be much surprised if they would accurately measure the depth of the furrow. Do not "guess" anything.

A class of farmers seem to feel that money laid away in the soil is dead property. They do not consider that laid reserves pay in a single year better interest than in a savings bank.

Under present conditions every advantage must be taken to the cost of keeping sheep, at the same time care, however, not to lessen the quality either of the carcass or fleece.

The American Dairyman says: "The cows should not be eating wild milked, just staid with eyes closed, chewing their cud and thinking of nothing but letting the milk come full head."

An exchange remarks: "The expense of a farmer in a large city has grown to such proportions that the average man commits more extravagance in the act of dying than he did during life."

Charcoal is a corrective of the digestive organs, and a box of it should always be kept in the stable lot. This is the best remedy for colic from constipation, the animals will eat once all themselves of the remedy.

The Philadelphia Record says milk has been found to possess remarkable healing qualities if applied to burns at an early stage. Compresses are soaked in milk and laid on the burn, to be renewed night and morning.

Large families are said to be very common among the factory population of Lewiston. Mr. Henry McGraw raised nineteen children, of whom thirteen are now living. The mother is a healthy woman of forty-three.

Every season brings its work to the farmer, and there is a season for everything. Just now is a good season for cleaning up the farm. Preparations must be made for winter at this time, and the best time is when there is time.

This is good advice: "Stirly to know the capacity of your farm and your own capacity in caring for crops. When you learn the number you are most successful with, be content with the number till your skill will allow an addition. Too many makes a failure."

The mixture of finely powdered red phosphate with farmyard manure is productive of excellent results. And their direct application in the same raw state to lands of which the soil contains an abundance of sulphuric, humic, carbonic or acetic acid, is also very successful.

Such a one remarks: Many consider it positively necessary to sow corn to fattening hogs under the idea that it is necessary to harden or firm the meat properly. That this is a mistake may be readily proven by a careful trial, as good pork can readily be made without feeding a grain of corn.

The Texas Live Stock Journal says: "In England the Shorthorn is looked upon as a speciality breed, equal in quality superior to the Jersey. In this country the Shorthorn has been somewhat neglected in the struggle for beef. But history repeats itself, and the Shorthorn will again claim her own."

The cattleman of Western Texas are loud in their complaints against the injury done to their stock by hunters. They fight, chase and worry the fattening cattle, and never go killing through conditions except about hunting a likely calf, heifer or young steer, when their land is low.

The question is asked: "What would be thought of a company of farmers who would consent to pool any other crop, hay for instance, as they do milk? And yet the difference in quality between poor, average, good and best hay is no greater than may be found in milk as delivered at any factory in the world."

THE DAIRY. The Creamery.

As Rural Life says: "No one can judge by the volume of cream alone which of several methods is superior. No one can be sure by the appearance of the skin milk how much fat remains in it. But the oil and acid test forces it to yield up the secret." The milk of some cows yields cream that is dense and rich in butter, while that of others gives cream that is loose and poor in butter. The time it is allowed to set affects the quality also, as it gives time for a more perfect separation of the water from the cream. But what is the effect when the milk of the two cows is mixed? The bulletin (No. 17) of the Ontario college says: "When the milk from a number of poor creamers was mixed together, better results were obtained than when they were set separately. By mixing the milk from a poor creamer with one that yields her cream readily, better results on the whole were obtained than when each was set separately."

Stately. The milk from a good creamer settles that of a poor one. Good results were obtained from all when centrifugal force was applied.

As "circumstances alter cases," we suggest that different results would be shown. No doubt the good cream would improve the poor, but will not the good cream be correspondingly reduced in quality?

Here is an extract from a long advice to creamery men. We copy from The Creamery Journal: Creamers must insist upon strict compliance with orders, and they must give orders which cover the conditions. Again, the patrons must be watched, not as a cat watches a mouse, but as the principal of a school watches all his teachers and judges of their work by the condition of the pupils.

The test bottles contain a sample of each patron's cream. The creameryman must examine these himself. After heating, the nose must be struck as nearly as may be in the place of the stopper when that is removed. It must be a keen nose, a sensitive nose, a trained nose. Some of these samples will have an odor from lack—a great way from it. The creameryman needs a horse and a cart. The horse should be one that will not travel in anyone's dust. After the day's run is done, the creameryman must think that lively horse to the cart and drive direct to the homes of such patrons as do not furnish good cream from which choice aromatics will have an odor from lack—a great way from it. The creameryman needs a horse and a cart. The horse should be one that will not travel in anyone's dust. After the day's run is done, the creameryman must think that lively horse to the cart and drive direct to the homes of such patrons as do not furnish good cream from which choice aromatics will have an odor from lack—a great way from it.

Secretary Mohler's report of Kansas crops says that up to September 7 threshing had been done in 103 out of 108 counties of the state, and that the average yield of wheat per acre reported by shapers, up to September 1 was as follows: Eastern belt, 14 bushels per acre; central belt, 20 bushels per acre; western belt, 17 bushels per acre. Should the balance equal 70,000,000 bushels. The average yield of oats per acre, as reported by threshers, is as follows: For the eastern belt, 28 bushels; for the central belt, 30 bushels; and for the western belt, 28 bushels. In the early part of August the corn crop, in many portions of the state, was seriously damaged by dry and late frosts, but weather. This reduced the estimate from 77 to 68 per cent of an average crop. This fall the corn condition is due not wholly to weather conditions, but in many cases to differences in methods of culture. Thorough and intelligent cultivation has been attended with more pronounced success than usual this year, while the lack of it has been more disastrous than usual.

She—Do you know, Mr. Jones, I have such a horrid cold.

He—Really? I should thought you would have got over it by this time!

"I'm going to marry a mansion on Wabash avenue," remarked one Chicago woman to another.

"Any incumbrance," asked her friend. "Only a husband."

Teddy—Pat, be yer after thinkin' marriage is a failure?

Pat—Naw, but do think me wof 'n' o' oughter married some w' an she-boddy!

Maud (reading), "Ocean freight is dull, and engagements are reported."

"H'm, I don't think I'd care to go across on a freight steamer."

Ebel—Why does Miss Sears always wear that piece of court plaster on her chin?

Maud—She thinks some man will fall in love with her 'on the spot."

Wife—John, the doctor is down stairs with his bill.

Husband—Tell him I'm not well enough to see him.

On Their Wedding Journey. She—This is Minerva.

He—Was she married?

She—No she was the Goddess of Wisdom.

If the public are fairly and faithfully dealt with they will come to appreciate it sooner or later. This fact is well illustrated in the experience of Messrs. Tuckett & Son, with their well known "Myrtle Navy" Tobacco. Through the manufacturers of T. & B. have stood firmly by their original idea to give the public the best article possible, at the lowest possible price, and the large demand for their tobacco the public have manifested their appreciation.

ADVERTISE IN THIS PAPER

A MIDLAND MIRACLE

NARRATIVE OF FACTS CONNECTED WITH THE CASE OF MRS. F. A. CHASE.

A sufferer for over ten years—Treated by the best Doctors in the Place Only to Recover—An Investigator of Her Case—The Particulars of Her Recovery as Investigated by a Reporter.

What wonderful progress the closing half of the nineteenth century has witnessed! Men still young have witnessed discoveries and inventions which, while they have fairly revolutionized the methods of human life, are taken almost as a matter of course. New and wonderful discoveries are made almost daily, we quickly adapt ourselves to the changed condition, and even wonder that the inventive genius of man had not long ago penetrated the secrets of nature, almost daily being brought face to face with it.

While in all directions great advances have been made, perhaps in none have the strides been greater than in the science of medicine. Old methods have entirely disappeared, the days of big nauseous doses, cupping and bleeding, have passed away, and diseases formerly held to be incurable now readily yield to the treatment of advanced medical science. For more than a year past there have appeared in the columns of the "News-Letter," from time to time, the particulars of cures that have been the wonder of all who were acquainted with the persons restored. Perhaps the case of Mr. John Marshall, of Hamilton, was more frequently featured in the public mind, for the reason that he had been paid a total disability claim of \$1,000, only after having been pronounced incurable by a score or more of the most prominent of the medical profession. As publisher of the "Canadian Workman" the writer has a knowledge of the proceedings under which a disability claim is paid, and when it is understood that all such claims have to pass the scrutiny of an investigating committee, the Local Medical Examiner, the Grand Medical Examiner, the Grand Jurors, and the Grand Jury, it will be seen that in none but a genuine case of disability could a claim be paid. That the case of Mr. Marshall was a genuine one, the writer has no doubt, and that the most stringent scrutiny was unimpeachable evidence of his total disability; that to when afterwards made a well man was due entirely to the agency of the Williams' Pink Pills, probably the most remarkable discovery of the age. This case was but the first of a series of cures equally remarkable, due to the same agency, each of which has been verified by the most trustworthy testimony. The "News-Letter," in common with many others, has taken a deep interest in noting the testimony given in behalf of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, hence when the cure of Mrs. F. A. Chase was reported from Midland recently, looking well and happy after long years of suffering, the writer at once turned to the truth of the report with this end in view: Midland was visited, and Mrs. Chase herself admitted the reporter, who found her a lady of superior intelligence, who, while not wishing for notoriety, was willing to give her candid testimony in favor of Pink Pills, for the benefit of other afflicted persons. To the reporter Mrs. Chase said that up to her husband's recovery, she had been a healthy girl, but that period sickness overtook her, and for the ensuing ten years her life was one of almost constant misery. In January, 1891, the treatment of leading doctors. After several months Mrs. Chase longed for some change and in October asked her doctor if he would consent to her taking a trip to her mother's, who lives in Port Hope. This was finally agreed to and on October 3 last, she set out for that place. On the way, a lady, a stranger to her, noticing her weak condition, kindly offered her to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and again on her arrival at her destination her friends urged her to try this wonderful remedy. On Oct. 10 she commenced the use of the Pink Pills, and soon found such beneficial effects that it needed no persuasion to continue the treatment. In less than three months she was fully restored, and on Jan. 14 returned to her home in Midland, where her friends were rejoiced and gratified at the wonderful change which Pink Pills had wrought in her health and appearance. Mrs. Chase has since continued to enjoy good health, and says that she cannot too highly praise Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which have restored her from debility after many years of almost hopelessness. Her husband also expresses his thankfulness and appreciation of Pink Pills, and the unlimited pleasure with which he received his wife on her return, looking so well and happy, which, as he truly described it, "like receiving one from the dead." He said that his wife's condition had been such that in going only a few yards she would be obliged to rest, or obtain help, and before her restoration she had been unable to do the slightest exertion. While in Midland the writer called upon Dr. McCartney, druggist, who reports large sales of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, with the most decided benefits to those using them. From many of our exchanges we have noticed with interest the reports of the great benefit derived from the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and the case of Mrs. Chase goes to confirm the claim that they are a wonderful discovery in the interests of humanity, restoring vitality to the broken down system. Concerning that Mrs. Chase had suffered ten years, and last October was looked upon as being at the point of death. There must be something of an almost miraculous virtue in the remedy, which has led her to her present condition of health, over she had spent hundreds of dollars in doctoring, and for other well-detailed remedies, of various kinds. In fact, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are recognized as one of the greatest modern medicines, a perfect blood builder and nerve restorer—curing such diseases as rheumatism, neuralgia,

partial paralysis, locomotor ataxia, St. Vitus dance, nervous headache, nervous prostration and the tired feeling resulting therefrom, disease depending upon impurities in the blood, such as scrofula, chronic erysipelas, the after effects of typhoid, etc. Pink Pills restore pale and sallow complexions to the glow of health, and are a specific for all the troubles peculiar to the female sex, while in the case of men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork, or excess of whatever nature.

These Pills are manufactured by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brookville, Ont., and Schenectady, N. Y., and sold only in boxes containing our trade mark and wrapper, at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50. Bearer in mind that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are never sold in bulk, or by the dozen or hundred, and any dealer who offers substitutes in this form is trying to defraud you and should be avoided. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills may be had of all druggists, or sent by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brookville, Ont., or Schenectady, N. Y., and sold only in boxes containing our trade mark and wrapper, at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50. Bearer in mind that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are never sold in bulk, or by the dozen or hundred, and any dealer who offers substitutes in this form is trying to defraud you and should be avoided. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills may be had of all druggists, or sent by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brookville, Ont., or Schenectady, N. Y., and sold only in boxes containing our trade mark and wrapper, at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50.

HOW OLD IS THE WORLD?

By ARCHIBALD GIBSON, RECENT DEBATEUR TERRIBLE.

A fascinating story—that is slowly elucidating a great mystery—some figures which are rapidly ascending as to the Age of this Planet.

At the recent meeting of the British Association a discourse was delivered by the now president, Sir Archibald Geikie, on one of the most interesting problems in modern science—the age of the world. Over a century has elapsed since James Hutton wrote his "Theory of the Earth," which was the first attempt to formulate a chronology of creation in accordance with the discoveries of science; since then knowledge has made vast strides, and his followers have come to a mass of information which he did not possess. Playfair and Kelvin improved upon his work, and now Geikie and the school to which he belongs have gone beyond them. Geologists have ascertained that the rate at which erosion takes place can be measured; by applying their scale to the sedimentary rocks they have formed an hypothesis as to the time which has elapsed since erosion began. To put the proposition in similar language, "Theory of the Earth," which was the first attempt to formulate a chronology of creation in accordance with the discoveries of science; since then knowledge has made vast strides, and his followers have come to a mass of information which he did not possess. Playfair and Kelvin improved upon his work, and now Geikie and the school to which he belongs have gone beyond them. Geologists have ascertained that the rate at which erosion takes place can be measured; by applying their scale to the sedimentary rocks they have formed an hypothesis as to the time which has elapsed since erosion began. To put the proposition in similar language, "Theory of the Earth," which was the first attempt to formulate a chronology of creation in accordance with the discoveries of science; since then knowledge has made vast strides, and his followers have come to a mass of information which he did not possess. 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