THE T. EATON Co. LIMITED

190 Yonge St. Canada's Greatest Store. Toronto.

190 YONGE STREET, August 9, 1897.

STORE CLOSES TO-DAY AT 5 O'CLOCK.

Black Dress Stuffs. We mean exactly what we say when we make the statement that here you'll find the best Dress Goods Department in Canada. Best in every respect. Best displays, best assortments, best qualities, best styles. We do not ask you to accept our statement for this fact. The goods and prices are here for your freest inspection and comparison. This list of Black Goods may help you in making comparisons :

Black Dress Goods.

44-inch Black Figured Sicilians, small designs and heavy weight, very special 50

42-inch Black Brocaded Frieze Crepons, stylish goods and select patterns, bright and dull finish.....65

44-inch Black Fancy Broches, in close canvas weave effects, choice goods 75

44-inch Black All-wool and Mohair Broches, bright satin finish, very rich in appearance, Priestley's 75

44-inch Black Crepons, in fancy mohair stripes, the newest and most stylish patterns just to hand 85

48-inch Black Brocaded Melrose Suitings, choice new goods and select stylish patterns, very rich in appearance, special.....1.00

46-inch Priestley's Black Fancy Dress Patterns, silk and wool, beautiful designs and quality, at $1.50 and 2.00

Black Silks.

21-inch Black Damas Skirting Brocades, new floral designs, rich satin finish, all pure silk, special at 65

21-inch Black Imperial Luxor Dress Silk, extra heavy weight, soft finish, double faced, all pure silk, wear guaranteed, special at 75

22-inch Black Damas Skirting Brocades, large floral designs, extra heavy weight, beautiful satin finish, pure silk 1.00

22-inch Black Columbia Triumph Dress Silk, a rich, lustrous serge finish, pure vegetable dye, all silk, special at.....1.00

21-inch Black Champion Dress Silk, fine grain, soft, lustrous finish, will not cut or crease, pure silk, special at 1.00

22-inch Black Waterproof Corded Dress Silk, a beautiful, bright rich double-warped dress silk, pure vegetable dye, wear guaranteed, special at 1.00

This store is not limited to one locality. Through its extensive Mail Order Department it reaches out for a country-wide trade. No matter where you may be located we can serve you as satisfactorily as though shopping in person. Put us to the test.

Ladies' Underwear. With such a variety as we show it is almost impossible not to get suited in our Underwear Department. But while our big assortment is a very attractive feature, it is values like these that have helped us to make our Underwear selling such a success :

Ladies' Fine Cashmere Vests, button front, fancy embroidered long sleeves and short sleeves, white only, regular price $1, Tuesday 50

Ladies' Flannelette gowns, Mother Hubbard yoke, sailor collar, frill of goods around collar and down front, flossed with silk flossing embroidery, fancy colors. Special 50

Ladies' Corsets, black, printed sateen, fine quality, 5-hook clasp, 2 side steels, boned bust, sizes 18 to 30. Special . . .65

No matter what success we may have we always strive to do better for our shoppers by improving qualities where possible or increasing the purchasing power of your dollars. We leave you to judge the success of our efforts.

Home Comforts. Our August Furniture Sale makes it possible for those with limited means to enjoy the comforts and conveniences of a well-furnished home at the least possible cost. Here are three items to clearly show how a few dollars can be spent to good advantage in the Furniture Department :

Bedroom Suites, 10 pieces, hardwood, antique finish, square-shaped 3-drawer bureau, plate mirror, bedstead 4 feet 2 inches wide, large washstand, 1 double woven wire spring mattress. 1 mixed mattress (wool both sides), 1 pair feather pillows, 1 bedroom table, 1 rocking chair, 1 chair to match, regular price $17.50. Now selling at . **13.53**

Dining Room Sets, 8 pieces, hardwood, antique finish, sideboard 46 inches wide, 14 x 24 inch bevel plate mirror, extension table, 3 leaves, 40 inches wide, extend to 6 feet long, 6 high-back chairs, wood seats, strongly made, regular price of set $19.00. Now selling at . **14.58**

Parlor Suites, seven pieces, five of which, sofa, arm chair, arm rocker and 2 reception chairs, made of solid oak or walnut frames, upholstered with satin russe covering, in assorted colors, 1 parlor table, solid oak, 24 x 24 inch square top, fancy turned legs, 1 solid oak parlor rocking chair with arms, solid embossed leather cobbler seat, regular price $22 per complete set. Now selling at **16.33**

Every householder within reach of this store can take advantage of this sale and save money. Hotels and boarding houses also share in the benefits of our reduced prices.

THE T. EATON Co. LIMITED

190 YONGE ST., TORONTO.

THE TORONTO WORLD

ONE CENT MORNING PAPER.

NO. 83 YONGE-STREET, Toronto.

Branch Office, 70 King-street east (next Postoffice), Hamilton. Telephone 964. H. E. Sayers, Agent.

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THE EX-MAYOR'S APPOINTMENT.

It seems quite clear that ex-Mayor Fleming's appointment as Assessment Commissioner is illegal. A writ has been issued and the legality of the appointment will be tested. Under section 431 of the Municipal Act no contract between a municipality and any member of the Council of such municipality is valid. Before Mr. Fleming had resigned the Council had made a definite offer to him and he had accepted it. The contract was complete before the ex-Mayor resigned. He designedly refused to hand in his resignation until he had a tangible certainty in his hands. The public will sympathize with any legal action that may be taken to test the validity of this shameless appointment.

THE RECORD UP TO DATE.

"A session of Parliament that is entitled to rank among the worst and most corrupt in the history of our country."

Such is the characterization of the past session by The Simcoe Reformer, a journal that professes to represent the Liberal party more than the Liberal bosses and leaders. Below are some of the charges preferred by The Reformer, and they certainly are numerous enough and serious enough to scandalize the old guard of the Reform party.

First of all, there is the Drummond County Railway deal, which The Reformer denounces in unmeasured terms. The charge in this case is that the Minister of Public Works, Hon. J. I. Tarte, accepted a bribe of $30,000 from the President of the Drummond County Railway, the bribe being given to induce the Government to purchase that railway from the owners at an extravagant figure.

The Reformer looks upon the Crow's Nest deal as a scandal, involving the honor of The Globe and Messrs. Cox and Jaffray. The old guard, however, cannot be "hypnotized" by the specious arguments of The Globe in its attempts to cover up this notorious deal.

The Reformer refers to railway pass abuse, and regrets that the voice of Hon. Mr. Mulock "has not been heard on the subject of this act of fraud and palpable dishonesty since he entered the Government, though two sessions have gone by." Mr. Mulock, it will be remembered, made a vigorous attack on the system in the House of Commons and throughout the country prior to the Liberal victory in June of last year.

Nor do we hear any more about extravagance at Rideau Hall. "Let us ask," says The Reformer, "where is Mr. McMullen and his former denunciations of the coal bills and every other form of extravagant and corrupt expenditure on Rideau Hall and its occupants and flunkies, and what has become of the campaign talk Liberal candidates and Liberal speakers indulged in on this once toothsome morsel?"

These charges are the only ones that so far have come to the surface. Without doubt there must be other scandals which the party have kept quiet. But what we know already is sufficient to damn the party in the eyes of all honest and respectable Canadians. The scandals involve the principal English and the leading French organs of the party. They involve some of the most reputable members of the party in Ontario, as well as he who was the power behind the throne in Quebec. And the party only fifteen months in power! It looks as if the party will go to pieces before the next general election.

HON. MR. BLAIR OUGHT TO EXPLAIN.

A company with a ten million dollar capitalization has been formed in Canada to manufacture calcium carbide. This is a product for which the demand is increasing very rapidly, especially in Europe. Canada possesses better facilities than almost any other country in the world for the manufacture of calcium carbide. We have the limestone, the coal and the requisite electrical energy developed chiefly from water power. The Niagara peninsula is especially well adapted for the production of carbide, but it cannot be manufactured there on a large scale until the energy of Niagara Falls is available on this side of the river. However, instead of forcing the Niagara Falls Power Company to go on and develop the power agreed upon, the Government has given the company an extension of its option so that the production of electric energy on the Canadian side is one of the uncertainties of the future.

The company that has just been organized contains the names of some of Canada's leading public men. Among the list appears that of Hon. A. G. Blair, the Minister of Railways, and associated with him on the directorate we find the assistant manager of the Grand Trunk Railway, Mr. Wainwright; a director of the Drummond County Railway, William Mitchell; William Farewell, manager of the Eastern Townships' Bank. The Ottawa Citizen insinuates that Hon. Mr. Blair has put no money into the concern, that the stock has been given him for his influence as a Minister of the Crown. We are not in a position to affirm or deny the insinuation, but we believe the Minister of Railways is making a serious mistake in associating himself in any way with the company. English statesmen never compromise themselves in this way and the late Sir John Macdonald afforded a brilliant example which all our statesmen should religiously follow. Sir John was never mixed up in anything outside of politics. In view of the insinuations of The Citizen Hon. Mr. Blair owes it to himself and the country to make a statement defining his interest in the company and to defend his association in money-making ventures with railway men and others who from time to time have favors to ask from the Government and particularly from his department.

THE VERISCOPE EXHIBITION.

The prize-fight pictures are really quite harmless. We do not believe they will exercise any baleful effect on the community. In our opinion the law should not interfere to prevent the exhibition that is announced to take place this evening. If we throw a halo of mystery and secrecy about the exhibition we will excite more interest in prize-fighting than if we throw the gates wide open and make no fuss about it. In itself there is nothing whatever objectionable in the veriscope exhibition. If it has any objectionable features these are indirect and secondary. It may be said that the encouragement of such an exhibition is the encouragement of actual prize-fighting, because we cannot have the phantom exhibition without having the actuality. But the veriscope pictures are much less likely to cultivate a taste for actual prize-fighting than are exhibitions of boxing. If we permit sparring on the stage we certainly should have no scruples in allowing the milk-and-water entertainment that was given to a representative audience on Saturday night. The veriscope is a device whereby we can see a prize-fight without being contaminated by any of its vulgar surroundings. We hear no cursing, we see no disgusting spectacle. We behold merely the scientific essence of the thing.

However, we would not be surprised if the aldermen were to atone for their shameless conduct in the Fleming job by prohibiting Dan Stuart's innocent pictures.

The John Eaton Case.

Editor World: In your issue of to-day you have an explanation from Assignee Clarkson, concerning his connection with the John Eaton failure. His explanation is as much a failure as Eaton's. He says he is not defending Thompson, that it is not his business to do so. Well, Thompsons have something to be thankful for. Yet I think it Mr. Clarkson's and every other man's duty to defend anyone who is right and expose crookedness wherever found.

I am around town all the time and have not heard any complaint of his defending Thompson. The complaint has all been about his connection with the Bank of Toronto. He says he is not interested with the bank, and this is how he proves it. When Mr. Greer told him they intended contesting the claim of the bank, he told him the best way was to go to the bank and have an agreement with them. He telephoned for the bank's solicitor, and had the agreement made. Then Mr. Coulson sent for him to have the proceeding postponed until after the insurance was paid. Was he not the bank's agent in this matter? All this no doubt in the interest of the creditors.

Then he saw Mr. Thompson and he said he wanted to pay 100 cents on the dollar and continue in business, and that Mr. Coulson had promised him the means of doing it. On the strength of this he paid Mr. Wallbridge a claim for which he had sued the bank. After the meeting with Mr. Wallbridge was over he sent notices to the papers, after which he went to the bank and told Mr. Coulson what Thompson had said and showed him the notice sent to the papers, and Mr. Coulson was displeased. Well, he could not have felt lonesome, as there were plenty of the creditors the same. Then when he asked Mr. Thompson for money, he was invited to the bank, and when he got there Mr. Coulson could not consent to what had been done and that an assignment would be asked for. He then says, I could at once see that Mr. Thompson, in making the statement that the bank had promised to give him all the assistance he required, had gone far beyond what the bank had ever contemplated doing. How in the world could he see so much? That he concluded the bank man intended doing what Thompson said is quite possible and not probable, but that is not the question. The question is, did the bank tell Mr. Thompson what he said, or did they not? Why does Mr. Clarkson decide against Thompson in favor of the bank? At the best it is simply one's word against the other, with the chances all in favor of Thompson being right, as it does not seem probable he would be fool enough to fool with his creditors, who he knew were not in that mood. Then, Mr. Clarkson says his so-called instructions were simply what Mr. Coulson told him. Did he think Mr. Coulson was acting for the Bank of Toronto? There is no one so blind as he that won't see, and if Mr. Clarkson cannot see that he is not the man for Galway, his vision must have been impaired after the strain it had in the bank, when he so readily saw Thompson was wrong.

Examiner.

P.S.—No one thinks that Mr. Clarkson is not clever, but they evidently think that he has not a monopoly of the article, and that some one entirely without prejudice in the matter, could be able to do better, and, after his explanation, I should think the bank would think so.

Aug. 4. E.

Protecting Our Fisheries.

Editor World: Some months ago I noticed a report from the Ontario Game Commissioners, in which they recommend the Government to do all in their power in protecting and keeping up the supply of fish in our waters by means of depositing fry from year to year. I notice that the output of the Government hatchery at Newcastle for this year was about four millions of fry, consisting of salmon trout and white fish, which have been distributed in the waters of Lake Ontario, Bay of Quinte and other points along the frontier. Now there is no doubt in my mind that a repetition of the same thing, year after year, will have the effect of keeping our waters stocked with fish, which is one of the greatest necessities. Thousands upon thousands of both salmon trout and white fish are annually caught and used in our midst. It has become a source of revenue to many poor people who otherwise would be in reduced circumstances. Years ago when white fish were so plentifully caught on the shores of Lake Ontario hundreds of men made a regular business of it, and the constant fishing with seines so completely depleted the waters that for years there were scarcely enough white fish caught on supply the local market. I have known our seine at one haul on Wellington Beach bring in 40,000 white fish, and for years in succession it was not an uncommon thing for our seine to bring in one, two, three and even ten thousand of a night. In those days there were no restrictions put upon the catch, and in consequence our waters became depopulated and the seine fishing was abandoned altogether. Within the last few years the fish seem to be increasing, and it behooves the Government to continue their assistance by their yearly deposits of fry and also to select good and efficient officers to guard and protect the waters during the close season.

There might be a very profitable change in the law regarding black bass fishing. The close season for black bass should be from the 15th of December to the 15th of June, thereby preventing the taking of large numbers through the ice during the winter season, which no doubt has had a bad effect on our regular summer sport.

An Old Fisherman.

Dyspepsia and Indigestion—C. W. Snow & Co., Syracuse, N.Y., write: "Please send us ten gross of Pills. We are selling more of Parmalee's Pills than any other pill we keep. They have a great reputation." Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint." Mr. Charles A. Smith, Lindsay, writes: "Parmalee's Pills are an excellent medicine. My sister has been troubled with severe headache, but these pills have cured her."

THE BIG RUSH FOR KLONDIKE

Three Thousand Have Gone to That Gold Country

SINCE NEWS FIRST CAME

Of the Wonderful Strikes Made Along the Canadian River.

Numbers Taken to the North by the Different Steamers—A Freight Clerk, Who Becomes Gold Hungry, Deserts His Wife and Family—Chief Clerk of the Mint Says Some of the Reports of Gold are Exaggerated—More People Going Than Supplies.

San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 7.—Three thousand men and women have gone to the Klondike since the Excelsior, on July 14, brought down the news of wonderful strikes there and the $750,000, which has set a gold-hungry world crazy. Of these 1097 have sailed from this port and a few more than 2000 from Seattle. The exact number as shown by the passenger lists of various steamers that have already gone is: Cleveland 52, Umatilla 400, State of California 100, City of Pueblo 95, Excelsior 110, City of Pueblo (second trip) 100, Willamette 120, Walla Walla 100. Those departing from Seattle number 2032, as follows: Alki 100, Portland 87, Queen 131, City of Mexico 228, City of Topeka 236, Rosalie 150, Willamette 700, Cleveland 150, while for to-morrow, on the Eliza Anderson, 100 have been booked to sail.

Not all the expeditions which have been advertised and even arranged for have actually materialized. The Casper, which was to have sailed early this week, has been withdrawn, and passengers who were booked for her went on the Noyo. The South Coast of Scotia will sail to-morrow with 40 on board. The Farallon, which has been one of the steamers on the regular Yaquina Bay run from this city, has been withdrawn from that service and will be put regularly in commission between this port and Dyea. The missionary brig Pitcairn has been sold by her owners to a party merely from Oakland, and will sail in a few days for Dyea. She is a remarkably fast sailing vessel and was built by an organization of seventh-day adventists seven years ago for service in their missionary enterprise in the south seas.

Deserts His Family for Klondike.

The fever and rush of the present excitement has brought to light some sad cases of desertion. One of these became known to-day. William H. Suydam, freight clerk for the Pacific Coast Steamship Company, left his wife and child unprovided for, and, unknown to them, sailed on the Walla Walla. His business brought him in contact with the men who were returning successful from the gold fields and with those preparing to go there. He caught the fever. His wife tried to dissuade him and insisted that if he went she would go, too. He said no more to her about the matter, but sailed on the Walla Walla, leaving a note to be delivered to his wife after he had gone to sea, telling her that he had gone. He was not well provided for the trip, either with an outfit or with money.

Exaggerated Reports of Gold.

Speaking of the Klondike output of gold to-day the chief clerk of the mint said:

"All the gold brought to this city from the Alaskan mines will not exceed $800,000, and all that has been taken this year and sent to other mints of the country will not exceed $2,000,000. The gold from that part of the country is generally from 700 to 800 fine, and some of it runs to 900, the average being worth from $15.50 to $17 an ounce."

J. C. Butler of the Pullman Car Company is in receipt of a letter from R. P. Taylor, a financial broker of Seattle. A few days ago Taylor received word from some men whom he sent to the Klondike section last spring that every claim within 150 miles of Dawson City has been taken up and that men are rushing all over the country looking for locations. He says that starvation and hardship stare many of them in the face.

More People Than Supplies.

Capt. Niebaum of the Alaska Commercial Company, who has made a careful study of the situation, fears there will be a great deal of suffering in the mining regions this winter. He thinks the people going are far in excess of the supplies that have been forwarded.

THE YUKON ROAD.

Citizens of Fort Saskatchewan Ask the Federal Government to Construct One Without Delay.

Edmonton Bulletin, Aug. 2.—At a mass meeting of the citizens of Fort Saskatchewan, held on Thursday evening, July 29, at which F. Fraser Tims, M. L.A., was chairman, the following resolution was unanimously adopted and ordered to be transmitted to the Hon. Clifford Sifton, Minister of the Interior:

"That in our opinion, and in the interest of the whole Dominion, the Federal authorities should immediately construct a wagon road and telegraph line from this point to the Upper Yukon, via the ruins of Fort Assiniboine, Lesser Slave Lake, Peace and Liard River Valley, where an almost air line can be got, per Dr. Dawson's report of 1888, and take the whole mineral belt of the west and north at a nominal cost, the total distance from here to the Klondike in a straight line being only eleven hundred miles, while the nearest route now used is about thirty-four hundred. Our proposed route has two hundred and fifty miles of wagon road now almost ready for use; another two hundred and fifty miles is reported to be through prairie and bluff. It is supposed that between six and seven hundred miles could be completed between now and Dec. 1 next. We would respectfully recommend Mr. McConnell to have charge of survey, as he has had experience on part of the route during geological survey, and thus save a lot of valuable time."

AYER'S PILLS THE PILL THAT WILL CURE HEADACHE INDIGESTION BILIOUSNESS CONSTIPATION

MAILS FOR THE KLONDIKE.

Canadian Authorities Have Created a Postoffice at Dawson City—Mounted Police as Mail Carriers.

Portland, Ore., Aug. 7.—L. W. Vaille, Assistant Superintendent of the Railway Mail Service, has returned from a trip to Victoria, B.C., where he arranged with the Canadian mail authorities regarding the carrying of the mails into the Klondike region. He says that the Canadian authorities have created a postoffice at Dawson City. This makes three offices established by them in this portion of the Northwest Territory. The other two offices are at Forty Mile Creek and Fort Cudahy. The mail will be carried by the Mounted Police from Dyea and Skaguay. The service will be established in about four weeks.

The Duty on Supplies.

Seattle, Wash., Aug. 7.—In response to a query from this city the following telegram was received from the Treasury Department: "Miners can land their effects and go to British Columbia territory from Dyea under customs supervision without payment of duty and without giving bonds."

G. B. Benton has reached this city with over $1000 worth of gold nuggets, the result of ten days' work on a Williams' Creek placer claim in the Swauk district, Kittitas County. He has been working the claim since January, and has taken out $5000.

Said Nothing, but Kept Digging.

One old man who owns a claim there has been working it quietly for six years, during which time he has made about $50,000.

TO POLICE THE YUKON

Will Cost a Quarter of a Million Dollars and Governor's Warrants Will Have to Raise the Money.

Ottawa, Aug. 7.—It is estimated that to carry out the plans as now adopted by the Government for the policing of the Yukon will entail an expenditure of a quarter of a million of dollars, a large portion or which will have to be raised by Governor's warrants. The claim of royalty, it is calculated, will nearly cover this cost. The strength of the force has been reduced from 750 to 650 men.

Mr. Rochon, who at one time represented Ottawa County in the Quebec Legislature, is to be appointed county judge of Montreal.

Lord Aberdeen will meet the members of the Royal Society in Toronto on the 17th.

THE PRIZE FIGHT PICTURES.

City Council Will Hold a Special Meeting Monday Morning—Aldermen Opposed to Such Stringent Measures.

A special meeting of the City Council will be held this morning at 11 o'clock for the purpose of considering a new bylaw by which it is proposed to prevent the exhibition of the Corbett and Fitzsimmons prize fight pictures at the Torono Opera House next week. The bylaw reads as follows:

Whereas, in the opinion of the Municipal Council of the corporation of the City of Toronto, no exhibition or representations of fights should be allowed in the City of Toronto; therefore, the Municipal Corporation of the City of Toronto enacts as follows:

(1) No exhibition or representation of any fight between individuals, or of any prize fight as defined herein, whether such exhibition or representation is given or made by pictures, drawings, photographs, models, wax works or other device or devices, and whether exhibited or shown by means or a kinetoscope, cinematograph, veriscope, or by any other instrument or otherwise, shall be allowed or kept for hire or profit within the limits of the City of Toronto.

(2) In this bylaw the expression "prize fight" means an encounter or fight with fists or hands, and with or without gloves, between two persons who have met for such purpose by previous arrangement made by or for them.

(3) Any person convicted of a breach of any of the provisions of this bylaw shall forfeit and pay, at the discretion of convicting magistrate, a penalty not exceeding the sum of $500 for each offence, exclusive of costs; and, in default of payment of the said penalty and costs forthwith, the said penalty and costs, or costs only, may be levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender; and, in case of there being no distress found out of which such penalty can be levied, the convicting magistrate may commit the offender to the common jail of the City of Toronto, with or without hard labor, for any period not exceeding six calendar months, unless the said penalty and costs be sooner paid.

Many of the aldermen are opposed to such stringent measures.

A New Departure by the Wabash.

The Wabash Railroad now runs its own solid trains from Buffalo to Chicago, St. Louis and Kansas City, passing through Niagara Falls, St. Catharines, Hamilton, Woodstock, London and Chatham. These trains are the finest ever seen in Canada, being vestibuled from end to end. Wabash trains reach more large cities than any other railroad in the world. Time tables and detailed information of this most wonderful railway from any R.R. agent, or J. A. Richardson, Canadian Passenger Agent, northeast corner King and Yonge-streets, Toronto.

The Monster Shoe House

TWO LARGE STORES.

6 DAYS' Great Shoe Selling $10,890 Bankrupt-Saved Shoe Stock.

To-day and all this week The Monster Shoe House will be the scene of startling shoe prices . . . . . .

WOMEN'S SLIPPERS AS LOW AS 5 CENTS A PAIR.....

Ladies' Fine Walking Shoes as low as	.50
Ladies' Fine Kid Boots	.75
Men's Fine Walking Shoes as low as	.75
Men's Fine Dongola Boots as low as	1.00
Boys' Boots, "Tough and Trusty," as low as	.35
Youths' Boots as low as	.25

Infants' Shoes at Give-Away Prices.

W. J. GUINANE

Two Stores: 210 Yonge St., 510 Queen St. W.

HERCULES.

The famous Hercules Wire Beds are the only beds that are and can be guaranteed not to sag.

Formerly called Lock Beds. We now only call the common kind Lock Beds. 1 lb. of Hercules fabric is as strong as 20 lbs. of any other fabric made. Prices low. 146

Gold Medal Furniture Mfg. Co.

LUCKNOW'S LOSS.

John E. Gordon is Dead and the Whole Community Sorrows for a Good and Useful Man.

Lucknow, Ont., Aug. 7.—John E. Gordon of St. Helen's, a prominent and much respected citizen, died this morning after an illness of six days, from Canadian cholera. Mr. Gordon had been troubled greatly with his stomach and weakness of the bowels. The apparent suddenness of his death came as a shock to the community. He had only been back about two weeks from Manitoba, where he had spent about two months, expecting it would help him recuperate, and during that time attended the general assembly of the Presbyterian Church, in Winnipeg being a representative elder from Maitland Presbytery and an elder of St. Helen's Church almost since its inception. He was also superintendent of its Sabbath School for over thirty years. In politics he was a pronounced Liberal. Mr. Gordon was a native of Forfar, Scotland, where he was born the 31st of January, 1827. Coming to Canada just after the rebellion of 1837, he settled with the rest of the family at Bayside, Whitby. In the fall of 1850 he settled in West Wawanosh, in the wilderness, on the farm on which he died. He is mourned for by a sympathizing community, where every person looked up to him as a standard of uprightness, and one whose place will be hard to fill as well. He leaves a widow, four sons and six daughters, William T. of St. Helen's, Dr. Duncan M. of Lucknow, Jomia of Rounthwaite, Man., Dr. James K. M. of Ripley, Mrs. Thomas Sanders of West Wawanosh, Mrs. Gaunt of Sault Ste. Marie, Miss Christina B., professional nurse; Mrs. James Inglis of Rounthwaite, Man.; Mrs. John A. McDonald of Brandon, Man., and Miss Victoria E., at home.

SPAIN WILL LOSE CUBA,

That is What Mr. John Sherman Says—The Conflict Has Cost the Dons Two Hundred Millions.

New York, Aug. 7.—The World publishes an interview said to have been obtained with John Sherman, Secretary of State, just previous to his return to Washington from Amagansett, L.I. In this interview Mr. Sherman is reported as saying:

"Spain will lose Cuba. That seems to me to be certain. She cannot continue the struggle. Already the conflict has cost her more than $200,000,000.

"Her money is gone and she can get no more. She has reached the limit of her borrowing capacity. She cannot pay back what she has already borrowed.

"The only thing left for her to do is to recuperate her debts. We have to do that after the revolution.

"Having repudiated them she can begin anew, but she will have to begin without Cuba. That country is devastated.

"The insurgents have been fighting with only the hope of ultimate success as the reward.

"The Spanish soldiers have been battling for pay. This pay will stop and then the conflict will stop.

"Spain is in no condition to wage war anywhere. The burdens placed upon her people to sustain the struggle for retaining Cuba have been very heavy.

"Widespread discontent will come sooner or later within the Spanish Kingdom. By stopping the struggle, by withdrawing her troops from Cuba and by repudiating her debts, is her only way to recover.

"Sooner or later she must do this. So far we have done nothing to arouse the anger of the Spanish people.

"We have gone on minding our own business, blind to the distress of Cuba and deaf to the pleadings of our own people, who wanted the Government to interfere."

Be Careful What You Drink.

Fever very often occurs from drinking impure water, or that which is made from impure water. It is very urgent that the greatest care be exercised in selecting your drinks. The ale and porter manufactured by the Eaton Bros. Brewing Company of Owen Sound, Limited, is highly recommended by physicians, as the water used by this company is exceptionally pure. 135

S. Ackerman, Commercial Traveler, Belleville, writes: "Some years ago I used Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for inflammatory Rheumatism, and three bottles effected a complete cure. I was the whole of one summer unable to move without crutches, and every movement caused excruciating pains. I am now out on the road and exposed to all kinds of weather, but have never been troubled with rheumatism since. I, however, keep a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Oil on hand, and I always recommend it to others as it did so much for me." ed

The regular monthly meeting of Her Majesty's Army and Navy Veterans will take place to-morrow night at 8 o'clock in Temperance Hall.