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- —By funding research and education centers, workshops, conferences and courses with a multicultural and minority rights groups component.
- —By continued funding of the Canadian Judicial Centre, the Public Legal Education and information (PLEI) agencies and legal aid under the Criminal Legal Aid Agreements with provinces and territories.
- —By holding a seminar to sensitize all funding officers to the *Multiculturalism Act* and multiculturalism aspects of funding.

## (d) Research

- —By conducting research to enhance access to justice for multicultural groups.
  - (e) Service to the public
- —By continued adherence to Guidelines for the Representative Depiction of Ethnic and Visible Minorities and Aboriginal Peoples in Government Communications.
- —By the use of languages other than French and English, in accordance with section 13.2.4 of *Government Communications Policy*.
- —By distribution of materials through the mail and/or through attendance at multicultural and multiracial groups' conferences.
- 5. No. The federal-provincial cost-sharing agreements for adult criminal and young offenders legal aid services provide for uniform, *mandatory* coverage to ensure equal treatment in cases covered by the agreement, namely, all serious offenses and those in which loss of liberty or livelihood is likely; the provincial agency will determine the financial circumstances under which an applicant for legal aid may be approved as a recipient.

All applicants charged with an offence covered by the agreement and who meet the financial eligibility test must be approved as an applicant regardless of their ethnic background or cultural association, and the cost of services provided is shareable under the agreement.

The presence of well established legal aid clinics throughout Canada, including areas where various ethnic groups are predominant, assures that legal aid services are accessible to all Canadians.

6. In 1989/90, the Department of Justice provided funding for the following conferences:

The conference entitled "Realities and Needs for the 90's" was sponsored by the National Council of Jamaicans and Supportive Organizations in Canada, Inc. It was held in Toronto on May 19–20, 1989, and included the participation of human rights organizations, youth groups, social development agencies, NGOs, etc.

The conference included workshops on the following topics: literacy; economic development; institutional participation; the Canadian justice system and minority rights; youth; housing; and the aging visible minority population.

The Conference entitled "Human Rights in Cross-Cultural Perspectives"—University of Saskatchewan, College of Law, was held in Saskatoon, Saskatchewan from October 12 to 14, 1989.

The National Conference on Racial Equality in the Workplace—Faculty of Business, McMaster University in conjunction with the Hamilton and District Chapter of the Industrial Relations Research Association, was held in Hamilton, Ontario from March 2nd to 4th, 1990.

The conference entitled "The Contemporary Women's Movement in Canada and the United States: A Retrospective and Prospects for the Future", Centre for American Sudies and Centre for Women's Studies and Feminist Research at the University of Western Ontario was held in London, Ontario from May 3rd to 5th, 1989. This conference included a major session on "Racism and the Women's Movement".

[English]

Mr. Speaker: Shall the remaining questions stand?

Some hon. members: Agreed.

• (1120)

## MOTION TO ADJOURN UNDER S. O. 52

## **INDIAN AFFAIRS**

Mr. Robert E. Skelly (Comox—Alberni): Mr. Speaker, I rise under Standing Order 52 to request leave to adjourn the House to debate an urgent matter of pressing public importance.