Weather Forecast:
Moderately Cold

The London Advertiser

52nd YEAR. No. 22286 | MONDAY EVENING, MARCH 8, 1915. TEN PAGES. | PRICE TWO CENTS.

HOME EDITION

FRENCH ARTILLERY KNOCKS OUT 42 CENTIMETRE

KAISER FROWNS ON ANY BOLDNESS ON PART OF NAVY

GREEKS DESIRE TO JOIN ALLIES

Dispatches Doubt Ability of Neutrality Premier To Form Government.

IS THE CRISIS ARTIFICIAL ?

Some Believe Intervention Is Decided On, and Split Not Real One.

[Canadian Press.]

London, March 8.—Special dispatches received from Athens by the morning newspapers express doubt whether M. Zaimis will be able to form a stable Government for Greece. He is the governor of the National Bank of Greece, and is not definitely attached to either party.

The dispatches assert that popular opinion seems to incline in favor of the policy of M. Venizelos, and the correspondents express the belief that under these circumstances Venizelos will prevail and the crisis will subside as rapidly as it arose. It is further asserted for three days Athens daily has been expecting a declaration of war, the factor which changed the situation being the Allies' attack on the Dardanelles.

Sitting on the Fence.

"The Zaimis partisans," says the Daily Mail's Athens correspondent, "favor a neutral attitude with a flavor of benevolent interest in the Triple Entente. Their policy, in fact, is that of sitting on the fence. The temper of the people seems to desire a simpler and more decided action. Their feelings naturally are somewhat confused at seeing even a temporary difference of opinion between two such national heroes as the King and Venizelos, the joint architects of the present prosperity of Greece."

SITUATION GRAVE.

[Canadian Press.]

Rome, via Paris, March 8.—Special dispatches to Italian newspapers from Athens describe the situation in Greece as grave. Some of the correspondents express the belief that the present deadlock between King Constantine and many of his advisers regarding the country's intervention in the war is the result of antagonism which had arisen between the ruler and Eleutherios Venizelos, Premier in the Cabinet which resigned Saturday, after its declaration in favor of joining the Allies was frowned upon by the King.

May Be Artificial.

Other correspondents are of the opinion that the intervention of Greece on the side of the Allies already has been agreed upon, and that the crisis which is now apparent is artificial, having been arranged to make it easier for King Constantine to decide against Germany, to which he has felt under some obligations for family and political reasons. The influence of Germany is supposed to have been responsible, in a considerable measure, for Greece obtaining possession of Kavala and Saloniki on the Aegean Sea at the end of the Balkan war.

Found Oil-Soaked Sack Among Ruins

Constable's Discovery in Brantford Adds to Suspicion of Incendiarism.

[Canadian Press.]

Brantford, March 8.—Investigation of the fire at the Canada Glue Company works here last week strengthens the belief that it was of an incendiary nature.

County Constable Fred. W. Kerr was called in after the fire, and as a result of his investigation he announced this morning that he had found a sack, three-quarters burned, under the drying screens, where the fire had been centred. The sack still smelled of coal oil when he located it, and as there was no fire nearby to set the screens on fire, he is confident that it was deliberately lighted by a person with a grudge against the company.

TWO GUARDIANS OF COAST OF BRITAIN

Advertiser Illustrations.

Above is Capt. O. de B. Brook, commander of H. M. S. Princess Royal, and below is Capt. A. E. M. Chatfield, captain of the Lion. Both of these ships took a prominent part in the North Sea battle which resulted in the sinking of the Bluecher.

TRAGIC DEATH OF AGED ORFORD MAN

James Reycraft Found Dead Near Tracks, Result of Accident.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Highgate, March 8.—James Reycraft, aged 83, for seventy-five years a resident of Orford Township, was found dead beside the tracks near his home here. While walking home from church he had apparently slipped and struck his head against a rail, fracturing his skull.

CASUALTY LIST

Private Leatherby, of Princess Pats, Dies of Meningitis.

[Canadian Press.]

Ottawa, March 8.—The following casualties were announced today:

Death.

No. 1788, Pte. James Thomas Leatherby, P. P. C. L. I., March 5, at No. 14 Stationary Hospital, Boulogne, with cerebro spinal meningitis. Next of kin, J. T. Leatherby (relationship not known), Lyra Cottage, Tiewsley, Middlesex, England.

Dangerously Ill.

No. 28545, Pte. Walter J. Smith, 16th Battalion, admitted to military hospital, Tidworth. Nature of illness not yet ascertained. Next of kin, Mrs. W. J. Smith (relationship not known), 1011 Homer street, Vancouver, B. C.

HEARS BROTHER WAS KILLED IN ACTION

[Canadian Press.]

Moose Jaw, Sask., March 8.—M. Mahoney, a farmer near here, has been notified by the Admiralty that his 16-year-old brother, Patrick, has been killed in action, where and on what ship is not stated.

"We're Here Because We're Here"

Roy McLeod, formerly of The Advertiser editorial staff, and now with the Canadians in France, says in a letter received in this city recently, that his unit has sleeping quarters in a French fish market Rations, he says, consist of bread and jam.

"We're here because we're here," the letter says, without giving any idea of the position of the troops. All the Canadians' mail is now signed by the captain of the company to which the man belongs, and then passes through the hands of a censor.

ASKS THAT EXTRA $60,000 GRANT BE SUBMITTED TO THE PEOPLE

At a special meeting of the city council this afternoon, Ald. Wilson asked that the matter of granting the extra $60,000 asked for the London-Port Stanley line be submitted to a vote of the people. He was still speaking on the question at press time.

Heavy Gun Firing Heard in North Sea

[Canadian Press.]

Amsterdam, March 8.—Via London, 5:15 p.m.—For the first time since Admiral Sir David Beatty engaged a German squadron in the North Seat the latter part of January, heavy gun fire, according to a dispatch from the Hook of Holland to the Telegraef, was heard in the North Sea today.

THREE FEET SILVER THREE MILES LONG

Samples Run Eleven Thousand Dollars To Ton, Is Report—Prospectors' Discovery Said To Be Richer Than That of Cobalt.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Winnipeg, March 8.—At Fond Du Lac, Lake Athabasca, Northern Saskatchewan, a ledge of silver three feet deep and three miles long has been discovered by British Columbia prospectors.

Assayed in United States the samples run $11,000 to the ton. This is said to be richer than Cobalt.

RUSSIA STRONGER WITH EVERY WEEK

Time Aids Her and Hurts Germany—Has Plenty of Food.

[Canadian Press.]

New York, March 8.—A London cable to the Herald this morning says:

"A distinguished Russian has arrived at the Russian embassy on a confidential mission from the Czar's Government. When interviewed, he expressed himself as more than confident with regard to the war and Russia's share in it.

"The reason why we have not done more than we have," he said, "is that while Germany has a wonderful system of strategic railways, we have merely one line from Warsaw to Petrograd. The Germans can throw great masses of men and material from the east to the west and from the north to the south with wonderful rapidity. We cannot do that.

"The lapse of time is so much in our favor and so strongly to the disadvantage of the enemy that every week and every day that passes makes Russia stronger, as she is able to put larger armies into the fight. Four times have the Germans made mighty effort to get command of our railway and four times have they failed.

"We have another advantage over Germany. We have plenty of wheat for our people. Indeed, there is such an abundance that as soon as the Dardanelles is clear, Britain can have as much wheat as she likes, at a cheap rate."

FINED $3 EACH.—Carrol Mickaduke and John Basto were fined $3 and costs each today, when Police Magistrate J. C. Judd found them guilty of a drunk and disorderly charge. Mickaduke became involved in an argument which resulted in a free-for-all fight. Patrolman Tomlin happened along at this juncture, and when he attempted to arrest Mickaduke, Basto tried to take the prisoner away.

THE WEATHER

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.

Following were the highest and lowest temperatures recorded in London during the 24 hours previous to 8 o'clock last night: Highest, 35; lowest, 29.

The official temperatures for the 12 hours previous to 8 a.m. today were: Highest, 30; lowest, 19.

TOMORROW—MODERATELY COLD.

Toronto, March 8—8 a.m.

Forecasts.

Northerly winds, fine and moderately cold today and on Tuesday.

Temepratures.

The following were the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours previous to a.m. today:

Stations.	High.	Low.	Weather.
Victoria	52	38	Clear
Calgary	40	14	Clear
Winnipeg	28	6	Cloudy
Port Arthur	38	14	Clear
Toronto	36	18	Clear
Ottawa	39	16	Clear
Montreal	36	16	Clear
Quebec	24	6	Cloudy

Weather Notes.

A shallow disturbance is centred off the Middle Atlantic Coast, while an area of high pressure covers the country to westward of the Great Lakes. Fair weather prevails in nearly all parts of the country.

ALLIES' CRUISERS BEAT BACK TURKS

British Captain Tells of the Enemy's Attempt To Cross Suez Canal.

[Canadian Press.]

Philadelphia, March 8.—A battle between French and British cruisers and a Turkish land force, commanded by German officers, along the Suez Canal was described by Capt. Tulloch, of the British steamer Naneric, which docked here today after a 65-day voyage from Calcutta. Capt. Tulloch, who was placed in command of the Naneric after the steamer Tymeric had been captured by the German cruiser Emden and sunk in the Indian Ocean last December, said that the Naneric had reached the eastern entrance of the canal about February 1, but that upon the arrival of the vessel it had not been allowed to proceed because of the battle between the Allies and the Turkish forces near Ismalia.

"The Turks," said Capt. Tulloch, "attempted to cross the canal, led by German officers, but were repulsed by the Allies, who directed upon them the fire, not only of field pieces, but big guns of several warships. Both sides of the canal were heaped with dead bodies, and many of the victims rolled into the water. The loss of life was very great and the Turks appeared to be demoralized.

"After several days' delay, the Naneric was permitted to proceed to Port Said. Her exposed portions were protected by means of bags of sand. On the way the British auxiliary cruiser Harbinger, which was acting as a convoy, received a shot through the smokestack, but no other damage was done."

LIEUT.-COL. H. D. SMITH MADE STAFF OFFICER

Will Assist Lieutenant-Colonel W. A. McCrimmon.

Lieut.-Col. H. D. Smith, of the 24th Regiment at Chatham has been appointed staff officer of the 1st Division at military headquarters in this city. He will assist Lieut.-Col. W. A. MacCrimmon in the staff work here, taking a position which has been vacant for the past four months.

DIED IN WINDSOR

[Canadian Press.]

Windsor, March 8.—William Curtis, aged 73, for the past 33 years caretaker of the postoffice, and one of the best-known men in the city, died yesterday at Hotel Dieu Hospital, following an operation for cancer. He was a prominent member of the Windsor Lawn Bowling Club and a former officer of the Masonic Lodge.

FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE NURSED HIM IN CRIMEA

[Canadian Press.]

Kingston, March 8.—At the general hospital the death took place of Thomas (Duke) McCambridge, who served in the Crimean war. Mr. McCambridge was nursed by Florence Nightingale during the Crimean war.

GETTING AT FACTS IN BOOT INQUIRY

Committee Decides To Call Witnesses Who Appeared at Former Investigation.

HOT REPORTS RECEIVED

Some of Divisional Commanders' Findings Are Now Accepted in Evidence.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, March 8.—The inquiry into boots has been a good deal widened by a decision of the parliamentary committee this morning. Up to the present time there has been a disposition on the part of some members to treat the bad boots as something abstract, to be dealt with by application of the principles of algebra.

Though Ottawa is full of men who have been kicking through these shoes since the beginning of the war, no one on the committee has suggested that they should bring in a few soldier boys with their boots on, and have them looked over by a plain cobbler, letting the lawyers stand aside for a time.

E. M. MacDonald discovered some time ago that in various parts of the country commanders of military divisions sat up and took notice of the holes which appeared in their soldiers' boots after a few hours' wear. Some of them held real red-blooded inquiries, and sent brimstone reports through to Ottawa. He succeeded in getting some of these reports on evidence at Ottawa.

This morning there was a meeting of the committee, and it was decided to call some of the witnesses who appeared at the departmental investigations, and have them tell their stories at the capital.

NO CENSORSHIP IN AMERICAN MAILS

Home Secretary Opposes the Proposal Made in British House of Commons.

[Canadian Press.]

London, March 8—3:30 p.m.—A proposal to establish a censorship over the American mails was opposed in the House of Commons today by the Home Secretary, Reginald McKenna. The question was raised by Sir Henry Craik, who said he desired to prevent the distribution in New York of pamphlets emanating from German sources. These pamphlets, he said, accused Great Britain and her allies of treachery in connection with their diplomatic action in Belgium. Mr. McKenna characterized these pamphlets as practically harmless, and added:

"It has not been considered necessary in the past to establish a censorship over postal matter to or from the United States. To do so would involve an enormous addition to the censorship staff."

WANT "SMACK" AT THE ENEMY

Men of 18th Anxious To Get Into Thick of Battle — Trench Work Appeals.

The men of the 18th are all eager to be off. They want to be in the fighting and are afraid that, if there is any more delay, the war may be over before they get to the front.

"Not that that is likely," said one of the officers. "We shall have plenty of chance to fight, and when we do get into the trenches we shall give a mighty good account of ourselves."

He added that all the preparations for a move at short notice had been completed, and that the battalion could be ready to leave, fully equipped, within two hours' notice.

Meantime the prospect of seeing action has created a spirit of cheerful anticipation in all ranks. The few grumblers have ceased to grumble, and good humor prevails everywhere. Grouches have been forgotten, and only the fact that soon the opportunity is coming to "have a smack at those Germans" is remembered.

Blockade Delayed Going.

Word has gone around among the men, though from what source it came originally is a mystery, that the only reason that the departure has been delayed as long as it has was the declaration by the German admiralty of the blockade of the English coast. Now they believe the British authorities have the situation well in hand, and the danger, if there ever was any, has ceased to exist.

The battalion, as a whole, is in first-class shape, as those who witnessed the route march of Saturday morning were able to judge for themselves. The regular drilling and marching have hardened the men until they are now in the very pink of condition. Practically every one of them has gained in weight since his enlistment, and the usual reply to a query as to a man's health is, "I never felt better in my life."

The routine work is varied by all kinds of recreation, football having perhaps the greatest number of votaries. A good deal of off-duty time, also, is spent in playing cards, trading yarns and speculating as to what the near future will bring.

DUCHESS CONVERTS CASTLE INTO HOSPITAL

Duchess of Devonshire.

Advertiser Illustrations.

Many of the ancient castles that served as fortresses in Britain's earlier wars are now used as hospitals for the victims of modern warfare. One of the historic castles owned by the Duchess of Devonshire is now a war hospital.

The duchess, who is very wealthy, is giving both wealth and personal service to her country in an effort to lighten the horrors of war.

BRITAIN LOSES IN PRIZE COURT CASE

Decree Says Cargo Belonging To Neutral Government Cannot Be Seized.

[Canadian Press.]

London, March 8.—4:15 p.m.—No belligerent Government has a right to requisition a cargo belonging to a neutral Government, according to a decree given out by the prize court today.

The question at issue arose over a thousand tons of copper sent from the United States to Gothenburg, Sweden, and destined for the use of contractors to the Swedish Government. This cargo was captured by a British warship and an ex parte order was made by the registrar of the prize court releasing the copper to the British Government, which desired to requisition it for the making of guns at the Woolwich Arsenal.

The Swedish owners of the copper asked the prize court to discharge the order of the registrar, and in spite of the opposition of the attorney-general on behalf of the Government, Sir Samuel T. Evans, president of the admiralty court, decided in favor of the Swedes. He said the copper ore could not be disposed of pending the prize court proceeding still to come before the court.

FABULOUS OFFICER PASSED BAD CHECKS

J. R. Kincarn Buying in Toronto Goods For London.

Misrepresenting himself as a lieutenant in the military headquarters staff of this city, a man who gives his name as J. R. Kincarn, has been buying goods from Toronto merchants with worthless checks, which have been returned to the merchants marked "no funds."

Answering a wire from Toronto police, the commanding officer at the military headquarters here, replied today stating that no such man had a commission in this city. According to the communication from Toronto, the fake officer had recently "flim-flammed" two large Toronto business houses, having secured a number of expensive articles, presumably to be used by the militia in London.

As far as is known in this city, the police in Toronto have not apprehended the fabulous officer.

The local police are of the opinion that Kincarn and Findley, the latter a man who issued a number of bad checks here a short time ago, are the same, and the former officials will communicate with the Queen City police in their efforts to find out if he is the one who deceived a number of businessmen here.

CHARGED WITH MURDER

Sebastian Arino, of Montreal, Said to Have Shot Boarder.

[Canadian Press.]

Montreal, March 8.—Sebastian Arino, an Italian, believed to be the murderer of Andre Dominico, was arrested today by Detective Nappa. Arino is the keeper of a boarding-house at No. 9 St. Creile street, in which Dominico was killed.

The police say Dominico interfered in a quarrel between Arino and his wife, to take the latter's part. Arino is alleged to have shot Dominico in the latter's bedroom, while intoxicated, after the quarrel.

TRENCHES CAPTURED BY ALLIED TROOPS

Further Progress Made and Prisoners Taken—One of the Germans' Biggest Guns Put Out of Business and Sent For Repairs.

[Canadian Press.]

Paris, March 8, via London, 4 p.m.—The war office gave out the following statement this afternoon:

"There is nothing of importance in the Champagne section to add to yesterday's communication. Progress reported at different points is enhanced. At the end of the day we captured trenches to the northwest of Souain. The captured trenches between Perthes and Beausejour represent 400 to 500 metres. We captured a number of prisoners, including officers.

Big Gun Damaged.

"In the region of the heights of the Meuse, our heavy artillery, according to prisoners, seriously damaged a 42-centimetre gun recently placed in position by the Germans. This gun had to be dismantled and sent to the rear for repairs. Four of the gun crew were killed and seven wounded.

"In Lorraine we progressed northwest of Badonviller.

Desperate Struggle.

"In the Vosges, at Reich Ackocopen, the Germans made a violent counter-attack late Sunday afternoon. For the moment they were able to gain a footing on the ridge, but after a furious hand-to-hand fight our riflemen threw them back and finally remained masters of Reich Ackocopen. The losses sustained by the enemy were extremely heavy.

"In Upper Alsace, southward of the railway station at Burnhaupt, an attack attempted against our advanced positions was dispersed by the fire of our infantry."

GERMAN REPORT.

[Canadian Press.]

Berlin, March 8, via London, 5 p.m.—The German war office today gave out a report on the progress of the war as follows:

"In the western arena aviators of the enemy have dropped bombs on Ostend.

"The fighting in the Champagne district continued last night. At Souain the enemy was repulsed after a hand-to-hand engagement. Hostilities were again resumed during the night.

"In the district to the east of Le Mesnil, the enemy attacked in the afternoon, but this movement failed completely. Our night counter-attack was successful; forty Frenchmen were captured.

Repulsed Attacks.

"We repulsed attacks in the forest of Le Pretre, to the northwest of Pont-a-Mousson.

"In the Vosges, in the district west of Munster and north of Sennheim, the fighting is still going on.

"In the eastern arena: To the south of Augustowo Russian attacks failed, with heavy losses to the enemy. The fighting has been resumed in the vicinity of Lomza. To the west of Przasnysz, and east of Plock, the Russians made several assaults, which were unsuccessful, however, against our positions. Furthermore, German troops have repulsed two Russian night attacks at Rawa. Russian advances from the vicinity of Nowomiesto have not been successful. In the consequent fighting we took 1,500 prisoners."

NO ARTICLE GAVE OFFENSE TO GERMAN-CANADIANS

Sir Adam Merely Thinks The Advertiser Has Been "Indiscreet," as He Terms It.

Recently The Stratford Beacon stated that The Advertiser had endeavored to injure Sir Adam Beck because he was of German descent.

As The Advertiser has denounced nothing but the Prussianism and militarism that has ruined Germany, and has taken a strong stand in the Glaubitz issue because of the expressed opinion of the citizens of London, this paper called Sir Adam this morning to ask if he had any complaint to make of the action of this paper.

The only answer Sir Adam had was that he thought The Advertiser had been "indiscreet." He could not name any article that was personally offensive to him.

"There are 250,000 people of German descent in Canada and they are good people," said Sir Adam. "My parents came from Baden, Germany, before it was a part of Prussia, and I am proud of them. The people of German descent in this country are good Canadians, and there should be no insinuations cast upon them."

Asked again if he could name any article which gave offense to the German-Canadian, Sir Adam said he had nothing definite in mind. His only idea was there had been some "indiscretion."

ONLY A CRUCIFIX LEFT IN MESSINES

Everything Else in Church Is Destroyed by Fire Following Bombardment.

[Canadian Press.]

London, March 8—4:06 p.m.—With the sole exception of a crucifix, which was untouched, everything in the church at Messines, a Belgian town six miles south of Ypres, was destroyed as the result of fire following a bombardment of that place by heavy guns, according to a report of the "eyewitness" with the British headquarters staff, whose story this week includes a description of the remarkable resistance of mediaeval buildings to shell fire.

Great blocks of masonry were blown off the Messines church, the belfry was shot away and the interior was completely burned out, but the framework, though irregular in outline and full of gaps and holes, is still standing, the writer says, defiant amid the surrounding ruins. The saved crucifix is life size and made of plaster. It was in the centre of a very fine oak screen.

Is Dresden Hiding In Chilean Waters?

Activity of German Steamers With Coal Supports Rumor.

[Canadian Press.]

London, March 8.—A dispatch to the Times from Santiago, Chile, reports the activity of German steamers with coal cargoes in South American waters. The correspondent considers that this activity supports the reports of the proximity of German cruisers in these waters. He says there are persistent rumors that the cruiser Dresden is hiding in one of the inlets in Southern Chile. He adds that the Chilean Government is taking every precaution to preserve its neutrality.

One Million Miles Covered By Aviators

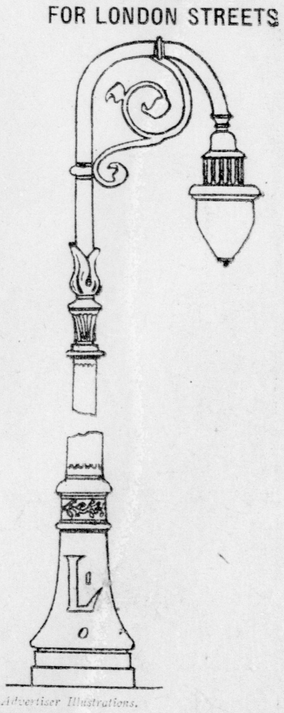
[Canadian Press.]

Paris, March 8.—An official statement giving statistics concerning the aerial flights of the French airmen during the eight months of the war was issued last night. It says:

"Approximately 10,000 aerial reconnaissances have been made, amounting to 18,000 hours in the air. The distance covered was 1,800,000 kilometres (over 1,116,000 miles), which would amount to about forty times around the globe.

"Unfortunately these results were not obtained without serious losses, which equal, and sometimes even surpass, other methods of warfare."

ORNAMENTAL LIGHT STANDARD PROPOSED FOR LONDON STREETS



Advertiser Illustrations.

This is what the proposed ornamental light standards for residential streets will look like. The type is one that has been adopted in Windsor and other cities, and it is believed that it will be approved for use in this city. The fire, water and light committee will deal with the question this week, and it is expected that this body will indorse the plan.

As will be noted, the top "goose-neck" bracket, for suspending the lamp, and the base are shown, the shaft between the bracket and the base having been cut out of the drawing in order to allow its reproduction in a limited space. The height of the top of the lamp above the street will be 16 feet, the total height of the standard being about three feet above that.

It is believed that with this type of standard a better light will be thrown on the street. Special provision will be made for larger lights at street intersections. This latter provision will hold good not only for the streets where the new ornamental lighting system is to be put in, but also on all streets. The committee will also resurrect the order calling for red lights above, or in the immediate vicinity of all fire alarm boxes.

Washington Transmits Warning to Carranza

Diplomats Interpret New Note as a Complete Change of Policy On Part of United States Towards Mexican Situation.

[Canadian Press.]

Washington, March 8.—New and urgent representations, amounting practically to a warning, have been sent by the United States to General Carranza, demanding an improvement of conditions in Mexico City.

Diplomatists familiar with the contents of the note which United States Consul Silliman has been instructed to present to General Carranza, interpret it as an entire change of policy on the part of the Washington Government toward the Mexican situation.

WOULD SAVE GERMAN NAVY FOR ANOTHER GREAT WAR

Kaiser and Von Tirpitz Object To Bolder Method of Von Ingenohl.

[Canadian Press.]

London, March 8.—A Daily Express dispatch dated Amsterdam, Sunday, says:

"Before long there will be a general shuffle of positions in the higher command of the German navy. Admiral Von Tirpitz and his master are not satisfied with the doings of Admiral Von Ingenohl, commander-in-chief of the battle fleet. They ascribe to his lack of foresight the loss of many German ships.

"What is left for Germany at sea?" That was the question discussed recently at a German naval conference in Berlin, to which Germany's best admirals had been summoned. No communication was made to the press regarding the outcome of the council, but it is understood from a trustworthy source that Admiral Von Ingenohl's policy of seeking battle was sternly condemned by the admiral's opponents.

It may be taken for granted that the German fleet will never again attack Britain's ships in anything like an equal fight, but will remain hidden until peace is declared, and then Germany, with what is left of it, will endeavor to build the largest fleet that ever existed, and hopes then to challenge Britain's fleet within fifteen or twenty years.