

# THE EDMONTON BULLETIN

(SEMI-WEEKLY.)

DAILY—Delivered in City, 64 per year. By mail, per year, \$8. By mail to United States per year \$2.

SEMI-WEEKLY—Subscription per year \$1. Subscribers in the United States \$2. All subscriptions strictly in advance.

BULLETIN CO., LTD.,  
DUNCAN MARSHALL,  
Manager.

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909

seas, and her army too weak for purpose of a defensive alliance, or even to defend her own shores. Pitt said this ambition was to raise England from that state of nervousness that a few thousand French soldiers could shake her. It is unfortunate that the Press conference has not produced a Pitt. The courage of the conference has been belied by the chronic pessimism of Lord Rosebery in his address of welcome at the inaugural banquet. It would be a calamity indeed if Britain should ever meet defeat at the hand of a great foe, but to be misrepresented into isolation by a false patriotism would be criminal as well as calamitous.

## A FAIR WORTH ATTENDING.

(Monday's Daily.)

The fair opens tomorrow. It does so with every promise of eclipsing all previous events both in the matter of attendance and of the things which go to make up what is understood in these days by the term "exhibition."

A departure has been made this year in that the abortive attempt to hold an exhibit of grains, vegetables, etc., has been dropped. Heretofore this has been a feature of the fair on paper. But the display in the hall never came up to the pretensions of the classes, sections and sub-sections in the prize list. This for the quite obvious reason that the fair is held at a time of year when the farmer has nothing in the way of matured grain and vegetables to show. At its best the midsummer grain show is nothing but show what has been or may be, and in the matter of a grain or garden display this is not very satisfactory. For this reason this item has been excluded from the Edmonton fair this year.

As compensation for this omission from the program the directors have been able to concentrate attention on the remaining features of the exhibition, and on the sports and amusement program. If the entries are taken as an all indicating the results these will be highly satisfactory. The total entries are four times as many as in any previous year.

As an exhibition the fair this year promises better value for his money than ever before for the person who goes to see and learn what this country can do and is doing. The cattle show will probably be as good as any ever held in the west. The horse show and other live stock exhibits are expected from the entries to far surpass anything seen here before. The displays of local manufactures, domestic manufactures, of dairy produce, etc., will be large and of solid value to the man or woman who studies them for the information they offer and the significance they carry.

The improvement in the live stock show is most satisfactory. Whatever may be the resources and destiny of other sections of the west, this part of Alberta is best qualified for mixed farming and to that our farmers will continue to devote attention more and more. Stock growing is one of the items of highest importance in the mixed farming business. Whatever interests the farmer in stock-raising, or informs him along that line, is doing good work for the general community by helping him to engage in one of the most profitable and reliable branches of his business.

At the same time the fair offers better value to the person who goes for pleasure only. The racing program is lengthy and promises interesting contests. The athletic competitions will be well worth seeing. There will be band music galore and platform attractions and balloon ascensions—and the circus.

It ought to be worth any one's time and money to visit the fair, whether on pleasure bent or to gather some information relative to the country's products.

## TO ORGANIZE LIVE STOCK MEN.

(Monday's Daily.)

That the exhibition will be the forerunner of a great annual live stock show and summer fair in this city, is the practical result which the directors of the Exhibition association hope to have from the fair this year. It is felt that the development of the live stock industry in the Edmonton district has already assumed such large proportions that all that is required is energetic organization work among the stock breeders to get them to look to Edmonton as the natural centre for a live stock show.

An effort will be made during the exhibition to effect something along this line. The most important factor will be the formation of local stock breeders' associations. The directors have formed themselves into committees to get together the horse breeders, cattle, sheep and swine breeders of the district to discuss the question of organization. All favorable to the scheme will be given an opportunity to affix their names to documents setting forth the desirability of forming the various live stock associations.

Visiting farmers and stock breeders are requested not to overlook this important feature of the exhibition. If

the matter is well taken hold of this year the large agricultural community contiguous to this city may look for big things in future years, in connection with the Edmonton exhibition.

## THE HOSPITAL PARADE.

The hospital parade on Sunday was a great success. It formed up at the corner of Kinistino and Jasper and marched to the baseball grounds, where addresses were delivered by Dr. Eddell and Rev. Arthur Murphy. The result of the collections made on Saturday and Sunday was not known until the end of the week. The honorary secretary of the movement, Ernest Brown, writes the Bulletin: "A report is current that the receipts of the hospital collections amounted to \$2,000. The boxes are deposited in the bank and will not be opened until end of week, when the result will be made public."

## TO SETTLE LAST NORTH.

Montreal Star—The Peace River Trade and Navigation Co., Ltd., incorporated under Dominion laws with an authorized capital of \$1,000,000, has just been organized with the head offices in Montreal, for the purpose of conducting a general business in the new portions of the Canadian North-West. The objects of the company are to establish general stores, mills, to operate steamers in the portion of the country about to be connected with the older settled portions of the country by railway construction. The company will confine its attention largely to Northern Alberta and a portion of Northern British Columbia, where a number of railway lines are already projected, or in the course of construction, the definite purpose of the company being to secure a foothold immediately in these portions of the country.

Whatever the reason may be why Canadian coal is not admitted free into the United States, it is certainly not the reason given by Senator Aldrich. Canada does not furnish an inferior grade of bituminous coal.

All bituminous coal is inferior in man's important respects to the anthracite coal of the Appalachian range. That it is ridiculous to compare Canadian bituminous coal with United States anthracite, and apply the results to a comparison between Canadian and United States bituminous coal.

The fact is that Canadian coal is a great deal better than United States coal of the same character and can be mined and delivered just as cheaply. In reality, the true reason for the Canadian tariff of protection is that Senator Aldrich wishes to force on coal consumers an inferior quality of coal, not to protect them against such a supply.

All of which may be quite true, but it is none the less amusing to see a Canadian high protection journal tearing into tatters the stock argument of itself and its confederates when that argument is found in the mouth of a high protectionist across the line.

If anything, from the watches of Waltham to the plums of Washington, have come over the United States border by freight without being pronounced inferior by the Telegram and its friends it would be interesting to learn its name. The inferiority of United States goods to the Canadian tale of the tongue of Canadian high protectionists. Yet when a United States statesman hands out the same line of talk to the people of that country the Telegram tells him he is trying to force on them an inferior quality of goods. The Telegram should know. It has talked the same kind of nonsense itself.

## ABOUT THE PRESS CONFERENCE.

Speaking of the Imperial Press conference Saturday Night, says that it is to be regretted that the delegates to the conference were not more representative of the men who actually make the papers, and who write what the public reads.

The business of Saturday Night is to find fault, it lives mostly by this method, its remarks are strangely untrue of the Canadian representatives.

From Winnipeg the delegates are Messrs. Daffoe and Nicholls, the two leader writers on the two leading dailies of that city and the men who come more directly in touch with the people than any other members of the staff. From Toronto Messrs. McDonald and Atkinson are attending the conference. Mr. McDonald is the managing editor of the Toronto Globe and is one of the greatest personalities in Canadian journalism. And in this connection it might be remarked that Mr. McDonald has rendered a very signal service to this country by holding the war enthusiasts in check. A few of the delegates felt like offering a Dreadnought for every banquet they got and McDonald of the Globe was the man who counselled moderation in language and proposals, and warned the members of the conference against rash resolutions they might later regret. When the honorary degree of LL.D. was conferred upon him and some other members of the delegation by Glasgow university, he pointed out that if the press was to join forces with the university it must make for peace, not war.

Mr. Atkinson is so closely in touch with every department of the Toronto Daily Star that he is very representative of the newspaper life of that city. Mr. Jas. Brierly, of the Montreal Herald, has been one of the most active newspaper men in Canada. First, with a country weekly, then with the St. Thomas Daily Journal, and later with the Montreal Herald, Mr. Brierly has made good all the way. Just what more representative man Saturday Night could choose it is difficult to see unless the editor of that weekly journal had gone as the sole delegate.

One practical result of the conference is that the Pacific coast press are to be cut in two, which means more news will be carried and the readers of our dailies will get the benefit. The New Zealand government is also

## GOING TO REDUCE ITS TERMINAL CHARGES.

By one-half. The final result will be reduction of Atlantic rates as well as the practical outcome of the conference will be of very considerable value to newspaper publishers and the reading public.

## GOVERNMENT OF THE LAND TITLES.

TO SETTLE LAST NORTH.

Montreal Star—The Peace River Trade and Navigation Co., Ltd., incorporated under Dominion laws with an authorized capital of \$1,000,000, has just been organized with the head offices in Montreal, for the purpose of conducting a general business in the new portions of the Canadian North-West. The objects of the company are to establish general stores, mills, to operate steamers in the portion of the country about to be connected with the older settled portions of the country by railway construction. The company will confine its attention largely to Northern Alberta and a portion of Northern British Columbia, where a number of railway lines are already projected, or in the course of construction, the definite purpose of the company being to secure a foothold immediately in these portions of the country.

Whatever the reason may be why Canadian coal is not admitted free into the United States, it is certainly not the reason given by Senator Aldrich. Canada does not furnish an inferior grade of bituminous coal.

All bituminous coal is inferior in man's important respects to the anthracite coal of the Appalachian range. That it is ridiculous to compare Canadian bituminous coal with United States anthracite, and apply the results to a comparison between Canadian and United States bituminous coal.

The fact is that Canadian coal is a great deal better than United States coal of the same character and can be mined and delivered just as cheaply. In reality, the true reason for the Canadian tariff of protection is that Senator Aldrich wishes to force on coal consumers an inferior quality of coal, not to protect them against such a supply.

All of which may be quite true, but it is none the less amusing to see a Canadian high protection journal tearing into tatters the stock argument of itself and its confederates when that argument is found in the mouth of a high protectionist across the line.

If anything, from the watches of Waltham to the plums of Washington, have come over the United States border by freight without being pronounced inferior by the Telegram and its friends it would be interesting to learn its name. The inferiority of United States goods to the Canadian tale of the tongue of Canadian high protectionists. Yet when a United States statesman hands out the same line of talk to the people of that country the Telegram tells him he is trying to force on them an inferior quality of goods. The Telegram should know. It has talked the same kind of nonsense itself.

## ABOUT THE PRESS CONFERENCE.

Speaking of the Imperial Press conference Saturday Night, says that it is to be regretted that the delegates to the conference were not more representative of the men who actually make the papers, and who write what the public reads.

The business of Saturday Night is to find fault, it lives mostly by this method, its remarks are strangely untrue of the Canadian representatives.

From Winnipeg the delegates are Messrs. Daffoe and Nicholls, the two leader writers on the two leading dailies of that city and the men who come more directly in touch with the people than any other members of the staff. From Toronto Messrs. McDonald and Atkinson are attending the conference. Mr. McDonald is the managing editor of the Toronto Globe and is one of the greatest personalities in Canadian journalism. And in this connection it might be remarked that Mr. McDonald has rendered a very signal service to this country by holding the war enthusiasts in check. A few of the delegates felt like offering a Dreadnought for every banquet they got and McDonald of the Globe was the man who counselled moderation in language and proposals, and warned the members of the conference against rash resolutions they might later regret. When the honorary degree of LL.D. was conferred upon him and some other members of the delegation by Glasgow university, he pointed out that if the press was to join forces with the university it must make for peace, not war.

Mr. Atkinson is so closely in touch with every department of the Toronto Daily Star that he is very representative of the newspaper life of that city. Mr. Jas. Brierly, of the Montreal Herald, has been one of the most active newspaper men in Canada. First, with a country weekly, then with the St. Thomas Daily Journal, and later with the Montreal Herald, Mr. Brierly has made good all the way. Just what more representative man Saturday Night could choose it is difficult to see unless the editor of that weekly journal had gone as the sole delegate.

One practical result of the conference is that the Pacific coast press are to be cut in two, which means more news will be carried and the readers of our dailies will get the benefit. The New Zealand government is also

## GOING TO REDUCE ITS TERMINAL CHARGES.

By one-half. The final result will be reduction of Atlantic rates as well as the practical outcome of the conference will be of very considerable value to newspaper publishers and the reading public.

## GOVERNMENT OF THE LAND TITLES.

TO SETTLE LAST NORTH.

Montreal Star—The Peace River Trade and Navigation Co., Ltd., incorporated under Dominion laws with an authorized capital of \$1,000,000, has just been organized with the head offices in Montreal, for the purpose of conducting a general business in the new portions of the Canadian North-West. The objects of the company are to establish general stores, mills, to operate steamers in the portion of the country about to be connected with the older settled portions of the country by railway construction. The company will confine its attention largely to Northern Alberta and a portion of Northern British Columbia, where a number of railway lines are already projected, or in the course of construction, the definite purpose of the company being to secure a foothold immediately in these portions of the country.

Whatever the reason may be why Canadian coal is not admitted free into the United States, it is certainly not the reason given by Senator Aldrich. Canada does not furnish an inferior grade of bituminous coal.

All bituminous coal is inferior in man's important respects to the anthracite coal of the Appalachian range. That it is ridiculous to compare Canadian bituminous coal with United States anthracite, and apply the results to a comparison between Canadian and United States bituminous coal.

The fact is that Canadian coal is a great deal better than United States coal of the same character and can be mined and delivered just as cheaply. In reality, the true reason for the Canadian tariff of protection is that Senator Aldrich wishes to force on coal consumers an inferior quality of coal, not to protect them against such a supply.

All of which may be quite true, but it is none the less amusing to see a Canadian high protection journal tearing into tatters the stock argument of itself and its confederates when that argument is found in the mouth of a high protectionist across the line.

If anything, from the watches of Waltham to the plums of Washington, have come over the United States border by freight without being pronounced inferior by the Telegram and its friends it would be interesting to learn its name. The inferiority of United States goods to the Canadian tale of the tongue of Canadian high protectionists. Yet when a United States statesman hands out the same line of talk to the people of that country the Telegram tells him he is trying to force on them an inferior quality of goods. The Telegram should know. It has talked the same kind of nonsense itself.

## ABOUT THE PRESS CONFERENCE.

Speaking of the Imperial Press conference Saturday Night, says that it is to be regretted that the delegates to the conference were not more representative of the men who actually make the papers, and who write what the public reads.

The business of Saturday Night is to find fault, it lives mostly by this method, its remarks are strangely untrue of the Canadian representatives.

From Winnipeg the delegates are Messrs. Daffoe and Nicholls, the two leader writers on the two leading dailies of that city and the men who come more directly in touch with the people than any other members of the staff. From Toronto Messrs. McDonald and Atkinson are attending the conference. Mr. McDonald is the managing editor of the Toronto Globe and is one of the greatest personalities in Canadian journalism. And in this connection it might be remarked that Mr. McDonald has rendered a very signal service to this country by holding the war enthusiasts in check. A few of the delegates felt like offering a Dreadnought for every banquet they got and McDonald of the Globe was the man who counselled moderation in language and proposals, and warned the members of the conference against rash resolutions they might later regret. When the honorary degree of LL.D. was conferred upon him and some other members of the delegation by Glasgow university, he pointed out that if the press was to join forces with the university it must make for peace, not war.

Mr. Atkinson is so closely in touch with every department of the Toronto Daily Star that he is very representative of the newspaper life of that city. Mr. Jas. Brierly, of the Montreal Herald, has been one of the most active newspaper men in Canada. First, with a country weekly, then with the St. Thomas Daily Journal, and later with the Montreal Herald, Mr. Brierly has made good all the way. Just what more representative man Saturday Night could choose it is difficult to see unless the editor of that weekly journal had gone as the sole delegate.

One practical result of the conference is that the Pacific coast press are to be cut in two, which means more news will be carried and the readers of our dailies will get the benefit. The New Zealand government is also

## STANDARD CO. NOT ALLOWED TO BUY.

Texas State Authorities Warn the Trust That Waters-Pierce Property Must Be Operated.

Galveston, Texas, June 24.—Having reason to believe that the Standard Oil Company will try and bid in the Waters-Pierce Oil Company property in Texas, which is valued at more than two millions of dollars, the state attorney general has issued a warning to the oil octopus that he proposes watching the sale and preventing any such deal. General Davidson declares the Standard is now a fugitive from justice and is for ever barred from operating in Texas and that the successful bidder must operate the Waters-Pierce property in this state. He goes on to record with the statement that any bid from the Standard, regardless of price, will be rejected and the same will apply to any subterfuge, the trust may attempt by bidding through other parties. The state receiver is preparing the property to be put up to the highest bidder.

## GLACIER REAPPEARS.

A Subterranean Earthquake Has Brought It Into View.

Vancouver World: Something wonderful has recently taken place in Alaska. This is the drifting away of icebergs from the front of Muir Glacier in Glacier Bay, so that for the first time in nine years this famous glacier, the father of all glaciers, and the most noted on this continent, has been visible. In 1899 a subterranean earthquake took place at Yakutat and ever since the approach to this glacier has been so choked with ice that boats have turned away with their passengers disappointed. Now, through some peculiar lifting of the ice, steamboats can enter the channel and go near the right hand and after cautiously pushing their way, get a glimpse of the left face.

In the nine years, away from the sight of man, this glacier has shown