JIM BALLARD GUILTY COMMONERS HAD

Of Burning His Own Property in Melancthon.

Although Stoical in Court, the Culprit Wept Like a Child When Taken Back to Mis Cell-Bave Ballard. Reid and Corbett on Trial - Hamilton Tisdale Told flow Dave's Barn Was Fired, With the Object of Securing Insurance Money-Tisdale Had Had Fires Himself and Got Insurance Money.

Orangeville, May 19.-The proceedings against Jim Ballard for burning his own buildings were concluded at 3 p.m. to-day by an impartial address to the jury by Judge Ferguson.

The jury retired and, after deliberating for two hours, announced that they had agreed upon a verdict.

The prisoner was then brought back to the court house from the jall and the foreman of the jury was asked what verdict the jury had arrived at.

"Guilty," came the clear response from Samuel Suggitt, foreman of the jury, while get a muscle in the dark face of James Ballard moved. He was then removed to the jail, where, by himself, he wept like a child.

Sentence has not yet been passed on him. Following the conclusion of James Balmrd's trial, Dave Ballard, William Reid and James E. Corbett were arraigned, charged with setting fire to the barn of David Ballard. The first witness examined was Harottee

charged with setting fire to the barn of David Balbard.

The first witness examined was Hamilton Fischale, who swore as follows:

I remember the fire at Dave Ballard's barn. Dave Ballard told me the place was unsured and he was going to burn it up.

I was working Ballard's farm, but he would not give me a lease of the place, as he said he wanted to burn the barn. The aight of the fire, William Reid, James E. Corbett, Dave Ballard, T. J. Tischale and I went up to Jackson's farm about 11 o'clock to get an old mower that had been burned. We loaded the mower on a wagon and brought it to Dave Ballard's barn. Then Corbett and Reid went into the barn and began spreading straw around the Boor. Ballard and I put straw over the sld mower. I saw Reid and Corbett carrying lighted straw around and fighting the straw in different places. Dave said, "We bad better hurry or we won't be in this," as the fire was beginning to graw bright. I ran to the fence.

ran to fhe fence.

Cross-examined by Mr. Myers: I had two
Cross-examined by Mr. Myers: I had two
Cross-examined by Mr. Myers: I had two
cross myself, which I knew to be set. I colected the insurance on both of these. I
committed perjury twice, but have since
xperienced religion. I do not know wheexperienced religion. I do not show ther I will be prosecuted or not. This concluded Tisdale's evidence and after some evidence by the insurance agent the court adjourned until 9 o'clock to-morrow morning.

THE PREFERENTIAL CLAUSE

A Good Beal of Spesulation as to Whether the Home Government Will Accept It.

Ottawa, May 19,-(Special.)-There is much speculation in political circles as to the view which the Home Government will take as to the right of the Canadian Parliament to pass resolution 15 of the tariff, which is generally known as the preferential clause. In some quarters it is stated that the Government is now adopting a waiting policy, the intention being to delay business until such time as the Premier can reach England and confer with the Colonial Secretary. I am in a position to state positively that there is nothing in this report. It is understood communications are passing between the Dominion Government and the home au-thorities in reference to the effect of the preferential clause on Great Bri-

thorities in reference to the effect of the preferential clause on Great Britain's treaty obligations, and an inimation may be expected any day as to whether or not a proviso shall be embodied in the tariff bill referring the preferential clause to the Home Government for an authoritative decision.

Meanwhile Mr. Maclean has a question on the order paper for Friday, which may elicit a statement of the Government's position. It is as follows: Industriting tariff resolution No. 15, now before the House, did the Government consider how its operation might be affected by the following clauses of Lord Ripon's despatch of June 20, 1895;

34. While, however, Parliament has thus removed all legislative restrictions in the colonies, so far as legislation is concerned, it will be necessary, in order that Her Majesty's Government may be in a position to give effect to their responsibility for the international obligations of the Empire, and for the protection of its general interests, that any bill-passed by a colonial Legislature, providing for the imposition of differential duties, should be reserved for the signification of Her Majesty's pleasure, so as to allow full opportunity for its consideration from these points of view.

35. For this reason, and in order to prevent inconvenience, it will be desirable, it such duties are included in a general tariff bill, that a proviso should be added that they are not to come into force until Her Majesty's pleasure has been signified.

(2) Is it the intention of the Govern

has been signified.

(2) Is it the intention of the Government to attach a provise to the tariff bill that Resolution 15 is not to go into force until Her Majesty's pleasure has been signified thereto. If not, why not. It is said the Government contends that the preferential clause does not offer differential duties in favor of the United Kingdom. That clause applies to all countries complying with the conditions contained in it. The opinion of nearly all constitutional lawyers on both sides of the House is that Geat Britials must eventually decline to allow Canada to adopt the preferential clause. A despatch will probably come, after the Jubilee fetes are over, expressing en behalf of the Imperial Government, its appreciation of Canada's generous offer, but respectfully declining it.

GAS WASTHERE ALL RIGHT.

Monctova, Mexico. May 19.—Macedonia Franato, the 17-year-old boy who murdered four persons here and then eloped with the daughter of a ranchman, has been captured in the mountains near Villatdams. State of Taunalipus. The girl was with him. Theoeuple presented a sorry speciacke, as they had traveled over 100 miles across the rough country in their flight.

One of the best evidences that Ayer's Hair Vigor is an article of exceptional morit is the fact that the demand for it is constantly increasing. No one who uses this incomparable dressing thinks of trying any other preparation for the bair.

Billy Bennett Got After the Patron Members.

All the Merriment Came Up in Committee of supply When the Item in the Eatlmates for Rideau Hall Was Ender Consideration-Mr. McMullen Was Meck as a Mouse Under a Largely Increased Expenditure for Rideau Hall-Parlin ment flouse Walks Are To Be Improved-Altogether It Was a Stirring Day in the House, With Not Much Accomplished.

Ottawa, May 19 .- (Special.)-This has been a stirring day in the Commons. The vote for Government House was ander discussion, and several hours were taken up debating a motion of Mr. Me Inerney's to reduce the vote.

The evening session was noteworthy or the manner in which Mr. Beunett uffled the feelings and the tempers of the Patron members, Mr. Rogers of Frontenac especially, Mr. Bennett showed conclusively how the Patron nembers had repudiated their platform promises regarding Government House, and were responding to the crack of the

Liberal whip. After the opening Mr. Blair told Col. McLennan that the services of Saperintendent Ross of the Cornwall Canal ad been dispensed with from March 31, the current year, the office being f the

of the current year, the office being abolished.

Col. Prior asked if the resolution passed by the British Columbia Legislature, orotesting against any changes in the Behring Sea regulations, had been received by the Government. The feeling in British Columbia was strongly against any changes in the regulations.

Mr. Davies said he had not heard of the resolution of the Legislature until Col. Prior had called his attention to it. He admitted that dissatisfaction existed among the Canadian scalers, as among American scalers, with regard to the regulations. The Imperial Government had courteously referred an American despatch to the Dominion Government and a reply had been transmitted to the home authorities, stating that the Dominion Government saw no reason at the present moment for advising any alteration in the existing regulations before the expiration of the five years for which they were originally made, which

alteration in the existing regulations before the expiration of the five years for which they were originally made, which would be next year.

Mr. Quinn called attention to further dismissals on the Lachine Canal, and he and Mr. Monk proceeded to give instances of harsh treatment, where officers of 20 years' service had been notified as late as 9 o'clock at night not to resume work the next morning. Some had been ordered to vacate their houses resume work the next morning. Some had been ordered to vacate their houses at one night's notice.

Mr. Blair made no reply to these state-

House went into committee on he Public Works estimates.

Mr. Tarte stated that the department

process. He had seen it in New York. He thought it would be admitted that all the public buildings in Ottawa should be made as fireproof as possible.

Mr. Tarte thanked the hop, gentleman for his suggestion.

Mr. Tarte thanked the hop, gentleman for his suggestion.
On the item of \$18,000 for Ridean Hall, grounds, improvements, furniture, etc., an increase of \$4000, Mr. Bennett twitted Mr. McMullen with having gone back on his stand against the expense of Ridean Hall. He was severe on the Patrons, who also were silent on this subject, and an arrant lot of humbugs they are," said Mr. Bennett. They went around the country on a leather trunk policy, he continued, yet last session frotted off with their leather trunks just the same. He believed their fawning upon the Government in spite of their professions was disgusting Liberals as upon the Government in spite of their professions was disgusting Liberals as well as Consorvatives. Continuing, he quoted from Mr. Mulock's speech in criticism of Lord Stanley, wherein he expressed disgust at the disposition of Canadians to hedge about the vice-royalty at Ottawa with a sort of sanctity. Would the Postmaster-General say that about the present Governor? For himself, Mr. Bennett would not pretend to the same intimate knowledge of the number of napkins at Rideau Hall as Mr. McMullen, neither, like the latter, had he ever taken an inventory of the furni-

ber of napkins at Rideau Hall as Mr. McMullen, neither, like the latter, had he ever taken an inventory of the furniture there, lest it might be spirited away and cheaper stuff put in its place. He would, therefore, make way for Mr. McMullen to go ahead with his criticism of this \$18,000 appropriation. [Laughter.]

Mr. Tarte said the average of the past ten years was \$24,500 annually.

Mr. Taylor figured up the expenditure which the present Government proposed to make on Rideau Hall at \$33,900, against the \$24,500 expended by the Conservatives. It was further pointed out that the item for salaries would account for 130 servants at \$60 per month. "I make this observation." he said, "in the hope that it will shock the Patrons."

Mr. McMullen, who had been loudly called for by the Opposition, had only a few words to say. He complimented the hon, members opposite on developing an ability for criticizing the expenditure. He had confidence, he added, in his esteemed friend the Minister of Public Works, and knew that when he got time Mr. Tarte would look into the whole matter and make reductions in this item of expenditure.

Mr. Tarte said he had looked thor-

got time Mr. Tarte would look into the whole matter and make reductions in this item of expenditure.

Mr. Tarte said he had looked thoroughly into the subject and found he was not able to make any reductions.

Mr. Bergeron attached a good deal of importance to this latter declaration. He thought it ought to be widely published, so that the country might know that the hon, gentlemen who had been protesting for years against Conservative extravagance in this very matter now admitted they could not make any reductions. [Hear, hear.] This was one of the fads of Patronism. It was not politics, and now he hoped the House had heard the last of it, and that the members would devote themselves to the serious business of the country.

Mr. Davin also rubbed it into the Patrons, pointing out that very few of them were in their places to protest against this expenditure, one of the chief planks of their policy, when the first opportunity occurred to make good their professions.

Mr. McInerney, taking the figures was an expenditure of \$14.400 annually, not \$24,500, as stated by the Minis-

it is constantly increasing. No one who uses this incomparable dressing thinks of trying any other preparation for the lear.

THAT HACKING COUGH can be quickly cured by Hagyard's Pectoral Balsum. Price 25c.

AN ANTEDOTE FOR ASTHMA.

Mr. Albert Reid, Angus, Ont., was for over two years a sufferer from asthma. A half bottle of Yellow Oil cared him completely, and although some time ago, he has never troubled with the same complaint since.

ter. The present Government were theretore providing to spend more than their
predecessors. He then moved to reduce
the item by \$3000.

Mr. Tarte answered that that was
taking simply the main estimate and not
counting the supplementaries. He would
only spend the \$18,000 now asked for.

Mr. Wallace pointed out that the Minister was not arguing fairly in repudiating the very figures he had given the
committee himself.

Rev. Mr. Bouglas, who had been alluded to by Mr. Davin as the member
holding Patron views, arose to justify
his support of the Government in this
matter. Just then, however, the long
disused gasaliers in the celling were
turned on, and the hon, gentleman's
observations were almost inaudible ambithe crackling of the jets.

"That's a warning from above," called
out Mr. Bennett, a remark which fairly
convulsed the committee with laughter.
On resuming after recess the House
went again into committee on the fill
respecting the Langenberg & Southern

On resuming after recess the House went again into committee on the all respecting the Langenberg & Southern Railway Company.

Mr. Blair moved to add the following section to the bill: "Any act which may hereafter be passed for the purpose of controlling railway campanies incorporated bg, or subject to this r'arliament as to the issuing of its stock or bonds, and as to its rates or tolls and the equiation thereof, and as to running powers over or other rights in connection with the railway of any company by any other company, and the exercise of powers conferred upon railway companies, shall apply to the company here by incorporated from the time such act by incorporated from the time such act goes into effect."

Col. Tisdale, Dr. Sproule and others objected to the House anticipating fu-ture legislation, but the clause was

adopted.

Mr. Maxwell, for Mr. Lister, moved to add the following clause: "That every member of the Parliament of Canada and of the Legislature of any province or territory in Canada shall, whilst he is such member, be entitled to free transportation as a first-class passenger by all the regular passenger trains, provided, however, that the company shall not be liable for any injury to such member or for any loss or damage to his baggage or property when being so transported."

transported."
Col. Tisdals thought this proposal was Col. Tisdals thought this proposal was not intended to be considered seriously. He invited Mr. Blair's osimon on it.

Mr. Blair suggested such an induction should be embodied in the General Railway Act. The clause was therefore withdrawn and the bill reported.

Bills respecting the James Bay Railway Company and respecting the Medicine Hat Railway & Coal Company were read a third time, with Mr. Blair's clause inserted.

The House then resumed in committee of supply. On the item for Government

The House then resumed in committee of supply. On the item for Government House Mr. Taylor complimented Mr. Tarte on his candor in giving a certificate of character as to the manner in which the Conservatives had dealt with Government House. The average cost in Rideau Hall during the past six years was, according to Mr. Tarte, \$15,335, while under Liberal rule the annual cost averaged \$38,632. He wanted to know how much Mr. Tarte had spent on the dancing ball at Government House, where Patrons could go and dance and drink champague. Laughter.]

Mr. Tarte represented that the average figures given by Mr. Taylor were not correct. Taking the whole period of Conservative rule the average cost was

Conservative rule the average cost was

Mr. Tarte stated that the department was short of dredges everywhere, and provision was being made in the estimates to purchase more.

Mr. Bergeron called attention to the disgraceful state of the walks on the Parliament grounds.

Mr. Tarte replied that tenders would be asked for to-morrow for asphalting the walks.

Mr. Tarte informed Sir Charles Tupper that he had decided not to add another storey to the western block, but would rebuild according to the old plan. The flooring would be procured in the United States.

Sir Adolphe Caron suggested that the flooring should be of timber rendered perfectly fireproof through chemical and the storey of the content of the flooring should be of timber rendered perfectly fireproof through chemical and the states.

Mr. Rogers (Patron) resented Mr. Taylor's reliections on the Latrons. The Patron members in the House were disposed to take a reasonable view and give the Government time to carry out their professions. The thouse should pay his share of the cost of Hansard. [Laughter.]

Mr. Bengett said the whole period of Conservative rule the average cost was much higher.

Mr. Rogers (Patron) resented Mr. Taylor's reliections on the Latrons. The House were disposed to take a reasonable view and give the Government time to carry out their professions. The House should pay his share of the cost of Hansard. [Laughter.]

Mr. Bengett said the whole period of much ligher.

Mr. Rogers (Patron) resented Mr. Taylor's reliections on the Latrons. The House were disposed to take a reasonable view and give the Government time to carry out their professions. The House should pay his share of the cost of Hansard. [Laughter.]

Mr. Bengett said he was glad to see that the Patron coon had come down. [Laughter.] The Patrons had come to the House full of professions of economy to the House should pay his share of the cost of Hansard. [Laughter.] The Patrons had come to the House should pay his share of the cost of Hansard. [Laughter.] Mr. Rogers excitedly the content of the House should pay his

onck right off. [Laughter.]
Mr. Bennett: No; I understand the
hon, gentleman to say he did not get a

leather trunk.

Mr. Rogers was understood to say that he got a trunk of stationery, but no leather trunk. Was he to make a fool of himself? [Loud laughter.]

Mr. Bennett was about to resume, when Mr. Richardson rose to demand that he withdraw his statement about the leather trunk.

Mr. Bennett reminded Mr. Richardson that fools rushed in where angels fear-

Mr. Bennett reminded Mr. Richardson that fools rushed in where angels feared to tread. [Laughter.]

Mr. Rogers once more tried to explain what he had said, when Mr. McCiure, the new member for to-in-faster, came to his assistance and demanded that Mr. Bennett should withdraw the trunk statement.

Mr. Bennett said Mr. McClure's verdancy had not yet worn off. [Loud laughter.]

Mr. Rogers then said he did not get a leather trunk, whereupon Mr. Bennett withdrew his statement.

Proceeding, he mentioned that Frances

Mr. Rogers then said he did not get a leather trunk, whereupon Mr. Bennett withdrew his statement.

Proceeding, he mentioned that Frontenac (Mr. Rogers' constituency) was represented in the Local Legislature 'by Mr. Haycock Mr. Haycock compared with Mr. Rogers as dollars with doughnuts. [Laughter.]

Dr. McDonald (Huron) rose to a point of order. Mr. Bennett had no right to call Mr. Rogers a doughnut. [Continuous laughter.]

Mr. Wallace: It must be a mighty fine constituency that sends a Haycock and a doughnut to Parliament. [Loudinughter.]

Mr. Bennett, resuming, said Mr. Rogers, judging from his personal record, was the personification of humbug. [Loud crice from the Government Lenches: "Take it back!"]

Mr. Bennett said he would withdraw the word humbug, and say he was the personification of everything that had been promised by the Patrons and not carried out. [Hear, hear.]

Continuing, he read from The Farmers' Sun of some time ago certain complimentary allusions to Brother Stubs. [Laughter.] [He wondered what The Sun would say now about these gentles men who had pledged themselves to yote for the abolition of Government House. He suggested that Mr. Tarte should add the sun of \$100 to this appropriation hall at Government House, with the Patrons in full swing, and he would support it. [Laughter.] He wanted no better campaign literature for the Country of Frontenae. [Laughter.]

Mr. Foster said the Conservatives had no quarrel with the Patrons but when the party in power violated every one of the canons of the creed which was the Patrons, surely those gentlemen must expect to be criticized. He proceeded to read from the Patron platform to show how the gentlemen representing the party in the House had failed to live up to their professions.

Mr. Foster, continuing, asked what such economists as Mr. McMullen and Mr. Maxwell the Lioeral member for Burrard, who followed, said when Mr. Mulock and Mr. McMullen in the past and contemned the Government House vote they were sowing their political wild sate. [Laughter.

CASTORIA.

McMullen's action was no reason why
Mr. McInerney should be foolish now.
After Messrs. McInerney, Stenson and
others had spoken, Mr. Laurier appealed
for the adoption of the item. The vote
was but a reasonable one and required
for necessary repairs.

was but a reasonable one and requires for necessary repairs.

Sir Charles Tupper said he would be the last to question the propriety of making sufficient provision for necessary expenditure at Rideau Hall, but he pointed out that this rote was for next year, and indicated a great increase under the except Government.

the present Government.
Continuing, Sir Charles blamed the Liberals for having increased the Ridean Hall expenditure immensely, between 1874 and 1878. He asked Messrs, Biant 1874 and 1878. He asked Messrs. Blarr and Sifton how they could come here and justify increased expenditure for Rideau Hall, when, as members of Provincial Governments, they cut down the emoluments and perquisites of the Lieutenaut-Governors of New Brunswick and Manitoba. Besides, why should the people be asked to pay thousands of dollars to maintain an army of servants and gardeners to keep up grounds, not for the benefit of the Governor-Gene at and his family, for everybody knew the Governor and his family spent the summer months thousands of miles away from Ottawa. [Hear, hear.]

mer months thousands of miles away from Ottawa. [Hear, hear,]

Sir Richard Cartwright pointed out that the Tories in 1873 spent \$60,000.

Mr. Tarte said that there were anpaid bills of the late Administration to be liquidated. There was \$4000 for linen supplied in January, 1896.

Mr. Haggart: Well, there will be supplementary estimates for that olementary estimates for that.
Mr. Tarte: Yes, of course. [Hear,

Mr. Moore supported the amendment, but Mr. Rufus Pope deplored that the Conservative party should come so low as to criticize items of this sort, just as the Grits used to do in Opposition.

Major 'McLennan thought it would pay better to build a new residence for the Governor.

Subsequently a little tiff arose between Mr. McMullen and the ex-Controller of Customs. Mr. McMullen said that whereas the Minister of Public Works only asked \$18,000 for this purpose last year the expense was \$21,000.

Mr. Wallace pointed out that he got his figures for 1896 by adding the \$8000 for fuel, and adding similarly to the present vote, the amount would be \$26,000. These figures of Mr. McMullen's he therefore designated as \$26,000. These figures of the would-be Minister, or rather the wont-be Minister."

be Minister, or rather the wont-be Minister."

The discussion went on for half an hour longer, amidst the familiar scenes of old-time confusion and sounds of flapping desks, covers and scraping of boots. Finally a vote was taken, and the amendment of Mr. McInerney was defeated by 100 to 50.

The Patrons voted with the Government, as did also Messrs, Osler, Clarke, W. F. Maclean, Pope, Bosamond, Costigan and Prior.

The item then passed.
Several other items were adopted without discussion, and the House rose at a quarter to one.

BASEBALL YESTERDAY.

Syracuse, May 19.—One of the prettiest games of the season was that played here to-day between the Stars and Toronto Mularkey pitched a fine game and was on-Syracuse 0 1 0 0 0 0 4 1 x— Toronto 0 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0—

HAMS MADE IT THREE. Hamilton, May 19.—(Special.)—The first lecal game in the Canadian Baseball League series was played here to-day be-tween the Torontos and the Hamiltons. The local nine outplayed the visitors at every point. But for the rank work of

LONDON BEAT THE GIANTS. London, May 19.—The Cuban Giants played an exhibition game with London this afternoon. Score:

EASTERN LEAGUE. At Springfield— R. H. E. Springfield 0 0 0 0 4 5 2 0 1—12 16 Scranton 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 1—3 12 At Buffalo—

Rochester0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2—2 6 3

Buffalo3 3 2 2 0 0 0 0 0—10 9 1

Batteries—Yerrick, Gannon, Gallagher, O'Neil and Zahner; Brown, Bailey and Smith.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Cincianati:
Cincianati:
1 0 1 0 2 1 0 0 1 -7 10 1
Philadelphia
2 0 0 3 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 8
Batteries—Bhines, Dwyer and Schriver;
Taylor and Clements.

At Louisville: R.H.E. Raitimore 0 1 2 0 0 0 0 0 x - 3 6 2 Louisville 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 - 1 7 1 Ratteries—Nops and Robinson; Hill and Wilson.

OLD LADY GROWS YOUNG.

Maving Reached the Age of Eighty, I Clitty Gets New White Teeth and New Black Hair.

Becker, Minn., May 19.-Mrs. Jacob Clitty, aged 80 years, of this place, is get ting young again. For years Mrs. Clitty has been an invalid and unable to make has been an invalid and unable to make any physical exertion. A few weeks ago, however, she arose from bed and surprised her friends by taking a five-mine walk. More good fortune has come to her. Several years ago she was compelled to have all of her teeth extracted. Lately five new teeth have made their appearance and the indications are that she will get an entire new set of teeth. Soon after the ioss of her teeth, her halv fell out. Now, a new growth of jet black hair has started.

Mrs. Clitty is evidently fived of secarcy older, and is going to take a sport the other way. People are coming from miles around to see her.

NORWAY FINE STRUP oures NORWAY PINE SYRUP cures NORWAY PINE SYRUP heals the Humora pimples, boils, are very ap-noying. They quickly disappear when the blood is purified by Hood's Sarsa-

Greeks and Turks Have Stopped the Slaughter.

Army Great. Praise for Bravery-Turk ish Official Points Out the Losses Sus tained and Says the Porte Wants Peace But There is a Point Beyond Which it Will be Bangerous for Europe to Coerce the Sultan.

Athens, May 19 .- A despatch received re from Lamia, dated 10 o'clock this rning, announces that the white flag as been hoisted between the armies of Greece and Turkey, and that Crown Prince Constantine has been authorized o suspend hostilities with the view of oncluding arrangements for an armi-

A panic prevails at Lamia owing to he report that the criminals will be eleased from the jails, while the arival of the troops during the night inreased the general feeling of terror. The army of the Crown Prince was re-formed on the Othrys Mountains and will be reinforced by Gen. Smolenski's brigade and the troops despatched to the front from Athens yesterday. The Min-ister of the Interior, M. Theotokis, has gone to Steklis.

Greeks Fought Bravely.

Turkish headquarters, before Domo-kos, May 18, 6 a.m. (delayed in trans-mission.)—During the night the Grecks abandoned all their positions. Two and one-half divisions of Turks are now purone-half divisions of Turks are now pur-suing the enemy. A great battle, fought well into the night, is now ended. The combat can only be described as inde-cisive. The fighting raged from early morning until long after dark, When the last shots were passing over the field the advantage did not appear to rest with either side. The Greeks main-taized their positions, having acquitted themselves so well as to have carned tailed their positions, having acquitted themselves so well as to have carned the mearty praises of the Turks. They resisted with stubborn endurance the determined attacks of the Ottomans through the day, and still held their entrenchments at nightfall. The Turks made a supreme effort late in the evening, but it was met with the utmost bravery upon the part of the Greeks, and failed. The Turkish losses were heavy. The left division of the Turks was engaged from 9 o'clock in the morning, and appears to have succeeded in forcing back the Greek right wing.

A THREAT IN THIS.

gret it if They Go Too Far. Constantinople, May 19,-An official Turkish foreign officer, in an interview to-day, after dwelling upon the provoca-tive attitude of Greece and the earnest efforts made by Turkey to prevent war,

said:
"During the month's war Turkey has suffered serious loss in life and money and the peace conditions cannot but be regarded as moderate and as wholly jusrigarded as moderate and as whom, has tined. Nevertheless, the Government is possibly prepared to modify its demands in regard to the indemnity and the cession of Thessaly, in view of the bank-

of its pacific desires.
"In regard to the abolition of the ca In regard to the abolition of the capitulations, it is impossible for the Government, in the interests of the country, to make any modifications. Even Servia and Roumania, in every sense the superiors of Greece, have not these privileges, and, therefore, cannot be allowed to retain exceptional rights, which she has so scandalously abused. It is lowed to retain exceptional rights, which she has so scandalously abused. It is confidently hoped, therefore, that Europe will have sufficient sense of justice not to press Turkey. Upon this point she is determined not to yield, and should Europe attempt to impose such a sacrifice by force or arms, the situation created would be most detrimental to general peace. The Turkish population would inevitably become excited by such injustice, the Government could not hold itself responsible for the grave consequences which would follow, and the powers would, in the end, undoubtedly have cause to deplore deeply the result of such action."

The telegram of the Czar appealing to the Sultan to cease hostilities against Greece, which was couched in the most friendly terms, is regarded as being very significant, as showing the pacific intentions of the Czar, while it is also politically important in the direction of checking German influence at the Yildiz Kiosk, which influence has been considerably increased since the outbreak of the war with Greece. The action of the Czar has had a marked impression upon the Turkish Government, which is already showing a more conciliatory disposition, promising the conclusion of an equitable peace.

A Basis for Frace Preliminaries.

A Basis for Prace Preliminaries.

Paris, May 19.—It was semi-officially announced this evening that the Ambassadors of the powers at Constantinople are drafting counter-proposals to the reply received to their last note to the Turkish Government. These counter-proposals will serve as the basis for the preliminaries of peace. The latter will be discussed and settled by the powers and the Turkish Government, the latter having requested their mediation.

An Italian Was hilled

Rome, May 19.—In the Chamber
Deputies to-day the President, Sign
Villa, read a despatch from Ricco
Garibaldi, the leader of the Italian v Garibaldi, the leader of the Italian vol-uateers in Greece, announcing that Sig-nor Fratti, a member of the Italian Chamber of Deputies and one of the Italian volunteers, had been killed in a brilliant fight in which the Garibal-dian column played a great and noble part.

dian column played a great and noble part.

The President then pronounced a eulogy of Signor Fratti, during which he said that the late deputy died for the great cause of the independence of a nation. His remarks were greeted with cheers.

Many of the deputies and the Minister of Public Works, Signor Prinetti, in the name of the Government, pronounced similar eulogies of the Italian volunteers.

A Banker's Wife Bied at Sea.

Bouthampton, May 19.—Captain Randle the American Line steamship St. Louwhich left New York on May 12 and a rived here this afternoon, reports that Mr. A. Simons, a saloon passenger, died Sunday last, May 16. The body was land of here. The passenger list of the steam St. Louis shows the names of Mr. and Mr. Edward A. Simons and infant and Mr. Cathoun Simons of Charleston, S. C. Mr. Simons is a banker.

Brussels, May 10.—In the Chamber of Deputies to-day, the Government was ask ed several questions as to the attitude of Canada towards Beigian imports. The Minister for Foreign Affairs, M. Favereau, declared the new Canadian tariff was not applicable to Beigian trade. He added that the Government was taking care to sufeguard Beigian interests.

WALLACEBURG.

May 20.—Mrs. T. B. Dundas has purchased a Crescent bicycle
Two town officers were charged on Tuesday with allowing their borses to run at large on the streets. It appears that the animals had broken out of the inclosure in which they were confined

WHITE FLAG HOISTED. | A WORTHY INSTITUTE

Of Great Interest to The People of Ontario

Detroit May Boast of the Only Institute of ite Kind in the Country Where Sufferers are Doctored Free till Cured—It's Marveious Success due to Honesty and Integrity.

The greatest institute in the States is the Dr. Goldberg & Co. Medical Institute, at 291 Woodward Ave. Detroit, Mich. Since locating in that city, 27,291 invalids have called for treat-

in that city, 27,291 invalids have called for treatment.

Of this number 2,406 were rejected as incurable, 22,127 have been discharged as cured and 2,758 are now under treatment and rapidly progressing towards recovery.

The institute has six progressive doctors, all graduates, with vast hospital experience, and patients secure the benefit of their combined knowledge and skill when necessary.

Dr. S. Goldberg, chief consulting physician and surgoon, has recently been elected first Vice-President of the Michigan State Association of physicians and surgoons, and they all stand high amongst the medical profession.

The doctors wreat all forms of nervous, chronic, private, skin, and blood diseases. As also diseases of the stomach, bowels, and rectum. As they are the only specialists in the country who want no pay till the cure is effected, their method is most commendable.

In celebration of the Queen's Jublice, the doctors have decided to set aside that day for the treatment of Canadian patients exclusively when they may call from 9 a m. till 9 p. m. and receive all médical and surgical attention free till cured.

on Sunday and before they could be secured were seen and complained of. The party who laid the information decided on Wednesday to withdraw the

The party who laid the information decided on Wednesday to withdraw the charge and pay costs.

Miss Kate O'Leary, Port Lambton, is the guest of Miss Virginia Raby.

A man and woman named Gilreath were yesterday arrested and brought before Magistrate McDougall on a charge of keeping a disorderly house. They plead guilty and were given the option of paying a \$50 fine or taking a six month term at Chatham.

The large R. C. church was crowded last night to its utmost capacity with the throng who attended to listen te the beautiful tones of the new pipe organ erected therein. The musical program rendered was an excellent one and gave universal satisfaction. It included several instrumental soles by Prof. Featherston a duet by Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Gordon, a sole by Miss Minne Dunlop, besides soles by John Carr and duets, tries and choruses by a number of good singers. The organ cost over \$1,200 and was made by the Scribner Organ Co., of London.

A LABORING MAN'S LEG. RUNNING SORE RENDERED IT USE-

LESS. HE COULDN'T WORK TILL HE HAD IT CURED BY KOOT-ENAY WHICH CONTAINS THE NEW INGRE-

DIENT. It goes without saying that the average working man finds it difficult to ply his daily avocation without the aid of a pair of good sound legs. To have either of his lower extremities incapacitated by disease is a serious matter. It means inability to provide for himself and those depending on him for support, to which is added the distress and suffering both mental and physical he is called upon in consequence

o endure. Mr. John Dawson, a respectable laborer living at 77 Jones St., Hamilton, Ont., states under oath that about seven years ago an inflammation appeared upon his knee, which continued to grow worse until about three years ago when it got so bad he was unable to work. He tried outments and various remedies, but the sore continued discharging and the pains in his back were very severe. Last winter he commenced taking Ryckman's Kootenay Cure and in a comparatively short time the sore healed up, the pain disappeared from his back and he was able to resume his work. He thinks there's nothing can beat Kootenay and he's right.

Kootenay, and he's right.

The whole secret of the cure lies in the thorough blood cleansing properties of the "new Ingredient," which is the essential

element of Kootenay.

It goes right through the system and eradicates all humors from the blood and in consequence there is a rapid replacing in consequence there is a rapid replacing of diseased or decaying tissue by a healthy healing process. Don't be cajoled into taking any substitute for Ryckman's Kootenay Cure. If your druggist does not keep it, send \$1.50 for a bottle to the Ryck-

man Medicine Co., Hamilton, Ont. Chart book sent free to any address.

THE STATE HOMEOPATHIC INSTITUTE, ES TABLISHED 1895. CORNER PARK PLACE AND MICHIGAN AVE., DETROIT, MICH., treat confidentially, by correspondence or interview, all Nervous Weakness, Lost Sexual Power, Venereal and Urimary Discases; their staff of physicians can show a record of curse that are as 7 to 1 occupared with any other system of treatment for chronic complaints.

G IRLS WANTED-At the Merrill Hotel, second cook and dining room girl. 130-4id WANTED—A few good salesmon on salary and commission, Address Box 766.

FOR BALE OR TO RENT HARNESS FOR SALE—Good second-hand and will be sold cheap. Apply at this office if BICYCLE FOR SALE—Good second-hand and apply at this office.

SECRETARY AND WRITING DESK FOR SALE-Property of the late Sheriff Mercer. Apply to MRS. ELLIOTT, First Street. PHAETON FOR SALE—Never been used, Wm. Gray & Sons make, their price \$125.—Your price the Planet will tell you. 124-10i-dw

TO RENT. At once on shares, a large fruit and vegetable garden, centrally located. For particulars. Address

Notice to Contractors

Tenders for alterations and addition to residence of S. J. Sutherland, Vic-

Whole or separate tenders will be re-ceived by the undersigned until Satur-day, 22nd inst., to 3 p.m. for certain additions and alterations to said resi-

additions and alterations to said residence.

Specifications may be seen and forms of tender obtained at the office of the Architects, Powell & Carswell.

All tenders te be addressed to Mr. S. J. Sutherland and to be left at the office of the Architects.

The lowest or any tender not recessarily accepted.

POWELL & CARSWELL,

Architects.