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Orchard and Garden Notes

BEETS, kohlrabi, and onions are often transplanted to advantage. Cannas require a rich soil, plenty of water, and sun for saeir

est development. Keep the blossoms picked from pring-set strawberries if you want spring-set

strong plants.
Go over the rose bushes often and working on them.

Watch for potato beetles. Picking

the old ones as they appear lessens the crop (of bugs) later in the season. Thin beets, radishes, turnips and other vegetables of this class. The thinnings of beets make good greens.

The aphis, or green bug, on sweet peas may be kept in check by spray-ing with nicoticide, or with soap and

See that pans of water are placed so See that pans of water are placed so that birds can get to them easily these hot days. They enjoy the water and you will enjoy the birds. Double-cropping may be followed to advantage in a small garden. Beans, corn, cucumbers, tomatoes, and late celery follow the early clops very winds.

Plow up the old strawberry bed as soon as it has fruited. Some late vecetable crop, such as late celery, cabbages, or turnips, may be planted on the land.

Keep buckthorn hedges clipped, if

smooth, even hedges chaped, if smooth, even hedges are desired. They should be gone over as soon as the shoots become five or six inches long

Three Orchard Pointers

W. T. Lacoun, Dominion Horticul-

CULTIVATION.—Thorough cultivation in the orchard is important in the early part of the sumer in order that moisture may be conserved and an abundant supply be available for the growing tree and the developing fruit. In some parts of Canada where and the winters are cold it is year and the winters are cold it is year; important to stop culcold it is very important to stop cul-tivation during the latter part of June in order to make conditions favorable for a thorough ripening of the wood. If the wood is not well ripened the If the wood is not well injented the danger of winter-injury is very great, and late cultivation induces late growth. Where the seasons are long and there is little or no chance of winter injury, cultivation may be continued until the middle of July, estimated the continued until the c

tinued until the middle of July, especially if the season is a dry one. Cover Crops.—As soon as cultivation is discontinued in the orchard it is important to sow seed for the cover crop, which is an important factor is good orchard practice. The cover crop, growing during the latter part of summer, uses considerable moisture and plant food and so helps to check the growth of the tree and ripen the wood. When plowed under, the vegetable matter adds humus to the soil and so makes it more retentive of moisture. In the case of to the soil and so makes it more re-tentive of moisture. In the case of leguminous crops nitrogen is also added to the soil by this means. Where it is important to hold the snow in winter to protect the roots of the trees the cover crop is able. If the soil beautiful and able. If the soil news crop, such as the conduction of the soil news the soil pro-tended to the soil news the purpose. tion a non-leguminous crop, such as buckwheat, rape or millet, will make good growth and serve the purpose of checkine tree growth and furnish-ing veretable matter for plowing un-der. If the soil is rather poor the summer Vetch makes a good crop,

and where clovers do well red clover

and where clovers do well red clover or crimson clover are satisfactory. Spraying.—Many fruit growers, if they spray at all, do not spray after they have sprayed for coddling mothen the petals of the flowers fall. In some seasons there is little daneer of scab after this spraying, but ger of scab after this spraying, but in wet seasons another spraying two weeks later and possibly still another will pay well. Sometimes scab develops in late summer when the grower may not suspect it, and a largorary sometimes makes the difference between a profitable and an utprofitable crop. Pordeaux Mixture and Lime Sulphur Wash are about equal. ly effective in controlling apple scab, but there is less danger of russeting the fruit if Lime Sulphur is used.

Canadian Fruit Trade

A S showing to some extent how much a good fruit-growing industry means to Canada it is worth while noting the amount of trade formerly done by the countries at war that lies open for cultivation by this country. At the Canadian Paris Country, and the Canadian Paris Countries and Country of the Canadian Paris Countries and Country. tion by this country. At the dian Fruit Growers' Conference dian Fruit Grovers' Conference height at Grimsby last September, Mr. J. A. Ruddick, Dairy and Cold Storage Commissioner, stated that he had taken a period of five years and had found the importations of apples from Germany to Britain varied each year from 6,000 to 14,000 bushel boxes, from Belgium from 100,000 to 600,000 boxes, from France from 50,000 to 575,000 boxes, and from Portugal from 175,000 to 350,000 boxes. from 175,000 to 350,000 boxes. Of pears the importations varied from 4,480 to 56,000 bushel boxes from Germany, from 2803,800 to 505,480 boxes from Belgium and from 423,400 to 506,160 boxes from Portugal. Large quantities were also imported from The Netherlands, which may not be available.

The Netherlands, which may not be available.

Mr. Ruddick prognosticated an iscreased demand for dried and evaporated fruit from Great Britain for use in the army. In 1913 Canada exported of this line to the United Kingdom 121,188 pounds, to Newfoundland 19,899 pounds and to Germany 947,802 pounds. Of course the trade with Germany will be cut off, but the exportations should expand in other exportations should expand in other directions.

Homes for Homeless Children (Continued from page 7)

him as a ward. He is smart, healthy and intelligent, but has not been un-der salutary parental guidance for

der salutary parental guidance fer some time, and consequently requires a farm home where he will get firm, intelligent and wise guidance, under which he should become a useful boy. We shall be glad of any assistance which Our Folks can give us in se-curing homes for those children who need them, and also in obtaining grifs up to 12 years of age for which grifs up to 12 years of age for which applications. Our work is belief much appreciated both by our readwe have not been ante to the applications. Our work is being much appreciated both by our readers and by the Superintendents of the Children's Shelters throughout the province. One superintendent we whom we have since sent an application for a habe six weeks of agr whom, we have since gent an applica-tion for a baby six weeks of ag-writes: "I shall be glad to have your assistance in placing children where they are needed to brighten home that have not the influence of chil-dren. to give them the joy and hope of those who have assumed such respon-sibilities." sibilities.

Anyone interested in any of these children should communicate directly with the officer mentioned as having them in charge.

ly 1, 1915

Poultry By F. C

OULD there June 1st hem extra fee weather of heat in do not make a them for ea however, w eep for egg-pr

reeding. r signs of vern rubbed lightly kill head lice. on your chicks strong;—Flowe as some of the reely. Any sifted coal will kill body swers of Sulp er, crude carbo secticide will ttle blue ointme

hot v mites in full dire e of mites i the D ndman.

Market the Ea early cockere as soon as t as they will n sold at that until fall, who more or less tage in marke on as ready is ts and late co r chance to dev ing the war nd if there is ould be provide cotton and oughs of tree is in a corn

s can be range n the chicks above it is every day, rath ig hopper and rains :- see t water or milk ts should sta old weather, an they begin t

e early pulle the middle o It is the ear bullets do r December the till near Febr in October me not market an nishing. A po and enhances bird. You t birds withou

the duck has ssimilate and