Statistical Abstract for Month Ending March 31st, 1907, of the Chartered Banks of Canada.

Comparison of Principal Lems, showing increase or decrease for the month and for the year.

Assets.	March 31,	Feb. 28, 1907.	March 31,	Increase or Decrease for month.	Increase or Decrease for 1 year.
Specie and Dominion Notes	\$65,404,509	\$67,089,998	\$ 56,245,924	Dec. \$ 1,685,489 Inc 1,281,293	Inc. \$ 9,158,585 Inc. 6,403,565
fire of and Chaques on other Banks	27,136,456	25,855,163	20,732,891	Dec. 662,782	Inc. 227,735
Land Language Note legges	3,663,119	4,325,901	3,435,384 1,092,891		Inc. 1,577,708
oans to other Banks in Canada secured	2,670,199	3,233,944		Dec. 563,345 Inc. 378,826	Inc. 2,208,824
Deposits with and due from other Bks. in Canada	8,830,460	8,451,634	6,621,636	Dec. 1,304,244	Dec. 10,071,369
oue from Banks, etc., in United Kingdom	2,433,654	3,737,898	12,505,023	Inc. 700,593	Inc. 427,956
Due from Banks, etc., elsewhere	15,039,212	14,338,639	14,611,276		
Government Securities	10,136,527	9,553,367	9,043,708	Inc. 583,160	Inc. 1,092,819
Canadian Municipal and other Securities	21,845,111	21,560,995	20,098,288	Inc. 284,116	Inc. 1,746,823
Railway Bonds and Stocks	40,923,192	40,903,895	40,601,025	Inc. 19,297	Inc. 372,167
Total Securities held	72,904,830	72,018,257	69,743,021	Inc. 886,573	Inc. 3,161,809
Call Loansin Canada	52,676,592	53,342,912	55,968,563	Dec. 666,320	Dec. 3,291,971
Call Loans outside Canada	51,340,792	55,948,496	55,317,690	Dec. 4,607,704	Dec. 3,976,898
Total Call and Short Loans	104,017,384	109,291,4:8	111,286,253	Dec 5,274,024	Dec. 7,268,869
Current Loans and Discounts in Canada	579,057.554	562,678,044	475,032,442	Inc. 16,379.510	Inc. 104,025,112
Current Loans and Discounts outside Canada	33,305,188	34,615,133	39,036,679	Dec. 1,309,945	Dec. 6,731,491
Total Current Loans and Discounts outside Canada	612,367,742	597,293,177	514,069,121	Inc. 16,069,565	Inc. 98,293,121
Aggregate of Loans to Public	716,380,126	706,584,585	625,355,374	Inc. 9,795,541	Inc. 91,024,752
aggregate or Louis to a money					
cans to Dominion and Provincial Governments	1,382,289	1,287,149	1,080,172	Inc. 95,130	
Overdue Debts	3,893,596	3,655,297	2,140,360	Inc. 237,299	
Bank Premises	15,611,027	15,351,358	12,076,541	Inc. 259,669	
Other Real Estate and Mortgages	1,242,649	1,310,762	1,259,834	Dec. 68,113	Dec. 17,185
Other Assets	7,102,648	7,452,130	9,281,681	Dec. 349,482	Dec. 2,181,033
TOTAL ASSETS	943,095,386	934,(93,975	836,184,154	Inc. 9,001,481	Inc. 107,511,232
Liabilities.	9431-931300	9341 9319 3			
			6 0-0	Inc. 5,798,251	Inc. 10,354,195
Notes in Circulation	76,346,013	70,547,759			
Due to Dominion Government	5,564,688	6,004,838			
Due to Provincial Governments	11,662.169	11,105,133	12,802,344	Inc. 557,036	
Deposits in Canada payable on demand	163,637,868	168,482,383	152,520,394	Dec. 4,844,515	
Deposits in Canada payable after notice	404,299,184	406,307,052	367,296,587	Dec. 2,007,8 8	Inc. 37,002,597
Total Deposits of the Public in Canada		574,789,435	519,816,981	Uec. 6,852,383	Inc. 48,120,071
D: osits elsewhere than in Canada	63,133,226			Inc. 1,431,7:8	Inc. 18,355,386
Total Deposits	CONTRACTOR OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN 1		_		
				Dec. 537,463	Inc. 1.577,703
Loans from other Banks in Canada					
Deposits by other Banks in Canada					
Due to Banks and Agencies in United Kingdom	13,460,111			0.0.	
Due to Banks and Agencies elsewhere	2,963,304				
Other Liabilities		-	_	-	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	765,737,503	759,031,430	675,696,341	Inc. 6,706, 73	90,041,101
Capital, etc.					
0-1-1-1-11	05 022 506	95,218,253	87,304,198	Inc. 715,473	Inc. 8,629,52
Capital paid up	95,933.726				
Reserve Fund					
Liabilities of Directors and their firms					
Greatest circulation during the month	76,805,143	72,500,11	00,070,00	, 413 3100	

CONFLAGRATION HAZARD.

Fire Marshal Creamer, of Ohio, issues following Bulletin on how to Lessen it.

The protection of the wealth gathered in the business districts of our large cities is, moral questions aside, the most important responsibility laid upon municipal officers. Either of four Ohio cities is liable to a conflagration equal in loss to that of Baltimore, and two may have such a loss as that of Baltimore with that of San Francisco added.

From such horrors there is but one way of escape. That is through the adoption and enforcement of a proper building code. This will not instantly remove the danger, but it will gradually reduce it.

The annual fire loss per capita in cities in America is \$1.76, which is six times that of the average in European cities. The character of the buildings

in one European metropolis is shown by the following excerpts from a special consular report on build-

ing regulations in Vienna, Austria:

"There is no case known in this city where a conflagration has extended beyond the building in which it originated, and even hardly any cases are known where a fire extended beyond the floor on which it originated. This is prevented by the solidity of the buildings, by strict fire regulations, and by a pretty well-trained fire department."

In cities of America the fire waste per capita for five years has been \$3.10. In European cities it has been 61 cents.

The National Board of Fire Underwriters, through its committee on construction of buildings, issued in 1905 a Building Code which was adopted by New York city and subsequently by a number of other large cities.