The principal pulp and paper mills of Canada are located in the provinces of Quebcc, Ontario, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and British Columbia.

\* \* \*

Spruce, balsam fir, hemlock, jack pine, tamarack, poplar and basswood are used in the manufacture of pulp.

\* \*

Quebec's annual production of pulp-wood exceeds 1,000,000 cords. Ontario comes next with about 800,000 cords.

\* \*

It takes, approximately  $1^{4}_{2}$  cords of wood to make a ton of paper.

\* \*

Spruce trees, best suited to the production of pulp, require from 100 to 150 years to arrive at maturity.

\* \*

Reafforestation is practiced to a limited extent in some of the provinces.

\* \*

Forest fires are a source of great loss to the Canadian pulp and paper industry and eat up millions of cords of wood-pulp every year.

> \* \* \*

Where coal is used to generate power in the operation of paper mills it takes, approximately, a pound of coal to produce a pound of paper.

\* \*

The average labor cost of producing a ton of paper has increased 75 per cent, in the period 1912-1918.