BILL.

[1859.

An Act to make better provision for the relief of Debtors, and for the more effectual punishment of Fraud.

WHEREAS the deprivation of personal liberty by confinement on Preamble. Jail Limits, or the incarcarction of any other states of any other states of the second states of the sec Jail Limits, or the incarceration of any subject of Her Majesty for any cause of civil action, or inability to discharge a civil debt or obligation, ought not to be encouraged or tolerated; And whereas it is 5 desirable that more stringent enactments should be made than already by law exist, for the punishment of persons fraudulently contracting debts, and of persons fraudulently conveying their property, or otherwise concealing it, to evade the payment of their just debts; Therefore Her Majesty, &c. enacts as follows :

10 I. From and after the passing of this Act it shall be the duty of every Judges of as-Judge commissioned to open and hold any Court of Assize and Nisi size to inquire Prius, Oyer and Terminer, and General Gaol Delivery, in and for any prisoners con-County or Union of Counties in Upper Canada, after he shall have fined for debt. delivered the gaol of all prisoners confined therein, to require from the

15 Sheriff of such County or United Counties, a return of all persons (if any there are) remaining in his bailiwick confined in close custody, or placed upon the gaol limits, under and by virtue of any writ or writs, issued out of any Court of Law or of Equity in the Province, for cause of debt or other civil action, plaint or writ.

20 II. If it shall be found that any person is so deprived of personal To release liberty, it shall be the duty of such Judge to direct that every such those against liberty, it shall be the duty of such Judge to direct that every such whom there is person so confined as aforesaid shall be brought before him, and he no allegation shall then be examined by the said Judge, touching the cause and of fraud. nature of his detention, and if it shall appear to the satisfaction of the 35 Court that the party so confined is detained on account of debt only. and without allegation of fraud, malversation or other act of criminality. the Judge shall direct the discharge of every person so confined as aforesaid.

III. In case any person so confined shall be detained on an allegation And where 40 of having fraudulently conveyed his property to another or to others to fraud is alevade the payment of the debt for which he may be so confined, or of leged to inquire by a his refusing to make a full, true and faithful disclosure of his property jury. and effects, for a like fraudulent purpose, or in case he shall be charged with fraud, collusion or other illegal and corrupt conduct connected 45 with the evasion of the payment of the debt for which he shall be so confined; then it shall be the duty of the Judge to put the party so charged upon his trial, before a jury of his country, then and there to be impanelled and sworn to try the validity of the allegation for the