

This is the season when the ardent Methodist betakes himself in large numbers to the woods and the seashore to worship God after the traditional Wesleyan method, and to thus combine spiritual good with the benefit of camping out. But the Methodists do not this year have a monopoly of camp-meeting pleasures. The spiritualists are holding a camp-meeting at Silver Lake, Mass., and are accompanied by any quantity of lively spirits who revive in grim New England the classic stories of dryads and nymphs. According to the statements made by the mediums present the camp is crowded with spirits who prophesy to a perfectly unlimited extent and make no requisitions for tests or food. A pleasanter entertainment—for a Spiritualist—than to spend a week in the woods with courteous and communicative spirits roosting in every tree could hardly be imagined.

Application was recently made to the Court of Queen's Bench, Manitoba, by Roy Chief Justice Wood, by Mr. Royal on behalf of Andre Nault, charged with complicity in the Scott murder, for liberation of the prisoner on bail pending the trial. On the 23rd ult., His Lordship delivered judgment in the premises, refusing the application, and accompanying his refusal with a very concise exposition of the law and the practice in such cases. The chief ground upon which bail was refused was, that a grand jury having found a true bill for a capital offence, and no undue or extraordinary delay having taken place in the courts having jurisdiction, liberation on any pretence would be unprecedented and against the spirit of the law. The Nault was accordingly held in custody, pending his trial at the forthcoming sittings in October.

Lieut.-Governor Morris prorogued the Legislature of Manitoba on the 22nd inst. In his "Speech from the Throne," he bills for the re-distribution of seats, registration of voters, enlarging the boundaries of the Province, defining the powers of the Court of Queen's Bench, defining the boundaries of counties for registration purposes, and the incorporation of the city of Winnipeg, are referred to with approval, and we are also told that a large increase in the population of the Province has recently taken place by immigration. A hope is expressed that the railways intended to connect the Province with the United States and the other Provinces of the Dominion will be commenced in time to afford relief to those who suffer from want of employment—a hope which it is unnecessary to say will be fully gratified.

There is a prospect that the production of lumber will for some time, undergo a decrease till the equilibrium between supply and demand is restored. The lumberers have resolved to produce as little as possible, and this is the result by "shutting down" their mills altogether or placing them on short time. The resolution did not come till financial dead lock had been arrived at; the banks having actually "shut down," or determined to do so, on anything else in the country, over production runs in circles, the rule is, a great many firms are forced to close.

Following. In lumbering, more than in any other business, the owners and operators, whose affairs came to a crisis last year, were the chief sufferers. But the consequences of over production were less serious than in other branches of the industry.

It is scarcely fair to say that the lumber industry is not so much concerned.

KISS NOT, THAT YE BE NOT EX-
posed.—A Columbia clergyman, who,
while preaching a sermon one Sunday
evening, perceived a man and woman
entering the gallery in the act of kissing
each other behind a hymn-book, did not
lose his temper. No, he remained calm,
he beamed mildly at the offenders over
his spectacles, and when the young man
looked like the fifteenth time, he merely
said his sermon short off in the middle
of "thirdly," and offered a fervent prayer
in behalf of "the young man in the
black necktie and the maiden in the blue
bonnet and gray shawl, who were pro-
moting the sanctuary by kissing one an-
other in pew 78." And the congrega-
tion said "Amen." Then the woman
called her veil down, and the young man
stood there and swore softly to himself.
He does not go to church as much now
as he did.

The laws against the adulteration of groceries in England are not only very strict, but what is still better they are strictly enforced. Recently a London tradesman was arrested for having sold green tea painted with gypsum and Prussian blue. His plea that the tea had been subjected to this treatment in China before it reached him did not save him from a heavy sentence, the court holding that it was his duty to expressly warn every purchaser of this in a question that it had been adulterated with gypsum and Prussian blue. In this country the extent to which every article capable of adulteration is adulterated is enormous.

In Ireland there are not more than 4000 miles of railway, but these are under the management of fifty-six companies, each with an average length of fifty-three miles. They are managed by not less than four hundred Directors, and the solicitors, engineers, etc., are a large company. The Directors are chiefly taken up in watching and counteracting each other, and among them unnecessarily subject the companies to an expense of from fifty to a hundred thousand pounds a year.

The total number of recruits raised for Great Britain for the army in 1873 was 17,194. This was rather less than in 1872. The physique and stamina of the men were very satisfactory. More men could have been had if necessary, and the condition of a soldier is now, not better than it ever was before. Five or six inches is at present the infantry standard. In no other European army is the standard so high.

Bazala is at present in Belgium. A Paris dispatch says the French Government will not demand his extradition.

We observe with profound regret that the proposed Reciprocity Treaty is, with very few exceptions, being discussed on a party point of view; and this is the sickle of advocates and opponents. The real merits of the question are sure to be lost sight of, under such a mode of treatment. The questions to which the treaty properly gives rise are economic and political, in a national sense, political; but they do not lie, in any way, appeal to party politics. The economic questions are numerous and not extremely complicated; the political question is, what effect the treaty is likely to produce on the relations of the two countries; whether it will cement friendly relations or prevent causes of difference, or whether it will not lead to embarrassing antagonisms; whether, for instance, old objection to our raising tariff articles not included in the Treaty is not in danger of being revived; whether it is possible that in spite of our best attempts to carry out to the letter our undertaking to enlarge our markets, the stipulated depth, some difficulty might not arise, or some objection be made as to the way in which it was done. These are some of the questions' the treaty involves, and the temperate discussion of which is most desirable. It is unfortunate that the public gets involved little else than party views, looking only to party objects.

The annual report for 1873 of accidents on English railways has been published. The total number of accidents was 247, being one more than the year previous. The total number persons killed was 1372 and of injured 40, but those figures include all killed or injured at crossings, as well as passengers and employes. There were 40 passengers killed and 1522 injured from causes beyond their own control. There were 455,272,000 passenger trips made during the year, it appears that a traveller out of every 2,245,450 was killed, and one out of every 260,155 was injured. The year previous only eleven million passengers were killed, that the number of fatal accidents in 1873 was almost four times as great in proportion. As to the remaining statistics they are practically worthless. Railway companies do not and will not report accidents befalling those employed by them, but even the number reported shows that one out of every 323 railway servants was killed and one out of every 100 injured. If it is borne in mind that the real number of accidents cannot be ascertained, and that a great proportion of the employes of railroad corporations are not brought into positions of peril by their occupations, it will be seen that the dangers of the rail to those concerned in the running of trains is very

the weather has been extremely dry for several weeks past, and the land is parched. On some farms we can scarcely find enough to eat. The crops are ripening prematurely on the excessive heat and drought. There would be a great blessing. Let every one pray for rain, and the heavens be opened.

We understand that the Messrs. Lachlin Bros., Arrprior, have shut their mills.

GUELPH, ONT., August 14.
The case of shooting occurred here last night, at which may prove fatal. A man, named Hazel, mistaking another woman for a man, fired a shot which killed an named Hurley, while walking on W. G. and B. railroad street first at Hurley and then at the woman. Hazel quite close to the parties, his first aim being Hurley, at whose head he fired, the bullet entering above the left eye. He then turned to Miss Gavel, who was standing next to him, and fired, the ball entered her mouth passing out through her right cheek. He fled and was pursued and fired at a second, the ball entering her neck. He then dispersed his mistake. He fled to a neighbouring house and was not before he reached the door. He has not been heard of since, although

Dr. Herod has extracted the clot from Harley's head, who is in a critical state. Miss. Calver rests very low, and all attempts at extracting the bullet have so far proved futile.

TRUTHFUL APOSTLE.—A one-legged Mormon, recently asked Brigadier Young to supply his miracle, the apostle said, "I cannot, not to be able, made this reply." "I can in an instant produce a new leg in the place of the old one; but then you see, if it will cause great inconvenience to me in heaven; for after your exaltation there the original leg will be lacking." "No spiritual body," mine also being the original body, being immortal, I can do this," said the apostle. "I can do this, observe how very awkward one-legged angel from Utah would appear among the inhabitants in the new world!"

A young man named Alexander Watson of George Watson, of the Scotch Bush, Grattan, met with his death in a most curious manner on Monday afternoon. About 4 o'clock he was driving a wagon, loaded with hay for a barn, and had just entered yard—one of his horses being his errand. Owing to this, one of the wheels filled forward, striking the horse in a most peculiar manner. They hardly gone fifteen yards before the horse was upset, and the young man, was seated on the pile of hay thrown on the ground. The pile of ratters fell softly on to him, crushing him so completely that he was not much hurt at all, but he never recovered consciousness or spoke a word afterwards. The accident was about twenty-one years ago and a very steady, industrious young man.

OTHERS LIST. **MAN**
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reason to believe that
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and is entirely in favour
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restored by all entitled to it,
and every honest politician
in the country to see that the
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information of all parties interested in the classes in the Act applying to the raising of elections.

The said list of voters shall be advised by the County Judge of any of your voter or Person, or of names of persons not on the roll, who are not on the roll upon such request, and the roll shall not be conclusive regarding any particular matter on which the right had or had not been by that Court; and the right of the Judge under this Act, in the case of any person on the roll, so far as regards such person.

Upon complaining of any error list shall within thirty days be posted the said list and transmitted or delivered, given, given to the clerk of the County Court, who shall send by registered notice his or her intention to apply to the court thereof; and the pro- arrier by the clerk, and the wers and duties of the judge, her persons, shall be the same as in the case of the County Court.

Revised; but do not de- posed to be made before any is heard or disposed of. Any may obtain from the court a subpoena requiring the at the Court for hearing aforesaid, at the expense of the party, of a witness re- with such subpoenas in any province; and the witness' ex subpoena, provided the

[illegible]

On amendments themselves. Cause 4 taking effect to me great injury, bringing failure of my business. Caught direct Boston ing dis- minis beyond All ted.

On amendments William

MARIO CENTRAL RAILWAY. Aug. 12.—A favorable report was made last evening. Mr. McCormick occupied the chair and in lively terms in favor of the project. The other speakers were Mr. Cameron, Mr. Draper and Mr. Hunter. The following resolutions were unanimously adopted: Resolved, That in the opinion of the project of the Central Railway presents advantages as great and high which should enter the best considerations of the meeting of the people in this city, through which the shortest route by sea and land can be crossed to

ing E y to Lake Ontario and
will with the Grand
and the waters of Lake
than any existing
of commu
J. Johnston seconded by
his meeting is planned to
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the establishment of
'sewmark,' and selling
on their geographical
ints must in the future
ties of trade and com
merce pledge our hearty
to this

FACTORS' MEETING.
Hamilton, Aug. 13, 1874.
Following report read by the
Committee:—
The Committee have to report
upon the reports presented
by the various committees, it
is evident that the manufacturers' and
merchants' associations have signed the
Treaty. First, on the ground
of a departure from the policy,
of ten years maintained in this coun-
try, of upholding home industry—
a policy unanimously upheld by
agricultural and commercial inter-
ests, and now, as the result of
this action, should this Treaty
be in operation, it would certainly
cost a social and commercial
catastrophe, attended with disastrous
results to the country.
The admission of both English
and American goods into this country
would prove a most serious
evil to our institutions, and to
our manufacturing establishments,
reducing our population and
the general trade of the coun-
try, and rendering unfavorably the agricul-
tural and commercial interests.
The proposed tariffing scale would
be a blow to Canada, as it would
be fixed by all Canadian manufac-
turers far as yet known. Its effect
would be ruinous on either side, so
that interests are all agreed,
to reject the Treaty might, have
the supply and remuneration of
the country, and the country
itself, to operate all its advocates
to be would be to reduce the
production in the United States,
and sending materials to the cost of

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clusion, we would say that, the Treaty altogether, we object to decidedly. It would cause a disturbance to business, market manufacturing interests, seriously the farmers' home market, loss on merchants' through the this accustomed market. The wagons Canada would tend to be sent from the St. Lawrence to New York, thereby increasing the freights to and from the ports, and would cripple and our direct trade with countries he sees. It is respectfully submitted.

JAMES WATSON,
Chairman.

motion to adopt the report, an motion was moved by Mr. J. M. Francis, seconded by Mr. Alex. Fraser,

[illegible]

Hour protesting against the fact that periodically people should confiscate all of their old papers," says this worthy man, "human and wasteful. Every year we burn up millions of dollars to finance price, and now cars are sought as substitutes straw, and grasses innumerable cotton (a return by way of ancient the ancient paymen); wood is used for fuel; paper is used for impurities for paper waste after of filled, it may suit to be. It being paper, it would be better if any more raw materials, easily re-converted into paper, were made available to individuals who have every little help." There is a dual of force in this. We think it would be worth while to make a business of buying and selling.

P. *Heald*.
have been waiting patiently for the School board to decide in accordance of the conduct re the Sangster question, and now after he has come to hand, I am sorry that I am not a little bit of a Mr. Tiffany and many others who have been waiting for a misapprehension of the issue, and that that would "strike dead" as he became acquainted with justness of this he coolly attempts to justify his conduct all night, and attempts to vindicate a series of deeds, after admitting that he has been guilty of an offence characteristic of his own impudence. He acknowledged distributed fly-sheets—he now where they came from—and maintains that he has done so. I maintain that he has not, and that he has had the worst exhibition of his faculty's education, why he got about it honestly, by the copies of the *Globe* also, the charges against Sangster, and these Sangster sheets, so that he has been obliged to do such a course, we think, would render more of justice than he has, as the teachers would then in possession of both sides of the case, and seeing these were true, would have taken the course of not committing themselves. He tells us that "we will continue till the election is over, any man to him sent the subject no longer."

an interest they represent." "I think the people are tending, to believe that, one of the things that will come out of this series, to the piece of the country, like Sargis, would circulate through Goldwin Smith's election than Mr. S., entirely too much. I never did think you were a man at any time, but really I suppose that you, in your position, would not be so much as to necessarily be attacked by satellites, self constituted and attempt to draw yourself out such a small hole as this. I have the misfortune to find a very dirty puddle I admit, but I do not think it is proper to impose on the public, as often as we do, by settling you more hopelessly gutter. But where he says that he scrupulously avoided in the teachers franchise," "I think we ever read in the way of the W. M. A. that they would not do to interfere with their union he were to take them and compel them to vote for which fortunately he cannot do." "I am innocent of 'throwing dust in the others eyes' and I am not endeavoring to dust their interest; and I am in it endeavoring to dust their own body badly—a fact which probably realize at no distant date." "I am not a spectator, and cannot find sufficient ground to stand on." "As a member, I would suggest that the Council send them out into the woods to beat brains until they are as stupid as the rest of the lein."

"His blows over." This might
 be a case of diverting their
 anger to the wrong party. If
 the fact, and would furnish them
 with both healthful and
 Yours truly,
 AUGUST 15, 1874
 Editor of the C. P. Herald.
 "The very dry season has
 been going through this
 part of the State, and all have felt
 the want of water, and much
 more money more than those
 in, which business, as you
 are, been for some years en-
 deavouring to get with some
 of the United States, paid me a visit,
 at the extent of my dairy, at
 me one thousand dollars.
 I think I should be
 don't grow on every bush,
 that your subscribers and

ose, that with industry and
there is money in every
chilly in a diary.

Yours truly,
JAMES LESTER
m, August 13, 1874.

ish Register General estim-
of the United King-
in the year 1874,
it being 690,000 more than
it was in 1861. The
conver, in the different countries
the United Kingdom is very
the population of Ireland in
5,300,455—is only 84,000
less than it was in 1861. The popu-
lation of the United Kingdom
more than double what it
was in 1861; while the present popu-
lation of England and Wales in 23,648,
more than five and a half millions
more than double what it was in 1861.

LILE & NORTH HASTINGS RAILROAD.

Aug. 12.—The Provincial of the Belleville North Hasted organized here to-day by A. F. Wood, Warden of the district, James Brown, President, N. B. Falkner, James Young, Manager Royal B. Frank, Treasurer. The stock was taken to the amount of \$170,000, ten per cent of been paid into the Royal Bank. The survey is to be finished at once. This road is to connect with the Grand Junction Railroad at Belleville, and to go to Iron Mines at Madoc and a large prospect of coal and gas. Valley, Penn., has taken stock in the road. This Company will fifteen miles over the Grand

by Mr. Cr.

County At-

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Treasurer

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Dr. Wilkes

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The Count-

on Friday,

7 o'clock p.

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BAKE COUNCIL.
 Sabbath 8th Aug. 1874.
 The following Council of Laymen
 met, viz: Messrs. Connel, G. Leitch,
 & McCulloch; present, the Revs
 (Thomson, Halpinay, and
 minutes read, approved, and
 the following resolutions
 presented, read, and
 adopted:
 Resolved, That the Trustees of Schools
 be requested to make provision for certain sums to be
 collected as special School
 No. 3, \$200; & S No. 4,
 \$5, \$200; do No. 6, \$350;
 do No. 9, \$180; do
 No. 11, \$240; do
 No. 12, \$100; No. 3, \$64.
 Resolved, That Messrs. Robert Somerville,
 and James Thomson, be appointed to the
 positions of Edward
 and Mrs. M. to improve the
 grounds for \$255, to Hove
 the same.

**Accounts and Reports of road Com-
 missioners.**
 As Graham, amount \$42
 Stephensson, " 40
 Lawren, s, " 20
 Craig, " 25
 McIlraith, " 43
 Alick, " 8
 McIlraith, " 20
 and Miller, " 20

Accepted and approved the
 report of John Alick for \$5, ex-
 cept to repay road, ordered
 George Alick of the pro-
 ceeds to be paid to the
 commissioner, also the state-
 ment of the same. In the
 inadequacy of the sum
 complete the necessary re-

A Dalnecoe
 the first success
 was found on
 It weighed the
 the same
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 be obtained, i
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 is approximate
 772 acres.

At Perth, Ont
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 nipeg, Manito
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 of a son.
 At Carleton Pl
 Gro. Crozier, of

[illegible]

The Clerk was directed to
 the service of James Ritchie,
 to survey an allowance
 of \$100 to the said James
 in consideration of his
 concession No. 10, with
 a construction of the road there-
 position.
 Messrs. Halpenny and
 were said to Commission-
 account; and \$10 in
 the original grant placed at
 to finish the improvement.
 of Messrs. Thomson and
 to the said James Ritchie,
 in conjunction with the road
 pertaining to visit the surveys
 the departures from the
 between Lane and
 of course in said surveys
 6 feet apart, and report
 at next session thereof.
 to the 5th Sept. 1856.
 Wm. Scott, Clerk.

PUBLIC MEETING. Place, August 14th 1874.
 The undersigned do hereby certify that the
 Reeves, Dr. Wilson, and
 the Clerk of the township of Beckwith
 to the Carleton Place
 was \$29.12.
 Gives notice that he will at
 the village for leaving the necessa-
 rious village for the present
 Dr. Wilson and seconded
 that the By-law approved
 of section "O" in this
 read a third time short
 of the Carleton Place
 and passed.
 Dr. Wilson and seconded
 Flour-Extra, 1b
 No. 1, 1st
 Buckwheat Flour
 Buckwheat per bush
 Oatsmeal, @ 100
 Peas
 Spring-
 Rye per bush of
 Corn
 Oats
 Oats
 Barley per bush
 Potatoes
 Peas
 Beet per 100 lbs.
 Beet per 100 lbs.
 Wheat, Spring,
 Oats
 Oats
 Beans
 Peas
 Flour all
 Butter, roll,
 " keg
 Pork, mess
 " Prime Me

[illegible][illegible]

(Ga.) paper says that of gold found in Georgia Lake's Creek, in 1839, and comes, and the place is afterwards known as "Old Discoveries." Other discoveries on same great gold extension, the best data that can be believed the mines in about \$18,000,000 beishment of the United Phiblogia in 1838. The \$18,000,000 more before it the breaking out of the large parts of these large tained from the alluvium vein mining having been the days of gold mining

ing that the enclosure of land has been going on rapidly for many years, it common land in Eng- is still equal to one- the entire area of the does not include "waste" is altogether different in common. The latter estimated at 2,632,

BIRTH.

to, on the 12th inst, the Thomas Hart, M. A., Win- of a daughter.

3 12th inst, Mrs. James

on Wednesday, the 6th of Mr. Robert McDiarmid,

cc, on the 15th inst, Mrs. win daughters.

DIED.

13th instant, in the Com-
 mune Catholic church, in the
 main faith, and in the com-
 mune, religious, and holy hope,
 Maria, wife of W. O. Buell,
 age 22 years;
 ce, on the 16th instant,
 infant daughter of W.
 aged 5 months.
 Place, July 20th, 1874,
 Murphy, son of James L.
 months and 7 days.
 ce, Aug. 4th, 1874, Francis
 James L. Murphy, aged 5
 yrs.
 instant, Alexander Peter
 Schilbach Campbell, Esq.,
 4 months and 20 days.
 for little children
 light blue sky,
 gus in glory,
 ice and joy,
 like it, like it,
 teampars;
 e happy,
 n, after there.

A MARKETS.

7 00	to 7 50
8 50	to 9 00
8 00	to 0 18
0 68	to 0 10
0 00	to 0 00
1 50	to 1 75
0 50	to 0 60
0 00	to 0 00
0 65	to 0 70
0 16	to 0 18
0 23	to 0 25
0 00	to 0 00
0 60	to 0 70
0 00	to 0 00
1 75	to 2 00
0 40	to 0 50
0 45	to 0 50
0 40	to 0 50
13 00	to 17 00

3 00	0 25	0 50
0 70	0 80	0 85
0 70	0 80	0 85
2 60	0 25	0 25
0 60	0 70	0 70

POKE MARKETS.

ch.	\$ 7 00	to	\$ 7 50
egs	8 00	to	8 50
	1 35	to	1 40
	1 30	to	1 35
	0 70	to	0 90
	0 80	to	0 90
	1 80	to	2 00
	0 50	to	0 60
ch.	21 50	to	00 00
	19 00	to	20 00
	14 00	to	15 00
	0 17	to	0 20
	5 00	to	0 00
	6 30	to	6 00
	5 00	to	5 00
	0 45	to	0 50
	0 90	to	0 00
	5 00	to	5 00
	0 95	to	1 00
	0 60	to	0 56
	4 06	to	4 00
	18 00	to	24 00
	5 00	to	10 10

WHEAT MARKETS.

1 lb.	\$3.00	@ \$3.10
.....	3.25	3.50
.....	1.90	2.00
.....	0.50	0.00
.....	3.00	3.25
.....	0.90	0.00
.....	0.00	0.00
.....	0.65	0.67
.....	0.55	0.85
.....	0.65	0.67
.....	0.40	0.41
.....	0.00	0.00
.....	0.40	0.40
.....	0.50	7.00
.....	4.50	6.00
.....	0.25	0.26
COW MARKERS.		
.....	\$2.00	@ \$2.20
.....	1.20	@ 1.30
.....	0.80	@ 1.00
.....	2.50	@ 3.00
.....	5.50	@ 6.75
.....	0.22	@ 0.20
.....	0.00	@ 0.00
.....	0.12	@ 0.00
.....	21.50	@ 22.00
.....	23.00	@ 0.00
.....	5.00	@ 0.00

.....	13 00 @ 15 00
.....	0 12 1/2 @ 15 00
.....	3 00 @ 4 00
.....	4 00 to 5 00

ETTS remaining in
on Place Post Office,
74.

Nurree, Rola.
McCallum, Miss E.
(2) McCaffy, Henry
McDonnell, Bella
McGinnis, W. H.
McGinnis Mrs. John
McLean, Thomas
Nebitt, Miss M. J.
Nichol, Thomas
Obern, Edward
Sample, Mary M.
Simmons, Clara
Stevenson, J.
Stewart, Donald
Sullivan, Mrs Maurice
Wise, Miss Margaret
Woodward, John

Woodcraft, John
Wilcox, Nicholas
Willsie, Mrs. Jas.
Wilkie, Miss
P. S. STEPHENS,
Postmaster.
ACT OF 1869: In
David P. Bogart, an
and Andrew Wilcox Bell,
Charles E. Flax, to be
have been appointed
master. Creditors are re-
quired to make a return
to W. Hunt, Assignee,
at St. Paul, Minn. (45-4)

P. P. PREACHING.
The Methodists of Canton
(?) holding divine service
at night in the grove east
of the preaching hall at
the church. Rev. M.
Hunt, will preach to-morrow
night.

W. KASST.