

LET.

Advertisements under this head: Half a cent a word. No less charge than 10c.

TO RENT.—The large comfortable flat, 100 St. James street. Eight rooms, hot and cold water, possession at once. J. W. CASSIDY, 101 Germain street.

TO LET.—A small tenement house at 207 Duke street. Can be seen any day by applying on the premises to JOHN McALLISTER.

HELP WANTED, MALE.

Advertisements under this head: Half a cent a word. No less charge than 10c.

WANTED—At once, an office boy. Apply to W. H. THORNE & CO., Ltd.

WANTED—At once, a boy about 13 or 14 years of age to learn the Printing Business. Apply to SUN PRINTING COMPANY, St. John.

If you are making less than \$30 per week, write us. COOPER, Drawer 53, London.

GENERAL AGENTS WANTED IN EACH TOWN.

For special facilities, sickness, life insurance policies and general insurance business. Liberal terms to reliable men. Write Box 175, Montreal.

HELP WANTED FEMALE.

Advertisements under this head: Half a cent a word. No less charge than 10c.

WANTED—Girl for general housework; must be good cook; references required. Apply to 116 Wentworth street.

WANTED—A respectable young girl to assist in light housekeeping in a family of three. No washing. References required. Apply between 5 and 9 p. m. to MRS. JOHN ELLIOTT, 10 Sydney street.

WANTED—At once, a chambermaid. Apply at the LANDSHOWN HOUSE, 40 South side King Square.

WANTED—A housemaid. Enquire at No. 1 Chipman's Hill after 5 p. m.

WANTED—A girl for general housework in family of two. Apply to MRS. F. N. CHALMERS, 46 Adelaide street.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply to MRS. D. D. SCOTT, care of Sun Printing Company.

WANTED—Two or three apprentice girls for dressmaking department. MORRIS & BUTHERLAND.

WANTED—A capable girl for general housework. No washing. Apply at 221 Germain street.

WANTED—Two girls wanted to learn paper box making. TIE D. P. BROWN CO., Canterbury street.

WANTED—In short time, a lady book-keeper. Good at figures. Write MAC, Box 845, St. John.

Brylceps, Eczema, Eruptions on the face or body, Barber's Itch, Salt Rheum, Itch, Poisoning of Wounds, Ring Worm, Itch, Redness of the Skin, and all inflammatory eruptions are quickly cured with

BIDDY MARTIN'S EXTRACT.

For sale by all druggists.

FOR SALE.

Advertisements under this head: Half a cent a word. No less charge than 10c.

PIANO FOR SALE—Must be sold before Sept. 15th. Owners leaving the city. Cost \$350.00 with stool. Can be purchased for cash or on installment. This is a great bargain and intending purchasers should not miss this opportunity. On Exhibition at FLOOD & SONS' PIANO ROOMS, King street, on and after Sept. 5th.

FOR SALE—A safe in good condition. Apply to R. C. ELKIN, 124 Prince William street.

FOR SALE—One 1 1/2 in. Pine Door, 6 ft. 6 in. by 3 ft. 8 in., with 2 glass panes. Apply Sun Printing Co., St. John.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A quantity of revolver or rifle ammunition. No. 40 & 44. Apply to CRACK SHOT, St. John.

FOR SALE—An arc lamp, complete, nearly new. Apply to Sun Printing Co., St. John.

FOR SALE—A quantity of steam pipes and iron, 15x15 pound weights. Apply at Sun Office, St. John.

FOR SALE—A Metal Furnace, capacity about 500 pounds. It has a fire brick lining, with smoke and ventilating pipes complete. Apply Sun Printing Company, St. John.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Advertisements under this head: Half a cent a word. No less charge than 10c.

QUAKER HERBS—Will cure all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, driven out all disease germs, microbes, etc., and tones up the system and makes a new man of you. Try it and be convinced. Sold by all druggists and all mail order houses on receipt of \$1.00. Send to the QUAKER HERB AGENCY, 80 Prince William street. Money returned if no cure. Large Family Doctor Book given at the same time.

WANTED—In central locality, a room for light housekeeping. Apply to LODGER, care Star Office.

LOST.

Advertisements under this head: Half a cent a word. No less charge than 10c.

DEATHS.

PARKS—In this city on 7th inst. John Hegan Parks in the 67th year of his age, died at his late residence, Mount Pleasant, at 2:30 o'clock. Service at St. Stephen's church at 2:45 p. m.

HOTEL DUFFERIN.

E. LeROY WILLIS, Prop.

ST. JOHN, N. B.

HAMM'S LIVERY STABLE

134 Union Street. Telephone 11

HORSES BOARDED—Clean and Warm Stables, best care and attention.

DRIVING OUTFITS AND COACHES for hire at any hour.

FOR SALE—A BARCAIN.

A Printing Press.

Will take a form 8x13 inches, with 3 Chases, also Treadle and Pulley. In good running order.

Apply to SUN PRINTING CO

ST. JOHN, N. B.

MARK TWAIN'S START.

Mark Twain thus tells the story of the first money he ever earned. "I have a distinct recollection of it. When I was a youngster I attended school at a place where the use of the birch-rod was not an unusual event. It was against the rules to mark the desks in any manner, the penalty being a fine of five dollars or public chastisement. Happening to violate the rule on one occasion, I was offered the alternative, I told my father, and as he seemed to think it would be too bad for me to be publicly punished, he gave me the five dollars. At that period of my experience five dollars was a large sum, while a whipping was of little consequence, and so—there the humbugger reflectively knocked the ashes from his cigar—well," he finally added, "that was how I earned my first five dollars."

THE ST. JOHN STAR is published by THE SUN PRINTING COMPANY (LTD.), at St. John, New Brunswick, every afternoon (except Sunday) at \$5.00 a year.

ST. JOHN STAR.

ST. JOHN, N. B., SEPTEMBER 8, 1903.

CHAMBERLAIN AND THE EMPIRE

In presenting his preferential policy Mr. Chamberlain starts with the assumption that some means must be taken to not only better commercial conditions in England but also to further unify and ensure the continuance of the British empire. While discussion is chiefly centered around the first point, the second is incomparably the more important.

The Little Englander, opposing the scheme, calls it taxing 40,000,000 at home for the benefit of 10,000,000 overseas. Within his lifetime he may see the proportion reversed. The outside empire is growing with marvellous rapidity and is attaining such proportions, that even in these days of space annihilation, something more than sentiment is needed to counteract the sundering influences at work. To secure the permanence of an empire made up of so many widely separated states, something more than a variable sentiment is necessary. Had the New England colonies one hundred and fifty years ago possessed some community of interest with the mother country in addition to race ties the same Union Jack would have been floating over the whole of North America today.

In Canada of all the colonies is the danger pressing. So far, sentiment has been strong enough to easily resist the attraction from across our southern boundary line and were the population of Canada to be always made up as it is now, nothing more than sentiment would ever be needed. But the fact cannot be overlooked that the quality of our population is rapidly changing. In addition to the great number of immigrants from Europe, thousands are coming yearly from the United States. The superiority of our North-western lands is bound to attract a greater number yearly from across the line as the crowding there continues. Most of those coming are American citizens and their presence and influence cannot but add strongly to whatever annexation sentiment already exists in Canada.

The idea of one country and one flag on this great continent is a fascinating one and to counteract it we must present a greater. We cannot expect these new people to feel as we do about Canada alone, when they see a richer and more populous country at our doors; we cannot expect them to look as we do toward that little island which is the mother of us; we cannot ask of them loyalty to an empire which as yet is little more than a dream.

But Mr. Chamberlain offers us a way to make an empire in more than name, a self-sustaining empire covering every zone and every degree of latitude, drawn together by ties of sentiment, held together by self-interest, bound together by a tariff formed to favor every component part of that empire and recognizing no country outside of it—an empire such as never yet has been. Surely there is an idea to arouse in any part of that empire, no matter what lesser country they might have come from, and to provide for a unification against which any separating influence now at work would strive in vain.

The need is here, the remedy proposed is worth trying.

THE BILL'S DEFENSE.

The debate in the house of commons on the G. T. P. scheme has shown that in its majority there the government possesses a very powerful machine. If this is creditable, the government may claim it, for in every other respect it has suffered greatly during a debate which has proved the falsity of every argument which they put forward in favor of their policy.

According to Sir Wilfrid, the new road was needed to carry out the products of the west. It has been shown that the roads now in operation can do it more cheaply; that an improved rail and water route can do it at one-third of what his railway will charge. Nothing has been heard of the bonding privilege bogey since the I. C. R. was offered as the instrument to meet this much feared and highly improbable emergency. It has been shown that the route which the new road proposes to follow through New Brunswick will take scarcely anything off the distance from Moncton to Quebec, besides running through a much more mountainous and difficult country. Actual measurement shows that the main industrial centres of the east are nearer consumers of the west by the present roads than by the new.

Practically the only argument offered in favor of the scheme by the various speakers was that it was a government scheme, and as such bound to be supported by all who followed the government.

This loyalty is very touching, to the taxpayers especially, upon whom the \$121,000,000 burden (Mr. Blair's estimate) will fall.

This is Labor Day in the police court.

Do they know any other nice game in Woodstock?

The status of amateur sport in St. John is well indicated by the fact that not a St. John man took a place in any sports outside the city yesterday.

The M. P.'s got their half holiday on Labor Day after all. They don't lose any pay by it.

Joe Car, one of the G. P.s who escaped, has been recaptured. He had to get drunk to be caught again. Will the authorities carry out their threats?

Labor Day is the cause of a good many headaches today. This overwork is a dangerous thing.

It looks as if St. John hadn't forgotten how to play baseball anyway. Four games to our credit yesterday isn't bad.

The City Hall Union wasn't in the parade yesterday. Perhaps they are too proud, since they raised their own pay, or perhaps they started and stopped to talk about something on the way.

TO DAFFODILS.

Fair Daffodils, we weep to see You haste away so soon; As yet the early rising sun Has not attained his noon.

Until the hasting day Has run But to the even-song; And, having prayed together, we Will go with you along.

We have short time to stay, as you, We have as short a Spring; As quick a growth to meet decay As you, or anything.

We die As your hours do, and dry Like to the Summer's rains; Or as the pearls of morning's dew Ne'er to be found again.

—Herrick.

WHAT NATIONS PAY THEIR LAW-MAKERS.

In view of the discussion as to whether the members of the British house of commons should be paid a salary, it is interesting to note how foreign countries and the colonies treat their legislators in this respect.

In Austria there is a system of payment by results, members of the lower house of the reichsrath receiving 16s. 8d. for each day's attendance, with an indemnity for travelling expenses.

French members of parliament receive an annual salary of £250, and are allowed to travel free of charge on the French railways on condition of an annual payment of £2.

In Italy, Spain and Germany the legislators are not paid for their services, but in Belgium they receive an annual indemnity of £160, besides having the right of travelling free of charge on the state railways.

The Netherlands parliament consists of two chambers. Members of the first chamber receive no pay, while those of the second chamber are paid £166 13s. 4d. per annum. Switzerland pays members of both houses of the national council of states 15s. 8d. for each day they are called upon to sit. It is during the session or in committee out of the session. In addition to this, travelling expenses are refunded to them at the rate of 2s. per mile.

Members of both houses of the Danish legislature receive and are not permitted to decline, a compensation for their absence from home, amounting to 6s. 6d. daily for each day of the session. They are also entitled to have their travelling expenses refunded.

The Swedish parliament members of the second chamber are paid £66 for each session of four months, and in case of an extra session, 11s. per day, besides travelling expenses. Every member of the Norwegian parliament while in session has an allowance of 13s. 4d. per day and travelling expenses.

The majority of the colonies have adopted the system of paying their legislators.

In Australia members of both the senate and house of representatives receive £400 per annum.

BRITISH DELEGATES DINED.

The visiting British delegates to the Chambers of Commerce at Montreal were tendered a banquet at the Union Club last night. W. M. Jarvis, president of the St. John board of trade, was chairman, having on his right Joseph Walton, M. P., of Hantsley, England, and on his left his worship, Mayor White.

The toast of Our Guests was proposed by Mr. Jarvis. With this toast he coupled the names of Joseph Walton, M. P., Mr. Anderson of Kimberley, Mr. Agins and Mr. Husey of London and Mr. Peacock of Tasmania. Mr. Walton replied. In the banquet he coupled the names of Joseph Walton, M. P., Mr. Anderson of Kimberley, Mr. Agins and Mr. Husey of London and Mr. Peacock of Tasmania, also made short replies.

Mr. Jarvis again proposed the toast of Our Guests, this time coupling with it the representatives of the dominion and provincial parliaments, and the mayor and aldermen of St. John. The toast brought responses from the Hon. H. A. McKeown, Mayor White and Senator Ellis.

Mr. DeWolfe, president of the Halifax board of trade said that he came to St. John to accompany the delegates to Halifax. On behalf of the people of Halifax he extended a hearty welcome to the delegates.

Mr. Henderson, one of the guests introduced by W. H. Thorne, sang Annie Laurie most acceptably.

Mr. Beardsley of Sheffield, England, spoke of the commercial interests of St. John being bound up with those of the old country. He predicted the formation of an empire under the British flag, the greatest the world had ever seen. He proposed Our Commercial Interests.

George Robertson, M. P., P., replied. The function closed by the singing of Aud Lang Syne and the national anthem.

The English delegates left this morning for Halifax via Digby.

A meeting of the Carleton W. C. T. U. will be held in their hall tomorrow evening.

LOCAL NEWS.

The full battalion of the Boys' Brigade will assemble in uniform this evening at 7:30 o'clock at the foot of Garden street.

St. John Council, No. 123, Royal Arcanum, meets at Foresters' Hall this evening. A full attendance is requested.

The regular bi-monthly meeting of the Local Assembly of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew will be held this evening in Trinity church school-house at 8 p. m. Address by the Rev. G. R. E. McDonald.

LABOR DAY SPORTS

The sports were held in the afternoon under the supervision of P. C. Sharkey, Charles McCristall, John Killen, J. Donovan and D. Gibson. The programme included horse racing, hauling matches, hundred yards dash, hop, step and jump, boys' race, 220 yards dash and a tug-of-war between union teams.

The tug-of-war took place between two teams of the Longshoremen's Association, each team consisting of five men as follows:

1st team—Peter McLean, Robert Taylor, James McClair, Peter White, James Wilson (anchor).

2nd team—Alexander Boyne, Walter Shaw, J. Marr, J. Devine, Wm. Long (anchor).

The first team won by four inches, the time limit being two minutes.

A tug-of-war then took place between the winning team of the Longshoremen's Association and a team of the Hod Carriers' Union, composed of the following members: C. Galloway, Wm. Galloway, T. Madden, C. Weidon, George Grier (anchor).

The longshoremen won easily, thus taking the first prize, \$10.

The second team of the longshoremen and the hod carriers then had a tug-of-war, in which the latter lost again, giving the second prize, \$5, to the former.

In the first heat of the 100 yards dash Martin Day of the Bakers' Union came first and James Donovan of the Longshoremen's Association second.

In the second heat Ernest Case of the Tin, Sheet and Metal Workers' Union came first and Charles Carlin second.

In the final race Day came first with Case a strong second.

In the 100 yards dash for boys Ernest Wallace took first place, with Hugh Harragaves second and J. P. Killen third.

In the 220 yards dash Ernest Case came first and Martin Day second.

In the hop, step and jump, Charles Ramsay came first, Day and James Ramsay tying for second.

In the jump of Ramsay won, beating the jump previously made by Charles Ramsay.

Great interest was taken in the hauling matches and a good showing was made. There was much competition between the owners of the different teams.

In the 1,400 pound class, the team owned by D. Gibson took first prize, and a team owned by Clarke, second.

In the free-for-all class Joe Cavanagh came first with Young Swanton second.

The chief events of the afternoon were the races between horses belonging to members of the teams' union. W. Ritchie came first, A. Second second and J. Dibble third.

Some excitement was caused by a horse falling to the ground in the second heat. It was being ridden by R. Garnett, and his escape was almost miraculous.

The weather during the afternoon was showery, which made it a little inconvenient at times. In spite of this, however, a very large crowd was present. Music was rendered on the grounds by the Citizens' Band. Everything passed off successfully, much to the satisfaction of the committee in charge.

ROSES, 10; LOVELLS, 2.

The roses won the afternoon game in the easiest kind of a way. It was simply a case of banging the ball all over the lot as far as the local players were concerned, while the visitors could do nothing with Gildae. There was a fairly large crowd present who sat wet and shivering till the end.

The players found it difficult to handle the wet ball, but considering everything did not do too badly. Gildae found it difficult to locate the plate, giving ten passes to first. The roses did not wait for balls, but swatted the first one pitched, having a total of seventeen safe ones to their credit and sending McHugh to the tall timbers.

FRANKLINS V. TARTARS.

The afternoon game was won by the Franklins, the score being 17 to 9. George and Mills were battery for the Tartars, while the rest of the Tartars were fairly large crowd. The admirers of the Franklins are jubilant over the three straight victories.

SCHOONER BURNED.

HOPEWELL HILL, Sept. 6. — The schooner Victory, Capt. Bishop, bound to Boston with a cargo of lumber from Dorchester, N. B., was almost totally destroyed by fire on Friday night while lying at Hopewell Cape, awaiting a fair wind down the bay. The origin of the fire is not known. The crew during the night noticed the smell of smoke, and opening the lazaretto hatch found the flames were extinguished by the mainmast went by the board and the stern of the vessel was pretty much burned away. The cargo, which consisted of 2x4 lumber, shipped by T. B. Cahoon, was totally destroyed. The Victory was built and wintered by Wm. S. Starratt and was about 100 tons register. She was owned by Sheriff Lynds, of Hopewell Cape.

PROVINCIAL WEDDINGS.

Thomas Worden and Levia Mackin were married on Wednesday evening at the residence of the bride's father, Elijah Mackin, on Canaan road, Kings county. The Rev. Dr. Brown performed the ceremony. Joseph Hooper and Emma Hooper, daughter of Jennet Moss, were married on Wednesday evening at the residence of the bride's mother, at Havelock, Kings county. The Rev. Dr. Brown officiated.

Miss Jessie Sandford, a popular young lady of Blitown, N. S., was united in marriage on Wednesday to W. R. Kaiser by the Rev. Dr. H. Simpson. After a dainty luncheon, Mr. and Mrs. Kaiser left for St. John on a short trip.

REMARKABLE.

"Do you see that old fellow over there?" asked a youth of a number of friends with whom he was taking a stroll. "Thirty years ago he came to London with a penny in his pocket; he also had a basket of apples, which a farmer had given him. He sold the apples and thus earned his money. How much do you think he is worth now?"

"Oh, a million and a half," said one.

"Two millions," said another.

"Six millions," was the estimate of a third.

"I give it up," remarked number four. "How much is he worth?"

"Not a farthing; and he still owes for the basket," was the quiet reply.

MANCHESTER ROBERTSON ALLISON, LIMITED
KING ST GERMAIN ST. AND MARKET SQ.

LADIES' RAIN COATS

Long Rain Coats

Dark Grey, Single Cape, Stole Collar with Ornaments, \$5.75. Length 54, 56, 58. Price \$5.75

Long Rain Coats

Dark Grey, Single Cape, Stole Collar, with Drop Ornaments, \$6. Length 54, 56, 58. Price 6.00

Long Rain Coats

Mid Grey, Double Cape, Belt Back, Collar and Revers, \$6. Length 54, 56, 58. Price 6.00

Long Rain Coats

Mid Grey, Single Cape, Box Back, Stole Collar, Braid Trimming, \$6.25. Length 54, 56, 58. Price 6.25

Long Rain Coats

Dark Grey, Single Cape, Box Back, Stole Collar, Drop Ornaments. Length 54, 56, 58. 12.50

3-4 Rain Coats.

Dark Grey, Box Back, Stole Collar. Size of Bust 34, 36, 38. 7.00

3-4 Rain Coats.

Dark Grey, Military Collar, Box Back, Four Capes. 7.50

3-4 Rain Coats.

Dark Fawns, Military Collar, Belt, Box Back, Four Capes. 8.25

3-4 Rain Coats.

Military Collar, Box Back, Four Capes. 7.50

3-4 Rain Coats.

Dark Grey, Military Collar, Belt, Box Back, Four Capes. 8.25

Misses' Rain Coats.

Box Back, Mid and Dark Grey. Length 36 to 50. Price \$4.25.

NOVELTY ROBES.

In Silk Department.

At \$24.00—Black Net and Sequin Robe with fine biscuit stitching.

At \$37.00—Black Sequin Robe, with fine biscuit stitching.

At \$48.00—White Net Robe, with mother of pearl sequins.

At \$53.00—Light Blue Crepe de Chine Robe, embroidered black and white.

At \$65.00—Black Taffeta Silk Robe, with lace and handsome embroidery.

At \$70.00—Black Crepe de Chine Robe, finished lace, velvet and embroidery.

At \$70.00—Black Crepe de Chine Robe, embroidered applique. Also others in stock, making the assortment better than ever previously shown.

At \$80.00—Black Taffeta Silk Robe, with lace and handsome embroidery.

At \$70.00—Black Crepe de Chine Robe, finished lace, velvet and embroidery.

At \$70.00—Black Crepe de Chine Robe, embroidered applique. Also others in stock, making the assortment better than ever previously shown.

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KING ST GERMAIN ST. AND MARKET SQ.

WOODSTOCK EXHIBITION.

The Exhibition to be held at Woodstock September