

King of Greece has sent a telegram to Christian IX., King of Denmark, to the effect that he has decided to sail for Crete to take command of the Greek forces there. The foreign admirals have warned Col.

Vassos, commander of the Greek forces on the island of Crete, of their intention to attack his troops with four men-ofwar anchored off his camp at Aghioi Thodori, should he attempt to advance to the interior of the island. Athens. Feb. 23.-It is stated that the

warning of the foreign admirals given Col. Vassos only referred to a Greek attack on Canea. Col. Vassos will continue to occupy strategic points in the interior of the island of Crete.

Canea, Feb. 23.-British torpedo boats have captured and brought to this port the small steamer Laurium, which was carrying victuals and tents for the insurgents.

Europe.

away?

tion."

The forts fired two rounds of blank cartridges yesterday at the Greek gunboat Peneus. A Turkish frigate also discharged blank shots at the Greeks. The Greek gunboat quickly replied to shots fired by the Turkish the blank frigate. The frigate then withdrew

from the scene of operations. A Turkish transport, accompanied by a British torpedo boat, is engaged in conveying 1500 troops from Candia to Canea.

Athens, Feb. 23.-Prince Nicholas has arrived at Larissa, a town in Thessalv. on the Turkish frontier, twenty miles from the Gulf of Salonica. Seven hundred Greek soldiers, with artillery, have landed near Kissoto.

Constantinople, Feb. 23 .- A dispatch from Janini says that the authorities tion in the eyes of the world. I proare arming the Mussulman population test, until Crete is emancipated, against for a descent on the Greek frontier near Arti.

people fighting for freedom.' Athens, Feb. 23 .- A great indignation Several prominent Liberals followed. meeting was held here to protest against supporting Mr. Labouchere's motion the bombardment by the warships of and dwelling on "the stain on the Britthe powers of the insurgent camp near, ish flag," because of the firing. Shouts were raised for war first lord of the admiralty, Right Hon. Canea. and the speakers vehemently declared George J. Goschen, on the other hand, that the country was now fully deter- maintained that the bombardment was mined to sacrifice its blood and treasure to be regretted, but it was a necessity. in the aid of Crete. Premier Delyan- The insurgents could not be allowed to nis addressed the throng from the ter- place guns, he added, where they comrace in front of the ministry of finance, manded a town which was occupied by and declared that the cabinet was in foreign marines. He protested against perfect accord with the nation, which Sir William Vernon Harcourt's interbe assured that the government pretation of the bombarding as being inwould do its duty. It is reported that | tended to repress a people fighting for the minister of war has resigned, while | freedom. minister for foreign affairs has government had done its best to hold an called at the foreign embassies and even scale between Christians and Mus lodged protests against the bombard-sulmans.

The vote was then taken with the rement of the insurgents' camp by the sult of the rejection of the resolution on foreign warships. The Greek ship Thesselia has returned a vote of 243 to 135.

to Milos, having failed to land the arms Berlin, Feb. 23 .- In the course of the or provisions anywhere on the Cretan debate in the Reichstag on the foreign office estimates, the minister of foreign coast. owing to the foreign warships. affairs, Baron Marschall von Bieber-Prime Minister Delyannis, in the legislative chamber, denied all reports of the landing of Turkish troops in the island stein. replying to a question on the situation in Crete, stated that the German of Crete. warship Kaiserin Augusta arrived off

Greece has declared that if the bom- Canea yesterday forenoon and landed 50 bardment of the insurgent positions in marines to take part in the joint foreign occupation of that place, and went into reak off diplomatic relations with the action in the afternoon. The Baron then referred to the bompowers. On the other hand, it is stat-

cause, are you the man to say that he call attention to the firing on Greek anybody else. And yet— But let's have the rest of the letter.) forces by British warships, and in doing so said that the house had been too long silent, and, as a result. Her Ma-"I could hardly drag one leg before the other," continues Mr. Boorman, -"and jesty's ships had committed an outrage in firing on a people who, after centuries was so nervous that the least thing

would startle me. of oppression, were risking their lives Right Hon. A. J. Balfour, first lord of es did me no good, and in October, 1891, I went to Bartholomew's Hospital the treasury and government leader dwelt upon the difficulty and danger of, but was no better for their treatment. the present crisis. The powers, he exafterwards went to the Bethnal Green plained, were absolutely unanimous in Hospital, but with the same result. agreeing that they should do everything had now got so low and weak that I deto avert war. The fears arising from spaired of ever getting better, and the situation, Mr. Balfour continued, thought I was in consumption. were shared by all responsible statesmen "In January, 1892, I read of cases like

throughout the length and breadth of mine having been cured by Mother He added: Seigel's Curative Syrup. I got a bottle of this medicine from Mr. "Will any one maintain that after the powers had occupied the towns of Crete Lucas, chemist, Talbot Road, and after they were to fold their arms and sail taking it I found relief. I continued I do not desire to conceal anytaking it, and in a month felt quite a thing; but, regarding the future, the govdifferent man.

ernment is absolutely bound by certain "I could eat, and the food gave me conditions of 'international communicano pain; and slowly I gained strength. By-and-by I was well and strong as Sir William Vernon Harcourt, the ever, and have since kept in good health. Liberal leader, who was loudly cheered Mother Seigel's Syrup has saved my life, the opposition, said that the time and I wish others to know of it. had come when the voice of England can publish this statement and refer any ought to be heard. Continuing, Sir one to me. (Signed) William Borman, William asked: "What is the interpre-61 Perry Street, Northampton, October tation of England's position? Why are 23rd, 1895." we in Crete? What are we doing there?

The

Mr. Goschen said that the

What, then, was it that came over Mr. The only policy worthy of the govern-Boorman? In the light of the result, ment of England is to detach Crete from and the manner of the cure, I answer Turkish rule. Public opinion is shocked without hesitation-It was the dark foreat England appearing as the active opshadow of the most common and the ponent of the Greeks. The bombardmost dangerous disease known-indigesment has placed England in a false position, dyspepsia; the collapse of the body's power to keep itself up; the slipping from under him of the very foundation stones Great Britain taking arms against a of his vitality. That was what had come

over him. Then why didn't he recognize it? Why lidn't the doctors seem to recognize it's Why ouldn't they "tell" what it was? Because it is the Prince of Deception, the counterfeit of all diseases outward-ly, and the reality of all diseases inwardly. Because, having one nature, it has a hundred shifting symptoms. Its roots are in the stomach, and its branches run from head to heel.

When you feel the vague trouble that Mr. Boorman, recall these came over words and take Mother Seigel's Syrup, without waiting to wonder what ails you.



ch, indigestion are promptly eured by Hood's Pills. They do their work



25 cents. All druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass, The only Pill to take with Hood's Sarsaparille.

blockade of the island similar to that was afraid of nothing? Not you, nor proposed by Austria last year. The Glasnost is of opinion that England is repeating, her Jameson policy, and is secretly abetting the Greeks, and that we gwe the peace of Edrope to Emperor William ..

The Novisti strangely argues that "I consulted a doctor, but his media" Greece is not breaking international law because Turkey did so in the past. The government still holds for the utmost firmness being applied to the Cretan business, because it sees clearly the endless complications otherwise in view during the coming months, and if Crete is to be given to the Greeks nothing can

hold the Bulgarians back. England's and Italy's conduct it seeming to cast doubts on the accord of the powers when it is here considered that a most perfect understanding is absolutely necessary to assure the peace of Europe has made a very disagreeable impression, and has once more given rise to the bitter expressions about England's perfidiousness.

If the politicians are much annoved.) in a like manner are the diplomats, who are almost unanimous in thinking that the situation has become very much embroiled by the shilly-shallying which has You taken place. They are decidedly pessimistic

As for the report published that Russia was preparing for war, it is the sheerest nonsense.

The action of the American senators in passing at such a critical moment resolution of sympathy with Greece has been looked upon as very mischievous and uncalled for. It receives much severe criticism here. A prominent person who has sym-

pathy with the Greeks, but who knows how important it is that they should not be encouraged to maintain the present attitude in the face of the wishes

of the powers, said to-day: "We thought Americans did not inter fere with foreign policies which did not affect their interests. The senators' demonstration is a serious breach and we cannot understand it.

"We have often felt assured that the ed nurses. United States would not let their jingoism go beyond the limits of the Monroe doctrine, but there seems to be a big hole in that theory now. Perhaps, however, the senators mistook Crete for

Cuba, their formation being very much alike. Athens Feb. 24 .- The Greek camp on the island of Crete has provisions enough to last for several days. The ice-consuls at Retimo have sent a cour-

ier to Canea, stating that the prolonging of the present situation will have grave consequences. The Turks are anxious to have order restored, and de-

clare that they are willing to accept the union of Crete with Greece. This statenent has caused a sensation in Canea. Says the correspondent of the London Times from Canea: "The encouraging effect of the bombardment on the Turks sealing claims commission. sealing claims commission. sealing claims commission. sealing claims commission. Those unhappy persons who suffer from nervonsmess and dysnepsis abould use Carts outposts at Platania and the Greeks at Akritici. The five of the Turks was output of the Turks was

They do this because they possess remarkable alterative, tonic and diuretic properties. exerting a wonderfully influence on irritated or inflamed mucous membranes of the kidneys or blad-One pill a dose. 25 cents a bor. The cheapest medicine in the world.

A SOCIETY OF NURSES.

Women's Council Discuss the Proposed "Victorian Order of Home Helpers."

The Women's Council held a special meeting yesterday afternoon at the city hall to discuss a communication re ceived from Lady Aberdeen anent the proposed Victorian Order of Home Helpers, a society which it is proposed to form in commemoration of Her Majesty's Diamond Jubilee. One of its ob jects is to bring skilled nursing within the reach of settlers in outlying districts, where the need of proper nursing is greatly felt. In mining sections this will be particularly appreciated, as many an injured worker has been caused great

suffering in those sections through the want of proper nursing. A special examination will have to be passed by those wishing to become members of the order, which will deal

with such things as a practical knowledge of midwifery, a general knowledge of housekeeping, of how to render the first aid to the injured, of sanitation and how to prepare proper meals for invalids. All members of the society will be provided with a badge and uniform, and districts wishing to secure the services of a member must raise a sum of money towards her maintenannce, which will be paid by the central committee, which will look after all such matters as conveyance, suitable board and lodging, etc. A provision is made for the case of families who are unable to pay any.

thing towards the support of the nurses, so that services may be rendered them free of charge. Care will be taken that the society does not interfere with the professional services of doctors or train-

A fund for the establishment of the so ciety in Canada is proposed. To put the scheme in good working order would require \$1,000,000, which would mean a dollar for every family in the Dominion of Canada.

The Women's Council deferred action in the matter until the annual meeting the feeblest digestion can of the council on March Sth.

Two resolutions have been prepared and will be presented at that meeting one respecting the instruction in the public schools in scientific" temperance and the other asking for the severance of the liquor license from groceries.

E. V. Bodwell has left for Ottawa. where he will be engaged until the end of March assisting in the preparation of the argument to be submitted to the sealing claims commission.

Montague, M.P., Mrs. Ronalds, Baro ess Burdett-Coutts and Lady Mackenzie, was in attendance upon the first performance of "His Majesty," at the Savoy theatre last night. The opera is the work of T. C. Burnard and Captain R. C. Lehman. The music was by Sir A. C. McKenzie. The music was a revelation, being brilliant throughout, though it lacked catchy tunes. Sir A. C. McKenzie, who conducted the orchestra, and the principals in the performance were applauded. Messrs. Burnard and Lehman were hissed. Said Captain Jehman to the Associated Press: "Most of the libretto was written by

Mr. Burnard and myself. I am responsible for the lyrics. I found it much harder work than coaching Harvard." Jean Francis Gravelot, better known as Blondin, is dead. He commenced his perilous preformances when four years old and won his greatest fame by his crossing of Niagara Falls in 1859, being the first to perform this feat.

That the blood should perform its vital functions, it is absolutely necessary it should not only be pure but rich in lifegiving elements. These results are best effected by the use of that well-known standard blood-purifier, Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Persons who are troubled with indigestion will be interested in the experience of William H. Penn, chief clerk in the railway mail service at Des Moines, Iowa, who writes: "It gives me pleaure to testify to the merits of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. For two years I have suffered from indigestion, and am subject to frequent severe attacks of pain n the stomach and bowels. One or two doses of this remedy never fails to give perfect relief. Sold by all druggists. Langley & Henderson Bros. wholesale agents Victoria and Vancouver. *

One reason why Scott's Emulsion cures weak throats, weak lungs, makes rich

blood, and strengthens puny and delicate children is because all its parts are mixed in so scientific a manner that deal with it. This experi-

ence has only come by doing one thing for nearly 25 years. This means, purest in-

gredents, most evenly and delicately mixed, best adapted for those whose strength has failed or whose digestion

would repel an uneven pro-For Sale by all druggists at duct.

L.

t heartfelt satisfaction and thankfulness that we have ughout succeeding years the tion of that wise policy and ilfor ample which have been such in maintaining the ingrandeur of your empire. viewed with profound satisefforts which have been made te the material and political your empire and to more the important parts of composed, and we trust to in the near future the anf many of your illustrious nd of the greater number of subjects. again that the Almighty in ce will spare Your Majesty n over us, and bless Your continued health and hap-Turner, in moving the the address, expressed his leader of the government, e honor to move such an He eulogized the Queen, revered by all and feared During her reign, although een cruel wars, there had ng terms of peace and proscalled attention to the fact sec the Queen ascended the be g was not a settler in what and own as the Oregon territory. and scarcely a member of the nent of British Columbia livent, although when that first met the Queen had been nty years. Mr. Turner ree great strides made during reign, the introduction of electricity, the construction being particularly menen, too, men such as Cobden for sion lay became great and passed to t g her reign. It would be the roll all past centuries into of t d the progress made during Queen Victoria. (Loud apfar light othe could add nothing to what Col. e lips of the leader of the ry. "Wa respecting the address. He e every word that had been capt hoped that before the reign iesty closed the many porthe British Empire would be closer bonds of union. (Ap-Here Who was then adopted, and Turner announced that it grossed in a manner in He a its importance and the But ich sends it. (Applause.) NEW BILLS. Th ttee of the house recomintroduction of a bill in-Col Let to Establish Farmers' carry It was read a first time carry for second reading at the refer of the house, eken introduced a private gardi ated orate the Okanagan Water ago ny, also a bill to incorporsettle Kootenay Water Works pally These were referred to the will ittee The ntroduced a bill to incor near fishin est Kootenay Power and