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SUBSTANTIAL PROGRESS AGAIN BY BRITISH ON FRONT OF 1,000 YARDS

Advance North of Ovillers But Rain and Mist Interfere Elsewhere—Germans Make Gain on the French Front—German Trench on Belgian Front Raided

London, July 18.—Substantial progress by the British on a front of 1,000 yards north of Ovillers was announced today by the war office.

The statement follows:—"Thick mist and incessant rains still are interfering with our operations in the neighborhood of the Somme, but to the north of Ovillers we made substantial progress last night on a front of 1,000 yards. The enemy were driven out of several strongly defended points."

RAID IN BELGIUM. "Near Wytchaete, Belgium, we made a successful raid into German trenches. Opposite Guinchy, northern France, a similar attempt by the enemy was frustrated by our fire."

Paris, July 18.—The Germans made an attack last night on the French line south of the Somme, and gained ground in the vicinity of Blaches. The war office announces this.

The German attack was delivered against the French positions from Blaches to La Maisonette. Several attempts to take La Maisonette failed with heavy loss to the Germans, but groups of the attacking forces spread along the canal on the east side of the Blaches where the fighting continues.

A German raid on Hill 304, on the Verdun front west of the Meuse, was broken up by French infantry fire. East of the river there was fighting with grenades in which the advantage rested with the French. The artillery was active about La Laufee and Chenols.

PRESIDENT AT THE FRONT. Paris, July 18.—President Poincaré, accompanied by Gen. Pierre Rogues, minister of war, has spent the last two days in visits to the Meuse and Somme fronts. The trip included a brief stop at Verdun and a meeting on the Somme front with Generals Joffre, Foch and Fayolle.

The president inspected the former German lines and sections of the ground scarred by the traces of recent battles and bombardment. Before leaving he heartily congratulated the troops and their commander.

FURTHER GAINS BY ITALIANS. Rome, July 18.—In the face of vigorous opposition, the Italians are making further advances, the war office announced today.

Berlin, July 18.—The official Austrian statement of July 17 on the Italian campaign follows:—"There were artillery engagements along our Barcola positions and in the adjoining sector as far as the Asteval Valley, also in the Dolomites, north of the Feltre Grino Valley in the Marolka district and on the Carinthian front, in the Sebach and Rabler areas."

An attack by Italian infantry on our positions in the Sebach valley was repulsed.

BRITAIN'S HEAVY MONEY BURDEN IN FINANCING THE WAR. London Paper Says if War Goes to End of Year More Than \$5,000,000,000 Must be Raised

New York, July 18.—A cable to the World from London says: Commenting upon Chancellor of the Exchequer McKenna's statement in parliament yesterday that the daily cost of the war to Great Britain has increased from \$20,000,000 to \$200,000,000, the financial editor of the Morning Post predicts that if the war continues to the end of the year at the new estimate Great Britain will have to raise in loans the enormous sum of \$5,000,000,000. It adds: "These are stupendous figures, but—and while no means overlooking the serious position they represent—they must not be regarded as so much capital entirely lost, because, quite apart from the extent to which the figures are affected by advances of some hundreds of millions to our allies, much of the expenditure may be, said simply to represent the circulation and distribution of capital throughout the country. It is, in fact, to the possibilities of inflation created by this rapidly accumulating debt, to say nothing of the more difficult problem represented by payments to neutral countries, that we should give special heed."

"So vast are the ramifications of all the problems incidental to financing this greatest war in history that only by the appointment of a war finance council composed of the best financial and business experts in the country can our resources be mobilized and organized to the fullest possible advantage, both during and after the war."

THE COLORED BATTALION. Halifax Mail.—It is reported that recruiting for the colored battalion will commence in Halifax about the end of the present week. Many colored men are anxiously waiting for the opportunity to enlist.

COUNTY COUNCIL. Among the matters to be dealt with at the quarterly meeting of the Municipal Council this afternoon is the recommendation that a power house be erected for the general public utility. Several matters arising from the council, having been submitted to the council, have been dealt with finally at a meeting of the appeals committee this morning. It is expected that the meeting will be as lengthy as sometimes.

OBJECT TO USE OF SOFT COAL FUEL

Neighbors Don't Like Smoke From Wet Wash Laundry

CONTRARY TO AGREEMENT

Say Owner Promised to Use Only Anthracite—Union Foundry Would Extend Business—Paving Contract Awarded

The weekly meeting of the common council, which was held on noon today, was unusually brief, and business-like. Matters before the council were mostly of a minor or routine nature, and they were disposed of promptly.

One of the most interesting features of the meeting was the presentation of a petition from neighbors objecting to the use of soft coal by a laundry, and drawing attention to the fact that the laundry was licensed solely on condition that only hard coal should be used.

The council came to order at twelve o'clock, with Commissioner McLellan presiding, and Commissioners Fisher, Russell and Wigmore and the Common Clerk present.

The commissioner of public works reported that the contract for the re-paving of the adjacent streets, regarding reconstruction and paving of the lots in North and South Market streets with solid concrete had been awarded to Corey and Stevens.

A communication from Francis Kern on behalf of W. H. Dunham, asking compensation for damages caused by water backing into his building on the corner of Main and Albert streets from a broken sewer, was referred to the commissioner of water and sewerage.

An application from the Union Foundry and Machine Works, West-Street-Johns, for a lease of lots in rear of their premises, in order to extend their business, was referred to the commissioner of public lands.

A petition was presented from residents of the adjacent districts, asking the city to compel a wet wash laundry, corner Union and Pitt streets, to use hard instead of soft coal, according to their promise when the permit was issued. It was referred to the commissioner of public safety.

A communication asking the city to advertise its tourist attractions in the Montreal street cars, was referred to the mayor.

Commissioner Russell invited the other members of the council to be present at the opening of the High Court, I. O. F., this afternoon.

THE CASEMENT APPEAL LOST

London, July 18.—The appeal of Sir Roger Casement against his sentence of execution for high treason for his activities in the Dublin revolt was dismissed today by the Court of Criminal Appeal.

The court was thronged at the resumption of proceedings. Alexander Sullivan of Dublin, counsel for Sir Roger, renewed his legal arguments, quoting frequently from ancient law.

Without hearing the attorneys for the crown, the court dismissed the appeal. For a day and a half Alexander Sullivan had argued quoting many authorities in favor of his contention that who the offence was treason depended upon whether the accused dwelt under the protection of the king and that the crime could not be committed without the realm. He abandoned his other points in regard to the lord chief justice's definition of the offence.

As soon as Mr. Sullivan had concluded his argument, the court retired to consider whether the appeal had been given. The court would be called on to reply. It soon decided to the contrary, which indicated that the appeal had gone against Sir Roger. The latter was present during the argument and when judgment was given.

A further appeal to the house of lords is possible only if the attorney-general gives a certificate that the decision of the court of criminal appeal involves a point of law so exceptionally important that it is desirable in the public interest that a still higher court should deal with it. This has been done only twice since the court of criminal appeal was established eight years ago.

SPANISH CATHOLICS ON GERMAN RULE IN BELGIUM

Paris, July 18.—An address criticizing methods of German military authorities in Belgium, signed by 600 Spanish Catholics, has been sent to Monsignor Desplaigne, governor of the Philippien Institute at Louvain, with the request that it be placed in the archives of the reconstructed library of the Catholic University of Louvain. The document, which is entitled "An Address to Belgium," approves of the formation of an international commission of enquiry to examine into charges against the Germans, which will offer a complete guarantee of impartiality.

WANTED!



THE AUSTRIAN EMPEROR: I want reinforcements! HINDENBURG: I want my Army Corps back! THE CROWN PRINCE: I want every man you can spare me! THE KAISER: But where are they to come from? —Weinmeister Gazette.

DEMAND FOR CONSCRIPTION IN PROVINCE M. D'S IN SESSION HERE

Feature of Address by High Chief Ranger I. O. F. Practical Address Today by Dr. W. W. White

THE PROBLEM OF THE WAR

He Declares it is the Problem of Infected Wound—Post-graduate Courses After the War—Strong Plea For Hospital Work Here

The twenty-ninth session of the High court of the Independent Order of Foresters of New Brunswick opened in the Seaman's Institute this afternoon with High Chief Ranger M. E. Grass presiding. Upwards of 300 delegates from all over the province were in attendance.

After the opening proceedings, Commissioner McLellan, on behalf of Mayor Hayes, who is absent from the city, and Commissioners Russell and Wigmore welcomed the delegates. The appointment of committees then took place. This evening the program will be the regular business session of the High Court of New Brunswick, I. O. F., at the Imperial Theatre. Tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock the regular business session will commence.

A vigorous demand for conscription in Canada, marked the address of M. E. Grass, High Chief Ranger, at the opening session of the triennial gathering of the High Court of New Brunswick, I. O. F., at the Imperial Theatre. Tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock the regular business session will commence.

After welcoming the delegates, Mr. Grass continued: "To the members of the I. O. F., (Continued on page 3, third column.)"

EVIDENCE ALL IN

In the police court this morning hearing was resumed in the automobile case against Charles Ryder, who was charged with driving a motor car on a public highway without a license. The proceedings were on a par at least with other places of similar size was the opinion expressed as a result of a paper presented this morning by Dr. G. R. T. Crawford, entitled "Medical Inspection of the Schools," at the thirty-sixth annual meeting of the New Brunswick Medical Association, which was held in the council chamber of the court house this morning.

Following the reading of the minutes of the last meeting, the president, Dr. W. W. White, delivered a very practical address to the delegates, after which Commissioner H. R. McLellan in the name of the mayor and city heartily welcomed the physicians to St. John.

Dr. White said: "To the members of the N. B. Medical Association: Gentlemen: It is a privilege to express to you my very hearty appreciation of the honor you have conferred upon me, in electing me to the important office of president of the New Brunswick Medical Association. It should be the laudable ambition of each member to some day occupy the chair, and with that object in view to regularly attend the meetings and take an active part in their transactions. (Continued on page 3, fourth column.)"

RETURN TO CAMP

Captain R. Ingleton and Lieutenants Derry, Gilmore and McGowan of the 110th Battalion, who have been home on leave, left this morning for Valcartier.

FIFTEEN HUNDRED AT MASS OPENING THE CONVENTION OF A.O.H.

Boston, July 18.—Fifteen hundred delegates from all parts of the United States and Canada attended solemn high mass in the Cathedral of the Holy Cross today, which marked the formal opening of the fifth biennial convention of the Ancient Order of Hibernians and the Ladies' Auxiliaries.

WEATHER REPORT

Issued by Authority of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, R. F. Stuart, director of meteorological service.

Synopsis.—Showers and thunderstorms have been almost general in the western provinces and a few light scattered showers have occurred in the maritime provinces.

Fine and Warm. Light variable winds, and warm today and on Wednesday. New England forecast—Partly cloudy tonight and Wednesday, gentle to moderate south winds.

Public Feeling Giving German Government The Gravest Concern

Capture of Second Line by British Brings Realization of Falsehoods Preached to the People—They Now Begin to Grasp the Truth

Rotterdam, July 18.—(By Leonard Spry in Toronto Globe and Mail and Empire.)—To say there is a panic in Germany would be an exaggeration, but it is well within the truth to describe the present feeling as one of deep gloom.

"I am assured that a few days ago there was hardly a man in Berlin who believed that a serious military effort was to be made by British. The present attitude of the German people is as if a new enemy had entered the field against them. Their most trusted commentators talked for months about Britain's paper army. Events have now shown the German public that the paper army has materialized into a great host of trained soldiers, who are driving their own best troops from positions they believed impregnable.

The result is that there is manifestation of public dismay that is giving the government the gravest concern. In Berlin they are talking for the first time of the possibility of their iron wall in the west being broken.

The vast majority of the German people long ago gave up any hope of conquest and any desire for anything further than a speedy peace. They believed in the termination of the war on the ground that the allies would exert their maximum strength in an attempt to break their lines, that the attempt would fail and that they then would be prepared to negotiate a compromise peace. The possibility of the allies effecting success had never been contemplated until last week, when the British captured the second line positions.

WELL DONE BY BRITISH WORKMEN

Unanimously Agree to Postpone Holidays so That Munitions Supply be Kept up

London, July 18.—Organized labor of England responded today to the government's appeal to postpone the August holidays, and the lowest price in munitions supply was kept up.

At a conference of representatives of trades unions, it was decided unanimously to recommend that the government's suggestion be adopted.

BERRIES FIVE CENTS BY CRATE IN FREDERICTON

Fredericton, N. B., July 18.—Strawberries sold by the crate here this morning for five cents a box, the lowest price in twenty-five years.

Edward Bayers, who is to be battalion sergeant-major of the 285th battalion, arrived this morning to take up his duties. Three recruits were taken on this morning.

A valuable cooie dog, owned by Mrs. James Wright, was run over and killed by an automobile in Government lane this morning.

FRESH OUTBREAK OF INFANTILE PARALYSIS

Twenty-Six Deaths and 121 New Cases in New York in Day

New York, July 18.—After health officials had declared they believed the epidemic of infantile paralysis to be under control, the disease made a pronounced advance today. The daily bulletin shows an increase of nearly 100 per cent in deaths and of more than 80 per cent in new cases. During the twenty-four hours preceding 10 o'clock this morning the plague killed twenty-six children and there were 121 new cases reported. During the same period ending yesterday there were only fourteen deaths and ninety-five new cases in the five boroughs of New York city.

HIGGINS-BUCKLEY

The wedding of John A. Higgins and Miss Elizabeth Buckley, both of Model Farm, was solemnized at nine o'clock on Monday morning in the Church of Our Lady of Good Counsel, Robbsey, by Rev. Miles P. Howland. The bride, who wore a traveling costume of blue, was attended by Miss Mary E. Gallagher, of Torriburn, and the groomsmen were James Durick, of St. John. About 150 guests were present at the ceremony, those from the city arriving by motor-cars. After the ceremony, Mr. and Mrs. Higgins left on a short wedding trip and, after a few days in the northern part of the province, they will make their home at Model Farm.

TODAY'S BALL GAMES

National League—Brooklyn at Chicago, clear, 3 p. m.; Philadelphia at St. Louis, cloudy, 3:30 p. m.; Boston at Cincinnati, clear, 3 p. m.; New York at St. Louis, clear, 3:30 p. m. American League—Chicago at Philadelphia, clear, two games, first at 1:45 p. m.; Detroit at New York, cloudy, 3:30 p. m.; St. Louis at Boston, cloudy, 3:15 p. m.; Cleveland at Washington, clear, 4 p. m. International League—Newark at Trenton, cloudy, 3:30 p. m.; Providence at Montreal, clear, 3:30 p. m.; Richmond at Buffalo, cloudy, 3:45 p. m.; Baltimore at Rochester, clear, 4 p. m.

Despite War, Britain Leads as Ship-builder

Washington, July 18.—Great Britain, although hampered by the drain of war and a big naval construction programme, still leads the world in building merchantmen, according to a statement issued today by the United States Bureau of Navigation. Her shipyards have under actual construction now 623 steel merchant ships of 1,428,385 tonnage, and would have more but for the fact that private yards are engaged in building war vessels.

The entire world in 1915 launched 748 merchant ships of 1,301,688 tonnage. Of these eighty-four of 177,460 tons were launched in the United States.

VICTORY FOR BELGIANS IN EAST AFRICA

Belgians Defeated in Seven Hour Fight Near the Shore of Lake Victoria

Harve, July 18.—An official statement from the Belgian war office gives a review of the operations of General Tombeur's army in German East Africa during a period beginning June 25. Briefly, the statement says, these operations were as follows:—"After defeating the enemy on June 25, one day's march east of Baromulo, Colonel Molitor's brigade continued to advance eastward with the object of occupying the southwestern shore of Lake Victoria and cutting the retreat southward of the last of the enemy's forces still holding out in the region between upper Kagoga river and Lake Victoria.

"The Belgian troops on June 27 reached the shore of Lake Victoria at two points, Nainemba and Barira. Tombeur took some prisoners. In a sharp engagement lasting seven hours, fought on July 7, the enemy was dispersed. The commander of the German colony was taken prisoner and the enemy lost some killed.

"The Belgian troops bore themselves admirably. Major Rouling was twice wounded at the head of his regiment. No important news has been received from Colonel Elan's brigade operating in the Usumburu-Kitiga region."

DOUKHOBORS TO JAIL

Their Procession in Scant Attire Displeases Saskatchewan Authorities

Prince Albert, Sask., July 18.—Prince Albert today is entertaining ten Doukhobor ladies, whose religious fervor prompted them to divest themselves of their clothing and start upon a pilgrimage in the locality of Arrad in the same District.

The reception to the pilgrims is being held in the provincial jail, where the ladies will remain for six months. Thirty-one men who also participated in the parade were sent to jail for six months also, and were forwarded to the jail in Regina.

EARTHQUAKE NEAR FIUME, PANIC CAUSED

London, July 18.—A Central New despatch from Amsterdam says great damage in the region of Fiume, Austria in the city of Fiume, the despatch says a terrible panic was caused by the earthquake.

JAMES H. GORDON

The death of James H. Gordon, in his seventieth year, occurred at his home in Boston on July 11. He was a son of the late James Gordon of this city, and lived here and worked at his trade as a painter until about twenty years ago when he removed to Boston. He is survived by his wife, formerly Miss Eleanore Clarke of this city, one son, Frank H. of Boston, and three grandchildren. The burial took place in Boston.