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HILLIWACK, B.C.

HAWAII QUIET.

Minister Thurston Says the Provisional Government is Daily Gaining Friends.

Liliuokalani "an Old Savage"-Minister Willis Fully Recognizes His Unpopularity.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19 .- Mr. Hastings, the Hawaiian charge d'affaires, has received his mail brought by the China. Honolulu papers as late as the 6th of January were received, and indicate that the excitement which had prevailed for many months was rapidly subsiding. The news which Mr. Thurston brought to the Provisional Government had a very mollifying influence, and from that time on the Provisional Government has been daily growing in strength and popular favor, while the Royalists still cling to the hope that something might yet be done to restore them to power. be done to restore them to power. That hope did not, however, seem to be shared by the leaders. That there were serious differences among the native supporters of the Queen was shown by the fact that the Hawaii Honohua, the Royalist organ, printed an editorial on December 20, in the course of which it said: "That the Queen should have hesetated in accepting the conditions of President Cleveland, when he offered to restore her Government, has been a surprise to her

said: "That the Queen should have hesetated in accepting the conditions of President Cleveland, when he offered to restore
her Government, has been a surprise to her
supporters. A spirit of revenge has never
been dominant among her true friends.
Her advisers, whoever they may be, deserve
no thanks for their foolish advice."

OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 19.—Minister Thurston was interviewed here yesterday by a
United Press reporter on his way to Washington. Mr. Thurston expressed himself as
well satisfied with the way things were being handled in Hawaii. He was accompanied by American tourists who had been
sojourning in Honolulu. Mr. Thurston said
that the Provisional Government was gaising friends every day and that many of the
natives who had remained neutral up to the
present time in affairs, had taken the oath
of allegiance to the Dole Government.
"There is no possibility of the Queen being
restored," said he, "that matter is settled
for good." He scouted the idea of Canadians taking up the cause of Liliuokalani.

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Willis and his wife were availed by the her dians taking up the cause of Liliuokalani.

Members of the party said that Minister Willis and his wife were avoided by the better element at the Islands. The acquaint-ances were but few and the leading families had ostracised them entirely. "Had the United States Government attempted to land troops and restore the Queen," said one of the party, "there certainly would have been bloodshed, and Liliuokalani would have been shot."

have been shot."
Mr. Thurston was asked: "Is the Queen revengeful?" "She is an old savage with a veneer of civilization," he exclaimed. "Mr. Willis, I believe, has stated that she refuses to grant amnesty."
"Is the Provisional Government a stable

one?" was asked.

"Yes sir, the Government is there to stay until a stronger power drives it out, and there is none at present on the Islands that can do it. There are about 1,500 men in

Mr. Thurston laughed at the idea of the Japanese and Chinese residents of the Islands being a bar to annexation, and say they could be treated the same as those already in this country. The native Hawaiians would be considered eligible to citizenship. He said there was no truth in the rumor that Mr. Willis was about to return to this country on the steamer Corwin. turn to this country on the steamer Corwin. Mr. Thurston thinks that the United States will be the only power that can take possession of the islands without meeting with armed resistance. The desire for annexa-

armed resistance. The desire for annexa-tion, he says, is growing stronger every day:
"While Mr. and Mrs. Willis were un-popularly received in the islands," con-tinued Mr. Thurston, "it is not because he is a representative of the American Government, but because his mission to Hawaii is an unfortunate one, his demand tagonistic to the political views of the people. They are as anxious for annexation to day as ever, but they will not endure seeing the Queen restored. I do not think

ent at Honolulu writes under date of January 12 saying that there is no important change in public affairs. Strong remonstrances have been addressed to Minister Willis. It is privately learned that the constitution is ready to be promulgated at the proper time. Chinese laborers are to be ability to read and write the English language, which will exclude most of the Japanese. In this house the native and half white vote will greatly predominate. For the Upper House will be required in voters a considerable education and property qualification, sufficient to secure a predominance of the intelligent white citizens, who will also control the choice of the Executive. Certain special powers will be conferred upon the Executive and Upper House acting in concert, which will enable them, when well agreed, to prevent the obstruction of necessary legislation by the lower house. Under this constitution the native element will possess legislation by the lower house. Under this constitution the native element will possess all the share in legislation which it has ever done, while the Royal and Executive power will practically be transferred to the control of the more intelligent and capable white population. The Government will not proclaim this constitution until after learning from Minister Thurston that there is no present prospect of any form of political union with the United States. There is no doubt whatever that such a constitution will be hardly approved of by the rank and file of the supporters of the Provisional Government, who will gladly forego, if necessary, some voting privileges in order to secure the results of the revolution for which they have for a year faced so for which they have for a year faced so for which they have for a year faced so much danger together. To make the right

of suffrage unlimited would simply throw away all they have worked for. No constitution in Hawaii has ever been submitted to the vote of the people; but has simply been proclaimed by the executive authority which precedent is likely to be followed in the

precedent is likely to be followed in the next similar case.

In an interview with Kaiulani's guardian, T. H. Davies, he said it was difficult to forecast the future of Hawaii. The Provisional Government cannot possibly go on. It is simply the rule of the mob, answerable only to popular chamor. His desire was for a peaceable compromise between the Queen and President Dole, in which suitable arbitrators should have adjusted a new constitution, reducing the royal power like that of Queen Victoria. But he was made aware that the Provisional Government

New B. C. Post Offices—Curran Bridge Report-Brotherhood of St. Andrew Convention.

(From our own Correspondent.) The Dominion exports for the six months were \$77,500,000, an increase of \$3,250,000. The imports were \$60,750,000, an increase of \$500,000.

The Curran Bridge commissioners handed

in their report to-day.

The Brotherhood of St. Andrew are hold-

The Brotherhood of St. Andrew are holding a successful convention here.

Post offices have been opened at Welcome Pass, Westminster district, and Boundary Greek, Yale district.

Ottawa, Jan. 20.—Great indignation prevails here over the grossly exaggerated dispatch sent to the British press from Winnipeg, respecting the condition of the Manitoba farmers. Hon. T. M. Daly has authorized Sir Charles Tupper to contradict the statement, and has transmitted extracts from the Lieut. Governor's speech at the opening of the Legislature.

It is currently reported that the Governor-General will not disallow the Northwest Public School Act.

A bill consolidating the Steamboat Inspection Act will be introduced in Parliament next session.

CHINESE OUTRAGES.

New York, Jan. 19.—Rev. Dr. Leonard, secretary of the board of managers of the missionary society of the Methodist Episcoof the intention of the Government to restore the Queen. Mr. Willis realises his unpopularity and will probably ask to be recalled if the Government does not do so of its own accord. The restoration of the Queen is an impossibility. The next in line of succession is her niece, Princess Kaulani, and after her, Prince David."

Mr. Thurston left to-night and will proceed direct to Washington.

San Francisco, Jan. 19.—A correspondent at Honolulu writes under date of January 12 saying that there is no important change in public affairs. Strong remonted for the brutal murders of two missionaries of that nationality by an infuriated mob last spring. "The reported terms of this settlement with the Chinese Government for the outrageous murders," said Dr. Leonard to-day, "caused no end of scandal among the foreigners and others in the neighborhood of Shangpu, where the murders were done. It was openly charged that Consul General Boaks had been bribed by Viceroy Chang for the indemnity (\$40,-000) to the families of the murdered men was considered ridiculously small. When he went to Shangpu to compel the ary 12 saying that there is no important change in public affairs. Strong remonstrances have been addressed to Minister Willis. It is privately learned that the constitution is ready to be promulgated at the proper time. Chinese laborers are to be imported until Japan is ready to continue the supply on satisfactory terms. It seems to be definitely ascertained that for several weeks past and prior to Minister Thurston's visit, the Government have been working out a constitution for an independent Hawaiian republic, which is now substantially settled upon. It is somewhat like that of the United States, with a President and Vice-President, with upper and lower houses of the Legislature. For voters for the lower house the chief qualification is ability to read and write the English language, which will exclude most of the men and that the real murderers had been permitted to escape arrest and punishment. They will be beheaded, I have no doubt, whether guilty or not, for the Chinese have no regard for numan life, just to appease the Swedish Government and the matter will

COPYRIGHT AND TARIFF.

TORONTO, Jan. 19.—(Special)—The Em oloying Printers' Association last night passed the following resolution: "This meeting regrets that the Dominion Government has not yet proclaimed the Copyright Act of 1890, as the absence of this proclamation has to a considerable extent caused the failure of nearly all of those engaged in publishing works covered by copyright in Canada, and the further loss of thousands of dollars to printers, bookbinders and paper dealers, which business, through legislation by the United States, has been secured to that country."

The following resolution regasding the tariff was also passed: "That the tariff as at present arranged on certain books, raw material and implements, inasmuch as it is opposed to Canadian and in favor of foreign manufacturers, is detrimental to the beat interests of the printing, bookbinding and publishing trade in Canada." neeting regrets that the Dominion Govern-

ARBITRATION TALK.

Admiral Benham Said to Have Gone to Rio to Secure a Settlement.

Peixoto's Fleet of German Torpedo Boats Has Arrived at Per-

(Copyright 1894 by the United Press.) RIO JANEIRO, Jan. 19.—It is generally anderstood here that Rear Admiral Benharbor, came to Rio on a mission of arbi-

him, will be successful. London, Jan. 19.—The Brazilian legation ere has no information regarding the report that the Brazilian Government and

Castilhists had dislodged the Federals in Quasaha last Monday.

Silveira Martens has issued a statement denying that the Federals lost 400 in the recent slege of Bage. The Federals raised the siege, he says, so that their forces could meet the loyal troops under General Hyppolito. The reports of losses, he declares, emanate from soldiers of the garrison.

From a supporter of the insurgents on shore it is learned that there is a tacit agreement that the line regiments will not be fired on, neither will they return the fire from Saldanha da Gama's ships. Only the national guard will be marked for rifle shots. It is reported that President Peixtoto's fleet of German torpedo boats has arrived at Pernambuco.

oto's fleet of German torpedo boats has arrived at Pernambuco.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—The Brazilian minister to-day heard nothing of the report that it had been agreed to submit the differences between Peixoto and the insurgents to arbitration. He said he had received a cablegram from President Peixoto Wednesday, but no hint was given of such a proposition. The minister thought it highly improbable.

position. The minister thought it highly improbable.

LONDON, Jan. 20.—A dispatch received from Rio Janeiro last evening says President Peixoto has removed the commander of Fort Santa Cruz for allowing two insurgent torpedo boats to re-enter the bay and permitting a quantity of sanitary stores and arms to reach the insurgents. Admiral da Gama re-inforced the garrison on Conceicao Island, and afterwards repulsed a hot Government attack, killing 120 and wounding large numbers. Da Gama has occupied and strongly fortified a position commanding the railway to Petropolis and the Nictheroy gas works. Mercantile circles are alarmed. Bank notes issued by the Empire and believed to have been destroyed have now reappeared.

of \$500,000.

Nearly the whole of the Ottawa lumber cut for next season has been sold within the past few days. The sales aggregate \$4,
The Chymen Reider of the United Press to send the following:

"It is stated by the ingress to the company to of the United Press to send the following:

"It is stated by the insurgents that
Admiral Mello has been deposed from his
position as leader of the forces operating
against the Government, because he failed
to bring troops from the south to aid the
insurgents in the bay in making their proposed land movements. It is added that
Admiral Mello is now on the insurgent warship Republica simply as a private citizen.

19th for Pernambuco on the Italian steamer Las Palmas, for service on the to run for the new Senate. Nictheroy and America. An order has been received by Peixoto's naval squadron in this harbor to sail for Paranaguay. Saldanha da Gama received from Europe on Thursday two torpedo beats and a steamer loaded with ammunition and arms. Yesterday the Aquidaban left the harbor again, bound for seeing the Queen restored. I do not think there is any question, however, but what the United States marines would have been fired upon had they attempted a landing after the announcement of Mr. Willis, of the intention of the Government to restore the Queen. Mr. Willis realises his unpopularity and will probably ask to be recalled if the Government does not do so of its own accord. The restoration of the Queen is an impossibility. The next in line of succession is her niece, Princess Kaiulani, and after her, Prince David."

Mr. Thurston left to-night and will proceed direct to Washington.

San Francisco, Jan. 19.—A correspondent at Honolulu writes under date of January society of the Methodist Episco-pal Aduidaban left the harbor again, bound for Santos. The Republica is said to be stationed now outside the harbor entrance, scanning every ship which enters or leavesit. It is rumored serious differences exist between the Brazilian Minister to Urugusy, Menterroa, and Admiral General Vez, who commands the Brazilian squadron here. Federal sympathizers here deny the reports of the recent victory of Castilhistas in Rio Grande do Sul. They say the siege of Bage of San Francisco, Jan. 19.—A correspondent at Honolulu writes under date of January society of the Methodist Episco.

Mr. Willis, Advidaban left the harbor again, bound for Santos. The Republica is said to be stationed now outside the harbor dationed now outside the harbor again, bound for Santos. The Republica is said to be stationed now outside the harbor again, bound for Santos. The Republica is said to be stationed now outside the harbor again, bound for Santos. The Republica is said to be stationed now outside the harbor again, bound for Santos. The Republica is said to be stationed now outside the harbor again, bound for Santos. The Republica is said to be stationed now outside the harbor again, bound for Santos. The Republica is said to be stationed now outside the harbor again, bound for Santos. The Republica is said to be stationed now outside the har

ITALIAN ANARCHISTS. Romo, Jan. 19.—The Alpine troops who were ordered to Carrara have arrived here. These troops are accustomed to operations in the mountains and their services will be invaluable in dealing with the band of anarchists who have sought refuge in the mountains about Carrara and Massa di Carmountains about Carrara and Massa di Carrara. All the mountain passes are now gnarded, and it is evidently the intention of the military authorities to starve the anarchists out. The passage of food or provisions of any kind into the mountains is prohibited. Gattoni, the anarchist leader, was captured last night. On the whole the situation is now better. A large number of the workingmen who have joined the anarchists through fear of them, and who had to quit work when told to do so, have gone back to their employment, knowing gone back to their employment, knowing that they will be protected by the police.

ALMOST BURIED ALIVE.

London, Jan. 19.—Hundreds of persons gathered in the cemetery at Burton-on-Trent to-day to attend the funeral of Town Councillor Charles Wileman. When the memoillor Charles Wileman. When the members of the family were about to take a last look at Wileman's face before the coffin lid should be acrewed down, two persons said said they saw signs of life. Physicians who were summoned pronounced Mr. Wileman alive. The funeral service was suspended and the crowd was dismissed. Mr. Wileman was taken from the coffin and is now under medical treatment. nder medical treatment.

THE U. S. S. "MARION."

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 .- The old warship Washington, Jan. 20.—The old warship be Marion, whose days of usefulness have userly ended, has been ordered home from Asiatic waters, where she has been for some time. This afternoon, Secretary Herbert cabled Admiral Skerret to send the Marion to the United States as soon as possible. The Marion is at Yokohams and will sail across the Pacific to Mare Island, California, where she will go out of commission.

FIRST ANNIVERSARY.

Abolition of Hawaiian Monarchy to Be Celebrated-Increase in Treasury Balances.

Steven's Message Before U. S. Senate Committee-Denies He Promised to Land Toops.

San Francisco, Jan. 20 .- Private advices received from Honolulu say that the understood here that Rear Admiral Ben-ham, commander of the U.S. fleet in the President Dole and Minister Willis. As to harbor, came to Rio on a mission of arbitation. There are many indications that Willis' last letter made complaint of the such a mission, if earnestly undertaken by allegation as offensive and disparaging to his Government, and demanded specifications and evidence. To this the President responded that there will be an extended port that the Brazilian Government and the insurgents are about to submit their differences to arbitration.

Montevideo, Jan. 19.—The Brazilian minister to Uruguay has received a message signed "D'Artagnan," reporting that the Castilhistas had dislodged the Federals in Quasaha last Monday.

Silveira Martens has issued a statement denying that the Federals lost 400 in the recent siege of Bage. The Federals raised the siege, he says, so that their forces could meet the loyal troops under General Hyppolito. The reports of losees, he declares, emanate from soldiers of the garrison.

From a supporter of the insurgents on shore it is learned that there is a taoit agreement that the line regiments will not be forced to a sith a sail of the community and the Government were systematically caused to believe, especially after the arrival of the Corwin, that the Minister was about to land the naval forces to restore the Queen. His repeated refusal to say anything to remove this belief increased the uncertainty. President Dole recounts the evils of this distressing state of anxiety and alarm, and injury to business and to the credit and authority of the Government. The correspondence will probably soon be given to the Honolulu public. The comming 17th of January is the first anniversary of the abolition of the Hawaiian monarchy. There was a strong movement to have it declared a Government boliday, which the planters oppose as interfering statement, reciting all the ways in which

to have it declared a Government holiday, which the planters oppose as interfering with their labor in the busy season. The military quartered in the Judiciary building are preparing it for an illumination by Japanese lanterns. The coincidence has been discovered that precisely a century ago in 1793 Louis XVL of France was condemned to the guillating. The Gayaramant ultimate.

1793 Louis XVI. of France was condemned to the guillotine. The Government ultimatety ordered the 17th to be a holiday.

In an interview yesterday with one of the foremost men in Hawaii, he said in substance, "The bulldozing by the United States is infamous. It is time for us to assert ourselves. Pearl harbor is ours and is the great and coveted prize of the Pacific. Let us give the United States the required year's notice to end the treaty and enter negotiation with England to lease Pearl harbor for ninety-nine years. If, in the meantime, the American Government prove disposed to meet us resonably, we shall prefer political union with them, if not, let us go to England and make her the mistress of the North Pacific. It is time for us to assert our man-

land and make her the mistress of the North Pacific. It is time for us to assert our manhood and put an end to this insolence."

The planters have asked the Government for permission to introduce a limited number of Chinese laborers. The Council voted yesterday to grant their request. The reasons given by the planters are that further shipments from Japan are likely to be postponed until certain questions are settled between the two governments, and that Japanese alone on large estates are likely to become exacting and quarrelsome. During 1894 and 1895 about 9,000 labor contracts will expire and their places need to be supplied. During the past week the available cash balance in the treasury has increased from \$227,095 54

their places need to be supplied. During the past week the available cash balance in the treasury has increased from \$227,995 54 to \$278,879 18. This increase was mainly due to the receipt of taxes of \$36,000, from the sales of bonds \$5,000, the first bonds sold since the Corwin week of terror.

Walter G. Smith, of the Star, continues to be earnestly pushed by the annerationists to fill the next vacancy in the advisory council. His epponents have secured a vote of the directors of the Star company, disapproving of his candidacy, as likely to interfere with his editorial usefulness. The Annexation club is the name of a representative body supporting the Government, and its recommendation will carry great weight. Smith is personally popular. J. B. Atherton is put forward by the sugar interests, who feel themselves too little represented in the council. Should the new constitution soon be proclaimed, Mr. Smith may prefer

The Bulletin (Royalist) forcibly repreends the Advertise tacking Mr. Theo. H. Davies with a quantacking Mr. Theo. H. Davies with a quantity of coarse ridicule and sarcasm on account of an open letter to the editor of the Friend, in which he censures the latter for maligning him behind his back in the columns of the New York Independent three months ago. Mr. Davies betrayed an irritation not usual with him. By a tone of moral superiority he probably provokes rougher treatment than he would otherwise receive.

The Advertiser to-day wrote word for Mr. Willis" in a strain of covert sarcasm on account of his recent course. "a good The matter of the removal from office of The matter of the removal from office of known Royalists is still a live issue. Attorney-General Smith, who has always expressed to the Advisory Council the views of the Executive body on removals from office, said this morning: "We have quite a quantity of evidence touching many cases. Nothing has as yet been finally decided upon." It is expected there will be developments during the week. The cause of the recent delay has been the illness of President Dole. According to a correspondent in Harecent delay has been the illness of President Dole. According to a correspondent in Hamakua some of the office holders of that distict have lately been holding a feast in honor of the anticipated return of Lilliuckalani to the throne. This feast, it is alleged, was held on the very day when these loyal servants of the Provisional Government supposed the restoration to be actually in process of accomplishment. These facts have been brought to the notice of the authorities, and they will probably be investigated at once.

A number of young men are seriously considering the project of engaging in a cooperative sealing expedition. It is proposed to charter one of the several available schooners in port, get an outfit from local houses and descend upon the Japanese

The steamer Australia sailed for Honolulu this afternoon, carrying it is stated, further instructions to Minister Willis. The vessel took down no passengers of promin-

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—There has bee

be used in her behalf. With regard to the witness's reply to the request of the committee of safety to land troops, which could not be found on file, Mr. Stevens said there was no reply, and that he intended to land the troops anyhow. He declared that Mr. Blount's statement that he (Stevens) had promised to assist the committee by landing troops was false.

promised to assist the committee by landing troops was false.

Mr. Stevens also denied the statement in Mr. Blount's report, that he (Stevens) had previously refused the request of the Provisional Government for the landing of an armed force for drilling purposes, adding that such request was never made. Mr. Stevens went through Mr Blount's report quite thoroughly, making remarks here and there.

there.
It was said by Mr. Stevens that the It was said by Mr. Stevens that the British minister was favorable to the deposition of the Queen, but was equally desirous that Kaiulani should succeed her. The methods used in disseminating this idea among the people and the part played by the British minister are said to have been interesting features in the acideac given by the British minister are said to have been interesting features in the evidence given by Mr. Stevens, who said with regard to the character of the Queen and Court that if all reports were true it was very immoral; he also gave in detail events leading to the revolution.

revolution.

The President to-day laid before Congress another batch of Hawaiian correspondence, which includes the spicy correspondence between Minister Willis and President Dole, tween Minister Willis and President Dole, in which the latter reproaches the Minister with his unfriendly course, and being asked afterwards by Mr. Willis to withdraw these imputations, declines to withdraw any of the letters. Then Mr. Willis wrote back asking specifications, and he says: Up to this hour (Friday, January 5) no reply had been received to this request, nor have I any intimation when one may be expected. My request for specification has been in the hands of the Minister of Foreign Affairs since Monday, January I, at 6 o'clock, and I hoped to receive it in time to answer by the steamer Peking, leaving to-day at 2 o'clock, especially as Messrs. Thurston and Hatch, late Vice-President of the Provisional Government, leave to-morrow on visional Government, leave to-morrow on the Australia for the United States. This delay in answering is the cause of a great deal of surprise and regret.

CABLE LETTER.

Confidence Shattered in the Financial Policy of the India Council.

More About the Eastern Question-Anarchists in Italy-Methods of the Organization.

(Copyright to the United Press, 1894.) LONDON, Jan. 20 .- The departure of the india Council to-day from the maintenance of the minimum of fifteen pence, farthing for council bills has shattered all confidence in its financial policy. No course seems now open to the Government except to confess that closing the Indian mints to free coinage was an error. The Statist in disnesing the situation prior to to-day's announcement, says: "India has for more than six months done without council drafts. If this goes on, the Government will become bankrupt. If the council can neither borrow nor sell drafts, how are its engage-ments to be met? The Government ought to immediately recognize the mistake and

with Russia as to the boundary of the Pamirs have resulted in an arrangement to which the Ameer of Afghanistan has consented. All parties to the arrangement are satisfied that the State of Jakhan, which the dispute concerned, has been left to the protection of the Ameer. Russia has now settled with China the dispute as to boundary in the same region. It is reported that Lord Rosebery, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, has obtained the sanction of China to propose to France a convention in which Siam's integrity shall be declared invincible, and shall be placed under the protection of France, Great Britain and China. This proposal for France's declaration that she will not follow an aggressive policy in Asia.

ANARCHISM AND ITS METHODS.

ANARCHISM AND ITS METHODS.

Caracra, Massa di Cararra and the surrounding country were, according to a dis-patch from Rome, fairly tranquil yesterday. Occasionally a black flag was visible in the mountains, and a few gun shots were heard. The bands of fugitive anarchists were sup-The bands of fugitive anarchists were supposed to be exchanging signals concerning the movements of the troops. The Alpine troops penetrated some of the wildest parts of the mountains, but encountered no anarchists. The police have gained considerable information since Wednesday as to anarchist organization and methods. Apparently there is perfect subordination in their ranks. Impliet blind obedience is required from all. The chiefs of the groups have far reaching powers. Every member is required to pay sixty centimes weekly to the organization. The money is used to relieve anarchists fleeing from the officers of justice and to buy weapons. The police have seized many copies of the Manual of Anarchism.

alty fight being between Hon. James Mc-Shane and J. O. Villeneuve, M.P.P. This issue is the claim made that it is the turn of the French to have the mayoralty. Out of twenty-six aldermen, nine were elected by acclamation.

The robbing between Hon. James Mc-Shane and J. O. Villeneuve, M.P.P. This issue is the claim made that it is the turn of the French to have the mayoralty. Out of twenty-six aldermen, nine were elected by acclamation.

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The robbing of jewelry stores seems to be an epidemic. The third instance occurred last night when the plate glass window of Lavigne's store, upper St. Law-rence main street, was smashed with a sleigh bolt and \$400 worth of the contents of the window carried off.

La Minerve, in connection with Papineau's change of creed, makes a bitter attack upon Rev. Dr. Chiniquy, the ex-priest, in whose life, it says, it can only find one meritorious action—his work on behalf of Temperance.

WRECKED SAILORS RESCUED.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 20.—Advices received by the Monowai report the arrival at Washington, Jan. 20.—There has been much speculation as to the contents of the message from Minister Stevens to the State department, withheld by the President on the ground of public policy. It is understand the committee, and that it related to the attitude of the English minister, Major Wodehouse, in connection with affairs in the Hawaiian Islands, and his relations with the exception of the Radicals and second mates, took to the rigging the corn, with the excent man deck, and when the vessel went ashore in a dense fog, but settled so quickly that the court of the deposed Queen. Mr. Wodehouse's son is the husband of a half sister of Princess Kaiulani, who is heir apparent of the Hawaiian throne. Mr. Stevens said he never heard of an authority equal to that of Commissioner Blount in the matter of commanding the naval officer on any at Honolulu.

He defended his own acts by quoting in justification the instructions issued by Secondard with the matter of commanding the naval officer on any at Honolulu.

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He defended his own acts by quoting in justification the instructions issued by Secondard with the proposed Queen deven bours in the boat, the survivors landed on Antipodes Island. When the vessel went down with the action the instructions issued by Secondard with the court of the Guilch Proposed Queen did not take the boat, the survivors landed the troops simply to protect propose ty; even the deposed Queen did not take the proposed Queen deven do Dunedin, on December 4, of the survivors of

THE FATHERLAND.

Lively Debate on Tariff Matters-The Wine, Tobacco and Bourse Proposals.

Another Silver Conference Not Unlikely to Be Called-Foreign Silver Privately Minted.

(Copyright 1894, by the United Press.)

Berlin, Jan. 20. - In his speech made in the Reichstag to-day Dr. Mattnacht, prime minister of Wurtemburg, pointed out that Wurtemburg had not only reserved the right to prevent the imposition of a tax on wine, but the kingdom would strenuously oppose the wine tax. This declaration was more than a denunciation of the measure. It was infused with a spirit of animosity against Chancellor von Caprivi, such as might be expected from a statesman who has long been known as ready to stick at nothing to obtain the overthrow of the

The closing scenes of the debate developed the tactics which Dr. Mittnacht's declaration initiated. It was designed to claration initiated. It was designed to draw the chancellor into a damaging discussion, either in refuting or explaining Dr. Mittnacht's statements to Prussia's promise to Wurtemburg, in 1870, never to impose a tax upon wine for imperial purposes.

Herr von Kardoff, a member of the Reichstag, moved that the House adjourn to give the Chancellor an opportunity to make an

stag, moved that the House adjourn to give the Chancellor an opportunity to make an explanation. He professed to sympathize with the declarations of Dr. Mittnacht, which, he said, threw a pitiful light on the discords prevailing in the Bundesrath. No member of the House, according to Herr Kardoff, could think of closing the discussion and sanding the bill to committee united. Rardoff, could think of closing the discussion and sending the bill to committee until the Government was given a chance to vindicate itself against the charges made by Herr Payer, that it had violated the rights secured to Wurtemburg under the consti-

Herr Rickert said that the House should adjourn in order to give the Government time to determine upon withdrawing the

measure.

Herren Ensinger and Greeler declared that the bill ought to be defeated without any delay. Dr. Mittnacht's defence of the constitutional right of Wurtemburg ought, they said, to satisfy the House that the measure should never have been proposed.

Herr Richter said he was willing to adjourn if the Government desired times. ourn if the Government desired time to

journ if the Government desired time to make explanations.

Count Rosadowsky, imperial secretary of the treasury, who had been consulting his colleagues, doclared that the Government saw no reason for the house to adjourn. The bill, he added, had the approval of the Bundesrath, and it was a material feature of the Government's taxation proposals. of the Government's taxation proposals.

The measure ought to be sent to a com-

Dr. Mittnacht interposed that he had made his statements with the chancellor's previous knowledge that he was to make

previous knowledge that he was to make them.

Finally the House, by a great majority, sent the bill to the general committee, which is now considering the tobacce and bourse taxation proposals. The Opposition have named this committee the "Burial committee," desiring to imply that though the Reichsteg in plenary sitting decline to reject the Government's schemes, the committee will not allow them to re-appear in any form that will be acceptable to the ministers.

Herr Von Heyden's announcement in the

to immediately recognize the mistake and not allow shame to prevent its retracting its mistake." An inkling of the Council's decision was obviously known to some operators in the city yesterday, as rupee paper relapsed one half. There was a similar fall to-day. City opinion is distinctly unfavorable to the Council's step as adding confusion to the already perplexed trade relations with India, and as not likely to prevent the eventual reversal of the Council's mintage ediot.

RUSSIA IN THE EAST.

The negotiations of the Foreign Office with Russia as to the boundary of the Pamirs have resulted in an arrangement last very Changellor you Canriyi combatted minted privately in Germany.

MONTREAL MATTERS.

MONTREAL, Jan. 20.—(Special)—The civic nominations were held to-day, the mayoralty fight being between Hon. James Mc-

CRISIS IN SERVIA.

London, Jan. 20.-The Vienna correspondent of the Daily News says: "The