

No country could resist an evolving nationalism any more than Canada could. We must recognize these forces which animate the leaders of the present in that particular area. These powerful tendencies may not always manifest themselves in a way that we would welcome, but we must accept the fact that they will continue to animate the new leaders who have arisen, and will therefore inevitably dominate the Middle East scene for some time to come. We cannot, of course, oppose this evolutionary process of change but there is an international responsibility to see that if change comes, it comes peacefully, with the consent of those concerned and without menace to the security of others.

Yet if we are justified, as I am sure we are, in our efforts to ensure that change is peaceful, we must recognize for our part that one of the chief causes of instability in the area as a whole has been a profound lack of confidence of each country in its neighbours, and a mutual lack of confidence between the countries of the area and those lying outside of it. Western countries may be able to help in establishing a basis on which that confidence can grow, though this will require restraint, patience, impartiality and a willingness to approach the countries of the area on a footing of equality and respect. It may be that, as in other areas, the United Nations can offer the best medium through which adjustment to the new order of relationships can take place; for this adjustment must be accomplished without sacrifice of principle and without too close involvement in the regional tensions which political, economic and social forces still at work in the area are bound to engender.

Canada's own policy continues, as in the past, to be one of firm support of United Nations institutions in the area. We were, for example, one of the main contributors to UNOGIL - that is, the United Nations Observation Group in Lebanon - and Canadian officers continue to serve with the United Nations Truce Supervision Organization in Palestine. Support for Palestine relief and rehabilitation is also to be maintained this year, subject to Parliamentary approval, at our annual rate of \$500,000. Finally, we can derive great satisfaction from the contribution that Canada continues to make to the United Nations Emergency Force in the form of a large Canadian contingent. It is, I think, a remarkable tribute to the success of this unique United Nations peace-keeping activity that the Secretary-General was able to refer in his 1958 report on UNEF's activities to the "virtually unbroken quiet" which had prevailed "along the entire line between Egypt and Israel" during the period covered by the report.

Mention of the Secretary-General prompts me to pay once again the highest tribute to the selfless and tireless personal contribution that Dag Hammarskjold has made to the cause of peace throughout the world, and nowhere more successfully than in the Middle East.