- 7. No internal quantitative regulation relating to the mixture, processing or use of products in specified amounts or proportions shall be applied in such a manner as to allocate any such amount or proportion among external sources of supply.
- 8. (a) The provisions of this Article shall not apply to laws, regulations of requirements governing the procurement by governmental agencies of production purchased for governmental purposes and not with a view to commercial resale of with a view to use in the production of goods for commercial sale.
- (b) The provisions of this Article shall not prevent the payment of subsidies exclusively to domestic producers, including payments to domestic producers derived from the proceeds of internal taxes or charges applied consistently with the provisions of this Article and subsidies effected through governmental purchases of domestic products.
- 9. The contracting parties recognize that internal maximum price control measures, even though conforming to the other provisions of this Article, can have effects prejudicial to the interests of contracting parties supplying imported products. Accordingly, contracting parties applying such measures shall take account of the interests of exporting contracting parties with a view to avoiding to the fullest practicable extent such prejudicial effects.
- 10. The provisions of this Article shall not prevent any contracting parts from establishing or maintaining internal quantitative regulations relating exposed cinematograph films and meeting the requirements of Article IV.

ARTICLE IV

Special Provisions Relating to Cinematograph Films

If any contracting party establishes or maintains internal quantitative regularions relating to exposed cinematograph films, such regulations shall take the form of screen quotas which shall conform to the following requirements:

- (a) screen quotas may require the exhibition of einematograph films national origin during a specified minimum proportion of the total screen the actually utilized, over a specified period of not less than one year, in commercial exhibition of all films of whatever origin, and shall be computed the basis of screen time per theatre per year or the equivalent thereof;
- (b) with the exception of screen time reserved for films of national origin under a screen quota, screen time including that released by administrative action from screen time reserved for films of national origin, shall not be allocated formally or in effect among sources of supply;
- (c) notwithstanding the provisions of sub-paragraph (b) of this Article any contracting party may maintain screen quotas conforming to the requirements of sub-paragraph (a) of this Article which reserve a minimum proportion of screen time for films of a specified origin other than that of the contracting party imposing such screen quotas; Provided that no such minimum proportion of screen time shall be increased above the level in effect on April 10, 1947;
- (d) screen quotas shall be subject to negotiation for their limitation, liberalization or elimination.