

2. The immunities granted by this Article shall apply to the items referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article:

- (a) introduced into the territory of one Contracting Party by or on behalf of the designated airline of the other Contracting Party;
- (b) retained on board aircraft of the designated airline of one Contracting Party upon arriving in or leaving the territory of the other Contracting Party;
- (c) taken on board aircraft of the designated airline or airlines of one Contracting Party in the territory of the other Contracting Party and intended for use in operating the agreed services;

whether or not such items are used or consumed wholly within the territory of the Contracting Party granting the immunity, provided such items are not alienated in the territory of the said Contracting Party.

## ARTICLE XII

1. The tariffs on any agreed service shall be established at reasonable levels, due regard being paid to all relevant factors including cost of operation, reasonable profit, characteristics of service (such as standards of speed and accommodation) and, where it is deemed suitable, the tariffs of other airlines for any part of the specified route. These tariffs shall be fixed in accordance with the following provisions of this Article.

2. The tariffs referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article shall be agreed upon between the designated airlines of the Contracting Parties; such agreement shall be reached, whenever possible, through the rate-fixing procedures established by the international body which formulates proposals in this matter or, if this is not possible, the designated airlines shall in their consultations take into account any such tariffs so established.

3. The tariffs so agreed shall be submitted to the aeronautical authorities of the Contracting Parties at least forty-five (45) days before the proposed date of their introduction; in special cases, a shorter period may be accepted by the aeronautical authorities. If within thirty (30) days from the date of submission the aeronautical authorities of one Contracting Party have not notified the aeronautical authorities of the other Contracting Party that they are dissatisfied with the tariff submitted to them, such tariff shall be considered to be acceptable and shall come into effect on the expiration of the forty-five (45) day period mentioned above. In the event that a shorter period for the submission of a tariff is accepted by the aeronautical authorities, they may also agree that the period for giving notice of dissatisfaction be less than thirty (30) days.

4. If a tariff cannot be established in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 2 above, or, if during the period applicable in accordance with paragraph 3 above a notice of dissatisfaction has been given, the aeronautical authorities of the Contracting Parties shall endeavour to determine the tariff by agreement between themselves.