

power he is said to be resolute in his determination to consider more and more the farming interests as he has those of the manufacturer and the working man.

THE importance of the visit of the British farmer delegates last fall upon the emigration of agriculturists to this country cannot be over-estimated. Their published reports have already done signal service in this direction and will prove of lasting benefit to the Dominion as they are full of her praises as a field for settlement. One of the most interesting reports is that of Mr. Wood, of Halewood, Lancashire, who is lavish in his praise of our Experimental Farms. In dealing with this subject he says: "At Ottawa we had the opportunity of inspecting the Central Experimental Farm, of enquiring fully into its management and aims, and of examining the work being accomplished under Prof. Saunders' scientific and practical guidance. Words are incapable of expressing my appreciation of the extreme importance to the agriculturist and the Dominion generally of the experiments and trials in every branch of husbandry there in progress, and of the exceeding carefulness with which all records are kept, to render the information published annually by the Department of Agriculture, thoroughly reliable. To no other country in the world can an Englishman emigrate and find the same deep interest taken by the Government in the welfare of the settlers; indeed it is difficult to conceive that anything more could be done to render them greater assistance. The establishment of the remaining government farms and the selection of the sites at Brandon for Manitoba, Indian Head for the North West Territories, and at Agassiz for British Columbia, each of which I visited, reflect the highest credit on all concerned; whilst the intelligent support Prof. Saunders receives in the seconding of his endeavors by the respective managers of those farms leaves nothing to be desired. I much regret I had not an opportunity of visiting the farm at Nappan, Nova Scotia, established for the maritime provinces. That in Canada, and especially in some districts, there are serious drawbacks—chiefly climatic—to be combatted, no one can deny. It is then of the utmost importance that an exact knowledge of the varieties of grains, fruits, fodder, plants, vegetables, and trees suitable for each locality should be gained, and this and other information relative to stock, etc., is what is sought to be obtained and disseminated from these establishments. Not the least agreeable feature connected with my visit to the Central farm was the entire absence of red tape and officialism. To mention all the branches working advantageously in the farmer's interest would occupy too much space." He, however, enumerates a few of the more important. Another of the delegates in his report sums up as follows: "The farmer who has made up his mind to leave his native land to seek a home on Canadian soil, will find in either Manitoba or the old provinces plenty of scope for his energies. He will have the advantage of being nearer England than in any of her other colonies, and will go to a land of immense mineral, as well as agricultural, resources yet to be developed; a land that has a great future before it."

The Horse Show.

No previous Horse Show in Toronto attracted so much attention or received so liberal patronage as the one held on the 11th and 12th March last. All the leading breeders and importers were present and there was a large gathering of farmers who took great interest in comparing the merits of the different breeds exhibited. This year the Agriculture and Arts Association decided upon adding the thoroughbred and roadster classes to the Clydesdales which proved to be a very wise and popular change. The first day was occupied in the judging of the thoroughbreds, roadsters and Shire stallions. While the exhibit of the e classes was not so good as it might have been, it was not so bad for a beginning, some splendid animals competing. The second day was devoted wholly to the Clydesdale classes. It was admitted by all present, not ex-

cluding the judges, that the exhibit as a whole was one of the finest—if not the finest—ever seen in Canada, the judges expressing the opinion that the exhibits in each class were almost too good to discriminate between. The condition of the animals was superb and the judges thought that all but two of the twenty nine entries in the aged class merited prizes. The editor of the *Farmers' Review*, Chicago, was present and was enthusiastic in his praise of the show. The only unfavorable feature of the exhibition was the limited space, the drill shed being totally unsuited for the purpose, and it was the general feeling that strong efforts should be made to have a more suitable place before next year's show comes round. On the first day Mr. E. F. Charlton, of Duncrief, one of the judges received a nasty kick from one of the horses on the back near the shoulder blade. Much credit is due to Mr. Henry Wade, the energetic secretary, for the success which attended the exhibition. Following is the Prize List:

FIRST DAY.

Shires foaled previous to January 1, 1888, one entry—1, S. Hisey & Son, Creemore, King Tom (imp.).
Shires foaled in 1888, one entry—1, David B. Birrell, York Mills, Ont., Sizergh Tom (imp.).
Shires foaled subsequent to January 1, 1889, one entry—2, David B. Birrell, York Mills, Ont., C. A. (imp.). First withheld.
Percherons of any age, one entry—1, Mossom Boyd & Co., Bobcaygeon, Clovis (imp.).
Hackney of any age, three entries—1, Geo. H. Hastings, Toronto, Young Nobleman (imp.).
Carriage or coach, foaled previous to January 1, 1888, six entries—1, Isaac Hisey, Creemore, Ont., Wild Harry, (imp.); 2, William Shields, Toronto, Barnaby (imp.); 3, Robert Watson, Jr., Varney, Ont., Vidette; 4, W. C. Brown, Meadowvale, Ont., King Fairfield; highly commended, Perry & Young, Bowmanville, Ont., Royal Sprague; commended, W. H. Hutchinson, Toronto, Ont., Igmantorppe Monarch.
Carriage or coach, foaled subsequent to January 1, 1889, three entries, one shown—3, Orlan R. Hall, Bowmanville, Joe Brown; first and second withheld.
Thoroughbred, foaled previous to January 1, 1888, 10 entries—1, A. B. Tisdale, Brantford, Mikado (imp.); 2, F. A. Campbell, V.S., Toronto, Billette; 3, John Gilkinson, Orangeville, Auitrino (imp.); 4, J. Noble & Co., Owen Sound, Gascon; highly commended, C. E. Morrison, Toronto, Old Ireland; commended, George Pepper, Toronto, Salvator.
Thoroughbred, foaled subsequent to January 1, 1888, three entries—1, John Gilkinson, Orangeville, Faughaballagh (imp.); 2, Thomas Meagher, Doncaster, Gamble Orr (imp.).
Roadsters foaled previous to January 1, 1888—1, S. B. Klaiser, Edmonton, Cyclone; 2, H. G. Charlesworth, Toronto, Dr. Layton; 3, H. G. Charlesworth, Toronto, Honest Wilkes; 4, D. Ferguson & Bros., London, Mooredlight; highly commended, J. A. Proctor, Beaverton, Julius Caesar.
Roadsters foaled subsequent to January 1, 1888—1, David J. Adams, Port Perry, Duke of York; 2, George Arnold, Sutton West, Wild Rose.
Sweepstakes, Shires—1, King Tom; 2, Sizergh Tom. Carriage and coach—Wild Harry. Thoroughbreds—Billette.

SECOND DAY.

Clydesdale stallions, foaled previous to January 1, 1888, 20 entries—1, Graham Bros., Claremont, Macneillage, (imp.); 2, R. Beith & Co., Bowmanville, Sir Walter, (imp.); 3, Robert Millar, Jr., Brougham, Sir Edward, (imp.); 4, Graham Bros., Claremont, Mackechnie, (imp.); highly commended, R. Beith & Co., Bowmanville, Eastfield Laddie, (imp.); highly commended, T. W. Evans, Yelverton, Royal Salute, (imp.); commended, R. Beith & Co., Bowmanville, Renfrew Gallant, (imp.).
Clydesdale stallions, foaled in 1888, 16 entries—1, John Davidson, Ashburn, Lewie Gordon (imp.); 2, Graham Bros., Claremont, Energy (imp.); 3, Graham Bros., Claremont, Crosby Gallant (imp.); 4, Graham Bros., Claremont, Crosby Chief (imp.); very highly commended, T. W. Evans, Yelverton, Rustic Lad (imp.); highly commended, Graham Bros., Claremont, Fashion's A. (imp.); commended, Graham Bros., Claremont, Arbitrator (imp.).
Clydesdale stallions, foaled subsequent to January 1, 1889, six entries—1, D. & O. Sorby, Guelph, Balgrogan Hero (imp.); 2, Alexander Russell, Unionville, Druid's Heir (imp.); 3, D. & O. Sorby, Guelph, Prince of Eyre; 4, Graham Bros., Claremont, Tinto (imp.); very highly commended, D. & O. Sorby, Guelph, MacNab's Heir (imp.).
Canadian bred Clydesdale stallions, foaled in 1888, six entries—1, Barrett Bros., Manchester, McGinty; 2, George Davidson & Sons, Cherrywood, Knight of Cherrywood; 3, William Crawford, Brown's Corners, Success; 4, William Cox, Dollar, Pride of Markham; highly commended, John McPherson, Brougham, Brougham Boy; commended, David Atcherson, St. Mary's, Norman MacLeod II.
Canadian bred Clydesdale stallions foaled previous to January 1, 1889, 10 entries—1, P. Kelley, Jr., Brechin, Pride of Dollar; 2, John and James Boag, Ravenshoe, Ben Bolt; 3, John McPherson, Brougham, Annan Boy; 4, Ralph Richardson, Peterboro', Telephone; commended, Ed. Barker, Thornhill, Topman.
Canadian bred Clydesdale stallions, foaled subsequent to January 1, 1889, three entries—1, George Davidson & Sons, Cherrywood, Marmion's Heir; 2, George Jackson & Son, Downsview, Bell Boy; 3, John Bone, Edgeley, Brisbane's Heir.
Clydesdale sweepstakes, three entries—1, Graham Bros., Claremont, Macneillage (imp.); 2, John Davidson, Ashburn, Lewie Gordon (imp.); 3, Graham Bros., Claremont, Tinto (imp.).



- 1st.—Death of Rev. T. W. Jeffery, the popular Methodist preacher at Toronto. . . . Queen Street Baptist chapel, St. Catharines, Ont., destroyed by fire; loss \$12,500.
- 2nd.—Statue of John Wesley, unveiled in London, England, on the hundredth anniversary of his death. . . . Exodus of Mormons from Utah to Mexico reported to be quietly taking place.
- 3rd.—Mr. Porter, Reform, elected M.P.P. for North Bruce.
- 4th.—Close of the Fifty first United States Congress. . . . Death of Rev. K. L. Jones, Professor of English in the Royal Military College, Kingston, Ont. . . . Australian Federation convention meet in Sydney, N.S.W.
- 5th.—Dominion elections; the Conservatives returned to power.
- 6th.—Official proclamation of the accession of King Alexander I. to the throne of Servia.
- 7th.—Two brothers, John and Alex. Lester, struck by a train and instantly killed, while walking on the track near Marysville, Ont. . . . Methodist Episcopal Conference of Philadelphia, by a vote of 120 to 98 decide against admitting women delegates to the Electoral and General conferences of the church.
- 8th.—Death of James Carrell, editor and proprietor of the *Daily Telegraph* Quebec. . . . Hies Brothers' furniture factory, Listowel, Ont., burned to the ground by incendiaries; loss about \$50,000.
- 9th.—Worst snowstorm of the season sweeps over the United Kingdom, interrupting traffic and causing great damage to property and loss of life. . . . Block of four houses on Maple Avenue, Quebec, destroyed by fire; loss \$25,000.
- 10th.—After four week's adjournment the Ontario Legislature resumes its sessions. . . . The Behring Sea negotiations between Great Britain and the United States take a hopeful turn.
- 11th.—Death of John Lesperance, poet and author, at Montreal. . . . Fire at Thorold, Ont.; loss \$15,000.
- 12th.—Opening of the Manitoba Legislature and the New Brunswick Legislature.
- 13th.—Premier Mercier of Quebec, leaves for Europe to negotiate for another loan. . . . Earthquake shock experienced in the neighbourhood of Newburgh, N.Y.
- 14th.—Lynching party, numbering three thousand, break into the New Orleans gaol and shoot down eleven Italians, members of the Mafia, who were acquitted by the jury the previous day for the murder of Chief of Police Hennessy. . . . Death of Dr. Windthorst, leader of the Catholic party in Germany. . . . Two fires in Syracuse, N.Y., destroy property valued at over \$2,000,000.
- 16th.—Knox Presbyterian Church, St. Mary's Ont., destroyed by fire; loss \$15,000. . . . Over ten thousand cases of la grippe reported in Minneapolis, Minn.
- 17th.—British steamship Utopia, from Italian ports bound to New York with emigrants wrecked in Gibraltar bay by colliding with the ram of the British warship Anson, and 562 persons drowned. . . . Death of Prince Jerome Napoleon, "Plon-Plon," at Rome.
- 18th.—Dominion Parliament called together for April 20th.
- 19th.—Seeding commenced in the vicinity of Calgary, N.W.T.
- 20th.—Death of John M. Young, one of the oldest members of the Montreal Corn Exchange.
- 21st.—Germany excited over a formal treaty being concluded between France and Russia.
- 23rd.—Mr. Scriver, Liberal, elected M.P. for Huntingdon, Que. . . . Kooh's lymph declared a failure by the doctors of the Montreal general hospital. . . . James Kane, of Belleville, Ont., an old man kills his wife.
- 24th.—Thousands of people suffering from la grippe in Pittsburg, Pa. . . . Death of Rev. Wm. Morton, a well-known Methodist Minister, at Hamilton, Ont.
- 25th.—Floods in Belleville, Ont., cause loss to the extent of \$25,000. . . . Coroner's jury at Strathroy, Ont., returns a verdict of wilful murder against Robert Murray, farmer, in the case of W. O. Rowe, another farmer, who died from the effects of a scuffle with Murray on the 21st.
- 26th.—Imperial Parliament adjourned until April 6th. . . . U. S. Secretary Foster declares he will carry out the policy of his predecessor to withdraw the bonding privilege from Canada.
- 27th.—Sylvanus C. Brown, a leading farmer in the Whitby district, gored to death by a Jersey bull.
- 28th.—Attorney General Martin, of Manitoba re-elected for Portage la Prairie.
- 29th.—Death of Dr. Howard Crosby, New York.
- 30th.—An English Commissioner and force of native infantry numbering 500, massacred by rebels in Assam.
- 31st.—Death of Earl Granville. . . . Sir Charles Tupper leaves for Washington. . . . The Italian Minister at Washington demands his passport owing to the New Orleans lynching.