advised his children to be turned out of the school, and accordingly on next day the schoolmaster turned them home in accordance with the advice of this minister of peace, who thus prostituted his functions to gratify his political animosity against a respectable man.—*Carlow*

TEETOTALISM .- The Mayo Constitution states that the Mayo priests, through the influence of Dr. M'Hale, have M absolved persons from the vow of total abstinence, and have proclaimed their willingness to break the chains of conscience which Father Mathew has imposed upon teetotallers.

CONSECRATION AND OPENING OF LEEDS PARISH JO CHURCH.—We owe this beautiful edifice to the ardent zeal of the Vicar, Dr. Hook, and the liberality and devotion of the Churchmen of Leeds and the immediate neighbour-hood. The means placed at the disposal of Mr. Chantrell, the able architect, precluded him from doing all he wished; but he the state of the state o but looking at those means, and the many restrictions under which he unavoidably laboured by being compelled to adhere to the site of the old edifice, it must be admitted that he has done wonders, and raised a monument to his own fame as well as a temple of worship to the Almighty. The cost of the entire erection, with the stained glass window, the organ, and interior decorations, will, we believe, considerably exceed 30,000/. Many splendid individual donations have been made; foremost amongst

which stands that of the east window by Thomas Blayds, Esq., at a cost of nearly 2000/. The west window was presented by the patrons; the organ is the result of a special subscription. Take mass whole, the parish church of Leeds may be fairly pronounced one of the finest, if not the finest, in the kingdom. All the internal arrange-ments are admirable; the tout ensemble brilliant. It is truly an honour to Lorde. truly an honour to Leeds ; and those who have contributruly an honour to Leeds; and those who have contribu-ted to the work ought to consider it one of the greatest privileges of their lives. The number of persons present, on Thursday, some of them from distant parts of the kingdom, shows the deep interest inspired by the event. The presence of the Venerable Archbishop of York, of the Bishop of Ripon, of the Bishops of New Jersey and Ross and Argyll, and nearly 400 clergymen, all in their surplices, added to that interest. The principal service surplices, added to that interest. The principal service was long; but its beautiful simplicity and impressive as long; but its beautiful simplicity and impressive solemnity banished all sense of weariness. Long will the day be remembered by those who had the good fortune to be present. Dr. Doane, the Bishop of New Jersey, Preached the principal sermon. He commanded profound attention. His style is vigorous, and his accent peculiar; it is, in fact, American; but he is altogether a most effec-tive proclaimer of God's truth. His person harmonises with his meanor. Tall, with a keen yet benevolent ex-With his manner. Tall, with a keen yet benevolent ex-pression of countenance; a deep toned and flexible voice; great emphasis; and skilful pauses. He does not wear a wig. On the contrary, his hair floats in the breeze, and the big course of the big correct accerdence of the big course of the big co and adds to the picturesqueness of his general aspect. In age he appears to be about 56. We understand that he is much venerated and beloved in his own diocese, for ¹⁵ much venerated and beloved in his own chocese, for those who know him best can best appreciate his virtues, talents, and unquenchable zeal. If we might be allowed the comparison, we should be inclined to term him the Paul of the Western Church. Scarcely less interest was excited by the venerable Archbishop, who, though ad-vanced far beyond the ordinary duration of man's earthly Soloum (his mean bins is his is in fall of the search of the se sojourn (his grace being in his eighty-fifth year), mingle with the qualities of age much of the firmness, decision and warm feeling of a more youthful stage of life. Those who remember him 30 or 40 years ago, still recognise in him that dignity of manner, that charm of voice and accent, which then captivated. His Grace's reception was worthy of his piety and beneficence. His feelings were occasionally strongly excited; but they were feelings to be envied. The collections, up to last night, amounter to nearly 1000/. There will be further collections to morrow; and we hope to be able to announce next wee that at least 1200l, have been realised. We lay stress of this, because the fund still falls considerably short of that which will be wanted to put the finishing stroke to this immense effort of private bounty. That effort is the more honourable when we call to mind the fact that the re-edi-fication. fication of the parish church is only a *part* of that which the Churchmen of Leeds have accomplished in the course of the last seven years.—*Leeds Intelligencer*. LEEDS PARISH CHURCH.—On Sunday last, the services connected with the course of the

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connected with the consecration and re-opening of the parish church of Leeds were continued according to the official announcements. I also sering the sermon was parish church of Leeds were continued according to the official announcements. In the morning, the sermon was preached by the Ven. Charles Musgrave, D. D., Archdea-con of Craven; in the afternoon by the Rev. J. Jebb, A. M., Prebendary of Limerick; and in the evening by the Ven. Robert Isaac Wilberforce, A. M., Archdeacon of the East Riding. The following statement shows the exact amount collected at each service with the name of the preacher:—Thursday morning, the Bishop of New London, 864, 1s. 104, Friday morning, the Rev. Dr. Hook, the Vicar, 159/ 16s. 104, Eviday evening, the Rev. Wilthe Vicar, 1597, 168, 10d.; Friday morning, the Rev. Dr. Hook, liam Gresley, Prebendary of Lichfield, 577, 168, 11d.; Sunday morning, the Ven. Charles Musgrave, 1667, 188, -8d.; Sunday afternoon, the Rev. John Jebb, 117, 168, 116; Sunday evening, the Ven. Robert Isaac Wilberforce, 877, 18,; donations, 757, 108.; total, 12557, 148, 9d. In our secration of the parish church, we omitted one very grati-fying circumstance. ying circumstance. In order that the poorer Churchmen in the town might rejoice that day with their richer brethren, a considerable sum of money was raised by the clergy of the dergy of the parish church for the purchase of meat, to given away in portions of two, four, six, and eight pounds, according to the circumstances of the respective families. Seven oxen were purchased, and about 5000 ands of meat given away to upwards of 1500 families.— *aceds Intelligencer.* At each of the new churches at Bethnal-green, Divine *aceds intelligencer. aceds intelligencer. aced intel* pounds of meat given away to upwards of 1500 families.-At each of the new churches at Bernhar-green, day in Service is performed morning and evening every day in the week, pursuant to a considerable bequest in aid of the building fund, and the same is to be adopted at all the other service is performed. other new churches in this parish, which are to be named after the Twelve Apostles. Service twice each week-day has also been introduced at Shoreditch Church. Two of the the new Bethnal-green churches, at Friar's Mount and in Bishon Design an opinion on slight grounds, but when once formed, be-lieving in its justice, he would be found stubbornly adhering to And new Bethnal-green churches, at Friar's Mount and in Bishop Bonner's Fields, are nearly completed, and will Soon be ready for consecration. On Monday last the barque Prince George sailed from Gravesend, having on board the Rev. F. Downes Panter, B. A. of Univity College Origination Content and the sector of the sector o Gravesend, having on board the Rev. F. Downes Panter, b, A., of Trinity College, Oxford, together with two other laring been recently appointed Chaplains to Die in one of this, he pays a grudging and left-handed compliment to Mr. Blackburne's promotion as the new Irish Attorney-General, by declaring that "he would say nothing to that—they might have got as bad, but they would have little difficulty in getting better." Of Science 1 aving been recently appointed Chaplains to Prince Ed-ard's Island, in the diocese of Nova Scotia, by the venee Society for Propagating the Gospel in Foreign Parts. The Rev. Mr. Panter (who is accompanied by his lady and four children) is well known to many of our subscri-bers as the late exemplary Curate of Laindon and Basil-don, in this country, and carries with him the respect and estore four the state of friends.—Essex Standard. and esteem of a large circle of friends.—*Essex Standard*. THE DUKE OF WELLINGTON.-To show what early hours the Duke of Wellington still continues to keep, it may be mentioned that his Grace was walking in the parks between 7 and 8 o'clock on Sunday morning; and that he attended divine service in the Chapel Royal, St. James's, at a quarter because the table to be a pole duke James's, at a quarter before 8 o'elock. The noble duke was there before the reverend oilicial and his attendants, and waited nearly not be reverend oilicial and his attendants. and waited nearly a quarter of an hour before he could get access to the Chapel, —Morning paper. [We have re-ceived a letter from the Rev. C. Wesley, chaplain at the Royal Chapel static that his Grace was not kept in Royal Chapel, stating that his Grace was not kept in waiting through the tardiness of the Rev. official or his attendants. The Rev. gentleman adds, "To us the early devotional visits of the illustrious Duke (and they are confined neither to support mornings nor genial weather) stage of vice-royalty must disarm turt forth, may be rest in peace!—*Times*. RADICAL OPINION OF SIR R. PEEL. *Chronicle*.)—We have great pleasure in extract from the Spectator. The Spec confined neither to summer mornings nor genial weather) are no novelty, so that they are not calculated to take us by summer summer morning and the summer s by surprise: and the time at which our mains invariably lace clock."]

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	Sir G. Murray.
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	Sir G. Clerk.
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Surveyor-General of the Ordnance	Colonel Jonathan Pee Sir F. Pollock.
Attorney-General	Sir W. Follett.
Solicitor-General	Dr. Nicholl
Indge Advocate Governor-General of Canada	Sir C. Bagot.
Lord Advocate of Scotland	Sir W. Rae.
Solicitor-General of Scotland	Duncan M'Neil.
IRELAND.	in a minite start A
Lord Lieutenant	Earl de Grey.
Lord Chancellor	Sir E. Sugden.
Chief Secretary	Lord Eliot.
Attorney General	- Blackburne, Q. C.
Solicitor General	Sergeant Jackson. [T
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and a second	Pennefeather.]
QUEEN'S HOUSI	Earl Delawarr.
Lord Chamberlain	Earl of Liverpool.
Master of the Horse	
Master of the Horse	Earl of Rosslyn.
Cantain of the Leomen of the Guard	marquis or Lioeman
Captain of the Gentlemen Pensioners	Lord Forrester.
Vice-Chamberlain	
Treasurer of the Household	Earl Jermyn. Hon. D. Damer.
Controller of the Household	(Lord Aboyne.
	Lord Rivers.
	Lord Hardwicke.
	Lord Byron.
Lords in Waiting	. Earl of Warwick.
-	Viscount Sydney.
	Earl of Morton.
	Marquis of Ormonde.
	Viscount Hawarden.
Grooms in Waiting	SCaptain Meynell.

	Ormsby Gore. Col. C. G. J. Arbu
Mistress of the Robes	Duchess of Buccle
Ladies of the Bedehamber	Lady Barbam. Countess of Charle
Groom of the Stole	Marquis of Exeter
Sergeant-at-Arms	Lord Colville. Colonel Perceval. Lord C. Wellesley
	Equerry in Ordinary Mistress of the Robes Ladies of the Bedehamber PRINCE ALBERT'S He Groom of the Stole

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SIR R. PEEL'S IRISH APPOINTMENTS .- The fact is, that, notwithstanding the momentary distrust groundlessly emanating from a solitary Dublin newspaper in the Tory interest, the entire body of Irish Conservatives, whether leaders or followers, are as cordially satisfied with the new Irish appointments (Lord Eliot's included) as if they had had them of their own making. With Lord Eliot we have occasionally had the misfortune to differ, and seriously too; but that his Lordship is a nobleman not merely of affable and prepossessing manners, but of excel-

d by his Enniskillen relatives an

and all its weaknesses, is likewise closed. The 'Conservative' 29. Do. of Eneas Bell ... party, the new invention in politics, heir to the virtues but not to the vices of the Tories, now claims to try its hand at setting straight all that is out of joint in the world. The people look on, not without solicitude, to see the characters which are to

be first inscribed in the new blank page of history." LORD-LIEUTENANCY OF HUNTINGDON.-At the moment of our going to press, we received information that the Duke of Manchester, Lord-Lieutenant of the county of Huntingdon, had resigned, and that the Earl of Sandwich had been appointed in his stead. During the last few weeks there will, no

moreland, and Lord Howick, a wring, has deteated the Tory candidate, Mr. W. Attwood. This loss is made up by the return of Mr. B. Cochrane, a Conservative, for Bridport, in the room of Mr. Warburton, a Whig, resigned. Mr. Busfield, Radical, has defeated Mr. Wilberforce at Bradford, but as the late member was also a Radical, this makes no change.

The Radical press have vied with each other in calumniating Mr. Grogan, M. P. for Dublin. They have designated him an exterminator of Roman Catholics; but as one fact is worth a thousand assertions, the following fact proves the fallacy and injustice of the scurrilous attack upon his character :- A confectioner in this city, a Roman Catholic, with whom Mr. Grogan was in the habit of dealing voted for Messrs. O'Connell and Hutton at the late election. Mr. Grogan, conceiving that he should have voted for him, discontinued his custom at the house. The confectioner became embarrassed. Mz. Grogar went to him, and said-"You voted against me; I was displeased at it, because I considered that you should have supported me. I discontinued my custom; but you are now in difficulties; and I will do all I can to assist you; here is a hundred pound note." Mr. Grogan handed the money to the man and left the shop .- Morning Herald.

HALIFAX MAIL STEAM SHIPS .- We understand that Mr. Cunard, the contractor with the government for carrying the Halifax mail, has had the allowance raised from 60,0001. to 80,000l. per annum, the mails now running twice a month each way; but as soon as he shall run every week he is to have 160,000*l* per amum. The addition made to the sum received from government is 24,000*l* per annum, which will make the whole sum 84,0007. This addition has, we believe, been made on condition of the contractor doing, at the requirement of the government, certain extra services in the conveyance of the mails. Last year only one mail was despatched in the month of November, this year there will be two. But in the month of March next, instead of two mails being dispatched, there will be only one mail forwarded. In March tew passengers offer, and the voyage is rendered rather dangerous from the ice which usually, at that period, floats in the track of the steamers. THE PRESIDENT.—The wreck of a large steamer has been

seen near the Azores. It is conjectured to be the remains of the unfortunate President. ENGLISH MANUFACTURES.—I am more impressed with the

wealth and resources of England since I left it, but I am less surprised at them. The compass of this Portuguese vessel surprised at them. The compass of this fortuguese vessel was made at Wapping; the quadrant in Holborn; their knives are stamped "sheer steel," the bell for the watch, and the iron of the windlass, are from an English foundry; the captain uses an English watch, and calculates by John Hamilton Moore's Seaman's Complete Daily Assistant; "sail-maker" is stamped on one of the sails, and the passengers are dressed in Manchester prints or Leeds cloth. Every where it is the same; you meet in the solitary mountain paths of the almost unknown islands, a pedlar with two square boxes slung on each side of his ass. and see him in the villages tempting the women with the bright handkerebiefs and gay prints from Manchester. In the obscurest village, the next blue paper needle-case from Birmingham hangs from a string at a cottage door-way, to tell that English needles are sold within; and in crossing in an open boat between two of the remotest islands, Flores and Corvo, an English sailmaker's name and residence were printed legibly on the sail. tells me that the other evening he had just landed in a fishing hamlet-a lonely place at the mouth of a deep ravine which parts two gloomy mountain ridges-when his reveries were disturbed by a fellow passenger, who, having caught sight of some village girls, suddenly exclaimed, "Look, those are all my prints."—Residence in the Azores.

Canada.

McLEOD .- By the steamer Gore we received on the 13th intelligence from Utica, up to Saturday evening last, when the court closed. Mr. Spencer's address to the Jury entitles him to the favourable opinion of the Canadian public. There is no direct testimony whatever to identify McLeod as being one of the party who destroyed the Caroline, beyond the very equivo cal evidence of several refugee patriots, who agree in swearing that they saw McLeod embark in the boats which left the Canadian side the night of the Caroline affair-that they also saw him leave the boats on their return-and that he displayed a sword and pistol with stains of blood on them, boasting that it was "Yankee blood." The evidence for the defence was commenced on Thursday, 7th instant, and the proof of an Alibi is clearly established by a host of unimpeacha whose direct testimony is sustained in all its leading particulars by the depositions and evidence, taken by commission, of the parties who were notoriously concerned in the affair. Among he witnesses for the defence were Mr. Press of Niagara, Mr Gilkison of the same place, and others, who show that McLeod was in their company or under their observation from the afternoon of the day of the Caroline affair, till they parted with him at Capt. Morrison's, about 6 or 7 o'clock in the evening. Capt. Morrison, Mrs. Morrison, and two members of their family, prove that McLeod was in their house the whole night amily, prove that McLeod was in their nouse the where high of the destruction of the Caroline—that he took tes there, slept there, and left the house the following morning. Besides this conclusive evidence, several other witnesses prove that they saw McLeod in other places, at the times the witnesses for the several several other witnesses are several to be the several se prosecution swear they saw him stepping into the boats. Sir A. McNab, Messrs. Harris, Hector, McCormick, Cleverly, Battersby Armour, Zealand, and others, who formed the crews Battersby Armour, Zenindi, and others, who formed the Caroline, of the boats which were concerned in the capture of the Caroline, all agree in proving that McLeod was not present among them. On behalf of "the sovereign people" some fresh witnesses were brought forward to rebut the testimony for the defence, but no material contradiction was sustained. At 8 o'clock, on Saturday night, the Counsel for both the prosecution and defence stated that their respective evidence was closed. It was then understood that the Counsel's address to the Jury should commence on Monday, and the Judge's charge be given the same day, so that the whole case might be left to the Jury if possible that evening. From all that we have read, and we have given the various published reports an attentive perusal, we are sanguine of McLeod's acquittal—but whether the mob will allow impartial justice to flow unimpeded by the obstructions of national animosity is a fearful question, fraught with number less difficulties, and hard to be answered,-God of his mercy grant that our worst apprehensions be not realized .- Toronto

sembly 6800 0 0 Whig. MURDER IN ST. CATHARINE'S.—A Coroner's Inquest was held, on Sunday last, over the body of a young coloured man, named William Brown, who was found dead, or nearly so, on the night previous, in one of the most public streets of our village. The circumstances of this shocking affair, are as fol-

EARL GREY.—The now openly avowed Conservative Duke of Richmond is honoured with the proxy vote of Earl Grey in the House of Lords.—Newcastle Journal. ENGLISH ELECTIONS.—Alderman Thompson, a Conserva-tive, has resigned his seat for Sunderland to stand for West-moreland, and Lord Howick, a Whig, has defeated the Tory candidate, Mr. W. Attwood. This loss is made up by the return of Mr. B. Cochrane, a Conservative, for Battoria Case and the supposed wedding was said to have been held, the supposed wedding was said to have been held, the party dis-covered that there was no foundation whatever for the report alluded to, when they retired; and in passing down the street at the supposed wedding was said to have been held, the party dis-covered that there was no foundation whatever for the report allude to, when they retired; and in passing down the street the room of Mr. Warburton, a Uti-After a long and patient investigation, the Jury were unable to indentify the guilty individual, and accordingly returned a verdict to that effect.-St. Catharine's Journal.

(From the Supplement to The Church, of Saturday, October 9, 1841.

From the New York Extra Sun, Oct. 6. ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMER ACADIA. FIFTEEN DAYS LATER.

The steamer Columbia arrived at Liverpool at 6 o'clock, P.M., 14th ult. The official London Gazette gives several appointments in

the new Ministerial list, but they are not of much importance. PARLIAMENT, Sept. 6.—The House of Lords reassembled this day, when the change of seats customary upon the accession of a new administration to office took place. Sept. 8.—The business of the day having been disposed of the House adjourned to Sept. 20. The House of Commons reassembled Sept. 6th, but the business is not of particular interest. The House adjourned Sept. 8th till the 16th, when it again assembled, and Sir Robert Peel made a short speech, in which he stated what he had to propose with respect to the course of business during the sitting. He intended to adopt, without exception and without alteration, the estimates submitted by the [late] Ministers. With respect to expiring laws, it would be necessary to make provision for their continuance: he proposed to continue the existing Poor Law, with its present establishment, to the 31st of next July. With respect to finance, the Chancellor of the Exchequer would take the opportunity of the earliest committee of Ways and Means to state the details of the measures necessary for the public service. The total sum would be about two the poet Cowper, cynical as he was, involuntarily praised, and would be necessary for the equalization of revenue and expen-diture, it was not the intention of Ministers in the present session to announce, and he must solicit a like interval for stating their intentions in regard to other measures of great and a half millions. The permanent measures of finance, which would be necessary for the equalization of revenue and expenstating their intentions in regard to other measures of great importance, the duty of forming the new Administration had so occupied his time, that it had been impossible for him yet to mature his decisions. Lord John Russell replied by stating, that he heard with great regret that it was not Sir Robert Peel's POSTSCRIPT. intent ne neard with great tegrit that it was not ser hobert reel's intention to bring forward any important measure in the present session; he thought, considering the time which had elapsed since the principal of the now-pending questions had come under the public consideration, that Ministers ought to have been prepared with some proposals in connection with subjects of so such consequence to the country. Sept. 17th.—Sir Robert Peel having moved the order of the

day, that the House go into a Committee of Supply, Lord John Russell rose and made a long speech, in which he stated the course which he thought ought to be pursued with reference to the present state of public affairs. Sir Robert Peel replied, that he should not alter his decisions, as stated to the House.---Lord Palmerston regretted the course taken, and said it would not be satisfactory to the country. A long and uninteresting discussion then ensued, which ended in Mr. Fielden moving an amendment, calling on the House, before granting the Supplies, to take into consideration the business of the country. Dr.

to take into consideration the basis of the consideration and on a division, the original motion was carried by 149 to 41. The Honse then went into Committee of Supply. Some miscellaneous estimates were then voted, and the House adjourned to the 20th. Mr. James Curtis, of Ohio, has been making speeches in

verteral large towns in England, about the capability and villingness of America to supply England with corn. The vople of Manchester had asked him to write home that the

rn-laws should be repealed. The old banking house of Hobhouse & Co., of Bath, have opped payment. Daniel O'Connell continues to attend the repeal meetings in

Ireland, and is very violent against the new cabinet. He boasts of the aid he receives from America, and says that a large emittance from New York was expected soon.

FRANCE .- The most important news from Paris is that respecting an attempt to assassuate one of the Royal Family on the 13th ult. It appears that the Duke d'Aumale, who had marched with the 17th Light Infautry through France from Marchine the termination of termination of the termination of termination of the termination of terminati

18 0 0 half, or three millions of quarters of wheat from foreign coun-18 0 0 tries, in addition to our domestic supplies, to feed the popula 18 0 0 tion of Great Britain until the autumn of 1842. — London Atlas.
STATE OF TRADE. — At Manchester the whole of this week,

as regards business, may be reported a blank; fewer operations as regards business, may be reported, even at the most dull season in one week we never remembered, even at the most dull season of the year, and this is the time of the year of all others that business is most brisk. We must, however, except the fustian trade, as in both fustians and cords a large amount of business has been done, and even at improved rates; indeed it is the only branch that can be said to be healthy. Prices both for goods and yarns may be reported lower, although in yarns for the Russian market some demand may be noticed. The print trade is very bad, and many print works are only half employed. THE TEA MARKET.—The knowledge that about two thirds

of the usual annual supply of tea was in course of shipment for England, when the last letters from Canton were despatched, has frightened the speculators, and caused a reduction of 15 to 20 per cent, in the price of the article here; but the importers do not appear to sell at this reduction so readily as the speculators do

TRADE AND COMMERCE. - The business of the port of London has entirely improved this week, but still there is an absence of any thing like general activity. The tea trade is in a much more quiescent state than was anticipated. The next advices from Canton are looked for with much interest.— London Jour, Com. Sept. 18.

BANK OF ENGLAND .- The meeting of the proprietors of the Bank of England has just closed, and the dividend declared is bank of Engine has been to the last, being 3¹/₂ per cest. on the balf year ending the 10th proximo. The affairs of the corporation appear to be progressing satisfactorily, as the dividend is made out of the profit; leaving a surplus of £7725 to be carried to the rest, which is now £2,862,066.

the rest, which is now 22,802,006. Sept. 18th.—Money in good demand, and Stocks are steady this morning. Consols for money $88\frac{3}{4}$ to $79\frac{7}{2}$, and for the Ac-count 90 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 90 $\frac{1}{4}$; New $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cents, $98\frac{7}{3}$ to 99; Exchequer Bills 12s. to 14s.

Bills 12s. to 14s. Two o'clock.—Consols remain at $89\frac{3}{4}$ to $\frac{1}{5}$ for Money, and $90\frac{1}{5}$ to $\frac{1}{4}$ for Account. New $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cents, $98\frac{1}{5}$ to 99; and Exchequer Bills 11s. to 13s. premium.—*Globe*.

THE NEW GOVERNOR GENERAL.

A New York paper has been received at the Toronto News Room stating that Sin CHARLES BAGOT is appointed Gover-nor General. Sir Charles is a Knight Grand Cross of the Bath, and a Privy Councillor. We believe he was Minister at Washington, during the time Earl Bathurst was Colonial Secretary, and he was of course a vector to the important Secretary, and he was of course a party to the important negociations carried on between the British and American Govern-ments relating to Arbuthnot and Ambrister's case, the Columbia River post, &c. &c. He was subsequently, if we mistake not, Ambassador at Vienna and the Hague. He is of an an-cient and loyal family, and is younger brother to Lord Bagot. He is 60 years of age; and his lady is a daughter of Lord Maryborough; consequently he is nearly allied to the Duke of Wellington, Lord Maryborough's brother. Sir Charles is also, we think, father-in-law to the Earl of Winchelsea, ---brother to the Birth and the second se the Bishop of Oxford,-and nephew to a late prelate, whom whom Dr. Adam Clarke calls "that very holy man,

tions except between the loyal and disloyal. He will, we are confident, endeavour to carry out the Union, and hold the reins

SATURDAY MORNING.

McLEOD'S ACQUITTAL. The Niagara Chronicle of the 14th instant, just received,

NOT GUILTY in the case of Mr. McLeod. The Jury were out not more than half an hour. Mr. McLeod will be here in a few days.

London Markets. September 17th Wheat from 76s to 81s., Flour, per 280 lbs. Fnglish fine 50s. to 52s ditto superfine 44s. to 55s., Irish fine 49s. to 51s. dit o superfine 52s to 53s. Foreign and Can da, duty paid—viz. : Canadian, per bel 196 lbs., 34s. to 35s., United States, per ditto, sweet 36s. to 37s., ditto sour 31s. to 32s., ditto, in bond none. Toronto Market Entes. October 14, 1841

Wheat, 4s. 6s. to 5s. 2d., Barley, 1s. 9d. to 2s., Ryc, 3s. to 3s. 6d., Oats, 1s. to 1s. 2d,—There is a very large supply of Wheat coming in, and prices appear not so affected as we had feared by the late favour-able accounts of the harvest in England.—Eggs per dozen, 7d. ; Butter per 1b. 7j.d.; Turnips per bushel, 1s.; Potatoes per bushel, 1s. 3d. ; Beef per 100 lbs., 15s. to 17s. 6d., ditto. (hind quarter), 17s 6d. to 20s. ; Fowls per pair, 1s. 3d. to 2s.—Toronto H rata.

WESTERN CLERICAL SOCIETY.

Reverend Brethren,-I beg leave to remind you that the next Meeting of this Society will be held (D. V.) at the Mohawk Parsonage, the resi-dence of the Rev. Abraham Nelles, on Wednesday and Thursday the 3rd and 4th of November next. WILLIAM MCMURRAY,

Acting Secretary W. C. S.

Dundas, October 4th, 1841.

Civil Intelligence.

From our English Files.

THE NEW ADMINISTRATION.

The following is, we are informed, both a correct and a complete list of the recent appointments :--CABINET. Duke of Wellington. First Lord of the Treasury...... Sir R. Peel. Lord Lyndhurst. Right Hon. H. Goulburn esident of the Council..... Lord Wharncliffe. rivy Scal.... Duke of Buckingham.

ome Secretary..... Sir James Graham. Foreign Secretary..... Colonial Secretary..... Earl of Aberdeen. Lord Stanley. Test Lord of the Admiralty....... Earl of Haddington. President of the Board of Coutroul Lord Ellenborough. Earl of Rippo. resident of the Board of Trade ... Earl of Ripon. Treasurer of the Navy and Pay- { Sir E. Knatchbull. master of the Forces

men of Fermanagh. Thus, not a single objection can Mr. O'Connell find against Lord De Grey, except that he is anxious to act with justice; that he has highly respectable connexions; and that there are Orangemen in Fermanagh. " But the learned " Accuser of the Breth-

ren" continues as tollows:--"The Irish Secretary was Lord Eliot. He was disposed to a generous disposition and marked courtesy; he believed he was as well disposed as any man among the Tories, but he had no strength of mind. No man was so hard to deal with as an honest man under had influence; he would act with unrelenting firmness in every case that he would be concerned in; not formthe Solicitor-General, he has nothing worse to allege than that "this man was the decided enemy of the plan of national education." And he finishes with an affected scoff at "Ned Litton. because that learned and respectable gentleman is to be made serjeant-it being pretty well known that Mr. Litton extorts from O'Connell in private life a much higher respect than the

latter chooses to avow. But while on these grounds we confidently expect that the advent of the new administration will be generally acceptable in Ireland, there appears to be comparatively little regret that the Whigs have ceased to reign. Judging from our corres-pondent's account of the ex-Lord-Lieutenant's departure, one would conclude that the people were by no means supprint, one his Lordship's back. A farewell procession, it seems, could not be trumped up with any flattering effect. The whole affair was a flat failure. His Lordship's journey to his long home as

RADICAL OPINION OF SIR R. PEEL .- (From the St. James' Chronicle.)—We have great pleasure in making the following extract from the Spectator. The Spectator is a journal second in ability to none in Europe, and it has long been the organ of all *Liberal* opinions which upright and honoutable men can maintain. We believe that in the extract that we give it speaks

tools are in his hand. He enters upon the task, he says, with confidence, but with an awful sense of responsibility. In both particulars he is right. He never had so much power as he has at this moment; rivals have died off, become superannuated, or been outgrown by his own increasing reputation: he has gained additional influence by the refusal of place burdened with derogatory conditions, in 1837, and by the more popular dispositions which he has exhibited in the interval-the reckless and eager of his own party fear him more, the people less. He never had such opportunity; for he has to satisfy a people who have been satiated with promises in proportion as they have been starved in deeds. He never had so much difficulty: 15. for it is not party excitement with which he now has to deal, 16. but with a country's ruin or salvation, amidst large and imminent dangers and powerful conflicting interests. He never had so much expected of him; he succeeds to a ministry who have accustomed the people to the expectation of political advancement, to the exercise of popular power, and to deference from 21. the 'constituted authorities;' and he has himself boasted of 22. what the 'Conservative' party, his own creation, can do-how 23. they are to reconcile the popular appetite for improvement with the old affection for existing forms and institutions. He pro-24. claims, and common sense anticipated the proclamation, that 26. the old Tory rule is not to be restored-it has passed away for 27. ever. The decade of Whig rule, with all its brilliant intentions 28.

Herald. Capt. Boxer, R. N., has been sent with despatches to Sir R. Jackson, from Admiral Sir C, Adam, Commanding on the Halifax Station. It is stated that he will remain, on some service, in Canada.

We give in an abridged form, the following appropriations made in the Bill, passed during the late Session, for the salaries of the officers of the two Houses, as well as the pensions of the retired officers of the Legislatures of the late Provinces of Upper and Lower Canada: Currency.

1. Speaker of the Legislative Council for expenses £500

2. Salary of Clerk of the Legislative Council...... 500 0 0 3. Two Assistant Clerks, £350...... 700 0 0 4. Salary of Clerk of Committees, to act also as 350

Do. of French do. of do..... 250 0 0 Do. of Sergeant at Arms of do......1000Do. of the Clerk of the Crown in Chancery1500

respecting an attempt to assassinate one of the Royal Family on the 13th ult. It appears that the Duke d'Aumale, who had marched with the 17th Light Infautry through France from Marscilles, had just arrived in Paris, and while proceeding at the head of his regiment, together with his three brothers, the Dukes of Orleans, Nemours, and Montpelier, an assassin, named Pappard, discharged a pistol at him; but fortunately the abut did not the affect — Pannard was instantly arrested. the shot did not take effect. Pappard was instantly arrested

The greatest excitement prevailed in Paris. Groups of loose characters paraded the streets, uttering seditions cries-"a bas Louis Philippe—a has Guizot—we must have blood," we heard. The mobs were dispersed without a riot taking place. The Census had caused very disagreeable events in the South of France, where frightful disorders had taken place. The people fire on the military at Cleremont in Avergne killing and unding several. The troops succeeded in putting the The disturbances in most places had nearly subsided by the last account.

FRENCH AFRICA .- Toulon, Sept. 11, (received the 13th.) The Maritime Prefect to the Minister of Marine .-- The situa-tion of the provinces of the West is continually improving ;--10,000 Medjehers are now on our side, and thanks to their medium, Mostaganem attends with supplies. The submission of the Bordgia, who have sent in hostages, is considered as likely to take place soon; and their example will necessarily bring about the surrender of the Grarrabs. The Arabs, who had abandoned our Dourairs and Smelas, are asking for leave to return. There is no longer any talk of Abd-el-Kader, who does not give any obstacles to these desertions; and it is hence concluded that the autumn campaign will subdue him completely. There is nothing new from Mahon.

SPAIN AND PORTUGAL.—Spain and Portugal are on the worst ferms. Many fear that a war between them is inevitable. The Regent of Spain is well disposed for a rupture with Dona

ITALY .- A letter from Florence says, that on the 4th of September a hostile meeting took place between Dr. Cook, attached to the Court of the Grand Duke of Tuscany, and Mr. Plowden, a banker at Florence. They fired at four paces dis-tant, and Dr. Cook was shot dead. Mr. Plowden was arrested in his flight towards Modena.

GREECE .- The new Greek ministry is at an end. Mavroordato, worn out by the obstacles thrown in his way by King Otho, has definitely resigned, and another cabinet had been formed. The affairs of Greece were daily becoming more complicated, and an insurrection against the Bavarian rule was

The British Queen steamer arrived at Antwerp, Sept. 9. AUSTRIA.—The Vienna correspondent of the London Mor-ning Post states that the notes of Prince Metternich had procured the assent of France to the disarming of Europe. The reduction of the Austrian army is to take place in October, when, it is said, the entire Landwehr will be dismissed.

PRUSSIA .- It is stated that the differences between Prussia and the Holy See had been adjusted by means of mutual con-

cessions, and that the King had conferred a decoration on the

Prussian negotiator, in testimony of his satisfaction. Lord Ponsonby was about to leave Constantinople for Eng-60 0 0 land.

The Candian Insurrection was completely at an end, and

EGYPT .- The Pacha, who was perfectly satisfied with the present position of affairs, was amusing himself in reading the Turkish translations of the correspondence relative to the af-fairs of the East, which he had received from London. He had

350 0 0 caused one of his officers to be flogged to death in the very hall where he had promulgated the hatti-scheriff of Gulhana, shortly 100 0 0 after his submission.

SYRIA .- Things are represented to be in a very bad state in Syria. The mountaineers are quite unruly, and had begun to

Chairman of the Board of Trustees of the London District School. TORONTO AXE FACTORY,

TORONTO AXE FACTORX, HOSPITAL STREET. THE Subscriber tenders his grateful acknowledgments to his friends and the public for past favours, and would respectfully inform them that in addition to his former Works, he has purchased the above Establi hment, formerly owned by the late HARVEY SURFARD, and recently by CHAMPION, BROTHERS & Co., where he is now manufac-turing CAST STEEL AXES of a superior quality. Orders sent to the Factory, or to his Store, 122 King Street, will be thank-fully received and promp.ly executed. Cutlery and Edge Tools of every description manufactured to order. SAMUEL, SHAW.

15.18 Toronto, October 6, 1841.

HOUSE OF INDUSTRY, .

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W. M. WESTMACOTT,

BIRTHS.

On the 10th Instant, in this City, the wife of Thomas

Glegg, Esq., Architect, of a Son. On the 2nd Instant, at Kingston, Mrs. W. Wilson, of a Son. At Glen-Riddell, on the 9th Instant, the lady of R. Riddell, Esq., of a Son.

· MARRIED.

On the 4th Instant, at Christ Church, Montreal, by the Rev. D. Robertson, Dr. B. G. Calder, Assistant Surgeon Royal Artillery, eldest son of Col. Calder, Royal Engineers, to Mary, On the 25th September, by the Ven. Archdeacon Stewart, Mr. William D. Hill, to Miss Matilda McKenzie, of Kingston On the 7th Instant, by the Rev. T. Creen, Mr. John W. Ball, eldest son of George Ball, Esq., of Locust Grove, in the township of Niagara, to Eliza, daughter of the late Rev. Wm. Sampson, of Surrey, England, and first Missionary of Grimsby.

By the Ven. Archdeacon of Kingston, Lieut. George West-ern, of H. M. S. Niagara, third son of James Western, Esq., of London, England, to Margaret, youngest daughter of the late

Robert Mackenzie, Esq., of Montreal. At Newmarket, on the 12th Instant, by the Rev. R. J. C. Taylor, Mr. A. Blachford to Miss Anne Cooper, eldest daughter of Mr. Richard Wayling, Newmarket, Canada.

DIED.

On Monday last, in this city, Mrs. Susanuah, wife of Mr. Alexander Hamilton, Common Councilman. At Montreal, Francis Badgley, Esq., for nearly sixty years

resident of that city, aged 74.

At Lake of Two Mountains, on the 8th Instant, Mrs. Me-Tavish, wife of J. G. McTavish, Esq., of the Hudson Bay Company

On the 22nd August, at Dulverton, Somerset, England, Ellen, the only child of Francis Gooding, Esq., aged 19.

LETTERS received during the week ending Friday, Oct. 15th: