

FRANCE—Continued.

- Madame Bounet, who was arrested at Nancy, and who confessed to being in the employ of the German government, sentenced to five years' imprisonment.—Oct. 10.
- M. Mermeix, the exposé of Boulangism, dying from the effects of the injuries he received in his recent duel.—Oct. 8.
- Paris, British Chamber of Commerce in, discuss and unanimously condemn the McKinley Tariff Bill.—Oct. 18.
- Senate and Chamber of Deputies re-assemble.—Oct. 20.
- Strikes, President Carnot pardons several who took part in riots during recent strikes.—Oct. 13.
- Titles Bills introduced in Chamber of Deputies to tax.—Oct. 27.
- New Tariff Bill to be introduced into the Chamber of Deputies.—Oct. 7.
- Paris, grand reception given to Dillon and O'Brien.—Oct. 23.
- Paris, International Bank established with a capital of \$16,000,000.—Oct. 15.
- Garrett Robert, and family, arrive at New York on the SS. "Umbria."—Oct. 19.
- Gas, Florence, Ala., natural gas discovered near.—Oct. 23.
- Georgia State Elections, Democratic governor and other officers elected without opposition.—Oct. 1.
- GERMANY.—Baron Wissmann declines to return to his post in East Africa under Baron Von Sodon.—Oct. 13.
- Baron Wissmann stated to have agreed to return to East Africa.—Oct. 15.
- Baron Wissmann takes luncheon with Emperor William.—Oct. 19.
- Gen. Von Caprivi to meet Premier Crispi at Genoa, Italy.—Oct. 22.
- Severe storm in the north, serious damage done in Berlin and Hamburg.—Oct. 2.
- Socialists decide in Congress that they will only seek to gain their objects through the enactment of acts of Parliament.—Oct. 15.
- Socialist Congress at Halle.—Oct. 15.
- GLADSTONE RT. HON. W. E., says in a letter, that during his next tour in Midlothian he will refer to the question of Home Rule for Scotland.—Oct. 16.
- GLADSTONE RT. HON. W. E., speaks at Edinburgh, Scotland.—Oct. 21.
- RT. HON. W. E., addresses an audience of 5,000 persons in the Corn Exchange at Edinburgh.—Oct. 21.
- RT. HON. W. E., has a conference in Edinburgh with a number of Scotch members of the House of Commons on the question of disestablishment of the Church of Scotland.—Oct. 22.
- RT. HON. W. E., speaks at Edinburgh.—Oct. 27.
- RT. HON. W. E., narrowly escapes being run over by passing train while inspecting Forth Bridge.—Oct. 28.
- Gold, South Dakota, rich placer deposits of gold discovered in Jackson county.—Oct. 28.
- Greece, Tricoupis Ministry resigns, M. Delyarmis is forming a ministry.—Oct. 28.
- FARRISON PRESIDENT, visits Topeka, Kan.—Oct. 10.
- PRESIDENT leaves St. Louis for Indianapolis.—Oct. 11.
- PRESIDENT, leaves Indianapolis for Washington, D. C.—Oct. 13.
- PRESIDENT returns to Washington from the West.—Oct. 14.
- Havana, graphite of fine quality discovered near.—Oct. 18.
- Havana, reported to be over-run with brigands who defy all authority.—Oct. 18.
- Hill Governor, addresses a great meeting at Wheeling, West Va.—Oct. 24.
- Hydrophobia, Atlanta, Ga., Corp. Frank O'Neil dies from effects of, in fearful agony. O'Neil was bitten by a mad dog last February.—Oct. 19.
- Idaho, elections in; Sweet, Republican, for Congress, majority 2171; Shoup, for Governor, majority 2372; Legislature on joint ballot stands: Republicans 45, Democrats 9.—Oct. 2.
- Imperial Parliament, Archdeacon Farrar accepts the chaplaincy of the House of Commons.—Oct. 17.
- Imperial Parliament, Clergymen in holy orders to sit as members of the House of Commons, a bill to be introduced enabling.—Oct. 22.
- INDIANS.—Bismarck, North Dakota, Kicking Horse, the great Sioux prophet, responsible for most of the trouble at Standing Rock. He declares that the time will soon come when the Indians will occupy the earth to the exclusion of the whites.—Oct. 28.
- British Columbia, threaten to exterminate the miners in Goat River district unless compensated for the minerals taken from them.—Oct. 24.
- Colorado, Indian Bureau receives a telegram from Governor Cooper, to the effect that bands of the Ute Indians are off their reservations in Colorado slaughtering game, damaging private property, and greatly endangering the peace.—Oct. 28.
- Standing Rock, expected rising of Sioux Indians reported to Indian Bureau at Washington.—Oct. 27.

INDIANS—Continued.

- Washington, D. C., Acting Indian Commissioner Belt issues letter of instructions to Indian agents, forbidding them to allow Wild West Shows to obtain Indians from the Reservations.—Oct. 3.
- IRELAND.—Archbishops of Armagh, Dublin, Cashel and Tuam summoned by the Pope to appear before him in the early part of 1891.—Oct. 16.
- Balfour Mr., arrives at Dublin.—Oct. 21.
- Balfour Chief Secretary, starts on a tour through the western countries.—Oct. 24.
- Dillon and O'Brien arrive in France after their flight from Ireland.—Oct. 14.
- Dublin, Father Matthew centenary celebrated with great enthusiasm.—Oct. 13.
- Father Matthew's centenary celebrated at Cork.—Oct. 10.
- Gen. Lord Wolseley assumes command of the troops.—Oct. 2.
- Limerick corporation adopt a resolution censuring the Government for the recent Tipperary arrests; members who oppose the resolution threatened with ejection.—Oct. 2.
- Moonlighters reported to be committing great depredations in Co. Mayo.—Oct. 18.
- Patrick Lynch, a farmer of Carragholt, Co. Clare, found brutally murdered.—Oct. 8.
- Rev. Father David Humphreys found guilty at Tipperary of committing an assault on the wife of a policeman, and sentenced to a fine of \$20, or six months' imprisonment.—Oct. 23.
- Tipperary trials, two witnesses committed to jail for refusing to answer questions.—Oct. 29.
- IRON AND STEEL INSTITUTE.—Members visit the furnaces and mills in the vicinity of Philadelphia.—Oct. 6.
- Excursion visits Lebanon, Pa., and Harrisburg.—Oct. 7.
- British, visit Birmingham, Ala.—Oct. 18.
- Members arrive in Washington, President Harrison gives the visitors a special reception at the White House.—Oct. 25.
- Members arrive at Niagara.—Oct. 24.
- ITALY.—Immigration steamship "Elysia" from Palermo, with 1038 Italians on board, arrives at New Orleans.—Oct. 26.
- Lord Dufferin interviews Premier Crispi on the Red Sea territory question, on which it is announced an agreement has been made.—Oct. 15.
- Rome, semi-official papers deny that Italian minister at Washington has been recalled for selling decorations.—Oct. 19.
- Torpedo boat bursts her boiler and founders at sea; three officers and fifteen sailors drowned.—Oct. 18.
- Japan, Parcel-postal arrangements finally settled with Canada.—Oct. 13.
- Jews, Russian persecution of, several wealthy Jews ordered to settle their business and leave Odessa.—Oct. 5.
- Jews, two hundred Jewish students renounce their faith and become Christians, in order that they may remain in Odessa.—Oct. 18.
- Knights of Labor, District Assembly 66 issues manifesto to all organizations urging them to support congressmen who advocated labor bills now pending.—Oct. 24.
- Knights of Labor, Vice-President Webb, of the New York C. RR. issues a circular to the effect that no more, shall be employed on the road.—Oct. 2.
- LABOR.—British Shipowners' Federation Executive Commission said to be organizing a scheme for the simultaneous laying up of ships at all ports as a final resort against the action of Seamen and Dock Laborers' unions.—Oct. 22.
- Dockmen, London, protest that forty-eight hours labor shall constitute a week's work.—Oct. 4.
- Dockmen, London, Eng., Docks Committee provide 3000 beds in freight sheds for non-union men.—Oct. 28.
- Erie engineers, firemen and train hands form a federation for self-protection; big strike anticipated.—Oct. 21.
- Harrisburg, Pa., convention of representatives of the trades unions of Pennsylvania meet to organize a State Branch of the American Federation of Labor.—Oct. 20.
- London, Eng., Dockmen's Congress discuss the new shipping federation and determine to oppose it.—Oct. 1.
- London, Eng., the executive of the Ship Owners' Federation is organizing a scheme providing for the simultaneous laying up of their ships at all ports as a final resort against the exactions of the Seamen's and Dock Laborers' Union.—Oct. 21.
- London, Eng., dock companies issue notices that they will cancel the agreement with the Dockers' Union expiring November 3rd, and employ only free men, and ignore the Union leaders.—Oct. 22.
- Mother of Pearl workers, Vienna, wages of, reduced one-half by employers.—Oct. 11.
- New South Wales, employers refuse to deal with unions, and only employ free labor.—Oct. 18.