ESTABLISHED 1873.

The Weekly Monitor

IS PUBLISHED

Every Wednesday at Bridgetown.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION...$1.50 per annum, in advance; if not paid within six months, $2.00

Communications solicited on all matters of public interest, to be accompanied with the writers name, which will be held, if so desired, strictly confidential. Anonymous communications go to the waste basket.

H. S. PIPER,
Editor and Proprietor.

Weekly Monitor

SALUS POPULI SUPREMA LEX EST.

VOL. 11. BRIDGETOWN, N. S., WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1884. NO. 44.

Weekly Monitor

Advertising Rates.

ONE INCH...First insertion, 50 cents; every after insertion, 12½ cents; one month, $1.00; two months, $1.50; three months, $2.00; six months, $3.50.

ONE SQUARE, (two inches)..First insertion $1.00; each continuation, 25 cents; three months, $3.50; six months, $6.00; twelve months $10.00.

HALF COLUMN...First insertion, $5.50; each continuation, $1.25; one month, $10.00; two months, $14.00; three months, $15.00; six months, 22.00; twelve months, $40.00.

A COLUMN..First insertion, $10.00; each continuation, 3.00; one month, $14.00 two months, $20.00; three months, $20.00; six months $40.00; twelve months, $80.00.

Yearly advertisements changed oftener than once a month, will be charged 25 cents extra per square for each additional alteration

A Proposal.

All those owning a horse should be thoroughly posted in the different diseases this noble animal is liable to be attacked with, and the different remedies for the same. A horse that is worth having at all is worth being taken care of. The better the care the better the horse. In order that all interested may become possessed of the above information, we will send to each and every present subscriber of the MONITOR who will pay up all arrearages and a year in advance a copy of DR. KENDALL'S TREATISE ON THE HORSE AND HIS DISEASES, post free. Every NEW SUBSCRIBER who will send in a subscription for the ensuing year shall receive this book of 96 pages free.

1884.—H. N. Y.—1884.

"GRIP"

1873.—ELEVENTH YEAR.—1884.

"GRIP,"—Canada's Representative Comic Journal Published by Canadians for Canadians, and devoted solely to the interests of the people, as distinguished from the interests of Political Parties—ought to be in

Every Canadian Home.

BACHELORS.— Would find their lonely lives brightened by a visit of the Jolly Little Joker once a week—Only $2.00 per annum.

LOVERS—Might find a perennial source of conversation in the Pages and Pictures of "GRIP" after all other subjects had been talked to death.—Only $2.00 per annum.

POLITICIANS—Of either party—who can enjoy a good-humored and truthful hit at themselves, will appreciate "GRIP'S" pointed cartoons. If there are any politicians worthy of the name, who have not subscribed, they are informed that "GRIP" costs only $2.00 per annum.

PARENTS—All over the Dominion testify that "GRIP'S" weekly visits to their homes are hailed with delight by their children, to whom its cartoons are a unique education. Just try a year's subscription, and prove this assertion. $2.00 per Annum in advance.

You Have often thought of taking 'Grip.'
Send in your name and $2.00 now.

"GRIPS" PLATFORM.

Humor without Vulgarity; Patriotism without Partizanship; Truth without temper.

1884.—ONE YEAR FOR ONLY $2.00.—1884.

Address,
S. J. MORSE, Manager, Toronto.

The Century

PROGRAMME FOR 1883-'84

The programme for the fourteenth year of this magazine, and the third under the new name, is if anything more interesting and popular than ever. With every season, THE CENTURY shows a decided gain in circulation. The new volume begins with November, and when possible, subscriptions should begin with that issue. The following are some of the features of the coming year:

A NEW NOVEL BY GEORGE W. CABLE, author of "Old Creole days," etc., entitled "Dr Sevier," a story of New Orleans life, the time being the eve of the late Civil War.

"LIFE IN THE TUILERIES COLONIES," by Edward Eggleston, separate illustrated papers on subjects connected with the early history of this country.

THREE STORIES BY HENRY JAMES, of varying lengths, to appear through the year.

THE NEW ASTRONOMY, untechnical articles, by Prof. S. P. Langley, describing the most interesting of recent discoveries in the sun and stars.

A NOVELETTE BY H. H. BOYESEN, author of "Gunnar," etc. A vivid and sparkling story.

THE NEW ERA IN AMERICAN ARCHITECTURE, a series of papers descriptive of the best work of American architecture in Public Buildings, City and Country Houses, etc. To be profusely illustrated.

A NOVELETTE by Robert Grant, author of "Confessions of a Frivolous Girl," etc., entitled "An Average Man,"—a story of New York.

THE BREAD-WINNER, one of the most remarkable novels of the day, to be completed in January.

CHRISTIANITY AND WEALTH, with other essays, by the author of "The Christian League of Connecticut," etc., on the application of Christian morals to the present phases of modern life.

COASTING ABOUT THE GULF OF ST. LAWRENCE, a series of entertaining articles, profusely illustrated.

Scenes from the Novelists, Hawthorne, Geo. Elliot, and Cable, with authentic drawings.

On the Track of Ulysses, the record of a yacht-cruise in the Mediterranean, identifying the route of Ulysses on his return from the Trojan war.

"Garfield in England," extracts from his private journal kept during a trip to Europe in 1867.

"The Silverado Squatters," by Robert Louis Stevenson, author of "New Arabian Nights."

There will be papers on outdoor England by John Burroughs and others, a beautifully illustrated series on Dante, a number of papers by the eminent French novelist Alphonse Daudet, articles on art and archæology by Charles Dudley Warner and others, illustrated papers on sport and adventure, short stories by the leading writers, essays on timely subjects, etc., etc.

Subscription price, $4.00 a year; single numbers sold everywhere, at 35 cents each. All dealers receive subscriptions, or remittance may be made direct to the publishers by postal or express order, registered letter, bank check, or draft.

SPECIAL OFFERS.

To enable new subscribers to begin with the first volume under *The Century* name, we make the following special offers:

New subscribers beginning with November, 1883, may obtain the magazine for one year from date, and the twenty-four previous numbers, unbound, for $8.00. Regular price for the three years, $12.00.

Or, if preferred, a subscription and the twenty-four numbers bound in four elegant volumes will be furnished for $19. Regular price, $18.

THE CENTURY CO. New-York, N. Y.

GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL

Bridgetown, N. S.

FIRST-CLASS Accommodation. Modern improvements and appliances. Every attention paid to the comfort of guests.

6m42] W. J. GLENCROSS, Prop.

MANHOOD

HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED!

We have recently published a new edition of Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay on the radical and permanent cure (without medicine) of Nervous Debility, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc., resulting from excesses.

Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6 cents, or two postage stamps.

The celebrated author, in this admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates, from thirty years' successful practise, that alarming consequences may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicines or the use of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

This lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Address,
The Culverwell Medical Co.,
41 Ann St., New York.
Post Office Box, 450.

MUTUAL HEALTH AND Benefit Association OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Provides Indemnity in event of Sickness, Accident, Total Disability and Death.

ALL COLLECTIONS MADE BY REGULAR ASSESSMENTS.

For Certificates or Agency apply to

EDWIN J. H. MORSE,
BERWICK, KINGS CO.
General agent for N. S. and P. E. I.

WISDOM & FISH,

Mill, Steamboat, and Railroad Supplies,

41 DOCK ST., ST. JOHN, N. B.

Rubber and Leather Belting, Rubber and Linen Hose, Lace Leather and Cut Lacing, Cotton Waste and Steam Packing, Lubricating Oils, Mill Files, Emery Wheels, Emery Cloth, and Emery, Wrought Iron Pipe, Cast Iron Water Pipe, Steam, Gas, and Water Fittings, Steam Pumps, Steam Gauges, Injectors, Bolts, Nuts and Washers, Babbitt Metal and Antimony, Steam and Hot Water Heating Apparatus, Rich's Patent Saw Sharpener and Gummer, for Grinding Saws.

Estimates furnished; Lowest Quotations given on Special Supplies. [n8

Forest and Stream

—AND—

ROD AND GUN.

The American Sportsman's Journal

A twenty-four page weekly journal, devoted to the interests

Gentlemen Sportsmen and their Families.

TREATS OF

Natural History, Shooting, Yachting and Canoeing, Fishculture, the Kennel, Fishing, the Rifle.

and all the gentlemanly out-door sports. It is without a rival.

Price, $4.00 a Year.

TRY IT. A SPECIMEN COPY WILL BE SENT POST PAID FOR SIX CTS.

For sale by newsdealers everywhere.

Forest and Stream Publishing Company,
NEW YORK CITY, N. Y.

Dr. O W. NORTON'S BURDOCK BLOOD PURIFIER,

cures Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Piles, Catarrh, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Female Weakness and General Debility.

Norton's Magic Liniment,

for Rheumatism, and

Doctor Hoffman's Cough Syrup.

for coughs and consumption, are all sold at Dr. Dennison's Drug Store, Bridgetown. 1yr

Notice of Assignment.

EDWARD Y. MESSENGER,

of Wilmot, in the County of Annapolis, has this day assigned to me all his personal property and effects, for the benefit of such creditors as may sign the deed of composition within one hundred and fifty days from the date thereof. Said deed has been duly fyled at the office of the Registrar of Deeds for Annapolis County, a duplicate thereof lies at my residence in Wilmot, where it is open to inspection and signature of any person interested therein.

All parties failing to execute the same within the time named, will not be entitled to any benefit thereunder.

J. D. CROCKER,
Assignee.

Dated Wilmot, October 18, '83. 293m

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

THOMAS L. KELLY, of Bridgetown, in the County of Annapolis, upholsterer, and dealer in Furniture, has by deed dated on the 13th day of November, A. D., 1883, assigned to me all his property, wheresoever situate, in trust for the benefit of his creditors, without preference. Said deed has been duly recorded and filed in the office of the registrar of deeds, in and for Annapolis County, and a duplicate thereof can be seen and executed by all creditors interested therein, at the office of Albert Morse, on Queens Street, in Bridgetown, aforesaid. Creditors failing to execute the same within three months from the date of said deed will not be entitled to any benefit thereunder. All persons indebted to the said Thomas L. Kelly, are requested to make immediate payment to me. Dated at Bridgetown, 20th November, 1883.

ALBERT MORSE,
6ins Assignee.

H. J. BANKS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR,
(Tupper's Hall),
Bridgetown.

THE subscriber takes pleasure in announcing to the public that he has opened a TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT, in Bridgetown, where he is prepared to execute all orders in first class style. A perfect fit guaranteed every time. Place of business over building known as Tupper's store.

H. J. BANKS.

Bridgetown, Oct. 16, '83. tf

PARSONS' PURGATIVE PILLS

MAKE NEW RICH BLOOD,

And will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any person who will take 1 Pill each night from 1 to 12 weeks, may be restored to sound health, if such a thing be possible. For curing Female Complaints these Pills have no equal. Physicians use them in their practice. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for eight letter-stamps. Send for circular. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS.

DIPHTHERIA

CROUP, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS. JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT will instantaneously relieve these terrible diseases, and will positively cure nine cases out of ten. Information that will save many lives sent free by mail. Don't delay a moment. Prevention is better than cure.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT (*For Internal and External Use*). CURES Neuralgia, Influenza, Sore Lungs, Bleeding at the Lungs, Chronic Hoarseness, Hacking Cough, Whooping Cough, Chronic Rheumatism, Chronic Diarrhœa, Chronic Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Kidney Troubles, Diseases of the Spine and Lame Back. Sold everywhere. Send for pamphlet to I. S. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS.

MAKE HENS LAY

An English Veterinary Surgeon and Chemist, now traveling in this country, says that most of the Horse and Cattle Powders sold here are worthless trash. He says that Sheridan's Condition Powders are absolutely pure and immensely valuable. Nothing on earth will make hens lay like Sheridan's Condition Powders. Dose, 1 teaspoonful to 1 pint food. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for 3 letter-stamps. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS.

Blacksmith Stand!

The subscriber offers his shop and tools for sale, situated in

LAWRENCETOWN,

IS ONE OF THE BEST BUSINESS STANDS IN THE COUNTY.

For information, apply to,

E. L. HALL.

October 30, 29tf

Encyclopedia Britannica.

Subscriptions will be taken at this office. Payments are made very easy and extend over a period of five or six years, enabling a person of very moderate means to secure this invaluable work.

FARM FOR SALE!

THE subscriber being desirous of giving more attention to his

GROCERY and PROVISION TRADE,

has decided to sell his valuable FARM, situated in Beaconsfield, three and a-half miles from Bridgetown, and directly under the North Mountain.

The property comprises about 300 acres of splendid land, 25 or 30 under cultivation, and 200 abounding in valuable Hard and Soft Timber.

There is also between 200 and 300 healthy and bearing Fruit Trees, in Apple, Plum, Pear, &c.

A good House, Barn, and other Outbuildings, together with pure and never failing water privileges are among the inducements.

For full particulars apply to the subscriber.

T. J. EAGLESON.

Bridgetown, Oct. 9, 1883. tf

New Store!

NEW GOODS!

The subscriber has opened a store on Water St., adjoining his dwelling, where he will keep on hand a large quantity of the Best Brands of

FLOUR, CORN MEAL, AND OATMEAL,

which will be sold at low prices for cash.

Also.—A well assorted stock of

GROCERIES,

in Sugar, Spices, Salt, Tobaccos, Brooms, Soaps, Raisins and Currants. Canned Goods, Biscuits, Syrups, &c., &c. A quantity of Cow Corn.

A REFRESHMENT TABLE, where lunches can be had at all hours will be found on the premises.

P. NICHOLSON.

Bridgetown, June 19th. 1883.

Take Notice!

THE

Averill Paint

is still in the market. The sales have more than doubled this season. And all are satisfied.

All we ask is a trial, as it will speak for itself when applied.

S. N. JACKSON,
General Agent for Nova Scotia.

LOCAL AGENTS:

A. W. CORBITT & SON, Annapolis;
IRVINE & TROOP, Granville Ferry;
R. H. BATH, Bridgetown;
N. F. Marshall, Middleton;
W. H. JACKSON, Kingston;
T. H. MILLER, Bear River.

TESTIMONIAL.

I have used the Averill Paint, and carefully examined it on buildings. Have no hesitation in recommending it to the public—it is as cheap as lead—not a particle of waste—and gives a beautiful body and gloss which cannot fail to make it durable.

JOHN Z. BENT, Bridgetown.

NOTHING

Can be lost by sending for free specimens of the Great Farm and Garden Journal of America.

THE RURAL NEW-YORKER.

It costs more to publish than any other of its class. It presents over 500 original engravings annually of cattle, grain, fruits, etc., etc. It has over 600 contributors—among them the best writers in the world. It owns Experiment Grounds of 82 acres worked in the interests of its subscribers.

A NEW ERA

in the agriculture and horticulture of America.

A $4.00 Weekly for $2.00 a Year.

It is original throughout. It is pure in tone and admits no ambiguous advertisements. It is a farm, garden, religious, news, home, and literary paper all in one.

THE RURAL NEW-YORKER is for the North, South, East, and West. It has become the leading rural paper by real worth, perseverance, and enterprise—by its devotion to the true interests of all who till the land whether for pleasure or profit. It is printed upon fine tinted paper, 16 pages weekly, each page 11x16½ inches. It combines the best features of the daily and weekly press with all that can instruct, elevate, and interest the rural home.

Its Free Seed Distributions,

have introduced or disseminated many of the most valuable seeds and plants now known. Among them may be mentioned the Beauty of Hebron, White Elephant, and Blush Potatoes, the Cuthbert Raspberry, Clawson, Fulton-Clawson, Surprise, Black-bearded Centennial wheats, and a hundred others.

The new varieties of seeds offered in the Rural's Free Seed distribution are alone worth more at retail prices than the yearly price of the Journal. Specimen copies will furnish all details with original engravings.

WHY NOT send for free specimens and then judge for yourself?

34 PARK ROW, N. Y.

Dr. C. P. French's

IMPROVED

Electro Magnetic

APPLIANCES.

A POSITIVE CURE

—FOR—

ANY DISEASE

Caused by

SLUGGISH CIRCULATION OR IMPURE BLOOD.

In wearing them you have a moderate, but continuous current of electricity passing through your system, which quickens the circulation, drives out all impurities, and builds up your general health.

THE WAIST BANDS

will cure the

WORST CASE

—OF—

LAME BACK OR KIDNEY TROUBLE.

We will refund the money in every case where they fail. The

LUNG PROTECTORS

cure any Lung or Bronchial Trouble.

THE LADIES' SUPPORTERS,

CURE FEMALE WEAKNESS AND KIDNEY TROUBLE. THE

INNERSOLES

prevent cold feet and cure rheumatism in the feet and limbs. Send stamp for circular and price list. Our circular contains names of prominent persons who have been benefited, and we have thousands of testimonials besides. Ask your druggists for them.

Orders by mail will receive prompt attention. Address,

Kingston Station, Kings Co., N. S.

A. C. VANBUSKIRK,

General Agent for Nova Scotia.

By Universal Accord,

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS are the best of all purgatives for family use. They are the product of long, laborious, and successful chemical investigation, and their extensive use, by physicians in their practice, and by all civilized nations, proves them the best and most effectual purgative Pill that medical science can devise. Being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use, and being sugar-coated, they are pleasant to take. In intrinsic value and curative powers no other Pills can be compared with them; and every person, knowing their virtues, will employ them, when needed. They keep the system in perfect order, and maintain in healthy action the whole machinery of life. Mild, searching and effectual, they are especially adapted to the needs of the digestive apparatus, derangements of which they prevent and cure, if timely taken. They are the best and safest physic to employ for children and weakened constitutions, where a mild but effectual cathartic is required.

For sale by all druggists.

BROWN'S GRIST MILLS,

LAWRENCETOWN,

IS not frozen up, but continues to give satisfaction to all who patronize it, and in addition to the supply of Flour, Corn &c., heretofore kept in stock, is daily expecting from Montreal, a Carload of Grain, in which will be found by those who apply early a quantity of

SEED WHEAT, BARLEY, PEASE & OATS,

which will be sold for CASH only.

Will continue to fill all orders for MIXED FEED at short notice. Have purchased a SHINGLE MACHINE, and will be prepared to saw or furnish long or short tapered shingles. Are now negotiating for a

Rotary Saw and Stave Mill,

all to be in operation this spring.

TERMS AS USUAL.

John A. Brown & Co.

Lawrencetown, February, 20th, 1883

In the Whole History of Medicine

No preparation has ever performed such marvellous cures, or maintained so wide a reputation, as AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, which is recognized as the world's remedy for all diseases of the throat and lungs. Its long-continued series of wonderful cures in all climates has made it universally known as a safe and reliable agent to employ. Against ordinary colds, which are the forerunners of more serious disorders, it acts speedily and surely, always relieving suffering, and often saving life. The protection it affords, by its timely use in throat and chest disorders, makes it an invaluable remedy to be kept always on hand in every home. No person can afford to be without it, and those who have once used it never will. From their knowledge of its composition and operation, physicians use the CHERRY PECTORAL extensively in their practice, and clergymen recommend it. It is absolutely certain in its healing effects, and will always cure where cures are possible.

For sale by all druggists.

TEACHER WANTED.

FOR SCHOOL SECTION

No. 42, BENTVILLE.

A male teacher for winter term.

RALPH BENT,
Bentville, Oct. 29, '83. Sect. to Trustees.

— Just printed a large supply of Magistrate's and Lawyer's Summonses.

1883. SPRING 1883!

STEAM FURNITURE WAREROOMS,

THE Subscriber wishes to inform his numerous friends, and the public generally, that his Spring Stock of Furniture is now complete, and he has now on hand,

30 PARLOR SUITS;
30 PINE BEDROOM SUITS;
20 ASH AND WALNUT SUITS;
12 BLACK WALNUT SUITS;

Parlor Suits range in price from

$48 TO $200

Bedroom Suits from

$22 TO $200.

A FULL STOCK OF

Household Furniture

Of All Kinds.

A FINE LOT OF

GILT WINDOW CORNICES

which were obtained at a bargain and will be sold at low prices.

The Subscriber would also state that he has added a quantity of

New MACHINERY!

to his Factory, and is prepared to make and sell furniture AS CHEAP as can be obtained in the Dominion.

ALL ARE INVITED TO CALL AND EXAMINE HIS STOCK, WHICH HE CLAIMS TO BE THE MOST COMPLETE THAT CAN BE FOUND.

J. B. REED.

CHRISTMAS GOODS.

Mrs. Reynolds

begs to call the attention of the public to a fine stock of Xmas Goods, just opened, in Choice Confectionery and Sweets. Christmas Cards, and Packets, New Year's gifts in novel designs.

Figs, Nuts, Raisins, Washed Currents, Dates, Oranges, Lemons, Pickles, Baking Powder and Soda, Tea, Coffee, Rice, Variety Biscuits, Jellies, Soap, etc.

Thanking the public for past favors, and respectfully soliciting a continued patronage.

GOLD for the working class. Send 10 cts. for postage, and we will mail you free, a royal, valuable box of sample goods that will put you on the way of making more money in a few days than you ever thought possible at any business. Capital not required. We will start you. You can work all the time or in spare time only. The work is universally adapted to both sexes, young and old. You can easily earn 50 cents to $5 every evening. That all who want work may test the business, we make this unparalleled offer; to all who are not well satisfied we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing us. Full particulars, directions, etc., sent free. Fortunes will be made by those who give their whole time to the work. Great success absolutely sure. Don't delay. Start now. Address Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine.

AGENTS wanted for the Lives of all the Presidents of the U. S. The largest, handsomest best book ever sold for less than twice our price. The fastest selling book in America. Immense profits to agents. All intelligent people want it. Any one can become a successful agent. Terms free, Hallett Book Co., Portland Maine.

A PRIZE. Send six cents for postage, and receive free, a costly Box of goods which will help you to more money right away than anything else in this world. All of either sex succeed from first hour. The broad road to fortune opens before the workers, absolutely sure. At once address, True & Co., Augusta, Maine.

$66 a week at home. $5.00 outfit free. Pay absolutely sure. No risk. Capital not required. Reader, if you want business at which persons of either sex, young or old, can make great pay all the time they work, with absolute certainty, write for particulars to H. Hallett & Co., Portland, Maine.

CHAPTER II.

"Naldon, Mass, Feb. 1, 1880. Gentlemen—I suffered with attacks of sick headache,"

Neuralgia, female trouble, for years in the most terrible and excruciating manner.

No medicine or doctor could give me relief or cure until I used Hop Bitters;

"The first bottle
Nearly cured me;"

The second made me as well and strong as when a child.

"And I have been so to this day."

My husband was an invalid for twenty years with a serious

"Kidney, liver and urinary complaint."

"Pronounced by Boston's best physicians—

"Incurable!"

Seven bottles of your bitters cured him and I know of the

"Lives of eight persons"

In my neighborhood that have been saved by your bitters.

And many more are using them with great benefit.

"They almost
Do miracles?" ..*Mrs. E. D. Mock.*

NOTICE.—The Canada Advertising Agency, No. 29 King St., West Toronto, W. W. Butcher, Manager, is authorized to receive Advertisements for this paper.

Poetry.

Auf Wiedersehen.

Until we meet again! That is the meaning
Of the familiar words that men repeat
At parting in the street.
Ah, yes, till then! but when death intervening
Rends us asunder, with what ceaseless pain
We wait for the Again!

The friends who leave us do not feel the sorrow
Of parting as we feel it who must stay
Lamenting day by day,
And knowing, when we wake upon the morrow,
We shall not find in its accustomed place
The one beloved face.

It were a double grief, if the departed,
Being released from earth, should still retain
A sense of earthly pain;
It were a double grief if the true hearted,
Who loved us here, should on the further shore
Remember us no more.

Believing, in the midst of our afflictions,
That death is a beginning not an end,
We cry to them, and send
Farewell, that better might be called predictions,
Being foreshadowings of the future, thrown
Into the vast Unknown.

Faith overleaps the confines of our reason,
And if by faith, as in the old times was said,
Women received their dead
Raised up to life, then only for a season
Our partings are, nor shall we wait in vain
Until we meet again!

—*Atlantic Monthly.*

Select Literature.

Lottie Brown's Mistake.

Lottie Brown was the belle of the village. Just eighteen, and full of health and youthful grace, a fairer creature never walked the earth. She was kind hearted and amiable, and was a great favorite, with all classes.

Her parents had died when she was very young, and left her to the care of a distant relative. There, though loved and kindly treated, she lacked that protection and careful watchfulness which none but a parent can give to a child, and the loss of which makes the orphan lot so sad; her parents had been in moderate circumstances, and left her barely enough to educate her, and she was now dependent upon the kindness of her cousin. Lottie felt her poverty bitterly, and ardently longed for a more agreeable condition of life. Yet she was a good-hearted girl, and earnestly shrank from the prospect of sacrificing her happiness to effect a rich marriage,—a step to which some of her wealthier friends advised her.

Of course, being a belle, Lottie had scores of admirers; but she had, unlike most belles, made a discriminating choice from among them. Henry Williams, to whom she had given her heart, was worthy of her choice. He was only four years older than herself, and, like her, was poor. But, by dint of energy, and steady application to his business, he was rising as a lawyer. He had given his whole heart to Lottie, and had received hers, without reserve in return. They were very happy together, and in two years from Lottie's eighteenth birthday were to be married. By that time Henry hoped to have the means to support a wife.

Among Lottie's admirers was one, who though he worshipped fervently, did so at a distance, and in silence. This was old Squire Willis, the richest man in the neighborhood. He was nearly sixty, but hale and hearty as any young man. Naturally shy, he hesitated to offer himself to the beauty, lest she shduld reject him.

'What though I am rich?' he thought, 'I am too old for her, and she will prefer a young man.'

Though this thought kept Squire Willis silent, it did not satisfy him; and he applied himself with energy to the task of finding out some means by which he might make his lady-love an offer which she could not refuse. The announcement of the engagement between Lottie and Harry had almost disheartened him, when he suddenly and unexpectedly hit upon a plan which he determined to try.

There was in the neighborhood, at the time, an old gipsy woman who had created a sensation among the young folks by the wonderful ease with which she had told their fortunes. To this old woman Squire Willis repaired, and informed her of the state of affairs. He told her to seek out Lottie Brown, and offer to tell her fortune; to tell an her old gentleman in failing health, but very wealthy, would offer her his hand in marriage; that she would accept him, and in two or three years be left a wealthy widow; that she would then marry the young man to whom she was at present engaged. He bade her describe with minuteness his personal appearance, so that Lottie could not possibly mistake the person referred to. In three weeks' time, the woman was to seek out Lottie, and make this communication to her. If the plot proved a success, the gipsy was to have a hundred pounds in bright gold. The old woman, delighted with the prospect of such a reward, readily promised to do her best to carry out Squire Willis' wishes.

Immediately it became known in the neighborhood that Squire Willis' health was failing rapidly; and his friends declared that, as he had no relative to whom to leave his wealth, he was about to seek a wife in order that he might make her his heiress, as he had no hope of recovering. This report the Squire took good care to spread abroad, and it was not long before Lottie heard it.

A few days afterwards, the old gipsy, in pursuance to her agreement with the Squire, visited Lottie, and asked to be allowed to tell her fortune. The rumor concerning Squire Willis had made a deep impression upon her, without exactly affording her the means of understanding why it should do so. Of course she at once recognized Squire Willis in the picture drawn by the gipsy. The communication made by the old woman made a still profounder impression upon her, and she went home feeling as though she had lost all power of deciding her own fate.

Shortly after this, the Squire himself made Lottie a formal offer of his hand in marriage. The poor girl, scarcely conscious of what she did in her agitation, asked for a week to consider her answer. The request was granted, and the Squire departed, feeling confident of success.

It became known at once that he had made such an offer, and Lottie's relatives and friends urged her strongly to accept it. For some time she hesitated. She loved Henry Williams devotedly, and she could not bear to think of giving him up. Henry himself told her frankly and manfully, that he desired only her happiness as much as he loved her, and wished to make her his wife; he wished her to choose between her two offers, with no thought but for her happiness.

Lottie suffered greatly during the week for which she had asked. Her friends renewed their efforts, and urged that, as the first part of the gipsy's prophesy had come true, there was every reason to expect the fulfilment of the rest. They told her that, by marrying Henry, she would only increase his difficulties, and drag him down; and that by marrying Squire Willis, and being left a widow, of which there was every prospect,—and they dwelt long and earnestly upon the Squire's failing health,—she would have in her power to marry Henry in a year or two, and assist him in his efforts with her fortune. At last Lottie yielded. Squire Willis was accepted.

She could not trust herself to see Henry again, but wrote to him, telling him everything. Her letter was returned to her with a brief reply written on it—

'May heaven forgive you as freely and as fully as I do!'

The marriage took place within a week, at request of the Squire, who urged the precarious condition of his health; and Lottie went to her new home.

Instead of growing worse, the Squire's health was suddenly restored. Lottie's cheeks grew paler as his became ruddier; and, as years passed on, she grew to be a silent, heart-broken woman. Old Squire Willis was kind to her, and she did her duty as a wife faithfully, but without love. She learned, too late, that she had made a fearful mistake; and the awakening from her delusion crushed her heart.

Henry Williams is now a happy husband and father, and a rich man. He has long since forgiven, and has almost forgotten Lottie, and, when he think of her, it is only pity, not to blame.

A New Jersey Egg Factory.

AN ATTEMPT TO DRIVE THE OLD HEN OUT OF THE BUSINESS.

'Do you mean to say that you made that egg without the assistance of a hen?' asked a New York Sun reporter of a Newark egg manufacturer.

'Yes,' he replied, 'and if you wish I will show you something of our process. Come.'

He led me through a room in which was stored boxes upon boxes of eggs, and into another large, cool room in the rear. Everything was clean and neat. Several strange-looking wood machines, totally unlike anything I had ever seen, stood in different parts of the room. Six or seven men were operating the machinery, which moved noiselessly and with great rapidity. I followed my conductor to one end of the apartment, where there were three large tanks or vats. One was filled with a yellow compound, the second with a starchy mixture, and the other was covered. Pointing to these, the proprietor said: 'These contain the yolk mixture and the white of the egg. We empty the vats every day so you can judge of the extent of the business already. Let me show you one of the machines. You see they are divided into different boxes or receptacles. The first and second are the yolk and white. The next is what we term the 'skin' machine, and the last one is the sheller, with drying trays. This process is the result of many years of experiment and expense. I first conceived the idea after making a chemical analysis of an egg. After a long time I succeeded in making a very good imitation of an egg. I then turned my attention to making the machinery, and the result you see for yourself. Of course it would not be policy for me to explain all the mechanism, but I'll give you an idea of the process. Into the first machine is put the yolk mixture——'

'What is that?' I asked.

'Well, it's a mixture of Indian meal, corn, starch and several other ingredients. It is poured into the opening in a thick mushy state, and is formed by the machine into a ball and frozen. In this condition it passes into the other box where it is surrounded by the white which is chemically the same as the real egg. This is also frozen, and by a peculiar rotary motion of the machine an oval shape is imparted to it, and it passes into the next receptacle, where it receives the thin, filmy skin. After this it has only to go into the sheller, where it gets its last coat in the shape of a plaster of Paris shell, a trifle thicker than the genuine article. Then it goes out on the drying trays, where the shell dries at once and the inside thaws out gradually. It becomes, to all appearances, a real egg.'

'How many eggs can you turn out in a day?'

'Well, as we are running now, we turn out a thousand or so every hour.'

'Many orders?'

'Why, bless your soul, yes. We cannot fill one-half of our orders. All we can make now are taken by two New York wholesale grocers alone. We charge $13 per thousand for them, and they retail at all prices from 12 to 30 cents per dozen. We sell only to the wholesale houses. I suppose plenty of those eggs are eaten in Newark as well as other places. Col. Zulick, Bill Wright, Honest Andrew Albright, Joe Haines, Judge Johnson, Judge Henry, and all Newark's candidates for governor are living on them. They are perfectly harmless, and as substantial and wholesome as a real egg. The reason we made the machinery of wood is because we found that the presence of metal of any kind spoiled the flavor and prevented the cooking of the eggs.'

'Oh, yes,' and he called one of the men. 'Here, Jim, boil this gentleman an egg.'

'Can they be detected?' I enquired, while the bogus egg was being boiled.

'I hardly think that anybody would be likely to observe any difference, unless he happened to be well posted, as they look and taste like the real thing. We can, by a little flavoring, make them taste like goose or duck eggs, of course altering the size. They will keep for years. That one you have just eaten was nearly a year old. They never spoil nor become rotten, and, being harder and thicker in their shells, they will stand shipping better than real eggs. We calculate that in a few years we will run the hens of the country clean out of business, as oleomargarine has driven out butter.

Marriage on a Small Income.

Again and again has the question been discussed as to whether a young couple can venture to marry on a small income. One young husband says:—'It does seem to me that $750 a year is ample for two people to live on. It, of course, depends largely upon the dispositions of the persons; but a young man and woman of good common sense and economical habits ought to lay up money with that income. Nine dollars a week looks small, but let me make a little calculation:—Fifty-two weeks at $9 per week amounts to $468. Rent for 52 weeks, $120. Living for 52 weeks $208. Clothes for 52 weeks, $100. That leaves a balance of $40. The balance for incidentals, medicine, etc. This is my wife's last year's account in brief, and what has been done can be done. We do not, however, eat '25 cents worth of meat at a meal' (but we have all we want, and the best), nor do we dress in broadcloth or silks and satins, but our clothes are good and substantial, and compare favorably with the dress of our neighbors, and we live in a respectable neighborhood. I do not say this to brag, but it does seem to me that a husband and wife who wished could get along on $9 a week. My wages are now $12 a week, or $624 a year. Out of this I expect, Providence permitting, to save $200 this year toward a home.' Now this is rather a hopeful picture for young folk, and proves that a young couple or an old couple, can live, pay rent, and clothe themselves for a small sum weekly. Tens of thousands of them have to do it in the United States for less than $6 a week for each, and an income as limited as that need not be an insurmountable obstacle to a young couple joining themselves in matrimony, provided they understand and are willing to accept the consequences. For $6 per week people can only expect houses or rooms, clothing, and fare which that sum can provide. If they have been accustomed to living on a scale twice as great (and that is very modest) they must expect privations, or what they regard as such. No matter how excellent the management, a certain income can only insure a certain living, made good, bad, or indifferent by the economy, or lack of economy practised.

Milk for Typhoid Fever.

Surgeon-General Barnes, about three years ago, heard of a physician in Virginia who, it is alleged, never failed to cure typhoid fever. As there were many patients in the United States Army dying with that disease, General Barnes decided to visit the ancient Virginia doctor and learn how he treated his typhoid patients. When he met the old gentleman, General Barnes inquired: 'What is the mode of treatment by which you succeed?' 'Why,' replied the venerable physician, 'it's the simplest thing in the world. All you have to do is to get the patients' stomach in good order, and then diet them on buttermilk; that's all. I never lose a patient, if he isn't in a collapsed condition when I get to him.' Surgeon-General Barnes tells me that he adopted the buttermilk treatment among the soldiers in the army, and has found it most efficacious. It appears that some some ten years ago the medical scientists of France and Russia compared notes as to the use of plain sweet milk in the treatment of their typhoid patients, and concurred in the decision that milk not only is a wonderful efficacy in typhoidal cases, but in the treatment of fevers generally. An eminent medical man, a professor in a New York electric medical college—Dr. Newton—informed your correspondent a few weeks before he died (his death took place about a year ago) that he had found to be substantially true all that is set forth relative to plain sweet milk and buttermilk, and that the latter 'acted like a charm in cases of nervous debility. It's a great blessing—this discovery,' said he.

How FLIES CLIMB.—Some very interesting facts were recently contributed to the Berlin Society of Natural History by Herr H DeWitz, which go far to prove that the feet of flies cannot possess the sucking properties ascribed to them, for they are hard and destitute of muscles. A long time ago Blackwell contradicted this theory, and maintained that the power of adherence was due to sticky matter secreted from the foot-hairs of the fly. This theory was pronounced not proven. De-Witz, after careful experiments, shows that Blackwell was right. He watched the exudition of the sticky matter from the feet of the fly, by fastening one to the underside of a piece of glass, and examining it through a microscope. A perfectly clear liquid was seen to flow from the ends of the foot-hairs and to attach the foot to the glass. When the foot was lifted up to be put down in another place, the drops of sticky matter were left on the glass exactly on the spot where the foot-hair rested. Leydig discovered certain glands in the folds of the foot in 1850, and from them the adhesive fluid appears to flow down through the hollow of the hair. A similar adhesive fluid appears to be possessed by bugs, many larvae, and probably by all insects which climb the under sides of leaves of trees and plants.

—Salt, if applied immediately will, surely prevent ink stains.

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