Huron Signal.

WEEKLY EDITION.

W. T. COX, Editor and Proprietor.] "The Greatest Possible Good to the Greatest Possible Number."

$1.50 PER ANN. IN ADVANCE. GODERICH, C. W., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1866. VOL. XIX.—NO. 35.

Business Directory.

Dr. P. A. McDougall,
WILL BE AT HOME FOR CONSULTATION up to 11 o'clock, a. m., every day. Will visit patients at any hour afterwards, night or day.

G. C. Shannon, M.D.,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, &c., &c., GODERICH, C.W. 13:40-1y

DR. McLEAN,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, CORONER &c. Office and Residence third door east of Central School

Dr. Stanbury,
GRADUATE of the Medical Department of Victoria University, Toronto, and late of the Hospital and Dispensary, New York. Residence Pollock's Hotel, Bayfield. w30 4m*0

DR. A. WORTHINGTON,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, &c., will attend, particularly, to diseases of the eye and surgical operations upon the eye.
HOWICK VILLAGE, Dec. 15, 1862. [w47-1y

Ira Lewis,
BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY-AT-Law, and Solicitor-in-Chancery, County Crown Attorney, Goderich, Canada West. Office a Court House v14n40

M. C. Cameron,
BARRISTER, ATTORNEY, CONVEYANCER, &c., Kingston street, Goderich, C.W

Sinclair & Walker,
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, CONVEYANCERS, &c. Office, over the Store of J. V. Detlor & Son, Goderich.

John Davison,
BARRISTER, ATTORNEY, SOLICITOR in Chancery, &c. Office, Market Square, Corner of Kingston Street, Goderich. 9:42

John B. Gordon,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, SOLICITOR IN Chancery, Notary Public, Conveyancer, &c., &c., Goderich, Canada West. Office—On the South side of West Street, third door from the Court-House Square.

D. Shade Gooding,
BARRISTER, ATTORNEY, SOLICITOR, &c., GODERICH, C. W.—OFFICE: Up Stairs Watson's Block, West St.; entrance First Door west of Glasgow House.

Toms & Moore,
ATTORNIES, SOLICITORS, &c., Goderich, C. W. Office—CRABB'S NEW BLOCK.
A. T. TOMS. LEWIS C. MOORE.
Goderich, August 27th, 1864. sw103w31

William T Hays,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, SOLICITOR IN Chancery, Notary Public, Conveyancer, &c. Goderich, C.W.—Office, over C. E. Archibald's Store, Crabb's Block. v15n29

Money to Lend on Real Property

B. L. Doyle,
BARRISTER, &c., GODERICH, C. W. OFFICE—Savage's New Block.

J. Y. Elwood,
BARRISTER, ATTORNEY-AT LAW, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Blake's Block, Opposite the Post Office, Goderich. January 3, 1866. sw37

William Fraser,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, SOLICITOR IN Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Walkerton, Co. of Bruce. v16n19y1y

Thomas Weatherald,
CIVIL ENGINEER AND PROVINCIAL Land Surveyor. Toronto Street, Goderich. v15n3

L. B. Hamlin,
CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR Land Agent and Conveyancer, Kincardine 11:

Consulate of the United States of America.
DARKS HOTEL.
Office hours from 9 o'clock, a. m., to 3 o'clock, p. m.

JAMES SMAILL,
ARCHITECT,
PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS of Buildings, &c., got up in a neat and correct style at the Office of the Huron Auction Mart, Market Square, Goderich. (sw v1n7)1y

G. M. TRUEMAN
LAND AGENT,
Market Square, Goderich.
Leads CLINTON every Wednesday, from 11 a.m. to 4 p.m. 81:10

John Campbell,
GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT Commissioner in Queen's Bench, for taking affidavits, Conveyancer, &c., &c. Office on Broad Way, Village of Kincardine, C.W. 9:9

Peter M'Rae,
FORWARDER AND COMMISSION Merchant, INVERHURON, C.W. Notes and Accounts collected. Business of any kind entrusted to him will receive prompt attention. w40-1ySOSX

W. M. SAVAGE,
BUYS and sells New York Drafts—Greenbacks—National currency—State notes, and uncurrent money, at current rate of exchange.
19th Dec., 1865. w47-1yr81

D. McDougall
LICENSED AUCTIONEER, BAYFIELD County of Huron. Sales in village or count, punctually attended to. w8-1yr8

DENTISTRY.

Dr. PHELPS,
SURGICAL & MECHANICAL DENTIST, Goderich, C. W.
Rooms over Mr. F. Jordan's Drug Store
January 13th, 1865 sw38-ly

GEORGE FORBES.
AGENT of the C. W. Farmers Mutual and Stock Company, Hamilton, C. W.
G. Forbes, Lot 26, Con 3, Morris. Dingle, P. O
w8 1y*

Commercial Hotel, Mitchell C. W
JOHN HICKS, Proprietor. This is the largest and best Country Hotel in Western Canada, and charges as moderate as any House in Mitchell. Stage Proprietor. Good stabling for 100 Horses. Horses and Carriages for Hire, on the Shortest Notice 14:7

British American Assurance Co.
FIRE & MARINE.
JOHN ESSON Agent.
Bayfield, C. W., April 16, 1865. w12

CANADIAN HOTEL,
CLINTON, C. W.
W. TUDSBURY Proprietor.
THE establishment is furnished with all the requirements essential to the comfort of guests.

GEO. RUMBALL & CO.,
FORWARDERS,
And COMMISSION Merchants
DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF
PRODUCE, COAL, SALT, WATER LIME, &c.,
Agents for first class Marine and Fire Insurance Companies.
51] HARBOR QUAY, Goderich, C.W.

To Get a First-Class Article of
WINTER CLOTHING!
GO TO
Logan's Woolen Factory Store,
Where you will find a large and varied stock of Fulled Cloths and Satinetts, Tweeds in great variety.
White, Plain, Grey, Striped and Checked Winceys,
A great variety of all wool home-made checked flannels, one yard wide; likewise
WHITE, GREY, SCARLET & FANCY FLANNELS.
A LOT OF FIRST-CLASS BLANKETS, EIGHT TO NINE POUNDS PER PAIR.
Stocking Yarn, Fine Fingering Yarn, Fleecy and Berlin Wools, all in endless variety.
Together with a choice Assortment of
Factory Cottons, Hollands, Prints, Alpacas, Imported Wincies,
Dress Goods, Ready-made Shirts and Drawers; Mens' and Childrens' Socks and Stockings in great variety. A call is solicited.
THOMAS LOGAN.
Woolen Factory Store, East Street, 10th September, 1866. w12

GRAND OPENING WEEK!

OUR NEW FALL STOCK is now being daily received, and we hope by Monday, 10th inst., to be able to show to our friends and customers one of the most complete assortments of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods in Goderich.
D. KERR, JR., & CO.
Glasgow House, 5th Sept., 1866. w24

COLONIAL HOUSE.
Tailoring & Outfitting Department!
THE Subscriber begs to inform his many customers and the public generally that he keeps constantly on hand the largest variety and best selection of
English, Scotch, French, Swiss & German Tweeds,
IN THE COUNTIES. ALSO A LARGE VARIETY OF
Canadian Manufactured Goods,
ENGLISH, FRENCH & GERMAN BROADCLOTHS,
CASSIMERES & DOESKINS,
ENGLISH AND FRENCH BEAVER AND PILOT OVERCOATINGS!
OVERCOATINGS OF ALL OTHER DESCRIPTIONS.
Having secured the services of
Mr R. CARR, as CUTTER,
he is prepared to execute all orders with promptitude, and in a style unsurpassed by any MANUFACTURER in this PROVINCE, *Cities not excepted*. Try him and satisfy yourselves. A perfect fit guaranteed in every instance.
Constantly on hand the LARGEST STOCK and LATEST STYLES in
Gentleman's Outfittings of Every Description!
AMERICAN MONEY taken at the highest rate.
Chas E. Archibald.
Goderich, August 22nd, 1866. sw103

GREAT SEMI-ANNUAL SALE COMMENCED
AT THE
EMPORIUM!
GOODS CHEAPER THAN EVER!
Splendid Inducements to Cash Customers.
TO PREPARE FOR FALL IMPORTATIONS WE WILL OFFER the balance of our summer stock at Cost for Cash.
SPECIAL BARGAINS
IN
DRESS GOODS AND STRAW GOODS!
HAVING BOUGHT
COTTONS AND PRINTS
Since the recent fall in prices we are prepared to offer them at a reduction of five cents on the yard, on Spring prices.
SUMMER TWEEDS AND LINENS!
At a like reduction. Just received a fresh supply of
DUCHESS KID GLOVES!
JUST OPENED SEVERAL CASES
READY-MADE CLOTHING
BOOTS AND SHOES!
TO ARRIVE NEXT WEEK A LOT OF GENTS'
FELT AND ALL WOOL HATS!
OF THE NEWEST STYLES.
ALSO, A LARGE QUANTITY OF THE
EMPRESS TRAIL SPRING SKIRT!
Being the latest improvement, and the first ever offered for sale in the Town of Goderich
JOHN C. DETLOR & CO.
WANTED 1000 KEGS OF BUTTER.
Goderich, July 27th, 1865. 16w

AUCTION SALE
OF
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

IN pursuance of a power contained in a certain Mortgage, bearing date the twenty first day of August, A. D., 1863, and made between William Hood of the Township of Kinloss, in the County of Bruce, Yeoman, of the first part, Elizabeth Hood, his wife, of the second part, and Mary Anne Murphy, of the City of Hamilton, in the County of Wentworth, Widow, of the third part; will be sold by

PUBLIC AUCTION

at the Court House, in the Town of Goderich, on WEDNESDAY, THE TENTH DAY OF OCTOBER, A. D., 1866, at Twelve o'clock, noon, the following valuable property, viz: All that parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Kinloss, in the County of Bruce, and Province of Canada, containing by admeasurement one hundred acres, be the same more or less, which said parcel or tract of land may be otherwise known as follows, that is to say: being composed of lot number fourteen, in the sixth concession of the aforesaid Township of Kinloss; there are thirty-five acres of the said property cleared and under cultivation. There are also on the said premises a Dwelling House and Large Barn, both in good repair. A never-failing spring brook runs through the farm.

The Vendor will not undertake to give any further or better title than she has under the said Mortgage.

TERMS—Cash. For further particulars apply to

MESSRS. DANIELL, BARRY & MILLS, Vendors Solicitors, Hamilton,
DANIELL, BARRY & MILLS,
Solicitors for
MARY ANN MURPHY, the Mortgagee.

Dated this 17th day of September, A.D. 1866.

Tornado in New Jersey.

A terrible and destructive tornado occurred near Mount Holly on Friday evening last, 14th inst. The *Mirror* says, it commenced about a mile and a half from Bucktown, uprooting trees, prostrating corn and fences, doing comparatively no other damage until it reached the residence of Hannah Alcott and sister, on the north road from Mount Holly to Pemberton, a mile and a half from the latter place. As it neared the residence of the Misses Alcott, it prostrated everything before it; forest trees were torn up or twisted off, as though they were saplings—fences laid low—and of sixteen apple trees in the rear of the premises, four teen were uprooted, and some of them moved a distance of eight or ten feet. The house, barn, waggon-house and pigpen were, directly in its track, and they were all entirely destroyed and thrown together, a perfect mass of *debris*. Such utter destruction we never before witnessed. One of the sisters was absent at the time, Hannah only being at home. She had retired for the night before the storm came up, and when found was on her bed, which had been forced against and among the branches of one of the large trees prostrated near the fence. A heavy limb was directly over her serving as a protection from the broken timbers, furniture, &c. She was rescued from her perilous situation as soon as possible—probably having been lying there for half an hour—and taken to a friend's house in Pemberton when it was ascertained that her leg was broken in two places, besides being dreadfully mangled, and her head severely cut and bruised.

Her injuries are of such a nature as to warrant but little hopes of her recovery. The house was lifted from its foundations, moved five feet from the road, and dashed to atoms, breaking into pieces everything in it, outbuildings sharing the same fate. The hay and straw and broken furniture were scattered in all directions, and shingles and pieces of boards were carried over adjoining fields to the distance of a mile. One half the roof of the house was found some seventy or eighty yards off, and heavy pieces of timber and large numbers of bricks were carried to incredible distances. The tornado passed on, across several fields, prostrating fences, trees, corn and everything else in its track, until it reached the John C. Allison farm—three quarters of a mile from the Misses Alcott—owned by Samuel C. Rambo, and occupied by his son, where it struck a new barn, forty feet square, leaving it an entire wreck. Two horses were in the barn, but after the wind had spent its fury, they were gotten out apparently free from injury. The course of the tornado was from southwest to northeast, and extended not far from ten miles—in some places its track marking three hundred yards in width, while in others it covered but a narrow space. In some localities its course would be zigzag, then for hundreds of yards its course would be as straight as an arrow, and again it would take its crooked path, and so went on in its work of destruction.

Thieving Expedition on the Way.

The New York *Express* of Tuesday evening contains the following:

"We have received from the most reliable sources this afternoon the report of another contemplated invasion of Canada in a short time. It appears that three hundred men have been organized in Boston by certain parties, one of whom was formerly connected with the O'Mahoney organization, to leave the city and proceed quietly in detachments to Buffalo, or some vulnerable point of the British Provinces which may be adjacent, for the purpose of making an assault upon the nearest town and villages within their reach.

The leaders of the proposed movement followed the troops of Sweeney during the last campaign to carry off such plunder as they might find, and they were at once repudiated by the Fenian officers, and were obliged to return. It is contemplated by the raiders to make a descent on a bank if possible in some of the border towns.

The Fenian Senate are now in session in order to take the necessary measures to prevent this plundering expedition from leaving Boston. All the members of the Senate and Colonel Roberts have denounced the movement, and they will use every possible means to prevent its accomplishment."

ROBERT E. LEE.

A Lexington correspondent of the N. Y. Times, writes as follows:

"No man is more courteous than he, none more highly bred, none more generous, none more kindly in his intercourse with his neighbors. He lives a peaceful, cheerful, unobtrusive life among these mountains. So far as he is himself concerned, he would prefer that his name should be dropped from the present talk and current news. History must mention him, he knows, but that time has not yet come. Lee holds himself utterly aloof from the disputes and passions of the hour; and here is a proof: On Saturday night he was at Rockbridge Baths, Stalwart and erect as ever, white-haired and ruddy-hued, his eyes still bright and kindly, as of old, he sat among the ladies of the neighborhood, chatting as any other man might do; but with him, with his past and present hanging about him, it seemed like the dead past holding converse with the Muses. Presently there was the confusion of the nightly arrival from Richmond, and one gentleman, being acquainted with the General, greeted him, and after the common-places, tendered him the newspapers of the day. "Thank you," said Lee, "but I never read any of them."

Lee lives here comfortably and calmly, and his family and many of his former friends around. His son, Custis Lee, is a Professor in the Institute here, and his former chief of staff, Gen. Pendleton, is the Episcopal clergyman of the town. Fully absorbed in the duties of his college Presidency, the man who once weilded the military power of a colossal insurrection sojourns here, where scarcely rumors from the great world ever come, and if he has admition for the future, never allows it to appear, and if he repines at the present, keeps it always far under the surface.

An Atrocious Attempt to Assassinate a Young Lady.

The Augusta (Ga.) Chronicle, says:—A very mysterious and fiendish assault was made upon a young lady in this city at the home of her parents—a well known and esteemed family—on Friday night.

Her parents had to spend the evening, leaving their daughter, a young miss scarcely 16 years old, with an old and trusty colored servant to keep her company. The young lady seated herself in the parlor, reading, and after a while fell asleep. The old woman was in the next room, which communicated thro' a folding door which was open, and she also fell asleep. The young lady thinks she may have slept a half hour, when she was awoke by a severe blow on the left breast. She shrieked for help, which awoke the old woman, and brought the neighbours to her relief, when she found her dress cut and the blood flowing from a wound just below the region of the heart. Medical assistence was called, and it was found that she had been stabed by a sharp instrument, the blade penetrating a little more than a half inch, and inflicting an ugly but not dangerous wound.

When she awoke, her fright and the glare of the light prevented her from seeing her assailant, and no clue was left as to how the fiendish perpetrator of the act entered the house or escaped. The front door was fastened with a night latch, and the back door, leading into the yard, was open. It is altogether one of the most singular and fiendish attempts at murder that we have ever heard of.

We forbear any allusion to the surmises as to who the author of the outrage can be, as they are at least very vague and unsatisfactory. The young lady has no knowledge of having given offence to any being on earth, and it is not likely that the author of the deed will ever be discovered.

Pen Picture of Bismark by Geo. Alfred Townsend.

In Berlin, the men who could get no friendly hand two months ago disarm his assassin, is the miracle today. His picture by this time is in all your show windows, but they do not convey the height of the man, with his proportions, nor make him speak as I have heard him to day. Barbaric in statue as in method, measuring only six feet two inches in height, and weighing not less than two hundred and fifty pounds, Count Bismark is entirely a Prussian in physiognomy, and port and strength are feudal in their imperiousness. Seated in an office chamber of the great Schloss, or King's palace, with clerks in the ante-rooms, couriers in spurs at the hall, ready to carry his orders, a table before him filled with blanks, reports and newspapers, and the light from the screened window falling fairly on his seated figure, you behold in common buisness dress, a man who might pass for fifty years old, half bald, smooth of face, save a short and heavy moustach of grayish brown, that quite over locks the hard-shut, ponderous mouth, and a nose of insignificant length, and broad and proud nostrilled.

His flesh is in excess, so that around the eyes it is baffy and creased, and his short, stony and undimpled chin drops a huge double-fold upon his breast. His eyebrows are jagged; if they were heavier over the blood-shotten eyes he would be terrible. At the back of his deep cheeks a pair of bull dog's ears stand out to stop all the winds and their rumors, and his hands and feet that are determined even in rest, are large enough to win a woman's censure. So dark that he looks freckled away from the light; so listful and yet so massive that he looks like a panther in granite, this man would better befit a baron's trencher where his vassals eat and tremble, than sit here on the waxed floors of a modern palace doing desk duty.

RIOT IN MISSOURI.

St. Louis, Sept. 17:—The Platte County Radical says: After the adjournment of the Convention at Platte City, Mo., on Saturday, a drunken Union soldier named Donegan, made some noise on the street, and flourished a pistol. The sheriff took the pistol away, and told him to keep quiet, which he did. A short time after., a returned rebel, named Callahan, with ten men, demanded the surrender of Donegan. A scuffle ensued, and pistols were used, resulting in the death of three or four, and wounding of eight or ten. A number of delegates who had started home returned, and were fired on by Callahan's party, and had several of their horses shot under them, Callahan fired twice at one delegate, who was lying under his wounded horse, and was fired at in return and killed.

Latest accounts say several hundred armed rebels hold Platte City, and have driven all the Union men out of town, and swear they shall not return. Great excitement exists. Gov. Fletcher has been applied to for force to put down the mob.

New York, Sept. 18.—A fire occurred at No. 928 Broadway last evening. Loss $35,000.

The Fenians had a pic-nic at West Hoboken yesterday. Gen. Wright, Gen. Spear, Mr. Morris and Mr. McWilliams addressed the meeting. The latter was interrupted frequently by Col. Gleason, the recently escaped prisoner from Dublin, who made offensive remarks and called the speaker a liar. Byrne, the warden who let Stephens out of Richmond prison, was on the ground.

A despatch of 478 words in cipher from Maximilian to Carlotta passed over the Cable on Tuesday at the cost of over $5,000. A synopsis of President Johnson's speech at Delmonico's on Wednesday, was telegraphed to Reuter's Association, at an expense of $5,000 in gold.

A Revision of the British Neutrality Laws Recommended.

From the London Times, Sept. 1.

But the recent proceedings of the United States Congress, much as they are to be regretted from the tone and object with which they are introduced, point out to us another course by which, without the last surrender of national dignity, we may attain a final and satisfactory arrangement of questions which must recur again and again, and always with increasing bitterness and increasing risk forcing us to exchange what is rapidly becoming our normal position as neutrals, for that of an unwilling, because really uninterested and unconscious, belligerents. Let us put aside the legal question altogether, and cease to embarrass ourselves with the enquiry whether the case of the *Alabama*, for instance, is touched by the existing principles of international law, or the provisions of an obscure and ill-drawn act of parliament, overlaid with verbiage and obscurity. A much more profitable and practical field of inquiry would be, what is our own real interests in the matter, and whether it varies in any degree from the claims and interests of the United States. It always used to be assumed that we could not possibly long remain neutral in any war that might be waged, and that as the decisions of our own courts in the great French war were the principal authorities on the subject, and went very strongly, as might be expected, against neutrals and in favor of belligerents, we could do no better than take our stand on a state of things so favorable to us, even if not absolutely just. We now see, however, that we have interest quite as strong in the maintenance of the rights of neutrals as of belligerents, and we begin also to perceive that our wisest as well as noblest policy is to place those questions on the basis of the fairest and most enlightened principles. There is really no divergence between the interests of England and the interests of the rest of the world in this matter, and it is quite possible to do all that is desired without losing anything by the occasion. Congress proposes to repeal many of the existing provisions of the American law, avowedly for the purpose of assimilating the law of America to the law of England, but really with the view of multiplying causes of offence and trouble in future years. Should we not meet the threat in a manner at once wise and dignified if we were to employ the present recess in considering, not how we may multiply causes of offence, but how we may remove those that already unfortunately exist? Let us reconsider our municipal law as to the interference of British subjects in the wars of other nations, and see whether it may not be possible to extend the stringency of our law so as to prevent the recurrence of future offence. The opportunity is favorable, we are happily at peace, and without, as far as we can see, any prospect of a rupture. In time of war these changes cannot be made without the appearance, perhaps the reality, of favoritism to one side or the other. We have a new government, which may fairly reconsider the whole question of our neutrality laws, which the double advantage that it has no past error to defend and no consistency to justify, and that it has the experience gathered from four years of maratime neutrality to guide it.

THE CROPS.

From a lengthy report on the state of the crops furnished by agents of the grand Trunk Railway, we extract what will interest the greatest number of our readers:—

BUFFALO AND GODERICH DISTRICT.

Goderich.—Fall wheat—not a very large breadth sown, but more than formerly; quality and yield good, probably 25 bushels per acre, very slightly damaged. Spring Wheat—large breadth sown, some of it considerably damaged by rain, &c. The largest yield I can quote is 49 bushels to the acre. This was a field of 3½ acres, but the average will not be over 20 bushels. Oats peas and other coarse grains; a first rate crop, although slightly injured by wet. Hay; A fair average yield. Root crops excellent in all varieties. Very little flax sown; what there is looks very fine.

Clinton.—Fall wheat: Very good crop, 25 to 30 bushels per acre in the immediate vicinity; improves north to from 25 to 40 bushels. Sample for the most part average; part singularly good. Spring Wheat good, 25 to 30 bushels per acre; sample hardly so good as last year. Barley: fair yield and sample good. Oats: Heavy crop, 35 to 40 bushels per acre; sample moderate. Peas: average crop. Roots: Potatoes an abundant crop, and all others much over the average. There will this year be a greater preponderance of wheat over coarse grains; of the latter a much smaller breadth of barley has been sown. The amount of land sown with spring wheat is exceptionally large, and also fall wheat covers a much larger breadth of ground than last year. Had it not been that the late continued rains have to some extent injured the sample in large sections, this harvest would have been remarkable. However, there is every prospect of a much larger business being done here than last year. In the item, also, of dressed hogs there are large shipments.

Seaforth.—In the vicinity of this station the harvest is at least two weeks later than usual, all owing to the unsettled and wet weather, and the wheat is scarcely as hard or firm as in former years, although that portion from the north (which is by far the largest) has not suffered so severely as that coming from the South. I give you herewith the quality and yield of the harvest, as near as can be ascertained, from information received from the farmers adjacent to this station:—Fall Wheat: The yield an average of 25 bushels per acre; quality rather below the average. Spring Wheat; Yield will average 18 bushels per acre; quality pretty good.—Peas, Oats and Barley; Yield considerably over an average crop; quality excellent.—Roots; An average crop, both in yield and quality. Flax; none raised about Seaforth.

Mitchell.—Fall Wheat good, average 35 bush. per acre; spring wheat fair, average 25 to 30 bushels per acre; oats, very large, average 40 bushels per acre; peases, large, average 30 bush. per acre; barley, large, average 30 bushels per acre; potatoes, large, average 400 bush. per acre; flax not much sown, turned out well; hay, much above the average. This information is obtained from intelligent farmers from Listowell, Logan, Monckton, Fullerton, Troubridge, &c. It is rather a low than a high estimate.

Tuvistock.—Owing to the very wet weather the harvest in this vicinity is very backward. Fall wheat is far below an average, yielding from 15 to 18 bushels per acre.—Spring wheat about the same, but not quite as large grain, yielding from 15 to 20 bushels per acre. Coarse grains are a much better crop, oats yielding from 25 to 30 bushels per acre. Peas are a very good crop, yielding from 20 to 25 bushels per acre, being a very good sample. Barley is splendid, yielding from 25 to 30 bushels per acre. Flax is very little grown about here. Root crops are very thin; scarcely an average.

Bright.—Fall wheat is of poor quality great deal below average; about fifteen bushels per acre, even less; hurt principally by spring frost. Spring wheat: Good quality, about two-thirds of average crop; only about two-thirds of former years. Barley: Good quality of former years. Peas; Good quality, above average; larger breadth than average crop; very good yield; breadth sown this year, some years past; larger than former years by one-third. Oats: Good crop; good quality far above average. Root crop: Potatoes and carrots. Hay: A fair crop, quality above average.—Flax: Good quality, yield better than for some years past.

Drumbo.—There is very light crop of fall wheat averaging only about 8 bushels per acre, while spring wheat is a medium crop, and will average say bush. A large quantity coarse grains as barley, &c., were sown and are all a heavy crop, averaging from 40 to 50 bushels per acre. Root crops, such as turnips, &c., are very large quantities and are sown in average 800 bush per acre. Potatoes are a fair yield. Flax was sown in large quantities and is an excellent crop.

Paris—Fall wheat was not as extensively sown this year as usual, and that sown was badly winter killed, so that it will not yield more than half an average crop; spring wheat largely cultivated and an excellent crop, a good yield expected, although somewhat injured by the midge and rust. Barley more extensively sown than in former years, and the crop is the best known for years, an unusually large yield expected. Oats are also a good deal cultivated and are an exceedingly good crop, will yield well. Peas are not much cultivated except for home consumption, but are very good. Corn, Buckwheat, Rye and Flax are not cultivated to any extent except for home consumption, they are good crops. Hay was very light, the poorest crop known for years, while clover is a total failure, the cause attributed to want of snow last winter to protect the plants from frost. Root crops are very good, and extravagantly high figures are named as the probable yield. Fruits are not a full crop, but still complaints are not made that they are poor.

This information is derived from personal enquiry amongst the farmers of the townships of Brantford, South Dumfries and Blenheim.

Brantford—The average yield of fall wheat in this vicinity this year will not be over 10 bushels per acre, and of spring wheat say 15 bushels. There was a large quantity of barley sown, which will yield about 30 bushels per acre. Peas are a good crop. Oats very good and in large quantity. Root crops generally promise a very large yield, but it is feared that potatoes will in some places be injured by the rot. Harvesting has been very much hindered by wet weather, but it is thought that, with the exception of barley which is not so bright in colour as usual, all the crops will be secured in good condition. Some attention is being paid to the growth of flax, but I am unable to give a correct idea of the quantity raised.

Caledonia—Fall wheat, 10 bushels per acre, has suffered considerably in this vicinity by frosts, acres have been sown from which no return was received, owing to action of the frost last winter. Spring wheat, 18 or 20 bushels per acre, generally good; large breath sown. Barley, 35 to 40 bushels per acre; crop generally good. Oats, 50 bushels per acre; owing to copiousness of rain, this crop is usually good. Hay, 14 tons per acre; a somewhat light crop. Peas, 40 bushels per acre, very good; large breath sown. Roots are generally good and promise a large return; large breath sown. Flax, not much sown in this vicinity. There was a large breadth sown of all kinds of grains and roots. There will be a larger yield than there has been for several years.

Canfield—For a period of nearly seven years there has not been such an abundant yield of every description of grain, wheat excepted, as at the present season. The copious rains during the summer upon the clay land of this neighborhood brought the crops forward to a wonderful extent, and the farmers who in past years had but scantily filled barns, have now no room to store their produce. Winter wheat alone is a poor crop, being winter killed, and will not give more than a one-third yield. Spring wheat will average to the acre 20 bushels; barley 60 do; oats 70 to 80 do; peas 50 to 60 do. Potatoes very plentiful; there is, however, some fear of the rot injuring them. Flax and corn are not cultivated to any extent, the former scarcely any.

Dunville—Fall wheat will yield 10 to 15 bushels to the acre; Spring wheat will average 15 bushels to the acre; barley an abundant crop, but not of such a good sample as last year—will average say 25 to 30 bushels per acre; oats is also a very good crop this year, will yield 35 to 40 bushels per acre; peas an average crop, will yield say 20 bushels per acre; flax and buckwheat very little grown in this locality. Cannot give an estimate.

Fort Erie—Fort Erie Station and vicinity, including the townships of Bertie and Welland.—Fall wheat a poor yield, not exceeding 12 bushels per acre; Spring wheat, very little sown, very good yield; barley very good, large crop; oats, extraordinary yield and good quality; peas very good; flax good, not much sown; potatoes very great yield; mangold and turnips bid fair for a large yield; hay very heavy crop; fruit scarce.

THE CLINTON SHOW.

The annual exhibition in connection with the Clinton B. A. S. was held in that village on Tuesday 18th inst. Owing to the extreme backwardness of the season and the great discouragements farmers have to contend with, the competition as compared with other years was very poor indeed in many of the departments. Some of the cattle shown were excellent. The horses were good also, but Mr. McMichael, of Hullett, who generally exhibits some fine animals, refused to place his horses in the ring, under the belief that he could not get fair play. As usual Mr. Snell displayed a lot of sheep, but here, again, trouble arose, the judges refusing to look at animals that had not been shorn at the proper time.—In this judgment they were undoubtedly correct. The show of iron and wooden ploughs by friend Runciman was decidedly the best that has ever been witnessed in the Co. of Huron. Mr McTaggart's implements were also much admired. The display in the handsome Agricultural Hall was somewhat meagre. Mr. Stephenson showed some very fine furniture, the cooper work by Mr. Gilchrist, and the harness by Mr. Grassick were firstrate. The butter was really splendid—as good as could be made in the country. Of ladies' work there was not a very large display, but some of the articles possessed much merit—amongst them a magnificent quilt made by Miss Homes. Mr. J. W. Fullarton had on view in the Hall a large collection of good photographs.

The following is the prize list:—

HORSES.—Span of Farm Horses, Thomas Cooper, Clinton, $3. No second prize given. Brood Mare in foal or having had a foal in 1866—1st, James Broadfoot, Tuckersmith, $2; 2nd, John McMillan, Hullett, $1. Foal Colt, or Filly, 1st, John Shipley, Clinton, $1.50. Buggy Horses in harness—1st, John Young, $2; 2nd, Wm. Mason, 1.00. Two year old Filly—1st Wm. Ball, $1 75; 2nd, Wm Herbison, 1 25. Two year old gelding—1st, Wm. Ball, $1 75; 2nd, Matthew Greenside, 1 25. Yearling filly—1st, James Aikenhead, $1 50; 2nd, Humphrey Snell, 1 50. Yearling colt—1st, James Sutherland, $1 50.

THOROUGH-BRED CATTLE.—Milch Cow in calf or having had a calf in 1866—1st, Humphrey Snell, $5; 2nd, Edward Munning, $3. Two year old heifer,—1st, H. Snell, $3. Calf—1st, Humphrey Snell, $2.

NATIVE OR GRADE CATTLE.—Milch Cow in calf or having had a calf in 1866—1st, W J Biggins, $3; 2nd, A. McAllister, $2. Two year old heifer—1st, Isaac Rattenbury, $3; 2nd, John Plewes, 1 50. Yearling Heifer—1st, Wm Murray, $1 75; 2nd, A McAllister, 1 25. Bull calf—1st, H Snell, $1 50; 2nd Richard Cole, 1 00. Yoke of Working Oxen—1st, John Shipley, $2 50; 2nd, Wm. Jenkins, $2. Heifer Calf—1st, John Plewes, $1 50; 2nd, W J Biggins, $1. Yoke of two year old steers—1st, Tunney & Co, $2.

SHEEP—LEICESTER AND THEIR GRADES.—Aged Ram—1st, John Taylor, $3; 2nd, Walter Cowan, $1. Shearling Ram—2nd, Thos Pickard, $1. Ram Lamb—1st, Walter Cowan, $1 50; 2nd, John Plewes, $1. Pair of aged Ewes having raised a lamb in 1866—1st, H. Snell, $4; 2nd, W J Biggins, $1 50. Pair of shearling ewes—1st, H Snell, $2; 2nd, W J Biggins, 1 50. Pair of Ewe Lambs—1st, Walter Cowan, $1 50; 2nd, W J Biggins, $1.

COTSWOLDS AND THEIR GRADES.—Aged Ram—2nd, George Cooper, $1. Shearling Ram—2nd, Jas Potter, $1. Ram Lamb—1st and 2nd, do, $1 50, 1 00. Pair of aged Ewes having raised a lamb in 1866—The ticket was lost of the pair that took the first prize; 2nd, W J Biggins, $1.50. Pair of Shearling Ewes—1st, Jas Southcomb, $2; 2nd, Humphrey Snell, $1 50. Pair of Ewe Lambs—1st, H Snell, $1 50; 2nd, John Plewes, $1.

MERINO SHEEP.—Aged Ram—1st, Francis Walters, $2.

FAT ANIMALS—ANY BREED.—Fat Cow, Heifer, Ox or steer—1st, Jas McLean, $2; 2nd, John Shipley, 1. Pair of ewes, Wether or Shearling—1st, Humperey Snell, $2.

SWINE.—Herd of four hogs or more of any breed—1st, John Cummins, $3; 2nd, Wm Jenkins, $1.

LARGE BREED OF PIGS.—Sow having littered in 1866—1st, W J Biggins, $2; 2nd Thos Potter, $1.

SMALL BREED OF PIGS.—Boar—1st and 2nd, J Cummings, $2, 1.00. Sow having littered in 1866—1st, Tunney & Co, $2.

POULTRY.—Pair of Fowls of any improved breed—1st, Henry Charlesworth, 50cts; 2nd, Wm. Murray, 25cts. Pair of white Polands—1st and 2nd, Wm Murray, 50 and 25 cents. Pair of Bantams—1st, Wm. Murray, 50cts; 2nd, Wm Wise, 25 cents. Pair of Geese—1st, H Charlesworth, 50 cents. Pair of Ducks—W J Biggins. 50cts.

DAIRY PRODUCE.—25 lbs Salt Butter—1st, Geo Oakes, $2; 2nd, W J Biggins, $1. 5 lbs Fresh Butter—1st, Jas Broadfoot, $2; 2nd, George Peacock, $1. 25 lbs Cheese—1st, John McMillian, $2; 2nd, Jas McMichael, $1.

GRAIN, ROOTS, GARDEN PRODUCE.—2 bushels Fall Wheat—1st and 2nd, R. Cole, $2 50 and 1 75. 2 bushels spring wheat of any variety—1st, Joseph Rye, $2 50. 2 bushels Oats—1st, W Herbison, $1 25. 2 bushels Barley—1st, " $1 25; 2nd Jas. Aikenhead, $1. 2 bushels Peas—1st, Thos Pickard, $1 25. 1 bushel Potatoes—1st, Wm Jenkins, $1; 2nd, A McAllister, 50 cents. 1 bushel field Carrots—1st, Wm Wise, 50cts; 2nd, Joseph Rye, 25cts. 1 dozen garden carrots—1st, G Snell, 50 cents; 2nd, Wm Murray, 25cts. 1 dozen Parsnips—2nd, G Snell, 25cts. 1 dozen onions—1st, Walter Cook, 50 cents; 2nd, Thos Mugridge, 25cts. ½ dozen Beets—1st, Michael McQuire, 50 cents; 2nd, Thos Pickard, 25 cents; ½ dozen Mangel Wurtzel—1st, William McDougall, 50cts; 2nd, Thomas Pickard, 25 cts. 1 dozen ears of Corn—1st, Wm McDougall, 50cts; 2nd, Wm Jenkins, 25cts. 1 dozen Tomatoes—1st, R J M Foot, 50cts.

DOMESTIC MANUFACTURE AND FAMILY WORK.—Ten yards Fulled Cloth—1st, Alexander Grant, $1 50; 2nd, A Elcoat, $1. Pair Woolen Blankets—1st, W McDougall, $2; 2nd, David Youill, $1 50. Pair woolen Stockings—J Holmes, 25cts. Pair woolen Mittens—T Pickard, 25cts. Pair woolen Gloves—J Sutherland, 25cts. Specimens Crochet Work—1st, Mrs W Coats, $1; 2nd, Mrs McTavish, 50cts. Quilt in Patchwork—1st, Mrs T Mugridge, $1; 2nd, Mrs A Elcoat, 50cts. Ornamental Needlework—1st, Mrs Thos McMichael, $1; 2nd, Mrs D B Strathy, 50 cents. Embroidery in Worsted—Mrs D B Strathy, 50 cents. Business Suit—James Smith, $1 50. Sett Double Harness—Grassick & Twitchell, $2. Sett Single Fine Harness—Grassick & Twitchell, $2. Assortment of cabinet maker's work, not less than three different articles—Thomas Stevenson, $3. Specimen Cooper's work—1st and 2nd, G D Gilchrist, $1 50 and $1. Pump—1st, John Ross, $1; 2nd, Daniel Mulley, 50 cents.

IMPLEMENTS.—Iron Plough—1st and 2nd, R Runciman, $2 and $1. Wooden Plough—Do do do $2, $1. Buggy—1st and 2nd, Rumball & Leslie,