The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES — CHARLOTTETOWN PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 21, 1918 — VOL. XLVII., No. 34

Synopsis of Canadian North-West Land Regulations

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, who was at the commencement of the present war, and who has since continued to be a British subject or a subject of an Allied or neutral country, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion Land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for District. Entry by proxy may be made on certain conditions. Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of land in each of three years.

In certain districts a homesteader may secure an adjoining quarter-section as pre-emption. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Reside six months in each of three years after earning homestead patent and cultivate 50 acres extra. May obtain pre-emption patent as soon as homestead patent on certain conditions.

A settler after obtaining homestead patent, if he cannot secure a pre-emption, may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.00.

Holders of entries may count time of employment as farm labourers in Canada during 1917, as residence duties under certain conditions.

When Dominion Lands are advertised or posted for entry, returned soldiers who have served overseas and have been honourably discharged, receive one day priority in applying for entry at local Agent's Office (but not Sub-Agency). Discharge papers must be presented to Agent.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

Fire Insurance

Possibly from an oversight or want of thought you have put off insuring, or placing additional insurance to adequately protect yourself against loss by fire.

ACT NOW. CALL UP
DEBLOIS BROS.,
Water Street, Phone 251

LIME!

We have on hand a quantity of

St. John LIME

In Barrels and Casks.

PHONE 111

C. LYONS & Co.

April 26, 1916—tf

Mail Contract

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, the 19th July, 1918, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, six times per week.

Over Rural Mail Route No. 2, from Peake's Station, P. E. Island,

from the Postmaster General's pleasure.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of Peake's Station, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

JOHN F. WHEAR,
Post Office Inspector

Post Office Inspector's Office,
Ch'town, 6th June, 1918.
June 12, 1918—3i

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS
Prince Edward Island.

Time Table in Effect June 24th, 1918

ATLANTIC STANDARD TIME.

Trains Outward, Read Down. P.M.	P.M.	A.M.			Trains Inward, Read Up A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	A.M.
4.00	12.15	6.25	Dep.	Charlottetown Arr.	11.55	11.10		10.15
5.20	1.48	7.25		Hunter River	10.47	10.10		8.40
6.05	2.50	7.58		Emerald Junc.	10.09	9.40	7.40	7.30
6.50	3.30	8.24		Kensington	9.37	9.10	6.50	
7.20	4.10	8.50	Arr.	Summerside Dep.	9.10	8.45	6.10	
		P.M.						
8.50		12.20	Dep.	Summerside Arr.	8.35	5.35		
9.48		2.10		Port Hill	7.40	3.56		
10.37		3.57		O'Leary	6.52	2.35		
11.18		5.07		Alberton	6.05	1.07		
11.55		6.05	Arr.	Tignish Dep.	5.30	12.05		
		9.45	Dep.	Emerald Junc. Arr.				7.20
		10.45	Arr.	Borden Dep.				6.20
		P.M.	A.M.			A.M.	P.M.	
		3.05	6.45	Dep. Charlottetown	Arr.	9.50	5.50	
		4.15	8.35	Mt. Stewart		8.35	4.15	
		4.42	9.12	Morell		8.07	3.17	
		5.02	9.42	St. Peters		7.45	2.40	
		6.05	11.15	Arr. Souris	Dep.	6.45	1.15	
		P.M.				A.M.		
		7.20		Arr. Elmira	Dep.	5.25		
		P.M.	A.M.			A.M.	P.M.	
		4.15	8.50	Dep. Mt. Stewart	Arr.	8.35	3.55	
		5.04	10.00	Cardigan		7.37	2.39	
		5.25	10.40	Montague		7.13	2.10	
		6.00	11.20	Georgetown	Dep.	6.35	1.00	
		Sat. only	Dly. ex. Sat. & Sun.			Dly. ex. Sat. & Sun.	Sat. only	
		P.M.	P.M.			A.M.	A.M.	
		4.00	3.30	Dep. Charlottetown	Arr	10.15	10.05	
		5.15	5.15	Vernon River		8.20	8.51	
		6.45	7.25	Murray Har.	Dep.	6.20	7.20	

C. A. HAYES, General Manager (Eastern Lines), Moncton, N. B.

H. H. MELANSON, Passenger Traffic Manager, Moncton, N. B.

W. T. HUGGAN, District Passenger Agent, Charlottetown, P.E.I.

CARRIAGES **GRANT & KENNEDY** HARNESS

85 Queen Street — Charlottetown, P.E.I.

OUR LINES

Heney & Baynes Carriages Now Opening

A full assortment in these celebrated VEHICLES including all the latest styles.

Harness and Harness Parts, Collars, &c., &c

Everything that you can possibly require for your horse in great variety.

Washing Machines, Clothes Wringers, Churns Page Wire Fence, Lawn Fence and Gates.

We carry in stock now a complete line of Fence for the Farm, for the Field, for the Garden and the Lawn.

PAGE FENCES always give satisfaction.

Our Lines Are Good Lines. Our Prices Are Right.

WIRE FENCE **GRANT & KENNEDY** WIRE GATES

Your Soldier Boy Wants HICKEY'S TWIST

No matter where he is, or what other tobacco he can get, the Island soldier whochews tobacco is never satisfied with anything but HICKEY'S TWIST.

In hundreds of letters from the boys in Flanders, France England and the training camps, they ask for HICKEY'S TWIST—and the 105th took along 20,000 figs with them

Send your soldier boy a pound of HICKEY'S with the next parcel.

Hickey & Nicholson, Ltd
CHARLOTTETOWN.

Mail Contract

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa, until noon on Friday, the 2nd August, 1918, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails on a proposed Contract for four years, six times per week,

Over Rural Mail Route No. 1 from Peake's Station.

from the Postmaster General's pleasure.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of Peake's Station, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

JOHN F. WHEAR,
Post Office Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's Office,
Ch'town, 22nd June, 1918
June 26, 1918—3i

ADVERTISE IN THE HERALD

A Jew At Mass

The following letter, received from a Hebrew formerly of Hartford, Conn., now an officer in the American expeditionary forces, is illustrative of the impression made upon non-Catholics by the Catholic devotions in the trenches. The writer is Lieut. Albert L. Simons, One Hundred and Fourth Infantry.

"It was last spring," he writes, "We had just returned from our first 'time in' and were going into reserve. Our destination was a large cave in a sector which will go down in history as one of the sectors in which some of the most important battles of the war have been fought. Upon arrival I found that the cave had once been a chalk mine, and was about fifty yards under ground and absolutely safe from shells. For the want of something better to do I walked about my new home and inspected the surroundings. It was a tremendously large cave and had been turned into quite a community. It contained comfortable quarters for a large number of men, storehouses for food and supplies and a canteen, and last but not least a place of worship.

"The altar was built of ordinary planks and was decorated with vases made out of shells containing evergreens. A sign in front of the altar announced that Mass would be celebrated Sunday morning at 10 o'clock, and I decided to attend. The scene was striking. The music was furnished by a string orchestra and the choir consisted of one French soldier. Whether or not it was due to the surroundings I cannot say; but that morning I heard a violinist and a tenor voice such as I never heard before. They were marvelous. I never realized that music could sound so sweet and elevating.

"The service was conducted by a regular French soldier, who, I was informed, was a regularly ordained priest, (priests and ministers are not exempi in France), and his prayer for the success of the Allies was delivered in a manner as only one who is fighting for the cause for which he prays is capable of doing.

"The congregation was of course as interesting as the service. There stood officers and men, 'Poilus' and 'Sammies,' Catholic, Protestant and Jew, all in their own way praying to God, thanking Him for having guided and shielded them thus far, and asking for His guidance and protection in the future. It was a scene I will never forget.

"I have seen some of the men since under enemy fire and some lying dead in the trenches, and in both cases, when I looked into their faces, it brought back that Sunday morning in the cave. The same calm, serene yet determined expression, indicating that their cause was just, and whatever the result would be, they would do their duty like men.

"The services concluded, I walked outside for a breath of fresh air. As I walked about aimlessly I reached the little graveyard, which is a familiar sight in every sector. There it was with tri-color rosette. In the center was a monument erected by loving comrades-in-arms. It was not made of granite and bronze, but fragments taken from the destroyed village nearby. It was surmounted by a large statute of the Virgin Mary, rudely but excellently carved out of a large piece of chalk taken from the cave, and underdeath was the inscription, 'Ici repose les Soldats Braves, qui Mort Pour la France.' It was the same characteristic inscription you see everywhere in the western front. As I stood there on the hill overlooking the valleys about me, I gazed upon the snow-covered ruins which for all the world looked like a ghastly monument erected to the dastardly deed of a heartless nation. The rumbling of the artillery in the distance sounded like stifled voices asking the world to look upon the destruction and act accordingly. I returned to the cave more than ever satisfied that I was fortunate enough to be a small cog in a large machine that was slowly but surely crushing the power which directed the acts that caused such misery."

Solemn Requiem Mass

Ottawa, Aug. 19.—A Solemn Requiem Mass was chanted in St. Etheldreda's (13th century chapel of the Bishop of Ely), London, for the victims of the Canadian Hospital ship, the Llandovery Castle, ruthlessly murdered by a German submarine at 9.30 on the night of June 27th. The service was distinctly Canadian. The celebrant was Lieut-Colonel Father Workman, M. C., assistant director of chaplain services (R. C.) of Montreal, assisted by Major Rev. J. J. O'Gorman, Ottawa, and Capt. W. J. Kelly, Toronto, as deacon and sub-deacon. Brig. Gen. Bishop Keating, C. M. G., assistant principal chaplain of the British army, was present in the sanctuary, with Major Day, D. S. O., as his chaplain. The sermon was preached by Captain Father Ivor Daniel, London area chaplain, of Edmonton.

The chatafalque was draped with British and Canadian flags and covered with swords, C. A. M. C., cap, the nursing sister's insignia. A guard of honor was under command of Major MacDonnell, of the medical store staff. Many nursing sisters and officers of the Canadian Army Medical Corps were among the chief mourners, and the service was marked by an intensity of feeling which accentuated its deep significance and gripped the hearts of the congregation.

Among those who attended were Sir George Perley, high commissioner for Canada, and Lady Perley; Surgeon-General Sir William Donovan; director of medical services embarkation; Lady Drummond, commissioner Canadian Red Cross; Surgeon-General Foster, director Canadian Medical services; Brig.-General Ross, paymaster-general, and Mrs. Ross; Matron in Chief MacDonald, Canadian Nursing Sisters; Lieut. Col. Donald, officer who commanded the first Canadian hospital ship; Mr. and Misses Donald Colonel Chisholm, Col. Delaney, Col. Sam McCoy, Major Sir Andrew McPhail, and many other officers of the Canadian Medical Service, and heads of the different departments of the overseas military forces of Canada.

Connolly Estate Scholarships.

The following is a list of the successful Candidates, in order of merit, in the Connolly Estate Scholarship Examination, held in Charlottetown and Summerside on July 23rd and 24th, 1918:

Francis Nelligan, Tignish.
Theodore Monaghan, Ch'town.
Louis Callaghan, Emyvale.
Edmund E. Doyle, Summerside.
Charles E. Murphy, Vernon.
William E. Power, Hope River.
Leonard Farmer, Kinkora.
Chas. McCarthy, Souris West.
St. Clair Trainor, Albany.
Jas. Austin Noonan, Bedeque.
Francis Daley, Hope River.
Francis L. Campbell, Kelly's Cross.
Herbert E. Murphy, Panmure Island.
Ralph Malone, Green Bay.
Peter Sullivan, Cardigan.

Developed By Trials

The perfect Christian is developed in the crucible of trial, says Bishop Busch. He may have schooled himself in the mysteries of religion and framed himself in the practice of virtue, but it is only when he has stood face to face with a duty and would not yield to compromise, when he has come to a place where he must give up all else for the sake of a principle that he for the first time realizes what it really means to be a Christian. And if under such conditions he holds his ideal with perfect singleness of purpose and becomes deaf and blind to all other considerations except the one Christian duty, he becomes transfixed by an inward vision, where the things of the spirit are the reality and all else is a shadow and a thin dissolving mist.

Double Entry Book-Keeping.

Critics of the Middle Ages are as numerous as the vast army of those who have but a smattering of learning, without having acquired an intelligent knowledge of History, Literature or Science. Such critics deserve no serious consideration, since, as Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler has it, they only "invite attention to the limitations of their knowledge and sympathy." In his treatise on "Philosophy" Dr. Butler points out the wonderful accomplishments of those ages in Science, Education, the Drama, Jurisprudence, Art and Architecture, and social and political development, and rightly contends that no age may be termed "dark" which reflects so much light in so many fields of accomplishments of that remarkable period of history have frequently been shown the error of their ways. Yet the truth cannot be told or corroborated too often nor can there be any harm in recalling, from time to time, the debt we owe in many thing to the men who lived and toiled in those days. It is an interesting fact that one of the most valuable systems of modern business control, double-entry bookkeeping, is the fruit of the thought and labors of a poor friar of the Fifteenth Century. Thus it is evident that even in its own particular sphere, in the science of "business," 3014—Will & Riotl eaj eaj FOUR the modern world has been obliged to sit at the feet of a religious of that age which is so frequently condemned as having been impractical and backward in those things which count for so much in our day—Industry, Commerce and Finance.

Two remarkable facts are brought out in this connection by the Manchester (Eng.) Guardian of some weeks ago. The one refers to the origin of the system mentioned, the other is the surprisng circumstance that a very important Department of the British Government until recently had not yet adopted this system for the purpose of keeping its accounts. The Guardian writes:

"The statement by Sir W. L. Evans that the Ministry of Munitions has only just adopted 'double-entry' bookkeeping is surprising, as the system is by no means modern and is now generally adopted by large business concerns. It is supposed to have had its origin among the mercantile communities of Italy in the fifteenth century, and has become known as the 'Italian method.' One of the earliest exponents was a Minorite monk (friar) named Luca da Burgo (or Pacioli) who published a treatise on the subject in Venice in 1494. The method was arranged on so scientific a basis that few alterations have been found necessary in the subsequent evolution of commercial transactions."

Both facts brought out by the Guardian are significant. The achievements of the friar da Burgo gains in significance, however, when we consider that the highest claims of the Middle Ages to recognition by posterity are not based on any extraordinary accomplishments in the field of industry, commerce and finance, but rather on the lofty idealism of those ages which pervaded the thought of the people, determined their practices and found expression in their institutions. Hence such a signal example of superior achievement in the basic requirements of business is all the more worthy of serious appreciation. It illustrates not only the ability and painstaking labor of the individual religions, but also the practical business sense of a people and an age so frequently decried as having been estranged by religious influences from a practical philosophy of life.

The recollection of many deeds done for the glory of God and the salvation of souls is a mine of wealth in old age.

SOUR STOMACH
Specks Before the Eyes.

Sour stomach and biliousness are caused by a sluggish liver, for when the liver is not working properly, it holds back the bile, which is so essential to promote the movement of the bowels, and the bile gets into the blood instead of passing through the usual channel, thus causing many stomach and bowel troubles.

Floating specks before the eyes is also another indication that the liver is sluggish and requires stirring into action. This you can best do by taking Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills. They arouse the sluggish liver, clean the coatest tongue, sweeten the breath, and do away with all stomach ills.

Mr. John R. Morrison, Grand River Falls, N.S., writes: "Several months ago I was troubled with a sour stomach and had specks floating before the eyes. I took five vials of Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills which cured, and cleared my blood before any length of time. I told my friends about it, and they got some, and they, too, find themselves different since they took them. I recommend your pills very highly."

Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills are 25c. a vial at all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

What Shall We Have At The End?

Life is very short and eternity is long. We know it. We are sure of but one thing in life; and that thing is death; and after death, judgment. Yet the great majority of people waste time all through life. They accomplish little for God and souls, and still less for themselves. It ought to stimulate our sluggish hearts to action when we consider the great things that the saints have done for God—They did not go to Him with empty hands. St. Francis Xavier, we are told, baptized one hundred thousand with his own hands and the prayers of St. Teresa converted more souls than that. A St. Patrick brought the Faith to Ireland. In his shadow churches and monasteries and schools grew up. A St. Boniface brought that same Faith to Germany, and a St. Augustine brought it to England. "By their works you shall know them," is certainly true, but few of us would care to be known by our works. Of course, we cannot all accomplish great wonders such as these, but there are few people who could not do some good for others. They could deny themselves some harmful luxury and send the money they saved to poor missionaries who daily are without necessities. If every opportunity is a responsibility, as Cardinal Newman assures us it is, many of us will have many disbarded responsibilities to atone for in the next world.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES DANDRUFF

Mary Ovington, Jasper Ont writes:—"My mother had a badly sprained arm. Nothing we used did her any good. Then father got Hagyard's Yellow Oil and it cured mother's arm in a few days Price 25 cents."

If you want a comfort in the house, get one of those instantaneous heaters. It keeps the whole family in hot water all the time."

Don't need it. My wife attends to that."

BEWARE OF WORMS.

Don't let worms gnaw at the vitals of your children Give them Dr. Low's Pleasant Worm Syrup and they'll soon be rid of these parasites. Price 25c.

MINARDS LINIMENT CURES GARGET IN COWS.

SUFFERED WITH KIDNEYS FOR THREE YEARS.
70 YEARS OLD AND CURED.

Late in life the body is likely to show signs of wear. Often the kidneys are the first organs to weaken. That's why many elderly folks suffer from backache, lame back, poor eyesight, rheumatic pains, gravel, dropsy and inability to control the urine.

Doan's Kidney Pills have made life more comfortable for thousands of old folks, as they stimulate the kidneys and tend to alleviate rheumatic joints, backache and too frequent urination. When past middle age it is a good plan to use Doan's Kidney Pills occasionally, just to keep the kidneys healthy.

Mr. John Cameron, Baldwin, Ont., writes: "I was troubled with my kidneys for three years and tried several doctors. I got better for a little while, but the same trouble came back. A friend told me to get a box of Doan's Kidney Pills, and before I had taken them I felt better and kept on until I had taken five boxes. I am seventy years old, and had given up that there was any help for me, but thanks to "Doan's" I have been cured."

Price 50c. a box, at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price, by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

See that our trade mark a "Maple Leaf" appears on the wrapper.