Whitcomb's Remedy ASTHMA,

Rose Cold and Hay Fever.

The late Jonas Whitcomb of Boston, Europe a few years since for enefit of his health, which was mpaired by frequent attacks of Spas-modic Asthma. While under the treat-ment of an eminent German physician his asthma disappeared; he procured his asthma disappeared; he procured the recipe which had done so much for him. This remedy has been used in thousands of the worst cases with aston-shing and uniform success. It contains rious properties whatever.

TESTIMONIALS.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 10, 1877.

Messrs. J. BURNETT & Co.: The relief the Jonas Whitcomb's Asthma Remedy afforded me was perfect; I have not had a bad night since taking it, and I have in no case found any relief until your Remedy came to hand. I most cheerfully recommend it to any-one troubled with Hay Fever or Asthma, for it is the only remedy ever used by me with any good effects.

Yours truly,
WM. T. MASON,
Of Messrs. MASON & GORDON, Lawyers,
517% Chestnut Street.

essrs. Joseph Burnett & Co., Boston, Mass.:

Gentlemen,—In the fall of 1877 I used
Jonas Whixomb's Asthma Remedy and
received immediate relief, and would
most cheerfully recommend it to any
person troubled with Hay Fever or
Asthma.

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SOLACES.

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CELEBRATED BRANDS BLACK SWEET

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those opposite the Standevery plug, and will serve as ide to desirable goods and as a protion against inferior quality.

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THE WEEKLY MAIL

ablished every Thursday morning in time for English mail, second edition on Friday, and de-ched by first trains and express to all parts of Dominion. Price 81.50 a year. Avertisements for casual insertion are charged to rate of fifteen cents per line; contract rates be year made known on application. Condensed ortisements are inserted at the rate of fifty cents twenty words, and two casts are the difficulties.

HE WEEKLY MAIL forms an excellent ium through which to reach the public, circu-g from every Post Office and prominent point in stio, and largely in the sister Provinces of Que-Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, British Columbia.

VOL. VII. NO. 358

TORONTO, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1879.

PRICE FOUR CENTS

The Pestilence Brought from Turkish Battlefield

A SOLDIER'S FATAL GIFT.

VIENNA, Feb. 3.—The Medico-Chir urgical Central Blatt states that the origin of the pestilence in Russia is as follows: A Cossack, returning from the war to Wetlianka, brought his lady-love a shawl, which was probably part of his spoil. The girl wore it two days and sickened with all the symptoms of the plague and died. During the following four days other members of the family died. The disease apread rapidly, but the local authorities did not pay any attention to it till half the inhabirapidly, but the local authorities did not pay any attention to it till half the inhabi-tants had died and those remaining were anable to bury the victims. The epidemic had assumed serious dimensions by the 25th November, but the Government was

the utmost. As the only way to arrest the disease is to prevent all communication between the districts where it reigns and others which are healthy, a double cordon is being formed, firstly, in the towns and villages, shutting off streets where the plague reigns, and secondly by surrounding the places with troops, so that nobody is allowed to pass. Quarantine also being instituted at the border of the infected district. The population is said to take an active part in preventing the cressing of the sanitary line. The panic in Russia is almost incredible. People of every class and station have petitioned for the entire cessation of all intercourse—even of portal communication—between the rest of Russia and the Volga. Letters sent from the Astrachan and Tsaritzin are not received by the persons to whom they are addressed. Some people even refuse to take paper

me people even refuse to take paper

money.

A Berlin correspondent says Russian railway cars are no longer admitted to German territory. The export of grain from Poland will suffer severely from this restriction. The Russian Gevernment is discussing the expediency of prohibiting the transit of Russian provisions sent to victual the Balkan army. The Russian sanitary commission has proposed to shut off the Volga line from all intercourse within Western Russia and to permit com-

within Western Russia and to permit communication only under quarantine.

The Porte announces that Russian ports will be quarantined against Turkish ports on the European coast of the Black Sea. The East Roumelian Commission has proposed the same measure along the coast frontier from Kustendji to Bourgas, and Roumania has decreed a similar course in the delta of the Danube, and on the coast of the Dobrudja and issued regulations identical with those put in force by Austria in regard to traffic, and the importation of goods across the Russian frontier.

establishes strict passport regulations between Russia and Germany after February 19th. Every traveller before entering Germany must prove he has not been in a suspected er infected district within twenty days; all clothes and baggage must be disinfected.

THE PLAGUE IN RUSSIA NEWS FROM ABROAD.

The Pall Mall Gazette says it is reported the Government intends to appoint the Duke of Connaught Vice-roy of Ireland.

milk of the diseased animals is sold in Brooklyn. A report from the sanitary superintendent of the lastnamed city states:

"'That he examined yesterday the cows at the swill-milk stables of Gaff, Fleischmann & Co., at Blissville, and found every second cow diseased, and every third cow suffering from pleuro-pneumonia, a disease which runs through a herd of cows like wildfire, and so affects them as to render their milk not only unwholesome, but poisonous. The temperature of the animals was as high as 107 degrees Fahrenheit, showing an intense fever. Milk from this stable undoubtedly finds its way into our city." The action of the Dominion Government in prohibiting the importation of American cattle for three months should, therefore, be commended by all people, irrespective of politics. In the Vanderbilt will case, ye

Zenas Priest, division superintendent of the New York Central Railway, deposed that in conversation with the Commodore, the latter told him he would fix it so that people who had lent Cornelius J. m.ney could never get it. He also said, when A Dublin correspondent states that three Catholic bishops informed the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland that the Catholics were treaty with Austria abrogating the fifth clause of a treaty of Prague as soon as the betrothal of the Princess Thyra to the Duke of Cumberland was made known.

treaty with Austria abrogating the fifth clause of a treaty of Prague as soon as the betrothal of the Princess Thyra to the Duke of Cumberland was made known.

The Berlin National Gazette says it is highly probable that the remarkable attitude of the Danish Court at the Duke of Cumberland's marriage has prompted Germany to ask Austria to abrogate clause five of the Treaty of Prague.

A group of English financiers through is if A. H. Layard, British Ambassador at Constantinople, have offered the Porte a much better financial scheme than that offered by the French syndicate. They also include in their offer a loan of twelve millions.

The marriage of the Duke of Connaught will, it is expected, take place at Windsor Castle early in the month of March. Several of the state apartments of the palace have already been got in readiness for the Royal nuptials, and other preparations will be made prior to the ceremontal. The marriage of the Duke of Connaught will, it is expected, take place at Windsor Castle early in the month of March. Several of the state apartments of the palace have already been got in readiness for the Royal nuptials, and other preparations will be made prior to the ceremonial.

The failure of the winter rains cause ne anxisty throughout Northern India

A MURDERER SENTENCED.

A Berlin despatch says there is a credible rumour that Dr. Falk, Minister of Public Worship, has proposed, and the Pope has accepted, a scheme of reconciliation making Prussia, instead of South Germany, the centre of gravity in cooleanstical affairs, and detaching the sees of Metz and Strasburg from the Church of France.

The Legal Committee of the Germany. The Legal Committee of the German Federal Council have finished consideration of the Parliamentary gagging bill. They have so far eliminated its most obnoxious clauses and otherwise softened its harshness until it is scarcely recognizable. It is believed that Prince Bismarck is disgusted at their action, and will insist upon the whole bill as originally proposed by him or nothing.

The difference between Russia and Roumania respecting the proprietorship of a fortress on the outskirts of Shistria is regarded as likely to test the present disposition.

The police having arrested Charles Peace, alias John Ward, the notorious burglar of Blackheath, and the alleged murderer of Mr. Dyson, at Banner Cross, in 1876, put him on board a train for Sheffield, where

Sunday energetic appeals were made from the pulpits in all the parish churches, fol-lowed by special collections after mass and vespers. The work has been undertaken by the Confraternity of St. Peter's, its members being assisted by a large number of Catholic gentlemen who attended every-where with canvas bags ornamented with gold crosses. ing to reinforce the military cordon, which is a thousand miles long, around the districts infected by the plague.

BUCHAREST, Feb. 4.—A regiment has

THE ZULU WAR.

vance of the British Troc

tory the next day.

THE AFGHAN CAMPAIGN.

Yakoob Khan—The Ameer Poli Civil War at Cabul—Blundering Commissariat Department.

Khoat for the present, as he is convinced such disturbances will be incessant.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 31.—The Ameer has arrived on the Russian frontier. His followers were disarmed, and the Ameer alone was allowed to retain his arms. The Russian authorities endeavoured to pesuade him it would be useless to go to 6t. Petersburg, but he insists, and may be expected to reach the Russian capital at the end of February. The Ameer appears astonished at his treatment.

HAZARPIER, Feb. 2.—Gen. Roberts has sent an officer to ascertain the feeling in regard to a successor to the throne of Cabul.

A Jellalabad despatch says Yakoob Khan distinctly declines the British demands and evinces a determination to hold Cabul.

HAZARPIER, Feb. 2.—It is reported the Ameer has been poisoned.

CALCUTTA, Feb. 2.—The report of the Ameer's death is generally believed in Cabul.

Ameer's death is generally believed in Cabul.

A despatch from Candahar says the Afghans have refused to admit the Russian officers in Herat.

London, Feb. 3.—A despatch from Khelat-i-Ghilzai says supplies are there obtained with great difficulty. The arrangements of the commissariat are deplorable. The cavalry and artillery horses are suffering. The people of the country are inclined to be insolent. All natives suspected of bearing arms in Candahar have been searched, concealment of arms being punished. Four elephants and one hundred and eight bullooks have died from cold and starvation. The forward movements to Ghirisk and Khelat-i-Ghilzai are attributed at Candahar to the scarcity of forage in that neighbourhood. The camels there are dying daily in great numbers, a supply of food

Strike of Bock-Labourers at Liverpool—
the Shipping at a Standstill—Threatened Strike of London Engineers.

Liverpool, Feb. 2.—Ten thousand docklabourers are on strike. Ten thousand
more are out of work in consequence of the

AFFAIRS AT OTTAWA. THE CATTLE DISEASE.

It is an understood thing that the Government are determined to, as far as possible, reduce the cost of collecting the revenue. Offices found to be useless will not therefore be likely to be filled up on a states—Opposition of the Agricultural Interest to the American Trade.

The Marine and Fisheries Department is in receipt of an invitation from Berlin asking the fishery officers to send specimens of Canadian fish and fishing implements to an exhibition under the patronage of the Crewn Prince, to be held in Berlin in 1880. It is hardly likely that the Government will feel disposed to make the necessary outlay unless circumstances should render an acceptance of the invitation fitting.

DEFALCATIONS BY INLANDREVENUEOFFICERS.

It is with regret that it is announced

LONDON, Jan. 30.—A Khost despatch says Gen. Roberts had no sconer evacuated Matoon, the capital of Khost, than it was surrounded by thousands of Mongols. The British returned and rescued the chief whom they had left in charge, burned the fort and then returned to their camp. In their retreat they were harassed by the Roberts has been suspended and will be dismissed. The other has found good security for his defalcation, but their retreat they were harassed by the

ic service, in all these cases the parties have been loud-lunged partisans of the Grit party, and their exposure and dismissal is a singular commentary on the claim of some of the Opposition papers that all the honest men of the Reform party have been dismissed or would be dismissed by the cruel Tory persecutors. How many more honest people remain to be discovered will be seen in due time. A SIGN OF THE SESSION.

OTTAWA, Feb. 4.—The question of the moving and seconding of the Address is beginning to interest those who love the minute of public life. This is the crown-THE PACIFIC RAILWAY CONTRACTS.

No awards have yet been made in the matter of the Pacific railway contracts. The usual crop of slanders is rising. THE RINDERPEST.

Of course there is correspondence going on in regard to the action of the Government in relation to the rinderpest. The Americans do not like it. The railways do not like it. Those whose business may be injuriously affected do not like it. But the necessity of the case over-rides all minor considerations. It is not improbable that the result may be a large export trade over the Intercolonial railway, and such a guarantee of the healthiness of Canadian stock as will be of the highest value commercially.

THE SUGAR QUESTION. Messrs. Drummond, Redpath & Dustan have seen the Finance Minister in relation to the vexed question of sugar. Also the Minister has seen a good representative of the importing interest. What passed at the interview none but an Opposition paper can tell with particularity, but it may be stated that the Finance Minister, having made a study of the sugar question, will give his best attention to the

THE ADDRESS. OTTAWA, Feb. 5.—Hon. Mr. Brecken, of Prince Edward Island, will move the reply to the Address at the opening of Parlia-ment. Mr. Joseph Tasse, of Ottawa, will be the seconder.

the cattle trade. The case is one that must of necessity seriously interfere with railway business, and of course some correspondence on that head has to be conducted. A proposition has been made that Western cattle not intended for exportation should be exempted from prohibition, but it is difficult, of course, to say what policy will be pursued. The acts and decisions of the English Privy Council must of necessity to a large extent, if not wholly, govern the policy of the Dominion.

And the control of th

LONDON, Feb. 3.—The Privy Council has received telegraphic reports from British Consuls in the United States, stating that Consuls in the United States, stating that a mild type of pleuro-pneumonia exists in various parts of the country, but is not malignant nor infectious. The cattle received by steamer on February 1st from Portland, which were bought in the same market and at the same time as those which arrived by the steamer Ontario, were subjected to a very rigid examination and found healthy. They were shipped to London for sale. The agricultural interest is endeavouring to induce the Privy Council to schedule the United States as an infected country.

Montaral, Feb. 3.—Although a good many Canadian cattle dealers have been badly frightened owing to the recently imposed restrictions at English ports on the

them have been hurt. One dealer certainly sold four car-loads on Thursday last on this market at a considerable loss, but the "scare" has since kept back stocks, and owing to the scarcity of cattle, better prices have been obtained since then. Advices from Liverpool to-day show that cargoes of American cattle are being passed through that port, Messrs. Thompson, Murray & Co., of the Canada Shipping Company, received the following despatch to-day:—"Alabama cattle passed inspection." Each cargo is being inspected and passed on its own merits. Consequently shippers here who closely inspect stocks before leaving Portland or other ports, have little as yet to fear from the close scrutiny the British Government demands to prevent the spread of pleuropneumonia.

pneumonia.

LONDON, Feb. 4.—The despatch sent from here on the 29th ultimo, relative to the prohibition of the importation of American cattle must have been misinterpretation.

LONDON, Feb. 5.—The slaughter of the cattle brought by the steamer Ontario, which has been completed at the abattoir in Liverpool, under the supervision of an eminent veterinary authority, disclosed the fact that several cattle besides those previously detected had suffered from pleuro-pneumonia and the discase was of a very pronounced contagious type. The examiner will report to the veterinary department of the Privy Council. The cattle by the steamer Iberian, which arrived at Liverpool yesterday from Boston, await in-

SPECIAL CABLE NEWS

Live Stock from Portland Passed at Earl Dufferin Appointed Ambassador to Russia.

AGITATION AGAINST AMERICAN CATTLE.

Threatened Strike of North of England Miners.

THE FRENCH CABLE SCHEME.

issatisfaction with the New French

THE CATTLE TRADE. An agitation has been commenced to induce the Government to compel the slaughter of American cattle at the port of debarkation.

An extensive strike of Durham coal miners is imminent, the employers having notified them that a reduction of 20 per

cent. would be made in their wages. THE FRENCH CABLE. The new French cable scheme has been abandoned because M. Pouyer-Quertier, its projector, preferred to arrange for a lease of one of the Anglo-American Company's

A despatch from Paris says, the weight of erican cattle must have been misinterpreted. As sent, it was to the effect that the Home Government had been notified that the Canadian Government had prohibited the importation of American cattle—meaning through Canadian ports. It is said to-day, though, that the Privy Council will, in accordance with a memorial from the English Chambers of Agriculture, for the present interdict the further importation of live cattle from America.

London, Feb. 5.—The slaughter of the

Washington, D. C. Peb. 5.—Many The changes in the constitution which this programme embedies are aimed allike rearing interests by Great Britain have been received from the West, and the President has telegraphed a reassuring message to the Governor of Illinois.

New York, Feb. 5.—It is asserted that the English cattle disease (pleuro-pneumonia) is in this vicinity, but an investigation fails to discover it in this county and no disease has been found opposite in a large of the control of the programme of the provision for compensation to them in some instances, is included in the list of pledges which have been afternoon here are the revival of the long since virtually abrogated edicts respecting religious orders, the expulsion of American cattle, but they ruin our competition with British breeders in their own markets. Pleuro-pneumonia is certainly kept alive in this country in the capital to secone the exclusion of American cattle, but they ruin our competition with British breeders in their own markets. Pleuro-pneumonia is certainly kept alive in this country in the country in the capital market, but they can at a tarved, should not have been shipped to England. American cattle are not exist in the great cithes, but does not exist in the sections from which cattle are drawn for exportation. Cattle, however, which stood in cars for two days together in the great cithes, but they can be, and will be, if cattle dealers on this side are indifferent.

The alleged existence in this country of the cattle large of pleuro-pneumonia has been shyped to the cattle to England. Several of the prominent exporters from this country affirmed this morning that shipments of live cattle to England. Several of the prominent exporters from this country of the cattle to England. Several of the prominent exporters from this country of the prominent expor