

THE HAMILTON TIMES

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 20, 1907.

"MOVING THE CROP."

A good deal is heard these days about the need of the country for money with which to move the wheat crop, and to many the phrase conveys but little meaning. They know that wheat costs money, but as to the modus operandi of the process of handling it—taking it from the farmer and sending it to Europe—they know nothing. The Monetary Times gives a very concise and lucid statement of the way the banks help in the work, and we reproduce it for the benefit of our readers:

(1) The farmer delivers his wheat at a nearby elevator, or he orders grain cars and ships to Winnipeg for inspection and sale.

(2) At Winnipeg the grain is either purchased by the milling companies and stored by them for future use, or it is sold to large dealers who carry wheat over from month to month, hoping to profit on the difference between the cash article and the price of futures. It is the latter class who are not being assisted by the banks in their speculations just now, and many of the complaints against the bankers emanate from this fraternity.

(3) Regarding the export business, those who send the wheat eastward are often the same firms who speculate in grain futures. The two functions of these houses are entirely distinct. As exporters these firms enter the Winnipeg market and buy wheat on the track and in the elevators.

(4) When shipment time comes they forward their goods down the lakes from Port Arthur or Fort William.

(5) Next, with the help of the Canadian banks an "inland draft" is drawn on a New York or other export house.

(6) This draft, with the inland bill of lading attached, is handed to the buyer of the draft, who sees the shipment made and negotiations a sterling or continental bill of exchange, to which is attached the bill of lading.

(7) When the grain is on the high seas en route to Europe, Canadian banks which financed the shipment at Winnipeg get their money back.

The Canadian banks thus advance the requisite funds to the shipper at Winnipeg and then finance more shipments.

STILL WHIMPERING.

The junior local Tory organ continues to whimper that the Times is "obstructing the efforts of those public-spirited Hamilton citizens who are endeavoring to secure the establishment in Hamilton of a provincial technical college," all because the Times fears Whitney may gain favor by it. Our jackal contemporary knows this is false, and knows that the public knows it. But it hopes by its show of solicitude for the Tory cause to curry favor with the Tory machine which it seeks to serve. The Times demands that Whitney make good the pledges made on his account by his organs here when we were robbed of the Normal College. He should need no deputations to hold him to that. And the Herald's eagerness to help him to escape from doing so will deceive nobody. His plea not to irritate or annoy Whitney by reminding him of his promises, is not made in the interest of Hamilton. It is part of the dirty party work the senior organ prefers to leave to the willing Herald.

ONE BROKEN PROMISE.

Whitney may not love Hamilton but he fears it. The last local election in this city showed him that neither he nor his ministers could afford to break their promises to the electors with impunity. Hon. Mr. Hendrie's off-repeated declaration, when he was last before the electors, that prison labor would no longer compete with free labor was ignored by his Government, and the famous Central Prison inquiry was carried out, permitting convicts to compete at the rate of three cents an hour with honest labor. So far as the public knows Mr. Hendrie allowed this contract to be made without protest. Now, however, when it is realized that the electorate is ready to condemn the Government at the first opportunity, Mr. Hendrie is put forward to announce that no such contracts will be made in future. If this promise is carried out, it will only show that Whitney has been forced to right a great wrong when he could not help himself.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier is 66 years old to-day. Many happy returns!

Ald. Nicholson does not appear to be enthusiastic about the efficiency or economy of municipal improvements!

Alabama has adopted a prohibition measure to go into effect on Jan. 1, 1909. One more moist year for the old sakes.

The increase of 121.2 per cent. to G. T. R. yardmen will be pleasant news to 500 or 600 men, a few of whom are Hamiltonians.

Is Mr. W. F. Maclean, of the Toronto World, going to quietly accept the Globe's characterization of his moral character?

Irish butter at 25 to 30 cents a pound retail is selling in Montreal and will soon be offered in Toronto. That may serve to help out the scarcity.

The Stark Light and Power Co. has assigned. The municipal power boomers won't assign: they have always the taxpayer to fall back upon.

The Galt Reporter says the Chief of Police of that town "will stop the prac-

tice of skating on unsafe ice." He may do some good by trying, but stopping it—well, sweeping back the ocean is of a class with such a task.

The Hamilton Spectator has not been heard whispering advice to Mr. Whitney about civil service reform.—Brookville Recorder.

Not a whisper. It has contented itself with scrambling for offices.

This promises to be a hard season for the actors, about 3,000 of whom are out of engagements in New York city. It is also said that 80 per cent. of the new plays attempted this season have proved to be failures.

The Buckingham rioters get off with two months for rioting, the manslaughter cases being dismissed. It is to be hoped that the lesson taught will increase respect for law and order in the neighborhood.

Whitney got nearly \$2,000,000 from the Mining Department this year as compared with about \$45,000 in 1904. That is the result of Ross' railway policy which Whitney opposed. But Whitney will find a way to dissipate the money.

The Times congratulates Mr. P. D. Crear, K. C., on his election to the position of the Reform Association of Hamilton. He will do honor to the position and will have the hearty support of the Liberals of the city.

The G. T. R. has applied to the Government for an investigation board under the Lemieux Act to deal with the grievances alleged by its telegraphers. That is a commendable course, and will tend to avoid causes of difficulty.

Some time ago Mr. Mayor, ugly charges were published against M. D. Nelligan, Ward Foreman. What have you done about them? Is it fair to leave them as they are? Should you not make those bringing them prove them or withdraw?

So "Slippery Sam" Barker courted Pritchett's acquaintance, did he? But why should Mr. George Lynch-Staunton object to the fact being told in evidence? Now, if Mr. Barker would only tell all about his trips to Montreal in the fall of 1904 it might make "good reading."

An arrangement whereby the Government will aid the banks, where necessary, to move the wheat crop has been arrived at in a conference of the bankers and the Finance Minister. The terms are not made public, but the assurance is given that the movement of the crop will not be delayed for lack of specie.

The Genial Idiot of the Toronto Telegram thinks he has found the cause of the temporary money stringency in Canada. He thinks it is due to the Dominion Government carrying on public works, and to the fact that it did not borrow largely abroad. Just what caused the stringency in other parts of the world it has not yet announced.

It is estimated, says the Philadelphia Record, that 170,000 American first and second cabin passengers in transatlantic steamers did not less than \$150,000,000 in Europe during the year ended October 1st. Europe, however, gave value for this sum. How much did Europe lose during the same period by the drain of immigration to the United States?

The bubonic plague at San Francisco is more than a mere scare, and fully justifies the extensive measures taken to stamp it out. Already there have been 99 cases, and of those 57 have resulted fatally. A mortality of over 60 per cent. makes the vile disease a thing to be dreaded. It is part of the price Uncle Sam is called on to pay for his possession of the Philippines.

The Times brings down on its head the wrath of the local junior Tory organ the Herald by reminding Whitney that there is \$75,000 of Hamilton money sunk in the Normal College building, that Whitney ought in justice to refund to us, now that he has taken the college away. The Spectator's frequent reminders of that fact never evoked from the Herald a single one of the curses it hurled at us! How eager it is to do dirty work for Whitney now!

The Belleville bakers raised the price of bread to 12 cents on the first of this month. This week they reduced it to the old figure—10 cents. The reason for this was that the Belleville housewives went on strike. In other words, they stopped buying bread and baked it themselves. The bakers capitulated. A similar strike took place in Kingston when the price of bread was raised there, followed by a similar result.

"Keep off the grass" signs do not meet with the approval of Mr. J. S. Pearce, London's Park Superintendent. Speaking at the Ontario Horticultural Association meeting in Toronto the other day, he said he was quite opposed to such signs, and thought the people should be allowed to wander around on the public parks at their leisure, but should not be allowed to make paths along the sides of the walks. Did he ever see the path that runs through the middle of Dundurn Park?

London Council has referred the Hydro power by-law to a sub-committee, with authority to engage an independent engineer to report on the matter. This, in view of the fact that some hundreds of thousands of dollars expenditure is involved, and the estimates presented are those of promoters, does not seem to be an undue exercise of caution. But the Free Press is raging mad at the Council for taking this step, and pretends to regard it as intended "to create confusion." Its notion is that the Council should shut its eyes and jump. And that is the spirit in which Mayor Stewart and

some of the aldermen approach the question here. Their motto is: "The expense! Is not the taxpayer there to bear it? Jam it through. The varying guesses of the Hydro-Electric people are enough for us. Who cares if it cost three times their estimate?"

A proposition is now before the United States Government to set aside bird reservations and breeding grounds where the feathered tribe might be protected from the so-called sportsman and the bloodthirsty youth. Statisticians say the loss to that country alone resulting from the killing of birds and the neglect to properly protect them foots up to \$800,000,000 a year. We do not know how they arrive at that result. But we do know that in Canada the annual slaughter of birds is a serious loss to the country, and that their extermination would be fatal to the agriculture of the country.

From various parts of the United States come reports of shut-downs. Chicago reports five concerns are laying off 8,000 men. The railways west of that city have discharged 25,000 men and generally called off extensions owing to the foolish "war on capital." In Amsterdam, N. Y., 4,500 knitting mill employees have been let out. Two of the United States Sugar Trust refineries have closed. Many small concerns are slowing up here and there, and there are indications that the pace is slackening. In Canada we have fared well, but we may look for a prudent contraction for a time. Business is sound, but inflation must be avoided.

In spite of the placarding of the dead walls and hoardings of the city with flaring posters last election campaign declaring against the contracting of prison labor and for the labelling of prison-made goods, Hon. Mr. Hendrie at the Tory club last night had to admit that the worst prison labor contract ever had been made by the Government of which he is a member—3 cents an hour, machinery, buildings, superintendence, fuel, etc., thrown in, and goods not to be labelled—and to apologetically promise that after next session prison-made goods would not be put into competition with products of free labor. But is that promise better than the promises of last campaign?

And now the Hamilton Times calls Premier Whitney an "equivocator."—Hamilton Herald.

Well, to equivocate is to use ambiguous expressions with an intent to mislead. Perhaps the Herald can suggest a more suitable term to describe the action of Whitney, who after the senior Tory organ had intimated that we were to lose the Normal College, and after a big deputation had failed to get him to promise that the steel would not be carried out, in the Legislature answered a specific question as to the Government's intended course in the matter by saying: "No such thing was ever contemplated." Perhaps that wasn't equivocation; if not, we are willing to let each man characterize it for himself. Isn't that fair?

The London Free Press, the most unreasonable and unscrupulous of the organs that attack the Government because of increased expenditure, pretends to regard Canada as doing much less than its duty to the Empire by way of contributing to the common defence. It says: "The only contribution that will count on this score is the gift of a battle ship or a first-class cruiser to go with the fleet." It matters not to this Tory organ that the British Government and all the leading Canadians of both parties, including Sir Charles Tupper, hold that Canada is pursuing the proper course and doing its whole duty. Nothing will do the Free Press but a warship built by the money of the Canadian taxpayers, to be given to the fleet and placed entirely beyond our influence and control. And when the bills come in it would rant and rage over the increase in the expenditure caused thereby.

HERE AND THERE.

Toronto News: Twenty-four bank managers met recently in Montreal. They represented the money of Canada except in the one particular that they were NOT "tight."

Peterboro Examiner: Hon. Mr. Foster said to a gathering of Conservatives in Blenheim, "Canada's danger is unclean politics"—politics is no game in which wrong methods may be used with impunity." Such language, coming from a man with Mr. Foster's record, makes Satan reproving sin gilt-edged consistency.

Buffalo Courier: As reported by the Chicago Tribune, Evangelist Torrey says the men will eat after death, but some other pastors think not, and one of them is of opinion that many will be glad to get rid of indigestion.

New York Sun: No longer now "In God We Trust"—The motto down we pluck! Three-quarters of our faith is in Ted. The other fourth in luck.

Toronto News: A New Yorker went to jail for ten years for stealing twenty-four cents. Why did he not steal \$24,000,000, and remain a pillar of society?

Brookville Recorder: It is said that since Mr. Bergeron accompanied Mr. Borden to the coast that regular classes in French are being held daily in the editorial sanctum of the Hamilton Spectator.

Montreal Star: When a woman hasn't got anything else to do with money, she buys a lot of useless things because they are cheap.

Montreal Herald: It is much to be hoped that the effort of the ingenious Mr. Robert Rogers to make political capital out of the financial stringency will not be allowed to do as much mischief as it very easily might.

Ottawa Free Press: General Booth concludes that only one sin in 80 is ever found out. This inspires confidence; eh, brothers?

THE MOUNTAIN SAN.

New Infirmary a Great Comfort—Apple Crop in.

The service on Wednesday, the 6th, was held in the hall, and was conducted by Rev. Mr. Kayner, of Immanuel Congregational Church. Rev. P. W. Philpott, of the Gospel Tabernacle, presided at the service on the 13th, which was held in the women's ward of the infirmary. Both services were much appreciated by all.

There are at present five patients in the infirmary, two in the men's ward, and three in the women's ward. By having the bed patients all in one building, the work of the nurses is made much easier than formerly, when many trips had to be made to and from the different sheds, in all sorts of weather. The patients are also more comfortable than in the open sheds, especially in cold weather, but they are not without abundance of fresh air, the large windows being open day and night. On sunny days the beds are pulled out on the veranda, which is enclosed with glass and ventilated, and the patients can enjoy a sun-bath, and a good view.

Two modern, portable chicken houses, the gift of St. Hilde's Chapter, have been built in the orchard, and have been in use for over a week. They are in every way suitable for the purpose, but, as they can accommodate only 20 chickens each, about half the entire number of fowls are still left in the old house. A deputation of ladies representing St. Hilde's Chapter visited the Sanatorium on Saturday to inspect the chicken houses, and to find out whether an adequate number had been supplied.

Work on the new laundry building is going ahead rapidly.

The apple pickers have been very busy for some time, and the crop is now gathered and packed for winter use.

Thanks for the following donations: Mrs. Hatch, clothing; Mrs. J. E. O'Reilly, clothing; Mrs. H. H. Robertson, books; Mrs. Jas. Darke, pumpkins and squash; a friend, clothing; friends, magazines; visitors—Mr. and Mrs. Pennyfather, Mrs. Holmes, Mrs. McLaren, Miss White, Mrs. Southam, Mrs. Evans, Rev. P. W. Philpott, Dr. J. A. and Mrs. Dickson, Dr. W. M. English, Hamilton Asylum; Dr. E. H. Young, Toronto Asylum.

New Departure in Photography.

High art in advertising is exemplified in a card at present being displayed in the local street cars. The scene depicts a prominent English actress at luncheon, using Holbrook's Sauce, the pose and the color work being most natural and lifelike. Each card is an original photograph and colored by hand. These cards are being sent out by Woods-Norris, Limited, advertising agents, Toronto, on behalf of Messrs. Holbrook, of Birmingham, England, and Toronto.

OSLER-HARTY.

Kingston, Nov. 19.—The marriage of Miss Kathleen Harty, only daughter of Hon. Wm. Harty, to Mr. Hugh F. Osler, of Winnipeg, son of Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Osler, Toronto, will take place to-morrow morning in the Archbishop's Palace, Rev. Father Kelly, of Smith's Falls, officiating. The bridesmaid will be Miss Frances Sullivan, and the groomsmen the bride's brother, Mr. Willie Harty. Only the immediate relatives of both parties will be present at the ceremony. At the residence of Hon. Wm. Harty there will be a reception at 11.30 a. m. to unmarried friends.

BODY FOUND BY CREEK.

Charles Dawson, an Aged Resident of Burford, Found Dead.

Brantford, Nov. 19.—The body of Charles Dawson, a man over 70 years of age, residing with friends near Burford, was found alongside the creek in that district to-day. He disappeared about ten days ago. Death was due to exhaustion. It is supposed that while returning home he fell and expired. No inquest will be held.

It is said that the Moose Mountain smelter project may be delayed owing to monetary conditions.

SCALY ERUPTIONS COVERED HIS BODY

Itched Constantly—Scratched Until Blood Flowed—Suffered 10 Years—Doctors and Medicines Were Fruitless—Tries Cuticura and Is Completely Cured

BY THREE BOXES OF CUTICURA OINTMENT

"When I was about nine years old small sores appeared on each of my lower limbs. I scratched them with a piece of straw pin and shortly afterwards both of those limbs became so sore that I could scarcely walk. When I had been suffering for about a month the sores began to heal, but small scaly eruptions appeared where the sores had been. From that time onward I was troubled by such severe itching that I could not sleep. I used Cuticura Ointment, and in fact I was continually giving some remedy a fair trial, never using less than one or two boxes or bottles. All this was fruitless. Finally my hair began to fall out and I was rapidly becoming bald. I used Cuticura Soap, but it did no good. A few months after, having used almost everything else, I thought I would try Cuticura Ointment, having previously used Cuticura Soap and being pleased with it. After using three boxes I was completely cured. I had no more itching, and after fourteen years of suffering and an expenditure of at least \$500 in vainly endeavoring to find a cure, I shall be glad to write to any one who may be interested in my cure. B. Hiram Mattingly, Vermillion, S. Dak., Aug. 18, 1906.

Sold throughout the Dominion by all Druggists and Grocers.

Prepared by J. C. Smith, Boston, Mass.

See the advertisement in the Sun and Star.

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Three Days' Sacrifice Sale of Dress Goods

Over \$5,000 worth of Dress Goods will go on sale Thursday morning at just half the regular retail price. Everything marked in plain figures and displayed on tables in the Dress Goods Section.

\$1 Dress Goods 50c

54-inch Tweed Dress Goods, in checks and shadow stripes, brown, green and blue mixtures, \$1.00 for 50c

\$1 Tweeds 50c

54-inch Tweeds, plain colors, grey and old rose, regular \$1, for . . . 50c

\$1 Tweeds 50c

44-inch Tweeds, in shadow check, blue and brown, brown and green, and blue, regular \$1, for 50c

\$1 Cheviots 50c

48-inch Cheviots, in fawn and green, regular \$1, for 50c

\$1 Panama 50c

48-inch Panama, green only, regular \$1, for 50c

\$1 Tweeds 50c

54-inch Light Grey Tweeds, in stripes and knotted patterns, regular \$1.00, for 50c

\$1 Tweeds 50c

Light Tweeds, in greys and fawns, shadow stripes and checks, worsted finish, \$1.00 for 50c

\$1.25 Cheviots 62½c

50-inch Cheviots, in navy and black only, regular \$1.25, for 62½c

\$1.25 Venetians 62½c

50-inch Venetian, in reseda and fawn only, regular price \$1.25, Thursday 62½c

\$4.50 Children's Bear Coats \$2.99

25 only Children's White, Cardinal, Brown or Black Bear Coats, regular \$4.50 quality; goes on sale Thursday \$2.99

12½ and 15c Prints for 7c

Manufacturers' ends of English Prints, lengths from 1 to 10 yards, regular 12½ and 15c quality, Thursday 7c

10c to 20c White Lawns 7c

Fine White Lawns, manufacturers' remnants, lengths 1 to 10 yards, regular 10 to 20c, Thursday 7c

\$1.50 Ladies' Shoes for 89c

Sharp at 9 o'clock Thursday morning we will put on sale 150 pairs of Dongola Kid Bals, extension soles, McKay sewn, good value for \$1.50, Thursday special 89c

15c Towellings for 10c

50 pieces Pure Linen Roller Towelling, extra heavy weight, bought at old prices, and value regular for 15c, special Thursday 10c

\$10,000 Fur Stock

At Just Half the Ordinary Selling Price

The public have taken advantage of this great fur sale. More goods have been sold in this department than we would do in an ordinary season.

Up-to-date Furs at Half Price

Ladies' Jackets, in Marmot, Astrachan and Near Seal, at half price. Stoles, Throws, Capelines, in mink, Stone Marten, Marmot, Opossum, Hare, with Muffs to match. Thursdays the retail price just cut in two.

Big Values in the Cloak Dept.

\$10.00 Coats \$5.00

27 Ladies' Dark Tweed Jackets, three-quarter length, loose and semi-fitting, some with velvet collars, others trimmed with straps and buttons, regularly \$10.00, Thursday \$5.00

\$8.00 Skirts \$2.98

Ladies' Light and Dark Tweed Dress Skirts, some made with pleats, others trimmed with straps. These Skirts are all well made, lengths 45 and 48 inches, worth from \$5.00 to \$8.00, Monday, your choice \$2.98

\$15.00 Jackets \$7.50

Misses' and Ladies' Jackets, in light and dark tweeds, also plain cloths, in black and green, loose back, three-quarter and seven-eighth length, nicely trimmed with straps, worth up to \$15.00, for \$7.50

\$15.00 Jackets \$10.00

Ladies' Black Cloth Jackets, loose and fitted back, three-quarter lengths, some trimmed with silk braid, others with stitched straps, all sizes up to 44, worth up to \$15.00, Thursday's price \$10.00

\$4.50 and \$6 Eiderdown Dressing Robes \$1.99

Nine only, Ladies' Eiderdown Dressing Robes, colors pink or cream, these sold regular at \$4.50 to \$6, all one price Thursday \$1.99

\$1.75 and \$2.00 Black Sateen Wrappers 99c

20 Ladies' Black Sateen Wrappers, sizes 34 and 36 only, regular retail price \$1.75 and \$2, Thursday's price 99c

\$5.00 to \$8.00 Silk Waists \$2.99

Ladies' Silk Waists, made of China or Taffeta Silk in black, white, cream, red and green, sizes only 34 and 36, regular value \$5 to \$8, sale price \$2.99

Infants' Department

Wool Toques 50c

Fine Wool Toques in cardinal, navy, white, brown and black, white and red scarves to match, price 50c

Infants' Jackets 50c

Infants' hand made wool Jackets, in white and blue, white and pink and all white, special for Thursday 50c

\$1.50 Dresses \$1.19

Children's navy Cloth French Dresses, waist trimmed, with tucks and buttons, size 1 to 5 years, \$1.50, Thursday \$1.19

\$1.75 Dresses \$1.35

Children's Cashmere Mother Hubbard Dresses, with embroidered neck, size 1 to 5 years, colors navy and cream, regular \$1.75, Thursday \$1.35

THE T. H. PRATT CO. LIMITED

The Degrading Tip.

"These cunning habits we have acquired have brought us into great waters. Every body from the insurance man, who writes the policy on your life, to the bell boy who brings your pitcher of ice water, wants some rake-off, some fee, that he charges in proportion to your ignorance. All these bring us further into the great waters. I believe it is high time such things were resisted."

Beck's Gule vs. Statistics.

(Kingston Whig.)

The idea that distribution plants and transmission lines may be undertaken at the common expense of the people, and if these are extended, even to the extent of millions the government will assume the burden will be received with incredulity. The whole province is not interested in the Niagara scheme, that is directly to the extent of its power—only one-fourth—and the whole province will have to be consulted in an election, before it will assume the burden Mr. Beck is prepared to put upon it.

The Work Must Be Done.

(St. Thomas Times.)

The resistance to the entry of Japanese and Chinese who are ready to do hard work or railway building appears unreasonable when it is known that white men have refused to do such work. The development of the country is retarded because needed work cannot be done. We hear that white men would be employed in preference to Orientals and at white men's wages if they would do

75c Tweeds 57½c

44-inch Dark Tweed Shadow Check, in blue, brown and green, regularly 75c, for 57½c

75c Panamas 37½c

44-inch Fancy Panama, in fawn, blue and green, regularly 75c, for 37½