

LIMITING PROFITS MEN'S CLOTHING EFFECTIVE FEB. 15

Ottawa, Jan. 7.—The order of the Board of Commerce fixing profits of clothiers at 26 per cent on suits costing less than \$25, and 33 1-3 per cent on suits costing over that amount, will not become effective until after February 15th. During the hearing of objections of the Ottawa clothiers to the proposed order, this morning, Chairman Robson of the Board gave a verbal ruling, extending until Feb. 15th, the time in which the clothiers throughout Canada must send in replies to the questionnaire of the board relative to their business.

* MILITARY MEDAL FOR *
* MOUNTED POLICE CORPORAL *

Information has been received that Corporal Philip S. Bossard, of the Royal North West Mounted Police Cavalry, has been awarded the Military Medal for gallantry and distinguished service in connection with operations on the field in Siberia. Corp. Bossard was a member of the squadron commanded by Major Duffus, of the Brandon Detachment, R.N.W.M.P., during active service in Siberia.

LIBERALS FIGHT PREMIER DRURY AND MINISTERS

When They Seek Seats In Legislature—Decision By Party Caucus

NO ACCLAMATIONS

Liberals To Oppose Each Minister When He Seeks Re-election

Toronto, Jan. 7.—It is to be war to the knife with the three seatless ministers of the Ontario Government when they seek election to the Legislature, a caucus of Liberals yesterday decided. The plight of Premier Drury, Attorney General Raney, and M. Doherty, Minister of Agriculture not having seats, was thoroughly discussed and no sympathy shown to the government for such a state of affairs. Each of the three ministers will meet Liberal opposition wherever he seeks re-election it was decided.

CARPENTIER TO FIGHT DEMPSEY \$400,000 PURSE

Frenchman Wants Ten Round Bout—Won't Fight More Than Fifteen

Paris, Jan. 7.—Carpentier's manager has wired J. Coffroth accepting terms for a championship bout between Carpentier and Dempsey in America, except that Carpentier is unwilling to fight more than fifteen, and favors ten rounds. The purse is for \$400,000.

To Fight in Mexico

Los Angeles, Cal., Jan. 7.—"Tia Juana, Mexico, will get the Dempsey-Carpentier fight," Jack Kearns, Dempsey's manager, stated today, when advised of Carpentier's conditional acceptance of Coffroth's offer.

FORMER KAISER WON'T SURRENDER WITHOUT FIGHT

United States Decides Not to Join In Demand for Trial of Ex-Kaiser

PLANS ARE SECRET

Count Hohenzollern Relies On Protection of Holland To Avoid Trial

Amerongen, Jan. 7.—Allied demands for the extradition of former Emperor William of Germany, in which it is known the United States will not participate is expected at the Hague about Jan. 15th. Recent press dispatches stated that Count Hohenzollern might surrender rather than embarrass the Netherlands Government, but it is now authoritatively reported he will rely on the protection of Holland and her refusal to honor the Allied demand.

Only the erstwhile Kaiser and his closest advisers know definitely his plans, but unless he changes his mind, it is learned, he is determined to settle down to life at Doorn, where his house is being rushed to completion.

FORMER HUN COMMANDER NOW ACTIVE IN POLITICS

Paris, Jan. 7.—General Ludendorff, former commander-in-chief of the German armies on the Western front, will be an active participant in the German political campaign.

SWINE BREEDERS ASK GOVT. FOR DEFINITE POLICY

Which Will Assure Them Fair Market Price For Their Hogs

GOING OUT OF BUSINESS

Outlook For Profit Is So Poor That Stock Is Being Sacrificed

Active steps to remedy the hog market and restore the confidence of Canadian swine breeders are to be taken by the Swine Breeders' Association of Manitoba. This was the decision reached at the annual meeting of the Association held in the City Hall, Wednesday afternoon, which was attended by quite a large number of members from out-of-town points. The abnormally poor condition of the Canadian production of hogs for market use was pointed out in an address by H. S. Arkell, Live Stock Commissioner, Ottawa, who stated that the hog situation in this country is at the worst level in the country's history. Two resolutions were passed by the members in session and the Association will do everything in its power to bring back normal conditions in Canada.

Officers for 1920

The election of officers for the Association resulted as follows: President, W. C. McKilloan, Brandon; Vice-President, J. R. Hulme, Souris; Directors, D. W. Agnew, Douglas; Peter McDonald, Virden; F. H. Wiescheke, Stonewall; A. C. McPhail, Brandon. The representatives to the Winter Fair Board are Peter McDonald, D. W. Agnew and W. C. McKilloan, while D. W. Agnew will represent the Association on the Provincial Fair Board and John Strachan of Pope will be the representative on the Western Canada Live Stock Union.

Showing that he possessed a very intimate knowledge of the bacon situation not only in Canada but also in Great Britain, France and the United States, Mr. H. S. Arkell gave a very interesting address on the "Swine Situation and what can be done to remedy it." Mr. Arkell said that while overseas last summer he talked with merchants in Paris and they stated that they would sooner have one pound of Canadian bacon than ten of American, while the demand was ten times more than they could supply. Canadian bacon, the Paris merchants said, would fetch a much more fancier price than "American" bacon every time. In London, Mr. Arkell said, the bacon market had slumped. This he thought was due to the fact that the British ministry refused to recognize quality where Canadian and American bacon was concerned and Canadians could not get the price they demanded for their superior bacon.

Out of this situation and on representations made to the British Government, representatives were sent over to Canada to look after the Canadian hog industry and to see that Canadian prices were protected. Later, at a conference held in New York the British delegates purchased all the Canadian bacon at agreed prices while the Americans will have to wait on the good will of the British Government before they will be able to dispose of the large stocks they have on hand at the present time. The relation generally speaking between the Canadian and British ministers to purchase food is on a satisfactory basis, said Mr. Arkell. The prices which have been paid since September represent a fair, reasonable price which Canadian packers were able to secure from the British Ministry of Food. He stated that the Department of Agriculture was making every possible effort to maintain the production of swine among the breeders of Canada.

Recognize Quality

The speaker declared that he knows of no industry in Canada that holds a better opportunity for profit than bacon, that is if the breeders are allowed to meet the situation in the open market, and if the standard of quality is recognized. There is still a great shortage of high quality bacon, and no immediate likelihood of an increased output in other countries, due to the high cost of feed, Mr. Arkell stated that there is an abnormal demand today for Canadian bacon, but that the United States is making great efforts to improve the quality of the bacon and are now successfully competing with the Canadian bacon.

Ask Definite Policy

"I have studied the situation in every province of the Dominion and the Canadian hog situation at present is at the worst level of any time during the country's history," said Mr. Arkell. "Alberta is not raising any hogs, Saskatchewan is in about the same box, while Manitoba is perhaps the best situated of the three Western Provinces. The situation in Ontario is also bad, and unless something is done to increase our production, our competitors will step in and corral the market for years to come."

said the Live Stock Commissioner. He therefore asked that the hog breeders of Canada take an early opportunity to ask for a definite policy to be laid down by the Dominion Government with regard to the hog situation if the confidence of the breeders is to be restored. He also suggested that the Manitoba breeders communicate with other associations and then approach the Dominion Government, and this would give the Department of Agriculture a chance to state its views on the subject. He said in closing that the breeders should ask for definite information on the setting of prices, the process of marketing, the representation overseas and the circulation of market reports.

July Best Month to Market Hogs
Mr. Dan Johnston of the Union Stock Yards was to have spoken on "How to Establish the confidence of the producers in the hog industry," but he said that Mr. Arkell had covered the subject almost completely. He took the opportunity of giving some information on the prices obtained by Canadian bacon producers in Canadian stockyards. He said that the lowest prices were usually paid in September and the highest in July, while the great year for the number of hogs shipped into the market was in 1915. In this year over half a million hogs were sent through the Winnipeg stockyards alone while last year only about 250,000 were shipped from Winnipeg. Mr. Johnston stated that it is foolish for farmers or breeders to engage in the hog raising business unless there is a profit in it for them.

Following Mr. Arkell's suggestion that action be taken to bring the attention of the Dominion Government to the situation now existing, the following resolution was drafted and unanimously passed by the Association:

"Whereas a very serious lack of confidence exists amongst Swine Breeders throughout the country in their view of policy between the Dominion Department of Agriculture and the Board of Commerce, which has resulted in hogs being marketed in little pigs being killed, and in a very small percentage of hogs being bred.

"Therefore, be it resolved that we the Swine Breeders' Association of Manitoba urgently request the Canadian Swine Breeders' Association at its annual meeting to lay the whole case before the Dominion Government and request a definite declaration of policy as to its future attitude toward the Swine industry, and that Messrs. McKilloan and Gordon be delegated to present this matter before the annual meeting of the Canadian Swine Breeders' Association.

"A resolution which was before the executive committee of the Western Canada Live Stock Union was also submitted to the Association in session here Wednesday afternoon with the result that the Brandon meeting adopted the resolution as passed in Calgary. It is as follows:

"To the Members of the Executive Committee, Western Canada Live Stock Union.

"Dear Sirs—

"With reference to our resolution objection to the Board of Commerce setting the price for hogs, would you be in favor of sending a letter as follows to the Minister of Trade and Commerce?

"The Western Canada Live Stock Union looks with alarm on the very serious reduction in number of hogs kept for breeding purposes, due, we believe to the high cost of grain coupled with the price fixing of hog products by the Board of Commerce. At the recent annual meeting of the Alberta Swine Breeders' Association, breeders reported a reduction of breeding herds in several districts as high as eighty per cent. In the last few months, if what we believe to be a vicious practice of price fixing is persisted in by the Board of Commerce, we submit that such fixing of prices should bear a reasonable relation to the cost of production and the price of feed, otherwise fewer hogs will be bred and pork production seriously reduced. Extensive experiments conducted by the Dominion Government Experimental Farms show that it requires about four and a half pounds of grain to make a pound of pork, plus thirty-five per cent. for other feed and overhead. In Western Canada, this feed might be taken as being equal parts of oats and barley; and the price of live hogs at central markets such as Edmonton, Calgary and Winnipeg markets should not be less than the average cost for six months of four and a half pounds of equal parts of No. 2 C. W. Oats and No. 3 C. W. Barley, plus thirty-three per cent. If this or some action having the same effect is not adopted, it would appear as if the action of the Board of Commerce would result in undoing the work of many years of co-operative effort on the part of the Government and Breeders, looking to the establishment and encouragement of hog production in Canada. This industry is in the most serious condition it has ever been."

Yours very truly,

(Signed) E. L. RICHARDSON,

Secretary.

SITUATION IN RUSSIA BAD FOR ANTI-BOLSHEVIKS

British War Office Says Few Signs of Any Likely Improvement

MENACING DEVELOPMENTS

General Denikine's Army Cut In Two, Flanks Thrust Back

London, Jan. 8.—The situation in Russia is about as bad as could be from an Anti-Bolshevik point of view, according to the British War Office reports, and there are few signs indicating any likely improvement. There are two especially menacing developments. General Denikine's army has been cut in two through the Bolshevik pushing to the Sea of Azov at Taganrog, and its flanks have been thrust back, leaving a large gap. In addition, comes the claim from the Bolshevik of the capture further East of the town of Krasnovodsk, on the Caspian Sea.

BRITISH IMPORTS AND EXPORTS INCREASE 1919

According To Figures Presented By the British Board of Trade

London, Jan. 8.—Board of Trade figures for the year 1919 show that imports have increased 315,000,000 pounds and exports increased 297,000,000 pounds. The principal increases in imports were food, 142,000,000 pounds of raw materials including cotton 40,000,000 pounds and wool 65,000,000 pounds.

Chief increases in exports were coal 40,000,000 pounds and manufactured articles 225,000,000 pounds, including cotton textiles 60,000,000 pounds, and woolen textiles 48,000,000 pounds.

MACPHERSON TO URGE CHANGE IN MILITARY PLANS

Member For Portage Seeks Reduction of Army and Advocates Physical Training

A standing army of not more than 2,000 men instead of 10,000 as proposed by the Federal House and a broad system of physical training in the schools are two of the main points to be urged by Lieut-Colonel C. D. MacPherson M.L.A. for Portage La Prairie before the United Farmers of Manitoba in session here. Cutting out much of what he calls the "deadwood" by reducing the military staffs and districts is also urged by Col. MacPherson.

"Moreover the present parliament has no mandate from the people to establish an army or compulsory training," said the Colonel. "It would not stop militarism and is economically unsound." He added, "The R. N. W. M. P. handled the Winnipeg strike and are the home defence together with the 200,000 returned men we have now. Let the country rest for three to five years and then formulate, from young and actual war service officers and men a minimum organization," he said.

THREATEN BOYCOTT IF TURKEY TERMS NOT SATISFACTORY

Delhi, Jan. 8.—British goods will be boycotted if the peace settlement with Turkey is not satisfactory to the Moslems, according to a resolution adopted by India Moslems, who gathered here recently in the all India khilafat conference. By another resolution, it was proposed to begin gradual cessation of co-operation with the Government in event of unsuccessful peace with Turkey. India Moslems have been insisting upon the principle of nationality and self-determination as a basis for dealing with Turkey.

BRITISH RAILWAY MEN TO MEET TO DECIDE POLICY

Will They Strike, Or Will a Ballot Be Taken By Unions?

London, Jan. 8.—Interest in the resumption of the railwaymen's conference today centres around whether the men will declare another strike, or proceed with a ballot by 500,000 members of the various unions affected by the Government's offer in settlement of the wage demand.

NO LOANS TO DISABLED MEN

Ottawa, Jan. 8.—The report, from Winnipeg that Hon. J. A. Calder had advised the District Vocational officer there that loans of \$1,500 would be granted to disabled war veterans, to enable them to set themselves up in business, received a flat denial here. Hon. Mr. Calder said he had not sent any such message and did not know of any such provision being made.

Captain N. F. Parkinson, Acting Deputy Minister of the Department of Soldiers' Civil Reestablishment, said that no such statement had been authorized by the Department and that no such provision had been made.

A telegram from the Manitoba Patriotic Fund to Hon. J. A. Calder recently stated that great numbers of returned men were seeking loans to establish themselves in business and urged that some provision for loans be made. This telegram was referred to the D.S.C.R., and in answer, it was stated that regulations governing the loans to disabled trained men were being prepared as recommended by parliament. No sum was mentioned in the Department's telegram; however, officials here are at a loss to account for the figure of \$1,500 being mentioned. The regulations in question, it is expected, will be ready for issue to district vocational officers within the course of a few days, when they have been completed and approved.

CERTIFICATES OF VACCINATION MAY BE DEMANDED

Winnipeg, Jan. 8.—It is probable that an order will be issued in the near future requiring persons entering Manitoba from Ontario to show certificates of vaccination in order to guard against the danger of the disease gaining foothold here, said Dr. M. Stuart Fraser, of the Provincial Board of Health.

"The matter is being contemplated by the Board," Dr. Fraser asserted, "and it seems very likely that it will decide to demand proof of the vaccination of incoming travellers. With the exception of a few isolated cases in the province, there have been no reports that signs of the spread of the disease here have been noted."

Railways May Assist
In order to make sure that travellers show proof of vaccination, an arrangement in this regard may be entered into with the railway companies, it is believed.

No cases of smallpox have been reported in Winnipeg since early in November, W. J. T. Watt, of the city Health Department said. The careful vaccination of school pupils and many adults in Winnipeg will prevent the spread of the disease, Mr. Watt thinks. What he would advise, he said, is that all families, who have any cases of dangerous looking rashes or bad sore throats should advise the health department, if they do not feel like calling a physician, and the department will send a doctor to examine and prescribe for them, Mr. Watt said.

Vaccination in St. Boniface
Vaccination of 1,000 pupils attending schools in St. Boniface, to avoid a spread in Manitoba of the smallpox epidemic in Ontario, was started today, Dr. M. Stuart Fraser, of the provincial board of health, said. The board sent two nurses to assist in the operation, he added.

The board is doing everything possible to induce unvaccinated persons to submit to the operation, Dr. Fraser said. Any physician can perform the work, he said, and if a person cannot afford to pay, he will be vaccinated free of charge at the city hall, or if living in a rural district, at a station maintained by the province.

ITALIAN PAPER NOTES CHANGE IN SITUATION

Rome, Jan. 8.—Corriere D'Italia, says a memorandum "not in the form of an ultimatum, but a very grave document coming from the Allied nations to a nation bound to them by a solemn pact" has been delivered to Foreign Minister Scialoja by Allied representatives. The memorandum, the newspaper asserts, has for its object the closing of the period of negotiations and the opening of a new one, and recalls to a new station negotiations "that the Pact of London does not exist any more." Having been destroyed by former Italian negotiators.

EXCHANGE RATIFICATIONS OF THE PEACE TREATY THE 10TH OF JANUARY

Paris, Jan. 8.—Exchange of ratification of the Peace Treaty will take place, January 10th, it now seems certain.

JAP MILITARY ACTIVITIES IN SIBERIA

Japanese Government Says It Has No Plans To Annex Territory

Tokio, Jan. 7.—Japanese military activity in Siberia is no part of a plan by the Japanese Government to annex Siberian territory. General Narimoto Oi, commanding the forces in Siberia, declared in a speech here.

"Japan wishes only to guarantee peace," she has neither a desire for territorial annexation nor the acquisition of any other privileges in Siberia," said General Oi.

Japan is reported to have nearly a hundred thousand men moving against the Bolshevik advance in Siberia. Since the collapse of the Kolchak Government and the defeat of General Denikine by the red forces, Japan has been rapidly increasing her expeditionary forces.

Washington, Jan. 7. — Japanese forces in Siberia, it was learned authoritatively here are moving to a position East of Lake Balkal, in Japan's first attempt to crush completely the Eastward sweep of the Bolshevik armies. In addition, two battalions, approximating 2,000 men have been sent to Irkutsk to quell local revolutionist uprisings. The Bolsheviks are reported between fifty and 100 miles West of Irkutsk.

Japanese forces in Siberia now number nearly 100,000, although this exceeds the number permitted under the agreement by which Japan and other allies intervened in Siberia, it was learned. Japan's troops, according to the agreement, were not to exceed the total of the other allies. Great Britain and France have removed all their troops and the United States has only 9,000 men in Siberia, it was said. It was understood Japan virtually has determined to send material reinforcements.

Important negotiations are being conducted by Japanese Ambassador Reidehara with the state department, and a decision is expected momentarily. A definite step to check the Red menace is expected to result.

* 30 MILLION RUSSIANS *
* PERISH DURING LAST *
* 3 YEARS, SAYS PRINCESS *

* New York, Jan. 7.—Thirty million men, women and children *
* have died in Russia from *
* famine, disease and during *
* the last three years, according to *
* a statement on present conditions *
* made today by Princess Cantacuz- *
* zene-Speransky, in appeal for Rus- *
* sian relief. This was exclusive of *
* five million men who had laid *
* down their lives on the Russian *
* front fighting for the Allies. *

LENINE OFFERS END TO TERRORS: PEACE PROPOSAL

Stockholm, Jan. 7.—Nikolai Lenine, Russian Bolshevik Premier, has made a new peace offer to the Allies which is being taken to London. Among other conditions included in the offer by Lenine is a promise to abolish terrorism and the activity of revolutionary tribunals, according to an Estonian newspaper.

SOVIET CENTRES ESTABLISHED IN GLASGOW BACKED BY AMERICAN COMMUNISTS

London, Jan. 7.—Soviet centres backed by American Communists have been established in Glasgow with sub-committees in various towns in the Clyde district.

MANY OASIS APPEAR IN "DRY" TORONTO

Montreal, Que., Jan. 7.—Each day since the New Year about eight hundred cases of liquor have been shipped to Toronto.

OPERATIONS UNNECESSARY

HEPATOLTA removes Gall Stones corrects Appendicitis in 24 hours without pain. Registered under Pure Food and Drug Act. \$6.00

Sole Manufacturer
Mrs. Geo. S. Almas
230 4th Ave. C., Saskatoon, Sask.
Box 1073

We are better able than ever to look after your

FILMS

In our new store, we have more space and more efficient apparatus to help you make your kodak bring results. All developing and printing orders promptly executed by our expert—and mailed, return postage paid, to your address.

ENLARGEMENT FREE

We carry the best stock of Kodaks and Kodak Supplies west of Winnipeg—and every \$5 purchase entitles you to a free enlargement from your favorite snapshot.

Simply mail your films and say how many prints you want.

McCulloch's

DRUG STORE
Rosser and 10th, BRANDON

MINING STOCKS

Gold Pan 8% preferred, Pan Extension, Bruce Consolidated, Northern Copper and Nickle Mines.

All the leading mining stocks handled.

UNICUM & BURNS

137 10TH STREET.

PHONE 3324



A Good Friend In Winter --- A Cap

In winter and summer, and fall and spring a cap is a favorite head-dress for many men. A cap can stand rough usage and especially do we recommend a line that we are showing now. They are the real thing for comfort and warmth.

S. A. Thompson

933 Rosser Ave.