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EASY OF OPERATION

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The foundation stones upon which the -BLADE SEPARAT

has built its reputation are actual facts, of the indestructible kind, They are not the imaginary kind, made of sand, that are easily destroyed when the machine is in actual operation. The name of Derbyshire stands for all that is good for dairying in Canada and it would not be used in connection with a cream separator unless that machine was worthy of a place in any dairy in the Dominion. The sales of Link-Blade Separators during 1968 were the greatest in the history of the machine. This is a strong evidence of its increasing popularity.

Start the year with a Link-Blade.

D. DERBYSHIRE & COMPA flead Office and Works: BROCKVILLE, ONT. Branches : PETERBOROUGH, ONT. MONTREAL and QUEBEC, P. Q.

WE WANT AGENTS FOR A FEW UNREPRESENTED DISTRICTS



FARM AND DAIRY (Formerly The Canadian Dairyman January 7, 1909. and Farming World.)

## Percherons vs. Clydesdales

Percherons vs. Clydesdales Ed. Farm and Dairy — I have been greatly interested by the letters in your journal under by the letters in to breed any hone on the id d a man to breed any hone on the id d is the er. Pound for pound. I belies that will give as much service for the std consumed as any other animal. But you have a straight the letter is the machine light to handle the heavy today, required on most farms today, and in many cases he is too nervous and high strung for an ideal farm hores.

nervous and high strung for an ideal farm horse. For about 30 years, we have had in this section both grade Clydedales and Percherons. I am free to say that the latter have many point, that compal my admiration. They are smoothly made, clean, cut animals, with better neeks, he ds and limbs so far as contour is concerned, than any smoothly made clean, out animals, with beiter necks, he de and limbs so far as contour is concerned, and limbs (lydes. They are free, michan any Clydes. They are free, michan any movers, all horse, and for his snappy movers, all horse, and for his snappy movers, all horse, and for his necks though no expert in judging horses. I have never yet seen a Percheron in verse and the start of the seally serious defoct. I could not pick a really serious are some of then on their pasterns, are some of the non their pasterns, are some of the none liner, to give us a start in the breading of a very desirable type of horse. If there are any good sound Perchan nosed and hammer headed. Some have white are short necked, Roman nosed and hammer headed. Some have white are the not entern for a Holstein cow, where the not enhance their appear-ance. Then the are than that of the Percherons. Bike than that of the percherons. With good under-pinning is greatly to be preferred to a handsome cripple. "No feet and limbs, no horse."

horse." It is not surprising then, that the grade Clyde is here fast displac-ing the grade Percheron though the latter had the first inning. If quite possible that we were unforthe-nate in our choice of foundation stock of the Prench horse. If he is worthy, many of us would gladly see him on his way to the front again.-L. J. Flower, Queen's Co., N.B.

## A Profit in Quebec Hogs

A Fronti in Quebec Hogs Ed., Farm and Dairy-In you editorial, "An Impossible Sugges-tion." published in your issue for December 9th, you said that the idea had been advanced at various times that the packers should keep the price of hogs at a reasonable figure, and you claim that the sur- tion was in provide the sur- tion was you wild say, "Out the sur- tion was of this of the sur- tion was been issued by the Live-Stock Branch, Ottawa. The report contains a bried history of the sur- of performance work whick "upper time of the sur-ors would say, "Out of the sur-should we try to Now, howveer Now, however fully, "who trying to breed th packer not \*

15.0 thus stops the

In case any of our readers may not have seen our an-nouncements in former issues they will be surprised to receive this, the first issue of the New Year, bearing the name of

# FARM AND DAIRY

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The only change that has been made in The Canadian Dairy-man and Farming World is in its name (the former name was too long). This is the same paper under the same management. It will continue to be av bright, interesting and helpfu' is it has interesting and helpfu's it has been in the past, and will be published weekly at the same old price—only \$1.00 a year.

raise, the better they find hogs pay. They aim to get two litters a year from their breeding sows. The spring litters are turned out to pasture as soon as the clover, rape, or alfalfa. has grown enough to provide feed These fields are enclosed with a regu-lar farm fence and then divided into weating with what they call here a inches for, about 26 inches to 30 inches to 30.

When the hogs are four to four and a half months old, they weigh from 125 to 150 lbs. The farmers claim that they cost them less than three that they cost them less than three cents a pound up to that stage. They are then put into smaller enclosures and their feed changed to one of a and their feed changed to one of a fattening nature. Being in a good healthy condition they put on from  $1 \ge t_0 \ge t_0$  be, fat a day and are soon ready for market at a weight of 175 to 190 bb. The best ones are sold and their places filled by the best ones out of younger litters. After our farmers get the rotation well started there is scarcely a week in which they do not scarcely a week in which they do not sell two to six nice hogs at from \$5.75 to \$7.25 a 100 lbs. live weight depend-

to \$7.26 a 100 lbs. live weight depend-ing on the time of year, and the ques-tion of supply as well as on the Danish killing which rule all markets. Our farmers are beginning to raise more of their own feed. They find that roots, ensilage, etc., make good w. Taylor, 137 Youville Square, Mon-treal, Que.

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