

The king cannot persuade himself, that these acts of violence have been committed with the knowledge of the court of France, and he is so fully convinced of his most christian majesty's equity, and his desire to maintain a good understanding between the two crowns, that he assures himself the most christian king will readily shew his disapprobation of such conduct.

Governor Cornwallis has never made, nor designed to make any settlement *out of the limits of the peninsula* (i) which the French before, never pretended to belong to them: the king having had no intention, in forming a settlement in his province of Nova Scotia, to *encroach on the rights of his most christian majesty, or to take forcible possession of a country, of which the king had referred the right of propriety to the decision of the commissaries appointed for that purpose; before it was possible for them to have met in order to proceed to the settling of the limits.*

The underwritten ambassador has orders to demand that the conduct of M. de la Jonquiere be disavowed: that positive orders be sent him immediately to withdraw his troops and the Indians under his authority from the places which belong to Great Britain; that

(i) This is positive, and by the confession of the English, they could at least, make no innovation on the continent, before the decision of the commissaries. Have they waited for this decision?