

In British Columbia, if no trustee is named to receive the shares to which infants are entitled, their shares may be paid to the executors of the insured or to a guardian of the infants or trustee appointed by the Court. The guardian must give security for the faithful performance of his duties. Provision is also made for the investment and advancement of infants' moneys by trustees, executors and guardians, the same as in Alberta. If there is no trustee, executor or guardian, the company may at the expiration of two months from the time it has admitted the claim, pay the money into Court. If the company does not within four months from the time the claim is admitted either pay the infants' share to some person competent to receive the same, or pay the same into Court, an order may be obtained from the Court compelling the company to pay the money to the proper person or into Court. On certain conditions the Court may appoint a foreign guardian as trustee to receive infants' insurance moneys: The Life Insurance Policies Act, Secs. 15 *et seq.*

British  
Columbia law.

In the Maritime Provinces and Newfoundland, infants' shares may be paid to the executors of the assured or to a guardian or trustee appointed by the Court, that is, provided no trustee is named by the assured. The guardian must give security. Where insurance moneys not exceeding \$3,000 are payable to the wife and children of the assured and some are infants, the Court may appoint the widow, being mother of such infants, as their guardian without security. Provision is made for the investment, management and advancement of infants' moneys. There is also provision for the appointment in certain cases of a foreign guardian as trustee to receive infants' shares. If there is no trustee, executor or guardian, the company may at the end of two months

Law of the  
Maritime  
Provinces and  
Newfoundland.