

out of any province in Canada, he so remains with a like intent; or if he conceals himself within the limits of Canada with a like intent;

(d.) If he secretes or is about to secrete any part of his 5 estate or effects with intent to defraud his creditors, or any of them, or to defeat or delay their remedies or demands; Secrecion of property.

(e.) If he assigns, removes, or disposes of, or is about or 10 attempts to assign, remove or dispose of any of his property with intent to defraud, defeat, or delay his creditors, or any of them; Fraudulent assignment.

(f.) If he makes any general conveyance or assignment of 15 his property for the benefit of his creditors; or if being unable to meet his liabilities in full he makes any sale or conveyance of the whole or of the main part of his stock in trade or assets without the consent of his creditors, or without satisfying their claims; General assignment or sale of stock.

(g.) If he permits any execution issued against him under 20 which any of his chattels, stock-in-trade, assets, land, or property is seized, levied upon, or taken in execution, to remain unsatisfied until within four days of the time fixed by the sheriff or seizing officer for the sale thereof, or to remain unsatisfied for fifteen days after such seizure; Allowing execution to remain unsatisfied.

(h.) If, with intent to defeat, defraud, or delay his creditors 25 or any of them, he procures his chattels, stock-in-trade, assets, land or property, or any portion thereof, to be seized, levied on, or taken under or by any process or execution. Procuring seizure of goods, etc.

RECEIVING ORDER.

5. Subject to the conditions of this Act, if a person to 30 whom it applies commits an act of insolvency, the court may on the application of a creditor, and upon such facts and circumstances being shown as satisfy the court that the order should be made, make a receiving order under this Act. (Form No. 1.) Court may make receiving order.

2. Such receiving order shall be addressed to the sheriff of 35 the county or district in which the debtor has his domicile or place of business, and who by himself or by his deputy shall take possession of the assets of the debtor, but without making any inventory thereof or incurring any expenses not absolutely necessary for the conservation thereof, and who for the purposes hereof shall be styled the "guardian." Addressed to sheriff.

40 3. If, however, it is shown to the court, by affidavit or otherwise, that creditors representing a majority in amount of the unsecured claims provable against the estate have assented to the appointment as liquidator of a person eligible for such appointment, such person shall thereupon be appointed guar- 45 dian under the foregoing restrictions. Appointment of liquidator as guardian.

4. Such person may also replace the sheriff when the latter 50 is acting as guardian under this Act. Instead of sheriff.

6. A creditor shall not be entitled to make application for 55 a receiving order unless— Conditions on which creditor may apply for receiving order.

(a.) The act of insolvency on which the application is 60 founded, which act shall be disclosed in the affidavits in support of such application, occurred within three months immediately preceding the date of the making of such application;