n pine, coarse No. 2, \$16 13; outs, \$9 to 9.50; rough x boards, etc., \$9 to 12.50; pboards, \$45 to 48; sap 40; matched boards, \$19

c.—Eastern planed and to 12; random do., \$11 to oards, provincial cargo, ough do., \$9 to 9.50; extra ar shingles, \$2.75 to 3; 2.50; second clears, \$1.90 1's, \$1.50 to 1.75. de is not as active this

poor business is expected week or two. Fresh fish rce all the week owing to been plentiful, but the r of the past three or four sed a considerable loss to he temperature has been and has caused a slump trade. Mackerel are still carce, with prices about nly a few fish are coming the provinces. Other deemain unchanged. The

-Market cod, \$3 to 3.25 per re. \$4: steak cod. \$5: had-25; large hake, \$2 to 2.25; 1.25; pollock, \$1 to 1.25; t, \$2 to 2.25; white halibut, gray, 15 to 16c.; chicken, . 15c.: frozen do., 8 to 9c. er 100; lake trout, 10c.; na-10c.; provincial frozen do., ters, 14c; boiled, 16c.

Provincial extra mackerel, bbl.; No. 1, \$20 to 21; large 1. \$6 to 6.25 per qtl.: meddry bank cod, \$4 to 4.50; 5 to 3; large pickled bank, . S. split herring, \$4 per or, \$5; round shore her-3: Newfoundland salmon, Vo. 2, \$16.

sh-American sardines, 1-4 2.60; 1-2 oils, \$5 to 5.25; lobsters, \$2; lower grades, flats, \$2.10 to 2.25. trade has been rather to the high prices which There is some cutting in ever, and this has lent the of interest there is to the Pocket prices here are: en, \$4.10 to 4.20; egg, \$4.40 to \$4.50 to 4.65; nut, \$4.15 to

LIKE A SKELETON.

blee. Wife of a Well-known Conof Berlin, Wasted Almost to a Eight Years a Sufferer from ervousness and Cured by South

OR a period of eight years Mrs. George Schlee, wife of one of the best known citizens of Berlin, a prominent contractor. knew little of the joys of good health, For this long term she was an invalid, unnd to her household duties, confined to her bed.

this lady to diagnose her always felt weak and at night I could not rest of nervousness, which made erable, and my body bested almost to a skeleton. spaired of my ever getting ain. During all this time I and took several patent meme doctors claimed it to trouble, and desired to pereration. I was induced by ggist to try South American nd the first bottle gave me I have taken in all eight nd am now completely well, rays keep a bottle on hand. re it to be the best medicine n the market.

all risk of reiteration, for ase where the grand truths outh American Nervine will t be too often told, the fact remedy strengthens at the res, from which point flows ood of the system, is the of the marvellous success ds its use. It does not stop ng disease and wiping out d flesh builder, and men and knew not robust health joy all these pleasures after ren this medicine.

THE IRISH COAST.

Storm and the Lucania Un e to Make Queenstown.

town, Dec. 22.-The Cunard p Lucania left the Mersey at this morning and had still d at midnight. It is surnat the captain will not risk his vessel into harbor during

a violent gale blowing off coast, and several small been swamped. It was owdense fog that the Lucania ined in the Mersey until Sunrning, and her mail; awaited Queenstown the whole day. packets are putting back for shelter.

A FINANCIAL PANIC.

New York and Boston Stock Markets in a Wild State.

Cleveland's Message Getting in its Work on Eusiness Men.

Money Ran up as High as Eighty per cent .-New York Failures.

New York, Dec. 20.-This was a day of excitement on Wall street, and matters for a time bore a resemblance of a panic. But this condition of affairs had not been unexpected, and in a measure the dealers had prepared Before the opening of themselves. business of the the stock exchange it was announced \$3,400,000 in gold would be sent from the country and later in the day the export of \$600,000 was an-This, together with the cable advices from London announcing extensive sales of American securities and the tenor of the war news, was responsible for the general feeling of uneasiness that prevailed even early in the day. The spirit of the market was to sell, and in the big exchanges this was done to an extent rarely before surpassed. The sales for the day were 775,761 shares, N. Y. Central, St. Paul, L. & N., Wabash, Kansas and Texas pfd., Reading, Atchison, Illinois Central and C. P., were

the principal sufferers. As a result of the decline in stocks the failure of the following firms was announced: Nichols, Frothingham & Co., Samuel S. Sands & Co., Denyfile & Co., L. A. Feldman and B. Fenlon.

With the fall in prices the banks closed in all their loans, thus adding to the complications of the situation Much money was loaned at very high interest to carry stocks, and in many instances renewals would not be made under no consideration whatever. Money was loaned on call late in the afternoon as high as 75 and 80 per cent, and loans were up to 75 per cent

by the banks. Just before closing on the exchange the galleries were crowded with spectators. The floor of the exchange was the scene of great excitement, and sellers were almost fighting with each other to get at the buyers. There was excitement, too, in the street, and it is anticipated tomorrow will be a re-

petition of today's scenes.

Isaac Seligman of the banking firm of J. & W. Seligman said: Our gold reserve is low and the heavy withdrawals may necessitate the issue of new bonds. He said further that he did not believe any concerted action was being taken by foreign capitalists to

New York, Dec. 20.-In a general way the average Wall street habitute was prepared after the close of business yesterday, for probable depressions in the stock market today on acount of the Venezuelan message and the rumor of heavy outward move-ment of gold. The actual developments of the day, accordingly, caused a sensation in financial circles that has not been equalled since the Baring panic; in fact in some particulars that gloomy event was overshadowed in point of interest. The first shock came in the shape of a panic market in American securities in London with declines extending to 5 per cent. British consols also came lower. The successive cables reported great ex ment at that centre and wholesale liquidation of the international stocks, at rapidly receding prices. Before the opening hour it was stated \$2,400,000 of the \$5,000,000 that was expected to go out tomorrow would be arranged

The combined influence of the defor today. velopments noted was reflected in a wild opening in the local stocks and bond markets. Trading was very heavy from the outset and in the initial dealings breaks occurred extending to 4 1-2 per cent in St. Paul. After a momentary recovery of 1 to 1 1-2 per cent, a fresh outpouring of stocks occurred, which, as in the case of London selling, reflected chiefly liquidation by scared holders, and proces crumbled right and left. Stop orders were caught in large numbers and of course accelerated the downward movement. Slight rallies occurred several times during the forenoon, but the continued selling pressure swept them away. The lowest prices, ex-tending 15 1-2, were made around Rubber pfd. declined 17 3-4 per cent. Other extremes were Consolidated gas 13; L. & N. and St. Paul Rock Island, Kansas and Texas, Texas pfd, 9 1-2; Metropolitan Traction, 12; Rubber common, 101-2; General Electric and St. Paul and Omaha, 9; Susquehanna and Western pfd, 8 7-8; Sugar and Manhattan, 8 3-4; Tennessee coal andiron, Lake Shore, lead common, and Lake Erie and Western, 8; Michigan Central, North West, Mississippi Pacific and Burling-ton, 73-4; Chicago gas, 71-4, and Deleware and Hudson, and Pullman, 7 per

A great many declines, material, but less extensive than the ones named, occurred in the other stocks incidental to the failures of S. S. Sands & Co., but declined to 5 per cent., closing at Nichols, Frothingham & Co., and Denufville & Co., which were announced.

The volume of business was on a tre- demand \$4.89 1-4 to 1-2; sixty days, mendous scale. The dealings in the first half hour registered 142,249 shares \$4.87; bar silver, 66 1-2; Mexican doland in the first hour 343,185 shares. The sterling exchange market also and are down 1-2 per cent each.

New York, Dec. 21, 10.15 a. m.—The ruled firm and higher, actuated by de-

mand rising over yesterday's rates, while in several leading firms posted licky. Serious losses from yesterday's quotations for sight bills to 490 1-2. Toward one o'clock the selling pres-sure abated and a sharp rally occurred; followed a reaction in which a hour as follows: Rock Island, 4 1-2; large part of the improvement was Burlington, 5; St. Paul, 3 7-8; North lost on a jump in call money to 80 per West, 3 1-2; New York Central, 3 -8; A break of 6 per cent. stimulated lib- 4 3-4; Distilling, 6 1-2; sugar, 3 3-4; coveries from the extreme low points common, 5; C. C. C., 4 1-2; Kansas eral buying the last hour, causing reranging up to 11 per cent. in lead pfd., and Texas pfd., 2 3-4. per cent. in Manhattan. Near the close money again stiffened to 50 per cent. 12 3-4; sugar, 94 3-8; distilling, 11; Gen. and closed at hat figure. This fact Elec., 23 7-8; Chicago Gas, 61 1-2; Burcaused recessions from the improvements noted and contributed to an ir-

Boston, Mass., Dec. 20 .- The feeling on the Boston stock exchange today was decidedly of a panicky nature, and not since the memorable slump of June 1893 have such wild and exciting scenes been witnessed. Early in the morning, long before the doors of the stock exchange had opened, many leading brokers received information that London was slaughtering American specialties, and the feeling already exgold shipments and the "war talk," became so intensified that the corridors of the exchange soon became crowded with a mass of shouting, excited humanity. When the doors were opened there with a wild rush to unload. Clothes were torn, neckties dis-arranged and dozens of messenger boys were despatched to the different

ouses and telegraph offices in hot haste. Crowds of excited men congregated around the blackboards and tickers, and as prices continued to drop every one manifested a disposition to sell at any price. Stocks were unloaded so fast the tickers were unable to record dozens of transactions. The worst of the panic came during the noon hour, when rumors of failures in New York and in this city were freely circulated. The failures of five New York houses were followed by the suspension of Sawyer, Clark & Co. of this city and the report that a number of small houses were badly crippled.

Lee, Higginson & Co. and twenty other leading banking firms of this city today signed a call for a meeting of the stock exchange to be held tomorrow for the purpose of appointing a committee to go to Washington and represent to the president, to Secretary Olney, to Speaker Reed and to the senators and representatives of Massachusetts that they are not correctly informed of the opinion of the business men of Boston in the present political crisis, which calls for more careful consideration than it is now receiving. Washington, Dec. 20 .- The following

is the message sent to congress by President Cleveland today: President Cleveland today:

To the congress of the United States—In my last annaual message the evils of our present financial system was plainly pointed out and the causes and means of the depletion of government gold were explained. It was therein stated that after all efforts that had been made by the executive branch of the government to protect our gold reserve by the issuance of bonds amounting to more than \$162,000,000, such reserve then amounted to but little more than \$79,000,000, that about \$16,000,000 had been withdrawn from such reserve during the month next previous to the date of that message, and that quite large withdrawals for shipment in the immediate future were predicted.

The contingency then feared has reached us, and the withdrawals of gold since the communication referred to and others that appear inevitable, threaten such a depletion in our government gold reserve as brings us face to face with the necessity of further action for its protection. This condition is intensified by the prevalence in certain quarters of sudden and unusual apprehansion and timidity in business circles.

We are in the midst of another season of perplicity caused by our dangerous and factitious financial operations. These may be expected to recur with certainty as long as there is no amendment to our financial system. If in this particular instance our predicament is at all influenced by a recent insistance upon the position we should occupy in our relation to certain questions concerning our foreign policy, this furnishes a signal and impressive waraing that even the particular sentiment of our people is an inadequate substitute for a sound financial policy.

Of course there can be no doubt in any thoughtful mind as to the complete solvency.

GROVER CLEVELAND. Executive Mansion, Dec. 20, 1895. New York, Dec. 21.—The day has come to an end on the stock exchange and although there have been heavy losses throughout the lists the spec lation has been more conservative than yesterday, and save for two unimportant failures there has been no disasterous movements and have been sustained much more strongly than had been anticipated The greatest declines from yesterday's closing figures are: Cordage guaranteed, 10 1-2; Rock Island and Lake Erie and Western pfd., 7; New Jersey Central, 6 1-2; Consolidated Gas. 6; Wheeling and Lake Erie pfd., 5 3-8; Chicago Gas, 5 1-4; and Lake Shore, 5

per cent. The market closed weak. Money on call opened at 50 offered and 25 bid,

6 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 4 1-2 to 51-2 Sales of securities under the rule were per cent. Sterling exchange is strong. Actual business in banker's bills for lars, 62 1-2; government bonds weak

> market opened very heavy and panclosing figures were shown in the Missouri Pacific, 2 3-8; Chicago Gas, Lake Shore, 6 1-2; lead pfd., 9; lead

The market at this time shows signs lington, 71; Rock Island, 62; St. Paul, 62; North West, 96; Louisville, 40 3-4; Western Union, 84 1-2.

MISSION.

10.30 a. m.-The market rallied rallied sharply and advanced from the lowest point made since the opening today, entending to five per cent., the latter in distilling. The improvemen in the market is largely due to cable despatches denying that the Rothschilds have decided to withdraw \$25, 000,000 from their American correspon dents and that other London bankers were about to take action looking to tremely sensative over the continued the withdrawal of large sums from their financial centre. Improvements in the market continues

New York, Dec. 21, 11.15 a. m.—Th. market continues unsettled on the failure of Taylor & Co. of Philadelphia, which has been regarded as one of the most prominent banking houses in that city. The failure in Boston of Price & Co. is much less important. Money is offered freely at 25 per cent. 11.30 a. m.-Hatch Bros. of 66 Broadway announced their suspension on the stock exchange. The firm has been mainly dealing in government and railroad securities and is not suppos ed to have had any large lines of

11.50 a. m.-H. K. Burras & Co., traders in stocks, have just announced their suspension on the exchange. It is not believed their failure is very serious. Call money is now loaning at 6 per cent.

stock outstanding on the stock

Boston, Dec. 21.-T. H. Price & Co., bankers and brokers, 25 Congress street, have suspended. London, Dec. 23.—The money market has undergone a temporary tight-ening under the influence of the American panic. Ease will undoubtedly be restored on the arrival of gold from New York. In the stock market the shock caused by President Cleve-land's message produced a demoralization in the American market, which completely arrested business in every other department. While war was never anticipated, the investing and speculative world look for war with the utmost apprehension of consequences to American finances and likely to follow what the mildest here describes as President Cleveland's richness. After President Cleveland's and Sec-retary Carlisle's recent utterances on the currency, hopes began to revive in the American market. But the crisis had completely shattered all confidence, and even the best gold bonds were being thrown recklessly on the market. Further dalliance with the currency problem was regarded as imposible, and until it is seen how

the purchase of the best class of bonds by sanguine speculators, It is difficult to get the actual dealings in prices, but the week's fall ranges from 3 to 12 per cent. Canadians were almost as badly affected, Canadian Pacific being down 7 1-2 and Grand Trunk 2 1-2. All the markets were weak

events will shape themselves there is

little chance of a rally, except through

in sympathy.
Manchester, Eng., Dec. 22.—Good business was done early in the week, and since the American trouble the market has been quiet, but not depressed. Indian orders have been at a point coming near the settlers' limit, and prices for both yarns have been good and well held in last week's pargood and well neid in last week's par-ity. Therefore Lancashier's position is rather better. With the decline in cot-ton Germany reports excellent pros-pects, but nowhere is much business looked for before the turn of the year.

Hawker Medicine Co. (Ltd.), St. John, N. B., and New York City.

DOING GOOD SERVICE.

Recent issues of the western papers show that the letter recently sent out by the board of trade referring to the steamship lines making St. John their winter port is being very generally copied. The following, which speaks for itself in connection with the matter, is a fair specimen of a number of equally gratifying assurances which rd is receiving from the western boards of trade. Montreal Board of Trade, Montreal,

Dec. 18th, 1895. Ira Cornwall, Secretary St. John Board

Dear Sir-Upon receipt of yours of th inst., with reference to the lines of steamers now making St. John their winter port, I placarded it on 'change and communicated the contents to he city newspapers, which paragraph-Then at yesterday's ed it next day. meeting of the council of this board

the press, which ensured its publication for the second time. I am mailing you today's Gazette and that of the 12th inst., containing the paragraphs above referred to. I

I read the letter and again gave it to

Yours truly, GEO. HADRILL, Sec.

WHAT HE WANTED TO KNOW "Father," said the little boy, looking up rom his picture-book, "if I ask you a question will you answer it?"
"Certainly," was the affable reply.
"And not get angry?"
"Of course."

"Of course."
"Of course."
"Nor say its time I was in bed?"
"I won't do any of these things."
"Well, what I want to know is,
ioes a snake begin when it wags its
"Washington Star. Use PRUSSIAN OIL for Bronchitis and Colds! It is grand!

THOUGHTS ON THE CHURCH

(For the Sun.)

Few of the religious manifestations of recent times have attracted more earnest attention than the Church Missions which for the last few months have been conducted by Rev. W. Hay Aitken and his colleagues in Montreal Halifax and our own city. The reality and extent of the success, with the severe abstinence from all sensa-tional methods, discloses a force of no ordinary character, apart from that blessing which we can believe God gives to all sincere efforts for His glory. has been already realized by all his Canadian hearers that Mr. Aitken is a man of commanding power. And the versatility, the "all-roundness" of his capacity is no less remarkable. As an evangelist, pure and simple, when he conducts his evening services with their after-meetings, he is a worthy compeer of Moody and Spurgeon, The simplicity, the directness, the overowering intensity of his presentation of the Gospel, could not be surpassed As one sees him kneeling by the side of an awakened penitent, or tenderly encouraging a soul ready for the grea surrender, one is inclined to think that here is his place and here alone. But the converted Christian, eager for further instruction, has found him no less helpful in those admirable addresses upon the Spiritual Life which have been delivered in the afternoons to large assemblages, mostly of our most representative women from all churches. Whether in acute analysis of human nature and its motives, or in vivid description of the soul's difficulties and trials in the upward course, he has shown himself "par excellence" the soul-doctor of the anxious. Discouraging all morbid introspection, he stirs up his hearers to a healthy spiritual activity, bent on helping neighbor. No wonder that so great a number of people have sought his spiritual counsel, wherever he goes, receiving from him those wise hints and instructions which help the soul toward direct intercourse with God. Then, at the Mid-day Talks to Men, his hearers find a teacher versed in all the practical matters of business, in all the details of present-day con-flict and difficulty. For this work, he

> of the great commercial city of Liverpool, where he held for some years an important pastoral charge. He deals in no vague generalities, but drives straight home through the joints of the armor. Of this his plain teaching about the absolute necessity of reparation, where reparation is still pos-sible, will not soon be forgotten by our Then, again, in his brief addresses at the early administration of the Holy Communion at Trinity and St. John's, he shows the rare power concentrating into the briefest compass

was greatly assisted by his experience

Trinity church he discoursed on the Lessons of the Lord's Supper, explaining the true doctrine of that sacrament as taught by the Church of England, and expressed in Hooker's famous words: "The real presence of Christ to be found in the heart of the

a signal and impressive waiting that even the particular seminant or our people in any problem in a policy. Therefore Lancashler's position is policy of course there can be so deet solvent of the particular of ilege of believers the time in which some anxious souls might be in personal intercourse to the Saviour It is to be hoped that the visit of a man so powerful in so many ways will have far reaching effects in our Dominion. Already it has brought together the Churchmen of our city to work side by side in the evangelistic meetings. It

is believed that the unwise determination of the Ottawa High Church clergy to hold aloof from the Mission will dissolve under Mr. Aitken's potent personality. At any rate if these rectors persist in holding aloof, their flocks will most certainly go to the Mission and hear the Gospel. At Tor-onto, where Canon Dumoulin welcomes the Mission in the beau-'tiful Cathedral, it is certain that Evangelicals and High Churchmen will crowd together to hear Mr. Aitken, and cannot fail to approach

nearer in the process. They all will be drawn by the mighty influence of a man who is manysided, catholic in mind, zealous for no marrower end than the salvation of souls. They will find in the great Mission preacher a genial cultured gentleman, well known in the world of letters as one who has made a mark in literature and the writer (inter alia) of a very brilliant article which appeared a few months ago in the Contemporary Review. But they find one who sacrific ed prospects of literary fame, certain prospects of high advancement in the Church, to the vicissitudes and chequered wandering life of the Mission Preacher, a life necessitating long and home joys and dear ones' faces, frequent worries from petty local jealousles and party bickerings, no provision ing the acceptance of the vessel. The for the final decay of faces and the ap-

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

OTHERS, Do You Know that Paregoric, Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, many so-called Soothing Syrups, and

most remedies for children are composed of opium or morphine? Do You Know that opium and morphine are stupefying narcotic poisons?

Do You Know that in most countries druggists are not permitted to sell narcotics without labeling them poisons?

Do You Know that you should not permit any medicine to be given your child aless you or your physician know of what it is composed?

Do You Know that Castoria is a purely vegetable preparation, and that a list of its ingredients is published with every bottle?

Do You Know that Cactoria is the prescription of the famous Dr. Samuel Pitcher. That it has been in use for nearly thirty years, and that more Castoria is now sold than

of all other remedies for children combined? Do You Know that the Patent Office Department of the United States, and of other countries, have issued exclusive right to Dr. Pitcher and his assigns to use the word

"Castoria" and its formula, and that to imitate them is a state prison offense i Do You Know that one of the reasons for granting this government protection was

because Castoria had been proven to be absolutely harmless? Do You Know that 35 average doses of Castoria are furnished for 35

Do You Know that when possessed of this perfect preparation, your children may be kept well, and that you may have unbroken rest?

Well, these things are worth knowing. They are facts.

The fac-simile hat H. Hitcher. is on every signature of hat H. Hitcher. wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

should startle us and cause us to reflect. It is simply the primitive life, following the true Apostolical call. It appeals with unswerving force, alike the faint hearted Christian and the selfish man of the world, or the wavering nondescript who approves good and yet follows evil. We believe

that this memorable Mission will leave indelible traces on the religious life of our city; memories of a great peronal example, a new force leading on

CLEVELAND'S COMMISSION. The Subject of War the Prevailing Theme in the Speeches.

to everlasting life.

Washington, Dec. 20 .- The United States senate, by unanimous vote, and without the formality of a roll call, today passed the bill already adopted by the house empowering the presi-dent to appoint a commission to de-termine the Venezuelan boundary. This

gents Were Defeated.

Havana, Dec. 22.—Official advices from Colon of the engagement with the insurgents, which were reported as taking place near that place, so far as received, have conveyed the impression that they were not of importance, and the insurgents got the worst of them. The Dieromen battalion, under Gen. Asturias, with artillery, attacked Gomez and a force of 4,000 insurgents. The fight occurred near the River Colmena and lasted for two hours. The positions controlled by the insurgents were attacked eight times, the insurgents in the fight occurred near the River Colmena and lasted for two hours. The positions controlled by the insurgents were attacked eight times, the insurgents is fighting with the machete. The attack of the troops was made with the bayonet, shouting "Viva Espana." as they charged. This, combined with the serials for 1896 are the work of as they charged. This, combined with the artillery fire, which swept the insurgents' position, proved effective and the insurgents fled before the advance

The insurgents left twenty-five killed and prisoners on the field and seventy

UNITED STATES NAVY.

The Ram Katahdin is the Latest Boat Weighed and Found Wanting.

Washington, Dec. 22.-The president has decided after considering the matter for some time that the government cannot accept the ram Katahdia because of her failure to attain the 17 wearisome journeys, long absence from knots speed required by the contract. Senator Hale has accordingly introduced into the senate a bill authoriz proach of old age, save faith in the that she is a efficient warship and protecting Father of all. Such a type, is prevented from attaining the prein this age of ours, this decaying cen- scribed speel only by the peculiarity tury, with its vapid enthusiasms and of her model, for which the builders fickle allegiances, stands out with a the Bath Iron Works, are not proper boldness of relief and contrast which ly responsible.

THE CANADIAN WEST.

Premier Greenway's Reply to the Remedial Order Completed.

The Elections to Follow on the Cry of National Schools for Manitoba.

Winnipeg, Man., Dec. 22. Premier-Greenway and his cabinet are understood to have Saturday completed their work on the reply of Manitoba to the remedial rejoinder. The Tribune men-tioning this, adds the following: With the engrossing and the necessary time to get the signatures it will possibly be a day or so before it can be mail-ed. As to its contents it is understood that the document will not alter the position of the government in any essential particular. That the government will not consent to restore sep-arate schools is made abundantly The document will likely be made public toward the latter end of next week, when it will reach Ottawa. The prevailing idea here is that Mr. Greenway will announce the provincial general elections as soon as the reply is made public, and again appeal to the people on the cry of national

schools. The Free Press on Saturday said: All indications point to an early dis-solution of the Manitoba legislature, followed by general elections. Conventions have been called by the government at several points for next week; the voters' lists will be completed in ten days time, and the reply of the Manitoba legislature to the remedial order is ready. The general impress among the knowing politicians is that a contest may be expected within a month of March 15th

In the warship Terrible of the British navy there are eighty-nine steam engines, large and small.

The man who is only concerned to speak the exact truth is not apt to be garrulous.

Harper's Bazar IN 1896.

given by a clever woman in an entertaining way.

Both the serials for 1896 are the work of American women. Mrs. Gerald, by Maria Louise Pool, is a striking story of New England life. Mary E. Wilkins, in Jerome, a Poor Man, discusses he always interesting problems of the relations between labor and capital. Short stories will be written by the best authors.

Special Departments. Music, The Outdoor Woman, Personals, What We Are Doing, Women and Men, report and discuss themes of immediate interest.

Answers to Correspondents. Questions receive the personal attention of the editor, and are answered at the earliest practicable date after their receipt.

The Volumes of the BAZAR begin with the first number for January of each year. When no time is mentioned, subscriptions will begin with the number current at the time of receipt of order.

Remittances should be made by post-office money order or draft, to avoid chance of loss.

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