NOT YET AGREED

Spain and the United States Still Debating the Possession of the Philippines.

An Adjournment Until Monday, When Spain Makes a Final Reply.

Paris, Nov. 11.—It is now generally understood that the joint session of the peace commissions which was arranged for Saturday will be postponed until Monday next. At the joint session on Wednesday last it was agreed that the session fixed for Saturday night be postponed until Monday, as the Spanish commissioners found themselves unable to prepare a reply for presentation on Saturday, and it now appears that the Spaniards found it necessary to send to Madrid for certain reports, which cannot reach Paris before ten oclock Saturday morning, and, therefore, their proper embodyment into the Spanish memorandum cannot be accomplished before Monday.

The next communication from the Spanish commissioners will deal with the rights of either commission to discuss Spanish sovereignty over the Philippine islands and with the American contention that the retention of public moneys and customs collections in Manila are justified by the fact of a military occupation of the place by American forces and are warranted by the protocol even if, as is claimed by Spain, such action commenced after the suspension of hostilities.

There is no truth in the statement printed here this morning that the Spaniards have decided to refuse entirely at next session to discuss the cession of the Philippine islands. On the contrary, they expect to fortify their position then on this point by introducing the records of certain verbal utterances of President McKinley and Judge Day about the time the protocol was framed and signed, tending, the Spaniards believe, to indicate the absence of a purpose upon the part of the United States to take the Philippine islands and in the absence of which, it is further contended, Spain consented to sign the protocol.

Judge Day, president of the American commission, is suffering from a cold and had a slight chill last night. Therefore by his physician's advice he is remaining quiet to-day. The judge's indisposition is in the nature of an attack of la grippe, from which all the commissioners have suffered more or less, but he expects to be able to attend to business to-morrow.

Madrid, Nov. 11.—The Heraldo this morning asserts that the Spanish government is resolved to maintain Spanish sovereigaty in the Philippine islands, and adds it has been suggested that the Emperor William, who is expected to visit Cadiz and Madrid shortly on his way back from the Holy Land, be asked to arbitrate the questions in dispute between the United States and Spain in the event of the peace commissions of the respective countries now in session at Paris failing to come to an agreement upon the terms of the proposed treaty of peace.

The queen regent presided at a cabinet council to-day. Premier Sagasta read a letter from Senor Montero Rios, president of the Spanish peace commission, announcing that the American peace commissioners had refused to recognize the Cuban debt and exacted the Philippine islands. The cabinet council will meet again this evening to decide upon a reply.

Admiral Camara's squadron has been ordered to Cadiz at full speed in view of the approaching visit of Emperor William at that port.

London, Nov. 11.—Advices have been received at the office in this city of the Philippine Commercial Company saying that the insurgents have taken the island of Negros, one of the Philippine group, separated by narrow channels from Panay and Zebu, and that they are besieging Iolio, capital of the island of Panay, and the second largest port in the Philippines.

According to a dispatch from Balberke, Syria, last night the Emperor and Empress of Germany will start for Beyrout this morning, where they will embark for Trieste, Austria. It is reasonable to suppose that when the Emperor goes to Trieste, which is at the head of the Adriatic sea, he will land there and travel by rail to Berlin, instead of coing home by sea, and incidentally touching Cadiz and possibly visiting Madrid.

A SENSATIONAL MURDER.

Crazy Pole Cremates a Baker's Assistant in London.

London, Nov. 11.—A sensational murder was committed in a north London bakery this morning. A homeless Pole named Schneider was given a night's lodging in the bake house, and he murdered the baker's German assistant, throwing him inside the oven.

The baker house presented evidence of a frightful struggle having taken place there. It was splashed with blood and strewn with tufts of hair.

The charred body of the baker's assistant was found in the oven. His skull had been smashed with a hatchet.

WHALEBACK BARGE LOST.

Cleveland, O., Nov. 11.—The big whaleback barge No. 104, owned by the American Steel Barge Co., parted her tow line in the harbor during the fierce gale of last night and at once drifted against the west breakwater. After pounding against the breakwater for several hours she finally went to the bottom early today. Six men comprising the crew of the barge barely escaped with their lives, being rescued by the life savers.

KILLED BY AN EXPLOSION.

Hanover, Mass., Nov. 11.—A fire in the general store of C. A. Sterns was discovered at 3:30 this morning. Shortly afterwards a terrible explosion occurred, which blew out the sides of the building, killing four men. Over a dozen were injured, among them being C. A. Sterns, the proporietor of the store, who had one arm and one leg broken, his shoulder crushed and considerable burns about the body.

NEW STEAMSHIP SERVICE.

London, Nov. 11.—The first steamer of the new Canadian steamship line will leave Liverpool December 3rd. There will be a fortnightly service at the outset. Sailings of the proposed line, having Milford Haven and Paspebiac as terminals ports, will commence in May.

THE NORWEGIAN FLAG.

Christiania, Nov. 11.—The storthing to-day adopted a resolution to introduce a bill to provide for a purely Norwegian flag without the emblem of the union with Sweden.

VANCOUVER'S AMBITION.

A Scheme to Build a Railway to Tap the Atlin Country.

Vancouver, Nov. 11.—Vancouver wants a railway to the north. At a big meeting last night a scheme to build a railway from Seymour creek, on the north side of the inlet, Squamish, thence through Pemberton Meadows to Bridge river, and eventually into Cassiar, Omineca and the Atlin Lake country, was approved. An influential committee was appointed to further the scheme and notice will be at once given of intention to apply at the next session of the house for a charter. Adolphus Williams was appointed solicitor pro tem. Two companies previously obtained charters, but they allowed them to lapse. They will be incorporated with the new company.

The police have arrested a Chinaman who is supposed to have committed numerous burglaries, using an auger to take out the panels. Last night the house of Mrs. McKinnon, Hamilton street, was robbed.

TO RELEASE DREYFUS

French Government Decide To Bring the Famous Prisoner of Devil's Island to Paris.

The Unconditional Release of Lieut.-Colonel Picquart Seems To Be Assured.

London, Nov. 11.—The Morning Post's Paris corespondent says it has been decided to bring Captain Dreyfus back from the Isle du Diable and confront him with the witnesses of his alleged confession.

A despatch from Paris says the case of Lieut.-Colonel Picquart, who is confined in the Cherche Midi military prison on the charge of forgery and using forged documents in connection with the Dreyfus case, will be decided on to-morrow. His unconditional release seems to be assured.

ANGLO-AMERICAN COMMISSION.

A Feeling That a Substantial Agreement Will be Reached.

Washington, Nov. 11.—The Anglo-American commission held a brief session to-day and then adjourned until next Thursday. Sir Louis Davies, minister of marine and fisheries in the Canadian cabinet, arrived during the morning and took part in the meeting. The only announcement made of to-day's work was that substantial progress is being made and the most cordial feeling characterized the discussions.

Lord Herschell got to New York to-night, where he will be the guest of the chamber of commerce at their coming meeting.

Toronto, Nov. 11.—The Mail-Empire's special from Washington says with regard to the commission that there is feeling on both sides that a substantial agreement will be reached and the commission adjourn by Christmas.

CHINESE RAILWAY CONCESSIONS

London, Nov. 11.—A special despatch from Shanghai says that the British minister at Pekin, Sir Claude H. Macdonald, on learning from the American minister there that the concession to build the Hankow-Canton railroad had been granted to an American syndicate refused to support the application of the Anglo-Eastern syndicate for the contract. It appears that although the American concession was signed by the Chinese minister at Washington in April, the Chinese department of the foreign office advised the Anglo-Eastern syndicate to apply for it, which was done on October 10th.

ACCIDENT ON THE C.P.R.

Vancouver, Nov. 11.—News was received to-day of a bad accident to the westbound special freight train near Shuswap yesterday, caused, it is supposed, by a broken rail. Engine 67, Engineer James Little, left the track, also two loaded cars. The engineer was injured about the head and face and had a leg broken. He died this morning. Fireman John George was scalded about the head and face and had an arm broken. The car was smashed up and another slightly damaged. The track was cleared for traffic in six hours.

THE MARIA TERESA WRECK.

Nassau, New Providence, Nov. 11.—Wreckers have brought stores from the stranded vessel off Cat Island, which establishes beyond doubt that she is the Maria Teresa. As the vessel is looked upon as being a derelict, the wreckers claim the right to seize stores which can be saved. They report that the water is up to her between decks, that she has a list to starboard, on which side she is damaged and that she is dismasted. The vessel lies between two reefs on a smooth bottom, and has her anchor out.

THE RACE TROUBLES.

Washington, D.C., Nov. 11.—The cabinet meeting to-day lasted over two hours. While a large amount of routine business was transacted considerable attention was devoted to the race troubles in Carolina. The president expressed deep concern over the situation, but it was decided that developments up to this time did not warrant federal interference.

BACKACHE

A Symptom of Kidney Disease --- Quickly Cured by Dr.A.W.Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills.

Backache is kidney ache. Backache is the alarm signal which nature gives when the kidneys are out of order and danger of attack by some painful and fatal disease is at hand. Backache above all things should never be neglected. Bright's disease, dropsy, diabetes and many other complicated diseases of the kidneys have backache as the first symptoms. Listen to the warning note thus sounded. Cure the backache, cure the kidneys while you can. Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills make the kidneys active and vigorous and call a quick halt to weakness or pain in the back. They reach the exact spot and are most effective as a cure for kidney disease. 25 cents a box at all dealers.

Dr. Chase's New Receipt Book, cloth bound, 500 pages, regular price $1.00. sent to any address in Canada on receipt of 50 cents and this coupon, Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto. (30)

Dr. Williams's Pink Pills

MAKE BRIGHT EYES, ROSY CHEEKS AND GIVE PERFECT HEALTH.

Any Girl Can Tell.

A physician who makes the test, and who is honest about the matter, can tell you that in many cases, the number of red corpuscles in the blood is doubled after a course of treatment with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. That this means good blood may not be entirely clear from the doctor's statement, but any girl who has tried the pills can tell you that it means red lips, rosy cheeks, bright eyes, a good appetite, absence of headache, and that it transforms the pale and sallow girl into a maiden who glows with the beauty that health alone can give. Mothers whose daughters grow debilitated as they pass from girlhood into womanhood should not neglect the pill which is adapted for this particular ill.

See that the full name, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, is on every package you buy If in doubt, send direct to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., and they will be mailed post paid at 50c a box or six boxes for $2.50.

SLOWLY WASTING AWAY.

Mrs. Geo. Annis, who resides near Orillia, Ont., says:—"I thought at one time we were going to lose our eldest daughter. She was run down, weak, and had no ambition. She did not suffer pain, but appeared to be slowly wasting away. She was under treatment from two doctors, but neither seemed to benefit her, and for nearly two years this condition of affairs went on. Having seen Dr. Williams' Pink Pills highly recommended, we decided to try them. Two months' treatment worked wonders. She gained so much strength that she is now able to do any work about the house, and her cheeks, once so pallid, now present a rosy glow of health. I gladly recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to mothers whose daughters may be feeble."

PALE AND EASILY TIRED.

Miss Minnie V. McNeil, St. Peters, N. S., says:—"It gives me much pleasure to acknowledge the benefit I have derived from the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I sincerely believe but for their use I would be in my grave. My health was completely broken down. The least work or exertion would fatigue me, and I was subject to headache and palpitation of the heart. I was very pale and my appetite was poor. I had heard so many good words spoken of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills that I determined to give them a trial, and after using four boxes I began to feel as well as ever I had been. In recommending them to others I feel that I am doing a service to our common humanity."

WEAK AND LOST FLESH.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Reep live in the township of Caradoc, Middlesex Co., Ont., and their home has been the scene of one of those remarkable cures which follow the fair use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Mrs. Reep says:—"My daughter Dora became weak and gradually lost flesh until she was merely a living skeleton. She was so weak that she could not walk across a room without the most serious effort and her heart would beat so rapidly and violently that we feared she would die. After trying a number of medicines without benefit, we gave her Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and five boxes completely restored her health, and I can assure you we are grateful for what your medicine has done for her.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills build up the blood by supplying it with the elements which enrich it, and strengthen the nerves. In this way they cure all diseases having their origin in poor and watery blood.

CANADA'S DUTY

Major Walsh Says an Effort Should Be Made to Control the Yukon Trade.

He Favors Building a Railroad From a British Columbia Port.

Ottawa, Nov. 11.—Major Walsh arrived in the city last evening. The major is an enthusiast over the building of a railway from a port on the Pacific coast in British Columbia to the Yukon. He says that in less than three years a fine city could spring up in Canadian territory on the coast, which would more than pay for the building of the road. If this is not done he says that the trade will remain in American channels and a great city will be built at Skagway and Dyea. He knows of some parties now who are ready to form a syndicate and make heavy investments in real estate at Skagway if they were satisfied that an all-Canadian route was not to be built, with a terminus for a railway at an ocean port in British Columbia. Vancouver and Victoria would get the trade which found its way via Seattle, and this means that Canada would supply the Yukon instead of the United States. There should be no politics, Major Walsh says, in this matter. It should be approached in a business spirit.

Mr. Sifton left for Quebec to-day to attend the reception to Lord Minto on Saturday and bid farewell to Lord Aberdeen. Messrs. Mulock and Paterson have gone west, being unable to attend the reception ceremony.

CONDITIONS AT MANILA.

Some Difficulty in Grappling With the Currency Problem.

Washington, Nov. 11.—Charles A. Whittier, brigadier-general of the volunteers and now collector of customs at Manila, has submitted a report of his observations upon the condition of things in Manila and the Philippine islands, and makes suggestions as to the methods to be pursued pending any permanent occupation of the country which may be decided upon.

He says: "The most important questions are the currency, revenue (including the codula or head tax), opium and the admission of Chinese. These are very grave questions, and cannot be decided under a brief consideration.

"The currency question is even more important than in the United States. It must be remembered that Mexico was the business channel for these islands for 250 years, that all efforts to remove this dollar and substitute another failed, notwithstanding a law of the Spaniards forbidding its entrance, and in the same way in the east our trade dollars were a failure and were withdrawn. In Hongkong the English dollars are at a discount upon the Mexican. There is but one bank of issue here, the Banco de Filipino. Owing to its advance to the Spanish government of some $1,700,000 it is in a shaky condition. Efforts in a mild way to bolster it have up to this time kept it alive. The two other banks, the Hongkong & Shanghai, and the Chartered Bank of India, Australia & China, are very strong.

EXODUS FROM SANTIAGO.

New York, Nov. 11.—The U. S. transport Berlin, Capt. Wilson, which sailed from Santiago on November 6th, arrived at quarantine at 8:40 this morning, and after being inspected by the health officers proceeded to the anchorage off Liberty island. The Berlin brought 137 passengers, consisting of discharged and convalescent soldiers, government employees and six contract female nurses.

CABLE ITEMS.

Madrid, Nov. 11.—The Spanish steamer Miguel Gallart, which left Neuvitas, Cuba, about October 24th, has arrived at Barcelona with repatriated Spanish soldiers on board.

Constantinople, Nov. 11.—After efforts lasting three years upon the part of the United States legation, United States Minister Oscar S. Strauss has succeeded in obtaining an irade authorizing the granting of an exequatur to the United States consul at Erzeroum.

Consumption a Disease of the Blood.

In the blood of a consumptive there is a foreign material, which does not exist in that of a healthy person, and where this substance is present there is a loss of strength and vitality. When in the blood, its particles are small and are carried by the circulation, and are deposited in different parts of the system. The larger quantity, however, is caught in the air cells of the lungs, forming tubercles, which is the Latin for a small swelling. In the lungs the tubercles produce at first irritation and cough. Tuberculous matter in the lungs rots the blood vessels, giving rise to bleeding of the lungs, and mixing with the circulation, causing night sweats and hectic fever. As the existence of the tubercular matter in the system may be directly referred to the poorly and diseased condition of the blood, the first aim should be to enrich and purify this life-giving fluid, and with this end in view, and confident that a cure for consumption and all pulmonary complaints has been discovered by that distinguished chemist and scientist, Dr. T. A. Slocum, the Slocum Chemical Company, of Toronto, will send free three sample bottles of medicine (The Dr. Slocum Cure), to any reader of this paper who is suffering from consumption, throat, or lung troubles. This free offer is made to make the great merits of the Slocum Cure known. Don't delay until too late. Address The T. A. Slocum Chemical Co., Toronto, giving express and postoffice address, and mention the Times.

THE BUSINESS WORLD.

New York, Nov. 12.—Bradstreet's says: The distribution of winter goods in Ontario and Quebec cities has been checked somewhat by unseasonably mild weather, but some improvement in the demand in Manitoba and British Columbia is reported as the result of heavy snows. Toronto reports that the small wheat deliveries by farmers may be taken as indicative of their improved financial condition. A good demand for labor exists at Toronto; the factories are busy, and export trade active. Montreal reports the movement of goods out of the country limited only by freight room, and the distribution of leading staples shows an improvement. In the Maritime provinces cooler weather has helped the trade and business is more active, but collections are only fair. In British Columbia trade is improving; mining is active, and collections easier.

Business failures in the Dominion of Canada this week number thirty-five, as against thirty-one last week, and thirty-three this week a year ago.

New York, Nov. 12.—Bank clearings total at ninety-one cities for the week ending November 10, as telegraphed to Bradstreet's, show total clearances $1,254,558,581, a decrease of 6.9 per cent. as compared with the corresponding period last year. Outside New York the clearings were $723,936,683, a decrease of 4.4 per cent. The clearances for the Dominion of Canada were:

Montreal, inc. 6.5 p.m.	$16,095,622
Toronto	9,159,394
Winnipeg, dec. 25.9 p.c.	2,648,480
Halifax, dec. 14.6 p.m.	1,271,472
Hamilton, dec. 6.6 p.c.	728,463
Victoria	700,553
St. John, inc. 4.5 p.c.	628,988

New York, Nov. 11.—R. G. Dun & Co's weekly review of trade says: The country has safely passed the trial of "off year" elections, which for forty years have always shown a tendency to a change of policy, but this year has entrenched sound money behind a majority impregnable for at least four years in the senate and has retained a working majority for sound money in the house, though some members classed as Republicans are for silver, as many classed as Democrats are for the gold standard. Other business conditions are not less favorable, and with labor questions causing no general trouble, no anxiety about money, and with heavy crops met by large foreign demand, there is every reason now to look for improvement. The volume of trade has been the greatest ever known in October, and the greatest ever known in any month except December, 1892. The record in November thus far shows clearings 10.4 per cent. larger than last year and 9.3 per cent. larger than in 1892.

The money market has been practically unchanged, although for best paper slightly lower rates have been made, and there is heavy demand on stock collateral.

Failures for the first week in November were $1,646,525 in amount, against $3,009,637 last year, of which $247,314 were manufacturing, against $1,408,050 last year; $1,407,221 were trading, against $1,462,856 last year. Failures for the week were 211 in the United States, against 291 last year, and 26 in Canada, against 24 last year.

THE BEST PLASTER.

A piece of flannel dampened with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bound on to the affected parts is superior to any plaster. When troubled with pain in the chest or side, or a lame back, give it a trial. You are certain to be more than pleased with the prompt relief which it affords. Pain Balm is also a certain cure for rheumatism. For sale by

Langley & Henderson Bros., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

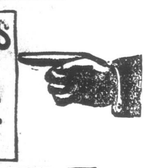
KING CHARLES'S VEST.

A most interesting relic, which is said to be the silk undervest which was worn by King Charles the martyr on the day of his execution in Whitehall yard, is shortly to be sold by auction in London. This garment, which consists of finely-woven blue silk, is stained in several places with blood. Attached thereto is a written document stating that it came from the scaffold into the hands of Dr. Hobbe, the King's physician, who, together with the famous Dr. Juxon, attended him during his last moments. The doctor preserved this relic of his royal master, and from him it passed to Susannah Hobbe, his daughter, who married Temple Stanger, of Rawlins, in the county of Oxford. It descended from them to Temple Hardy, who, after his death, bequeathed it to his cousin, from whom it came in a direct line into the possession of the present owner.

GLOBE LOAN & SAVINGS CO., COR. OF VICTORIA AND LOMBARD STS., TORONTO.

E. W. Day, manager Globe Loan & Savings Co., says: "I consider Dr. Chase's Ointment invaluable." We have thousands of testimonials from prominent business men all over the Dominion.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.



CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.