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TWENTY-SIXTH YEAR — TEN PAGES—THURSDAY MORNING JANUARY 12 1905—TEN PAGES — ONE CENT

WITH BORDEN AS SHIELD GRAHAM HOPES TO ESCAPE

Has Managed to Find In Others' Demands for Investigation a Covert Attack on the Honor of the Opposition Leader.

Montreal, Jan. 11.—(Special.)—From an attitude of silence towards the Russell-Blair-Graham conspiracy, The Montreal Star has suddenly assumed a defiant mood. Two or three times within the past few days Mr. Graham's paper has demanded a parliamentary investigation. Such a demand, unsupported by the evidence which The Montreal Star is itself in a position to give, bore no aspect of sincerity. If Mr. Graham and his newspaper had been anxious to have the truth brought out they would have commenced by disclosing that part of the alleged conspiracy in which they were said to have been involved.

But while The Toronto World, The Montreal Herald, The Toronto Globe, and Le Nationaliste of Montreal were engaged in throwing light on the mysterious resignation of Mr. Blair, the no less suspicious transfer of La Presse and charges involving the honor of ministers of the crown, Hugh Graham and The Montreal Star maintained a sullen silence. What then is the public to infer from The Star's belated demand for an investigation? That Mr. Graham was concerned in the conspiracy we know from his connection with the purchase of La Presse, from his secret knowledge of Mr. Blair's intention to resign and from the intimations emanating more or less vaguely from his office that three ministers were to be arrested a few days previous to the elections.

Curious Happenings.

Guilt is not often to be found crying for the searchlight, but this is the position in which Hugh Graham stands to-day. He has suddenly discovered or thinks he has discovered that he can demand an investigation without fear of the demand being granted. During the past week he has been in Toronto, and has conferred with Mr. Blair, and he has been in Ottawa, where he conferred with others privy to the conspiracy which he is accused of having assisted to promote. These conferences seem to have filled Mr. Graham with a zealous interest in the investigation of his doings and the doings of those associated with him.

His return to Montreal was signalized by an editorial outburst in The Montreal Star demanding in defence of public men who have never been assailed a strict and comprehensive enquiry. The Star bases its demand for an investigation on the necessity of protecting the good name of R. L. Borden. "An astonishing amount of vilification," it says, "has been poured upon Mr. Borden's head. Only a shameless familiarity with the knife could have tempted any hand to strike such blows at a temporarily defeated party leader."

Mr. Borden Not Implicated.

This is the first intimation received by the public that the Russell-Blair-Graham conspiracy involved the political honor of R. L. Borden. The World in its Montreal despatches has at no time implicated Mr. Borden in the deal either by direct word or insinuation. Mr. Borden was not regarded as the custodian of Hugh Graham's honor, and he will doubtless resent that gentleman's cool insinuation that whatever odium attaches to the Russell-Blair-Graham conspiracy must be borne by the leader of the opposition.

Unfortunately for The Montreal Star's argument, Mr. Borden is on the public records with a statement which indicates that he declined to lend himself to the desperate game that was being played by less scrupulous lieutenants. Mr. Borden found it necessary to make a public statement to the effect that contributions to the Conservative election fund would not impose upon him any obligation in the way of awarding patronage or contracts. Every word of that statement points to the conclusion that Mr. Borden became suddenly aware of the obligation which had been assumed on his behalf, and that he took prompt action to clear the Conservative party of the transaction. Indeed, it may yet transpire that the statement in question was to some extent the means of preventing the consummation of the plot.

Under the pretence of discussing Mr. Borden as leader of the Conservative party, The Star's leading article tonight is a defence of the Graham-Russell-Blair conspiracy and an attempt to shield Mr. Graham behind Mr. Borden. The Conservative "caucus" of yesterday took precisely the course expected of by the country in declining to accept R. L. Borden's resignation as leader. Mr. Borden suffered as the party did from the rough fortunes of war; but it has never been customary to punish a leader for taking too great personal risks in the course of the battle. And who does not know that had Mr. Borden stayed at home and fought for his own seat his election would have been a certainty?

The expression of continued confidence in Mr. Borden must be especially welcome at a time when an astonishing amount of vilification had been poured upon his head, not always by political opponents. Only a shameless familiarity with the "knife" could have tempted any hand to strike such vicious blows at a temporarily defeated party leader, who has made such great sacrifices for the party and for the public policy in which he believed. But it is clear that the opposition and the fighting forces of the Conservative party believe that Mr. Borden deserves not only their continued support and confidence, but the highest honor which they have power to bestow.

The truth is that the name of Mr. Borden has been exploited by sensation mongers; and there is not a shadow of doubt that he has nothing to fear from the fullest investigation which can be held. Mr. Borden has not been very long—as such things go—before the country; but he has during these few years of active and devoted service won its entire respect. No one will welcome any investigation which can come more heartily than Mr. Borden. It must leave him with a name wholly unsullied and will confound his enemies, whether Conservative Blue, or the Liberal Red, who have attempted to shatter his reputation with cowardly insinuations.

That he is entirely innocent of any wrong doing in connection with the "late unpleasantness," the members of the Laurier government know as well as anyone, and no one believes that Sir Wilfrid Laurier is the man either to invite or condone the attacks upon Mr. Borden. It is in the country's best interests that the leader of the opposition should be a high-minded man and this the country believes Mr. Borden to be in the best sense. Still, so much has been said that Mr. Borden will not be blamed for insisting upon an investigation so that every shred of slander against him may be tracked to its farthest hiding place and killed by the proven truth.

BORDEN REPLIES.

Halifax, N.S., Jan. 11.—R. L. Bordsen this morning sent the following reply to the message of the Conservative caucus:

Hon. C. B. de Boucherville, chairman committee Conservative caucus:

"In response to your message, I shall meet my friends at Ottawa at a very early day in order to discuss what they have been kind enough to suggest."

(Signed) R. L. Borden.

IT'S ALL OFF WITH MONET DANDURAND CALLED A HALT

Even Sir Wilfrid is Unable to Get the Ex-M.P. Into the Parent Government.

Montreal, Jan. 11.—(Special.)—Anti-Parent members of the legislature were feeling a little easier in mind to-day, as indications seemed to point to a failure on the part of Sir Wilfrid Laurier to secure the entry of D. Monet, M.L.A., into the Quebec government. It seems that the opposition which the rumor of Mr. Monet's promotion produced proved too strong for even so powerful a factor as Sir Wilfrid Laurier to resist, and the probability is that little more will be heard of the member for Napierville as a prospective minister.

It is learned that the new speaker of the Canadian senate, Hon. R. Dandurand, has entered an emphatic protest against the decision reached by Sir Wilfrid and the Quebec premier to make a minister out of the ex-M.L.A. for La Prairie-Napierville, hence the failure of the project concocted by the big and little premiers. It appears that Senator Dandurand was in a position to speak with a great deal of authority, and he and all his anti-Parent friends had aided in a great measure to secure Mr. Monet's election. At the recent provincial contest Mr. Doris, a Liberal, was running against Mr. Monet, and as the former had supported Mr. Coupal, the independent Conservative candidate at the federal contest of a few weeks before, Senator Dandurand and a good many Liberals decided to throw their official influence in Mr. Monet's favor. He, however, only succeeded in carrying the local seat by about 50 of a majority, and, consequently, owes a good deal to the men who put up the successful fight against Hon. H. B. Rainville, in St. Louis division, at the same election.

It is also strange that, following Sir Wilfrid Laurier's declaration that he had no desire to interfere in local politics, Senator Choquette should publish the following note in his paper, Le Courier De Mentmagny: "At the request of Sir Wilfrid Laurier we have consented to suspend for a time our campaign against Hon. Mr. Parent."

90 PER CENT. AGAINST REVISION

Republicans' Position on Tariff Indicated by Poll of Members.

Washington, D.C., Jan. 11.—A prominent member of the ways and means committee of the house said to-day that the poll which the leaders of the house had conducted of the Republican members on tariff revision showed that 90 per cent. of those approached were against revision.

The friends of revisions seem to be taking no active interest in advancing their ideas in the house, but claim to have many members in the various delegations on their side.

G.T.P. WILL SWITCH ROUTE

Prophesied That It Will Cut in Between C.P.R. and C.N.R.

A Calbary despatch says that the exploration party of the G.T.P., after making surveys in the Peace River district, say the road will not go west by that route, but will turn south from Edmonton to go by Yellow Head to the Burrard Inlet.

In conversation with a World reporter on Monday, Hon. A. G. Blair remarked that it would be found that the announced route of the G.T.P. thru the west, which is thru an undeveloped territory, would be changed so as to cut in between the Canadian Northern and the Canadian Pacific. It looks like a prophesy already materializing.

A $250'000 FIRE.

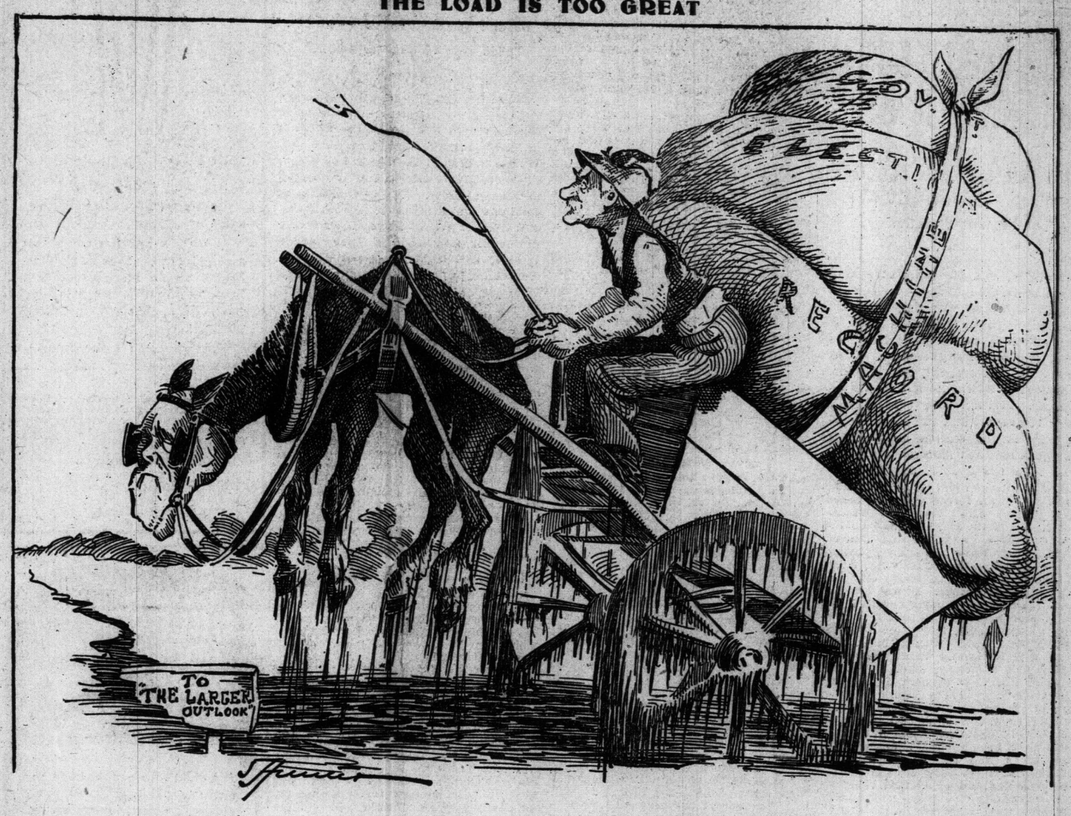
Milwaukee, Wis., Jan. 12.—Fire this (Thursday) morning gutted the four-storey establishments of the George P. Ziegler Co., confectionery, and Benjamin Young's wholesale saddlery. The loss is $250,000, of which the Ziegler Co.'s loss is $150,000.

Edwards, Morgan & Company, Chartered Accountants, 26 Wellington Street East. Phone Main 1163. 136

Were You Called Upon ?
Have you required or do you require a Fidelity Bond? Don't ask your friend to become your security when the London Guarantee and Accident Co. stand ready to accommodate you.

Fireproof Windows Doors, Skylights, Metal Ceilings, Corrugated Iron. A. B. Ormsby, Limited, Queen—George.

THE LOAD IS TOO GREAT



A time of anxiety and suspense for the Old War Horse.

BOTOVSKY'S "IZUMRUD" REPORTED BADLY DAMAGED

His Squadron at Port Said—Rojestvensky Has Not Yet Been Recalled.

Berlin, Jan. 11.—The Lokal Anzeiger's St. Petersburg correspondent says that the Russian cruiser Izumrud is returning to Port Said on the way to Cronstadt in a badly damaged condition.

The cruiser Izumrud, which is one of the vessels of Admiral Botrovsky's contingent of the Russian second Pacific squadron, with the other ships of the fleet, was, acording to a despatch from Suez, to-night expected to reach that place at 3 o'clock Thursday morning.

This is the first intimation that any vessel belonging to Admiral Botrovsky's squadron has been damaged.

AT PORT SAID.

Port Said, Jan. 11.—Rear-Admiral Botrovsky's division of the second Russian Pacific squadron entered the canal at noon. Its destination is uncertain, but it is probably Madagascar, by way of Jibutil, French Somaliland. Tht warships were only permitted to ship a thousand tons of coal among the seven ships, besides taking on board provisions.

ROJESTVENSKY STILL A SAILING.

St. Petesrburg, Jan. 11.—The admiralty has not given the slightest official confirmation of the recall of Vice-Admiral Rojestvensky's squadron. On the contrary, the officials point calmly to the preparations being made to reinforce the squadron with a division of the third Pacific squadron as sufficient evidence that Rojestvensky will not return to European waters. The Russian ice breaker Ermak at Libau has been ordered to keep the channel clear for the ships which are being made ready for sea.

Undr the French regulations, it is maintained that Rojestvensky's ships could cruise in the Indian Ocean, coaling and provisioning from their own storeships.

LEWIS CAN'T BE DISQUALIFIED

Act Cannot Be Construed So As to Rule Him Out.

Otawa, Jan. 11.—(Special.)—E.N. Lewis will retain his seat for West Huron. The case against him, that of signing his name to a mail carrier's bond, was carefully examined to-day by two of the ablest lawyers in the house, and the decision was that Mr. Lewis had not violated the election law.

Whatever may be the intention of the act, no words can be construed in it to disqualify a member for signing a mail carrier's bond. When the case comes before the privileges and elections committee this point will be submitted and there can be no doubt that it will be upheld.

R. Holmes' petty attempt to deprive his opponent of a hard won victory finds no sympathy here.

Get him a box of Union Label Cigars.

South Toronto's Candidate.

There was a strong tip out last night that the Liberal candidate in South Toronto will be J. J. Hunter, a prominent labor man and member of Typographical Union No. 91. The convention will be held to-morrow night.

For Xmas buy Union Label Cigars.

Senate Outstrips Commons Who Had to Repair Blunder

Some Ceremony and Not a Little Humor at Prel'minary Opening Functions at Ottawa.

Ottawa, Jan. 11.—(Special.)—Two Speakers were formally installed in office to-day, Raoul Dandurand in the Senate and Robert Franklin Sutherland in the commons. The senate violated all its traditions by outspeeding the commons in the discharge of its constitutional duties. It had its Speaker robed in the glad rags of office at least a quarter of an hour before R. F. Sutherland had settled into the luxurious upholstery of the Speaker's chair. This was due to the fact that the office of Speaker of the senate is appointive, while the commons' Speakership is elective. Raoul Randurand proceeded without ceremony to the senate chair, and, having read the terms of commission apointing him to the Speakership, became at once master of the situation. Sir Richard Cartwright was then introduced to the chamber of silence. His sponsors were Hon. R. W. Scott and Hon. William Templeman. Hon. Tom Davis of Saskatchewan, Hon. James Ross of the Yukon and Hon. Phillipe Choquette, late of the superior court of Quebec, brought up the procession of newly-appointed senators. They took their places without provoking any perceptible assault on the peace and quiet of the chamber.

While the senate thus busied itself, his excellency the deputy governor despatched the usher of the Black Rod with a peremptory message to the commons. Black Rod, preceded by three commanding raps, entered the house to find the two great historical parties busy sizing each other up. He communicated his excellency the deputy governor's wish that the commons should immediately repair to the upper chamber. Black Rod's steps were less stately and his bows less deferential than on former occasions, but the house extended to him an uproarious hospitality. It applauded his bows and applauded his speech.

They Forgot Something.

Not caring to linger on the scene of his triumph, Black Rod backed out of the house and scurried away to the senate. The commoners followed, jostling each other thru the corridors, poking fun at the clerk's hat and even aiming shy shafts of humor at Sergeant-at-arms Harry Smith, the good-natured bearer of the mace.

They arrived in the senate chamber only to hear from his excellency the deputy governor that his excellency the governor-general would not state his reasons for calling parliament together until the commons had elected its speaker. Having been thus duly informed of its careless omission, the commoners showed an eagerness to

Continued on Page 2.

SPEAKER SUTHERLAND.

CHAMBERLAIN TO ASQUITH PROVES THRU SIR WILFRID

If He Agrees With Premier, How Can He Be Classed a Protectionist? He Asks.

(Canadian Associated Press Cable.)

London, Jan. 11.—Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, speaking at Preston, first replied to Right Hon. Mr. Asquith, probably his most persistent critic, and by profession a lawyer. Mr. Chamberlain said:

"Am I a protectionist? I would what Mr. Asquith would say, how he would describe Sir Wilfrid Laurier? Is he a protectionist, that great colonial statesman? If he is not a protectionist, then neither am I, since I agree with his policy in every particular. If he is a protectionist, or if Mr. Asquith calls him so, why I should like to ask did his clients, the Cobden Club, give Sir Wilfrid Laurier the greatest honor which it was possible for them to pay him, giving him the gold medal of that magnificent association—(cheers and laughter)—on the distinct ground of the service that he rendered free trade."

FATAL FIRE.

Chelsea, Mass., Jan. 12.—A fire that broke out early to-day gutted the Academy of Music on Broadway and spread to the Hotel Savoy adjoining and to a four-storey brick tenement building at the rear. Assistance was summoned from Boston, Everett and Reveree. It is reported that two men were killed by falling walls. At 2 o'clock the loss is estimated at $200,000. Three men were injured, possibly fatally.

FROM THE COLONEL.

The mayor has heard from Col. J. Hanbury Williams, military secretary to the governor-general, that the Earl and the Countess

of Grey will visit Toronto about Feb. 21. The reception committee will deal with the matter.

Tuckett's "T & B." 10 cent plug. 246

Pember's Turkish Baths remove all poison from the system. 129 Yonge-st. 246

DETECTIVE SEES A HOLD-UP AT HEADQUARTERS WINDOW

Hustles Out and Nabs One of Two Highwaymen—Victim Badly Used Up.

Frank Wilson is again in the hands of the police. He has been fortunate in his dealings with the blue coats. The last charge was of attempting to hold up a farmer some months ago.

Last night Detective Forrest was doing office duty at police headquarters. He heard a cry for help, and looking out of the window saw two men holding up and assaulting another on Albert-street. He lost no time in getting to the street. The assailants had gone on their way, but Forrest saw a man turning the corner who resembled one of the men he had seen from the window. He arrested him. It was Wilson.

The victim of the assault was Harry Cowan, a clerk in a store, 433 East King-street. His face showed that he had been badly beaten. Wilson's hands were covered with blood when arrested by Forrest. He admits the asault, but denies the theft of the $8, which Cowan claims to have lost in the mix-up. The parties had met shortly before in a saloon, where a few arguments took place.

MISSES GOODERHAM IN RUNAWAY.

Upset in Snow—Inspector McKenna Stops the Horses.

Inspector McKenna of the Toronto Street Railway Company did a timely and courageous act about 5 p.m. yesday.

The Misses Gooderham were seated in their sleigh in front of Simpson's. The horses became frightened at a street railway sweeper, and made an attempt to run away. Mr. McKenna, who was on duty at Queen and Yonge streets, ran and held the horses, taking considerable risk himself. The sleigh was upset, but the ladies escaped uninjured.

Blizzard Comforts To-Day.

A day like this emphasizes the comfort of and the need for good warm clothing, and Fairweather's (84-86 Yonge-street) big winter clearing sale paves the way to having lots of comforts at easy prices—for instance, fine underwear, fine English flannel shirts and lined gloves are selling at 25 per cent. under the regular prices.

Smoke Alive Bollard's Cool Mixtue.

Get Your Life Insured Free.
Here is the latest thing in advertising. With every retail cash purchase of $2.00 and upwards we give you an accident policy for $500.00, or $5.00 per week compensation for ten weeks if disabled by accident or any sickness mentioned in policy. We make no extra charge directly or indirectly for goods. This is done solely for an advertisement for our business and to induce thrifty smokers to buy their goods from A. Clubb & Sons, 49 King-street West.

DEATHS.

BURROW—At his late residence, 35 Beaconsfield-avenue, Toronto, on Wednesday, Jan. 11th, James Burrow, in his 68th year.

Funeral Friday, Jan. 13th, at 2.30 p.m., to St. James' Cemetery.

BELL—At 85 McGee-street, Fred A. Bell, on 11th January, 1905.

Funeral on Friday, at 2 p.m., to Norway Cemetery.

MARSHALL—Suddenly, at his late residence, 38 Lansdowne-avenue, Wednesday, Jan. 11, James Marshall, in the 65th year of his age.

Funeral Friday next, 11 a.m., to St. James' Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation.

WARWICK—On Jan. 10, at her home, 404 Gold-street, Brooklyn, N.Y., Marjery Montgomery Warwick, wife of J. G. Warwick and youngest daughter of Charles Montgomery, 99 Davenport-road, Toronto.

Funeral from her father's residence (private).

WOODLAND—At 1 Rose avenue, on Tuesday, Jan. 10, 1905, Ellen McCutcheon, relict of the late George Woodland.

Funeral Thursday, Jan. 12, at 2.30 p.m. No flowers.

Pember's Turkish Baths will cure all diseases. 129 Yonge-street. 346

Resolution 1905—Smoke Blue Union Label Cigars.

U.S. HAILING WITH JOY PROSPECTS OF REVIVING THE HAY-BOND TREATY

Can Exclude Canada From Newfoundland Trade and Issue Created is Regarded as Dangerous.

The Hay-Bond treaty, which was so vigorously protested against by the government of the late Sir John A. Macdonald, as a menace to the unity of British interests on this side of the Atlantic, is again likely to be a factor in Canadian political life. The colonial office in London appears to have consented to a policy which admits of a settlement of 200,000 people, making its own treaties, even tho those treaties are inimical to the best interests of adjoining British colonies or British interests generally. Canada to-day has a government, with Hon. W. S. Fielding as minister of finance, who at the time of the Bond-Blain treaty was premier of Nova Scotia, and who protested against the interference of Sir John A. Macdonald into Newfoundland affairs. Sir Wilfrid Laurier has declared that there can be no reciprocity between Canada and the United States. Now Canada is face to face with the question: is Newfoundland, a small colony, with large fishing interests, to be permitted to legislate against Canadian interests in favor of the United States, and form a fiscal union, if not a territorial one? Without going into the many problems which the question opens up, here are the facts, coming from Washington under date of Jan. 10, in a special despatch to The New York Tribune of yesterday:

"There was grave regret among many members of congress this morning when it was learned that efforts to revive the joint high commission had met with failure. It was also learned, on further inquiry, that this is the second time that Senator Fairbanks, as chairman of the American representation on the commission, had attempted to bring about the reconvening of the commission.

Good News.

"There is, however, good news in another direction, and not remote from the subject of Canadian reciprocity. There are now excellent prospects that the Hay-Bond treaty with Newfoundland will be revived. It havin been learned that Newfoundland is prepared to make concessions more extensive than those incorporated in the last convention. It is announced that the Newfoundland government is ready to make important concessions and modifications in the treaty, or rather to accept them if made the forc of amendments by the senate.

"Under these circumstances the foreign relations committee of the senate will undoubtedly consider the treaty again and see whether it can be made acceptable by amendments. The fishing interests, which are largely involved, will, of course, be consulted. Nothing will be done until the representatives of the fishing interests have been consulted in Massachusetts by Senators Lodge and Crane, and in Maine by Senators Hale and Frye.

"It will be recalled that Secretary Blaine first saw the possibility of forming a commercial alliance with Newfoundland which would insure its trade to the United States. The Dominion of Canada then, as now, was endeavoring to effect such close relations with Newfoundland, which would make it impossible for the United States to treat with the island as distinct from the Dominion, and with that end in view the Blaine-Bond treaty was negotiated. It failed of ratification, however.

Refusal Will Give Impetus.

"Secretary Hay and Premier Bond several years ago revived the project and negotiated the Hay-Bond treaty, which has never been ratified by the senate. It is believed in some quarters that the refusal of Canada even to permit the reconvening of the joint high commission, with a view to bringing about Canadian reciprocity, will give impetus to the movement for reciprocity with Newfoundland, especially as that island appears to place a high value on such relations with the United States and to be ready to make important concessions to secure them.

"Those who have studied the subject declare that if the United States improves this opportunity it can easily secure a virtual monopoly of the Newfoundland trade, to the practical exclusion of Canada."

Hon. Mr. Morine Explains.

Hon. A. B. Morine, leader of the Newfoundland opposition, who is staying at the King Edward, was interviewed in regard to the despatch from Wasulngton, and said:

"The Hay-Bond treaty is a renewal of the Bond-Blain treaty. The Hay-Bond treaty sought to secure free markets in the United States for certain kinds of fish products and crude minerals of Newfoundland, in return for certain fishing privileges in the United States and admitting certain American products free of duty into Newfoundland. It was a limited reciprocity. The Newfoundland government conceived the idea that the free entry of the products of the colony into the United States would be very much to the advantage of the colony, particularly if Canada did not possess the same right as the United States. In other words, the American market for fish was assumed to be a better market for Newfoundland if Canadian products had to pay a duty going in-

Continued on Page 2.

More Fur Bargains.

On the back page of The World to-day there is another big list of exclusive bargains in furs, now to be found at the Dineen Co.'s January sale. Read it carefully and when you're down town to-day call at the big showrooms.

VAGARIES OF THE WEATHER.

40 Below Zero at Winnipeg, But Ontario Had it Mild.

Southern and Western Ontario was highly favored yesterday in the matter of temperature, the weather being warmer than in any other part of the Dominion, altho the conditions were about as unpleasant as possible. The thermometer registered five above zero at its lowest point, while at Winnipeg it was 40 below, at White River 42 below and Parry Sound 16 below. The Eastern Provinces also suffered, Ottawa and Quebec being 8 below zero and Montreal 4 below. The storm had its origin out in Arizona and travelled with great rapidity towards the great lakes. It was raining all over the west last night and early turned to sleet in Toronto, raining hard before midnight. The temperature took a very sudden jump between 8 and 10 o'clock, rising from 12 to 15 degrees and at 11 o'clock it stood at 27 above zero. The snowfall was heavy, about two inches having fallen up to 8 p.m.

The observatory could promise nothing but unsettled weather for to-day, with heavy wind and snow or rain.

The street car service was not seriously affected. The cars were not running with as great frequency as ordinarily, but the power held on and for the amount of traffic in the streets the service was sufficient. The company had their sweepers and extra men out keeping the rails and switches clear and evidently endeavored to keep the service in the best possible condition.

David Hoskins, F.C.A., Chartered Accountant, 27 Wellington St. E., Toronto

STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.

Jan. 11	At	From
Majestic	New York	Liverpool
Ethiopia	Glasgow	New York
Patricia	Dover	New York
Rhynland	Antwerp	New York

Use "Maple Leaf" Canned Salmon The best packed.

Smoke Violetta Cigars, 3 for 25c. Manufactured by Alive Bollard.

CANADA'S DAY DREAM OF PEACE OPPOSITION TOO WEAK TO WAKEN

London Post Comments on This Country's Unwillingness to Pay for Cost of Defence

(Canadian Associated Press Cable.)

London, Jan. 11.—Referring to the support of Sir Wilfrid Laurier by the English as well as the French-speaking Canadians The Morning Post says: "We cannot help thinking that many Canadian politicians overrate the force of Quebec's passive resistance to proposals having for object the participation of Canada in the work of imperial defence. At times we have thought Sir Wilfrid Laurier shared their mistake.

"There can be no doubt of the wave of anti-militarism now passing over Canada, and that the majority of Canadians disregard the necessity of defending even their land frontier, and are unwilling to pay the cost of insuring their national welfare against other war risks.

"As yet little or nothing has been done by the minister of militia to bring Canada out of the defenceless state described by Lord Dundonald as 'a fool's paradise.' The opposition is so weak both in numbers and debating power that it cannot do much to awaken the Canadian people from their day dream of peace for which no price need be paid."

Try "Lowe Inlet" Canned Salmon Always Reliable.

Ottawa's Dates.
Ottawa, Jan. 11.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Premier Ross speak in the Russell Theatre on Friday, Jan. 20, and Mr. Whitney Saturday, Jan. 21.

V.C. Cigarettes for sale everywhere. 246

THEY STAY.
Halifax, N.S., Jan. 11.—(Special.)—A. A. McLean and Martin, members-elect in Queen's, Prince Edward Island, were today confirmed in their seats.

THE SOVEREIGN BANK OF CANADA
28 King St. West, Toronto.
Savings Department.

TO-DAY IN TORONTO.

Woman's Auxiliary service of intercession, Church of Ascension, 10.30.
C.M.A., Toronto branch, 3.
Board of Education Management Committee, 4.30.
Hon. Eugene Foss at Empire Club, McConkey's, 7 p.m.
U. E. Loyalists, 8.
Trades council, Labor Temple, 8.
University College v. Osgoode Hall, debate, 8.
Girls' hockey match, Wellingtons v. Broadviews, Broadview Rink, 8.
Theatres—See public amusements.