

CHAPTER XLVIII.

Geography of Nova Scotia.

Divisions, Lakes, Rivers, and Mountains.

Q.—What are the civil and judicial divisions of Nova Scotia?*

* Alterations are made in the counties and representation almost every year; and therefore the best reference that can be had is to the annual almanacs. The following table will show the present counties, with their population, members of Assembly, and the county town of each, with its members and distance from the capital.—For the situation of the counties see map.

	Counties.	Popu- lation.	Mem- bers.	County Towns.	Mem- bers.	Miles dist.
Eastern Circuit.	{ Halifax	31,095	2	Halifax	2	0
	{ Guysboro	16,950	2	Guysboro	0	178
	{ Sydney	17,436	2	Dorchester	0	144
	{ Pictou	6,770	2	Pictou	1	98
	{ Cumberland	9,629	1	Amherst	1	128
Middle Circuit.	{ Colchester	10,884	2	Truro	1	64
	{ Hants	12,760	2	Windsor	1	45
	{ King's	11,756	2	Kentville	0	72
	{ Lunenburg	5,981	2	Lunenburg	1	65
	{ Queen's			Liverpool	1	100
Western Circuit.	{ Shelburne	15,022	1	Shelburne	1	279
	{ Yarmouth		1	Yarmouth	1	221
	{ Digby	12,326	1	Digby	1	150
	{ Annapolis		1	Annapolis	1	130
Cape Breton	{ Cape Breton	37,500	1	Sydney	1	323
	{ Richmond		1	Arichat	1	199
	{ Inverness		1	Port Hood	1	230

193,409 26 added to 15, with
a member for each of the townships of Onslow, London
derry, Palmouth, Newport, Horton, Cornwallis, Granville,
Barrington, Argyle, and Clare, (10,) gives a total of 51
members to General Assembly.

The number of inhabitants above is obtained by an in-
crease of one-fourth on the census taken in 1827. The
distances to Sydney, Arichat, and Port Hood are by land
to Guysborough, thence by water. If you embark at Pic-
tou for Port Hood, the distance is only 151 miles.