

given to Great Britain, and the space assigned has in most instances been so located. I beg to acknowledge in this connection the kind assistance given me by Sir Henry Wood, and his generosity in transferring to Canada in three of the buildings, where a sufficient area in a prominent location could not otherwise have been secured, a portion of the space which had been allotted to the Mother country.

After much negotiation and correspondence, and several additional visits to Chicago, sufficient space was obtained for Canada in very advantageous positions in the buildings as follows :

	sq. feet.
Manufactures. . . . .	21,600
Liberal Arts. . . . .	6,000
Agriculture. . . . .	10,000
Dairy Products. . . . .	576
Agricultural Implements. . . . .	7,880
Forestry. . . . .	4,000
Horticulture. . . . .	8,000
Fish and Fisheries. . . . .	5,000
Mines and Mining. . . . .	10,000
Machinery. . . . .	11,470
Transportation. . . . .	15,000
Electricity. . . . .	3,000
Fine Arts (wall space). . . . .	3,000
Ethnology and Archeology. . . . .	1,000
Total. . . . .	106,526

In most instances this is gross space and is measured from the centre of the aisle on either side, the total area is equal to nearly two and a half acres within the buildings. Accommodation has also been promised outside of the buildings for traction engines.

In the live stock department space has been secured for the following animals with the written promise of the chief of this department that if more is needed for the Canadian exhibit in this section it shall be granted.

Horses. . . . .	100
Cattle. . . . .	200
Sheep. . . . .	300
Swine. . . . .	100
Poultry—accommodation for all that may be sent.	
Dogs. . . . .	200

On the 1st of April, 1892, an Order in Council was passed which provided that "the several Provincial Governments should be invited to co-operate with the Executive Commissioner in order to make the representation of each Province as full and