

Section C. continued.

21. Scott, A.D. (ed.) National Economic Issues: The View from the West Coast. Vancouver, B.C. B.C. Studies, Special Issue No.13, University of British Columbia Press, Spring 1972.

This special issue contains a dozen articles presenting a B.C. point of view on a number of current economic issues that are subjects of national debate, e.g., the regional impact of inflation, monetary and fiscal policies, foreign investment, and incomes, competition, and energy policies.

22. Ostry, S. & Zaidi, M.A. Labour Economics in Canada. (2nd ed.) Toronto, Macmillan, 1972.

A labour economics text which concentrates on the institutional and quantitative aspects of the Canadian scene rather than on a theoretical review. It deals with labour supply and wages but puts more weight on important issues in contemporary policy questions - manpower and incomes policy - in line with the growing emphasis on aggregative economic goals.

23. Keirstead, B.S. et al. Economics Canada: Selected Readings. Toronto, Macmillan, 1974 / Selections

This is a collection of readings designed to give beginning students in economics an acquaintance with Canadian economic problems and institutions and to provide them with an understanding of the main objectives of economic policy in Canada. It is a source of information on Canadian economic affairs and policy.

24. Officer, L.R. and Smith, L.B. (eds.) Canadian Economic Problems and Policies. Toronto, McGraw Hill, 1970.

This book presents a collection of 20 original essays which outline Canada's present economic problems, discuss policy instruments available to Canadian governments, and evaluate the success of policy-making in the immediate post-war period. Five main issue areas are macro economic policy, international aspects, industry problems, urban problems, and social-welfare issues.

25. Rea, K.J. The Political Economy of the Canadian North. Toronto, University of Toronto Press, 1963.

This is an interpretation of the course of development in the Northern Territories of Canada to the early 1960's. It is a combination of an economic approach to northern development based on the study of the development of underdeveloped countries with an approach in which the political influences involved in the development of federal lands of the north are explicitly introduced.