FOR QUIET MOMENTS.

Our reading will be little use without conversation, and our conversation will be apt to run low without reading. Reading trims the lamp, and conversation light it: reading is the food of the mind, and conversation the the exercise. And as all things are strengthened by exercise, so is the mind by conversation. There we shake off the dust and stiffness of a recluse, scholastic life; our opinions are confirmed or corrected by the good opinions of others; points are argued, doubts are resolved, difficulties cleared, directions given, and frequently hints started, which, if pursued, would lead to the most useful truths, like a vein of silver or gold that directs to a mine.—*Bishop Newton.*

BACKBITING.—Never say of any one who is absent, what you would either be afraid or ashamed to say if he were present. 'He of whom you delight to speak evil,' says a wise moralist, may hear of it, and become your enemy, if he do not, you will have to reproach yourself with the meanness of attacking one who had no opportunity of defending himself.' Never listen to those who deal in scandal; he who slanders one to you will slander you. Talebearers make tale-bearers; and hence Dr. South said, 'the talebearer and tale-bearer should be hanged together, the one by the ear, the other by the tongue.'

CHURCHMANSHIP OF THE LAST CENTURY.—The affecting obituary of the late excellent Mrs. Freeman, which appeared in the *Banner* of July 21, was read with more than ordinary interest by many. The *English Churchman* of August 16 thus alludes to it:—

The *Banner of the Cross* (U. S.) in recording the death of Mrs. Freeman, wife of Bishop Freeman, mentions that she was a dissenter at the time of her marriage, and adds, "she became an enlightened and highly intelligent Churchwoman. The book, which she often afterwards spoke of as having had great influence in settling her mind and signally affecting her 'conversion,' as she called it, to the distinctive doctrines of the Church, was Archdeacon Daubeny's *Guide to the Church*, and it became ever after in her hands a powerful auxiliary to her efforts, which were in numberless instances successful, to enlighten and convince others." The book referred to is one of several which show that, even in the preceding century, there were more Churchmen who understood and duly appreciated the Church than many writers in the present day seem willing to allow.

☞ Whatever is worth doing at all is worth doing well, is a maxim which must be regarded in two ways: first, to be sure that what you are about *is* worth doing, and then take care to do it earnestly, however slight it may be. The exquisite and perfect finish of the smallest work of God, may seem to show us, that what He designs to do, cannot be beneath the notice and imitation (feeble though it be) of His creatures. We have also an illustration of this principle in works of love. We would fain give of our best, whether in substance or labour, to those we love; we do everything for them "as well as we can;" and surely if we could achieve the attainment of doing *all* to the glory of God, we would not willingly offer to Him that which cost us naught, but would rather be willing "up to our power, yea, and beyond our power," to make all we do perfect.—*Things to be Thought Of.*

GEN. PELISSIER'S REPORT OF THE BATTLE OF THE TCHERNAYA.

Head-Quarters before Sebastopol,
August 18, 1855.

Monsieur le Marechal,—You will have learnt by my telegraphic despatches of yesterday and of the day before the general results of the battle of the Tchernaya; to-day I send your Excellency a detailed report of that battle so glorious for our arms.

For some days, although the enemy abstained from any apparent movement, certain indications made us suppose he would attack our lines on the Tchernaya. You know those positions, which are excellent, and which are covered in their full extent by the Tchernaya itself, and by a canal which forms a second obstacle. The Sardinian army occupies the whole of the right opposite Tchorgoun; the French troops guard the centre and the left, which joins, after a declivity, our plateaux of Inkermann. Independently of a few fords, which are bad enough, there are two bridges across the Tchernaya and the canal. One, a little above Tchorgoun, is under the guns of the Piedmontese; the other, called Traktir-bridge, is below, and almost in the centre of the French positions. Looking straight before one towards the other bank of Tchernaya, you behold to the right the heights of Tchoulliou, which, after extending themselves in undulating plateaux, fall somewhat abruptly towards the Tchernaya, below Tchorgoun, opposite the Piedmontese. These heights diminish opposite our centre, and starting from that point to the rocky sides of the Mackenzie plateaux there is a plain about three or four kilometres in width. It is by that plan that the Mackenzie-road leads across the Tchernaya at Traktir-bridge, and after passing through our pontoons leads into the Balaclava plain.

A strict watch was kept all along our lines. The Turks, who occupy the hilly ground of Balaclava, were on the alert, and watched Alson; and General d'Allonville, also put on his guard, doubled his vigilance in the high valley of Baidor. My mind was quite at rest, moreover, as regards the whole extreme right; it is one of those mountainous regions where it is impossible to manœuvre large bodies of men; the enemy could only make false demonstrations there. In fact that is what occurred. In the night of between the 16th and 16th August, General d'Allonville notified that he had troops opposite him, but his attitude imposed upon the enemy who attempted nothing on that side, and dared not attack him.

During this time the main body of the Russian troops, which had, descended from the Mackenzie heights, of debouching near Ai-Todor, advanced, favored by night, on the Tchernaya; to the right the 7th, 5th, and 12th divisions crossed the plain, and to the left the 17th division, a portion of the 6th, and the 4th followed the plateau of Tchoulliou. A strong body of cavalry and 160 pieces of artillery supported all that infantry.

A little before daybreak the advanced posts of the Sardinian army, placed at videttes as far as the heights of Tchoulliou, fell back and announced that the enemy was advancing in considerable force, shortly afterwards; in fact, the Russians lined the heights of the right bank of the Tchernaya with heavy guns *(pieces de position)*, and opened fire on us. General Herbillon, who commanded the French troops on this point, had made his arrangements for battle; to the right of the Traktir-road Faucheux's division with the 3rd battery of the 12th artillery; in the centre of his own division, with the 6th company of the 13th; to the left, Camou's division, with the 4th battery of the 13th. On his side General de la Marmora had ranged his troops in order of battle. At the same time, General Morris's fine division of Chassours d'Afrique, speedily joined by Gen. Scarlett's numerous and valiant English cavalry, took up a position behind the hills of Kamara and Traktir. This cavalry was to take the enemy in flank in case he should succeed in forcing a passage by one of the, the three outlets of Tchorgoun or Traktir or at the incline to the left of General Camou.

Colonel Forgeot, in command of the artillery of the Tchernaya lines, kept ready to act as a reserve, six batteries of horse artillery, two of which belong to the Imperial Guard.

Six Turkish battalions of Osman Pacha's army, led by Sofer Pacha, came to lend us their assistance.

Finally I ordered forward Levaillant's division of the 1st Corps; Dulac's division of the 2nd Corps; and the Imperial Guard; composing reserves capable of remedying the most serious *contretempts*.

The thick mists which covered the depths of the Tchernaya, and the smoke of the cannonade which had just commenced, prevented us distinguishing against which particular point the chief effort of the enemy would be directed, when on our extreme left the 7th Russian division came tilt against Camou's division. Received by the 50th of the line, the 3d Zouaves, who charged them with the bayonet, and by the 82nd, which took them in flank, the enemy's column were compelled to make a *demi volte*, to recross the canal, and could only escape the fire of our artillery by getting out of range to rally. That division did not appear again during the day.

In the centre the struggle was more long and desperate. The enemy had sent two divisions (the 12th, supported by the 5th) against Traktir bridge. Many of their columns threw themselves at once upon the bridge, and the temporary passages they constructed with ladders, pontoons, and mad-riers; they cross the Tchernaya, the trench of the lines, and advance bravely on our positions. But assailed by an offensive movement by Generals Faucheux and DeFailly, these columns are routed to recross the bridge occupied by the 95th, and are pursued beyond it by the 2nd Zouaves, the 97th of the Line, and by a portion of the 19th battalion of Chassours-a-pied.

However, while the artillery was roaring on both sides, the Russians re-formed their columns of attack; the mist had cleared, and their movements became distinctly visible. Their 5th division reinforced the 12th, which had just been engaged, and the 17th was preparing to descend the heights of Tchoulliou to support these two first divisions.

General Herbillon then ordered General Faucheux to be reinforced by Cler's brigade, and gave the 73rd as a reserve to General de Failly. Colonel Forgeot, moreover, placed four batteries of horse artillery in position, which gave him on this front a total of seven batteries to be brought to bear upon the assailing masses. The result was, that the second effort of the Russians, energetic as it was, proved of no avail against us, and they were compelled to retreat with great loss.

The 17th Russian division, which had come down throwing out large bodies of riflemen as skirmishers, had no better success. Received with great resolution by General Cler's Brigade, and by a half-battery of the Imperial Guard, harrassed on the left by the troops of Trotti's Division, who pressed it closely, that division was compelled to recross the Tchernaya, and to fall back behind the batteries of position which line the heights from which it had started.

For a moment I felt inclined to order a portion of the cavalry to charge to cut down the remant of the 17th Russian division between the Tchoullon and Traktir bridges, with this object in view I had prepared some squadrons of Chassours d'Afrique, who were joined by some Sardinian squadrons, and by one of General Scarlett's regiments, the 12th Lancers (from India). But the retreat of the Russians was so prompt that we could only have made a small number of prisoners, and this fine cavalry might have been reached by some of the enemy's batteries still in position. I deemed it preferable not to expose it for so small a result. General della Marmora did not, moreover stand in need of this support boldly to retake the advanced positions which his small posts occupied on the heights of Tchoulion

At 3 o'clock the whole of the enemy's army had disappeared. The division of the Garde and Dulac's division relieved the divisions engaged, as they stood in need of some rest. I sent back the 1st corps of Levaillant's division, and the cavalry returned to its usual bivouac.

This splendid action does the greatest honour to the infantry, to the horse artillery of the Garde, to that of the reserve, and to the artillery of divisions. I will, shortly, ask your excellency to place before the Emperor the names of those who have deserved rewards, and to submit to the approbation of his Majesty those which I may have awarded in his name.

Our losses are, doubtless, to be regretted; but they are not in proportion to the results obtained, and to those we have inflicted upon the enemy. We have eight superior officers wounded, nine subaltern officers killed and 53 wounded, 172 non-commissioned officers and soldiers killed, 146 missing, and 1163 wounded.

The Russians have left 400 prisoners in our hands. The number of their killed may be estimated at more than 3,000, and of their wounded at more than 5,000, of which number 1,626 men and 38 officers have been taken to our ambulances. Among the slain found by us are the bodies of two generals, whose names I have not been able to ascertain.

The Sardinian army, which fought so valiantly at our side, has about 250 men *hors de combat*. It inflicted a much greater loss upon the enemy. One hundred prisoners and about 150 wounded remained in its hands. I am sorry to announce to your Excellency that General Della Marmora has informed me that General Count de Montevecchio whose character and talents he greatly appreciated, was killed gloriously at the head of his brigade.

I must point out to your Excellency the rapidity with which General Scarlett's cavalry, placed at my disposal by General Simpson, came up. The martial appearance of those magnificent squadrons betrayed an impatience which the happy and prompt result of the battle did not allow me to gratify.

The English and Sardinian position batteries and the Turkish battery which Osman Pasha had sent to Alson fired with great precision and success. I thanked Osman Pacha for the promptitude with which he sent me six Turkish battalions under Sefer Pacha (General Kosciolzki), four of which during the day occupied the passages near Tchorgoun.

Nothing remarkable took place during the the day on the Sebastopol side. Generals De Salles and Bosquet were, however, prepared to drive back with energy any attack of the besieged.

I send your Excellency with this report the copy of the plan for the battle of the 16th, found upon the body of a Russian general, supposed to be General Read, who commanded the enemy's right, and was especially intrusted with the attack on Traktir-bridge.

I am, &c.,
PELLISSIER Commander-in-Chief.

University of Toronto.

MATRICULATION.

THE ANNUAL EXAMINATION will commence on the 24th day of SEPTEMBER.

The following SCHOLARSHIPS, will then be offered for competition amongst Candidates for admission, viz:

In *Law*, seven of the value of £30 per annum each (Three amongst Candidates for admission in *Law* and *Arts* simultaniously, who purposes entering on a course of study in *Law*, extending over five years; and four amongst Candidates *for* admission in *Law* and *Arts* simultaniously, and Bachelors of Arts, who purpose entering on a course of study in *Law*, extending over three years)

In *Medicine*, three of the value of £30 per annum each.

In *Arts*, fifteen of the value of £30 per annum each.

In *Civil Engineering* three of the value of £30 per annum each.

In *Agriculture* three of the value of £30 per annum each.

At the same period Undergraduates and Candidates for Degrees in *Law* and *Medicine*; Students of the standing of one or two years from Matriculation, and Candidates for Diplomas, in *Civil Engineering*, or *Agriculture*, are required to present themselves.

The following Scholarships will then be offered for competition, viz:—

(1.) Amongst Students of the standing of one Matriculation:

In *Law*, three of the value of £30 per annum each.

In *Medicine*, three of the value of £30 per annum each.

In *Civil Engineering*, two of the value of £30 per annum each.

In *Agriculture*, two of the value of £30 per annum each.

(2.) Amongst Students of the standing of two years from Matriculation:

In *Medicine*, two of the value of £30 per annum each.

(3.) Amongst students of the standing of three years from Matriculations:

In *Medicine*, two of the value of £30 per annum each.

Each of the Scholarships, established in this University, is tenable for one year, but the Scholars of each year are eligible for the Scholarships of the succeeding year.

Graduates or Undergraduates of any University in her Majesty's dominions are admissable *ad eundem*, but are required to produce satisfactory Certificates of good conduct, and of their standing in their respective Universities.

Attendance on Lectures is not required, as a qualification, by this University, except for Students in Medicine.

Candidates who purpose presenting themselves for Examination at either of the above mentioned periods, are required to transmit the necessary Certificates to the Registrar, at his office in the Parliament Buildings, at least four weeks before the first day of Examination.

Further information as to subjects of Examination and other particulars, can be obtained on application to the Registrar.

Senate Chamber,
Parliament Buildings, Toronto,
June 30th 1855.

To be inserted twice in each week up to the 24th of September, in each of the papers published in Toronto; and also in each of the papers in Upper and Lower Canada, which received directions to copy the similar advertisement in 1854. 507-1d

University College Toronto.

CANDIDATES FOR ADMISSION into the College are requested to take notice that the MATRICULATION EXAMINATION, which they are required to pass, will commence in the University of Toronto, on the 24th day of September, 1855.

University College, Toronto,
August 7th, 1855. 516

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Sept. 3, 1855. 523-4m-c

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THIS School will recommence on Monday, 20th inst. The course of study includes all the subjects required for matriculating at the University, together with French and English composition.

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The next quarter will begin on the 6th of September.

Further particulars may be obtained by letter, addressed—Box 284, Post office, Toronto; or by personal application at Yorkville.

July 24, 1855. 52-tf

THE INFALLIBLE REMEDY!

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

ERYSIPELAS OF EIGHT YEARS DURATION CURED!

Copy of a letter from George Sinclair, Esq., of Paris, Canada, dated 18th July, 1854.

To PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY,

SIR—I have a pleasure and a pride in bearing witness to the wonderful benefit I have derived by your inestimable Ointment and Pills. For eight years I suffered unceasingly from the attacks of erysipelas; large purple blotches came all over my body; in addition to the unpleasant feeling of itching and burning, which affected me both night and day, rendering life a misery to me, as well as to all around.—So severe was the attack. I used several reputed remedies without deriving the least cessation to my misery. At last, I determined to try your Ointment and Pills after taking them for a few weeks, a visibly improvement took place, and I feel considerable better,—in the course of three months, by continuing with your medicines, I was completely cured, and now enjoy the best of health! The truth of this statement is well known here, hence there is no necessity for me to request secrecy.

I remain Sir,
Your's faithfully,
(Signed) GEO. SINCLAIR.

ULCER IN THE LEG,—REMARKABLE CURE!

Copy of a Letter from Mr. Edward Tomkinson, of Cape Breton, Nova Scotia, dated the 4th May, 1854.

To PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY,

Sir,—My sister, Miss Jane Tomkinson, suffered for a great number of years from a bad leg; in which there were several deeply seated and old wounds, defying the skill of some of the most eminent of the medical faculty, a variety of remedies were also used unsuccessfully, and it seemed to me that there was not anything capable of mitigating the agonies she endured. At length, she had recourse, to your Ointment and Pills, and after using them for about five weeks, she was completely cured, after all other means had failed to afford her the slightest relief. I have no objection to these facts being published if you feel disposed to make them known.

I am, Sir,
Your faithful Servant,
(Signed) ED. TOMKINSON.

A BAD BREAST CURED WHEN AT DEATH'S DOOR!!

Copy of a Letter from Mr. Henry Malden, of Three Rivers, Canada West, dated July 9th, 1854.

To PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY,

Sir,—My wife suffered most severely after the birth of our last child with a bad breast. There were several holes in it, one as large as a hand, all the devices and stratagems I tried would not heal them, but assumed an aspect more frightful than before, and horrible to behold. As a last resource I tried your Ointment and Pills, which she persevered with for seven weeks, at the expiration of that time her breast was almost well, by continuing with your remedies for two more weeks, she was entirely cured, and we offer you our united thanks for the cure effected.

I remain, Sir,
Yours very truly,
(Signed) HENRY MALDEN.

The PILLS should be used conjointly with the OINTMENT in most of the following cases:—

Bad Legs	Corns (soft)	Rheumatism
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☞ JOHN WINER, Druggist, King Street Agent for Hamilton.

Jan. 25, 1855. 461

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The Churchman's Friend,
FOR THE DIFFUSION OF INFORMATION
RELATIVE TO THE
United Church of England and Ireland
Her Doctrines and Her Ordinances.

Edited by Clergymen.] [Published Monthly
PARIS, 1st OCTOBER, 1855.

PROSPECTUS.

The CHURCHMAN'S FRIEND is intended to supply a want, which, we believe, every Canadian Clergyman must have often and painfully experienced. We cannot perhaps be surprised that in a land where the number of the ministers of the Church is so disproportionate to the population and extent of the country, there should be a lamentable degree of ignorance respecting the history of the Church, Her doctrines, and Her ordinances. Yet it is plainly impossible to bring those subjects prominently forward from the pulpit: there we must needs speak on more glorious themes, and preach the glad tidings of our common redemption. *The Churchman's Friend* has been projected to meet this difficulty: it is intended literally to fulfil the promise made in the title; namely, to convey information, relative to the subjects indicated.

The Theology which we wish to impart is aptly and honestly expressed in the first motto which we placed at the head of our publication, "*Quod semper, quod ubique, quod ab omnibus, creditum est, tenemus*," "Let us hold fast that, which always, which every where, which by all has been believed," for that only is the faith of the Catholic Church. While the temper and spirit in which we desire to convey these truths, is with equal simplicity and correctness indicated by our second motto, *In necessariis Unitas, in dubiis libertas, in omnibus caritas.* "In necessary things unity, in doubtful things liberty, in all things charity."

With this object in view, we purpose to issue, for the present, one number monthly, commencing on the 1st October; *but we hope considerably to enlarge, or to publish more frequently, as soon as we receive the requisite amount of encouragement.* A large proportion of each number will be filled with original matter in the form of short tracts, dialogues, and tales; which, with anecdotes, scraps of information and other selections, all strictly tending to illustrate the principles we wish to advocate, will make up the contents. While we hope to offer matter sufficiently interesting as to make it not without value even to the more highly educated, it will be our endeavour to clothe it in such plain and simple language, as to render our little publication a welcome visitor in the farm house and the cottage, and a source of pleasure, as well as profit to both young and old. For the young especially, some portion of our space will always be set apart; and we venture to suggest to clergymen and superintendents of Sunday Schools, the advantage of encouraging their elderly scholars to avail themselves of the reduced terms offered to those who subscribe for a number of copies.—They will thus be furnishing the young persons committed to their charge with a supply of reading, at once sound in its teaching and attractive in character, and at the same time be lightening their own labor.

We beg particularly to call attention to our terms of publication, from which it will be seen that eight copies will be forwarded to one address for fifteen shillings, currency, a year, and fifteen copies for £1 five shillings. But as these sums are so small that they will not pay for the trouble of collecting, it is absolutely necessary that all subscriptions be paid in advance.

All communications to be addressed (Post Paid,) to the Editors of the *Churchman's Friend*," care of J. Greenstreet, Esq., Paris, C. W.

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