ENTOMOLOGY.

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The cool nights and light frosts which occured in September have had a marked effect on the abundance of insect life. On bright days Clouded Yellows and White Cabbage Butterflies have been abundant, and towards the end of the month a third brood appeared of both the Nettle Butterfly (Vanessa Milbertii) and the Camberwell Beauty (Vanessa Antiopa). After a few trials of their newly gained wings, these gems of the summer landscape will seek some quiet nook in cave or hollow tree, and sink into a state of torpor from which they will only be aroused by the returning warmth of opening Spring. On Sept. 25th a single specimen of Peck's Skipper (Pamphila Peckrus) was seen sipping the nectar from a stalwart Michaelmas Daisy (Aster punicus).

Several caterpillars were sent to the leaders during the month. Hidden in a den made by catching together two or three leaves of Salix cordata or other rough-leaved willows, the solitary caterpillars of Wiso niades Icelus were several times found. These have pule green slugshaped bodies with large brown heads, separated from the body by a small neck. They apparently pass the winter in the caterpillar state.

The beautiful black, yellow and white Zebra caterpillars of Mamestra picta have been very abundant and destructive. Their numbers, however, have been much reduced by a minute parasite of the Proctotrypid genus (Trichogramma) which passes all its preparatory stages inside the egg. The moth which lays the egg from which the Zebra caterpillars hatch, deposits from 100 to 250 in a flat patch on the under side of a leaf. Of over twenty of these patches collected in the beginning of September, not a single egg produced the caterpillar, but instead the minute parasite above named. The same microscopic benefactor, or a closely allied species, did good service in destroying the egg of the Imported Currant Saw-fly, and of a new imported enemy of the willow which has only lately appeared in America in the shape of another Saw-fly (Nematus pallidirentris). The event of most importance in this line is the sudden and wide-spread appearance in Canada of the Cattle Horn-fly (Hamatobia serrata). The habits and the best remedies for this pest are all given in the recently issued Bulletin 14 of the Central Experimental Farm.-J. F.