

(a) At the beginning of the Seven Years' War (1756) ;

(b) At the close of the War of American Independence (1783).

15. Describe briefly the position (using modern names) of the following : (a) Gallia Transalpina, (b) Gallia Cisalpina, (c) Liguria, (d) Etruria, (e) Latium, (f) Samnium, (g) Apulia, (h) Asia (propria), (i) Cilicia, (j) Bithynia and Pontus, (k) Thracia, (l) Dacia, (m) Africa (propria), (n) Numidia, (o) Mauritania.

LATIN GRAMMAR AND COMPOSITION.

(Primary.)

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NOTE.—Candidates will take five questions in section A, and five in section B.

A.

1. Compose short sentences in Latin to illustrate the following constructions :

- (a) The ablative absolute,
- (b) The genitive of price,
- (c) The historical infinitive,
- (d) The subjunctive of purpose,
- (e) The gerundive.

2. Write the second singular of the future and future perfect tenses of *vivo*, *gaudeo*, *fin*, *eo* and *loquor*.

3. Explain the use of the cases of the words italicized in the following sentences :

- (a) Ego, *sententiam* rogatus, haec respondi.
- (b) Nunquam illius *dici* oblitus sum.
- (c) *Vestra* maxime interest recte facere.
- (d) Paucis post *diebus* in Italiam venit.
- (e) Regi Germanorum nomen fuit *Ariovisto*.

4. Compare *novus*, *proximus*, *aeger*, *magnus*, *paucus*, *citerior*, *certus*, *amicus*, *diu* and *magis*.

5. Decline throughout *castra*, *itineria duo*, *eodem die*, *cuius legationis*, *compluribus his proliis*.

6. Give the gender of *finis*, *vulgus*, *virtutibus*, *mons*, *legiones*, *flumine*, *parcs*, *domo*, *fidem*, *verbis*, with rules.

7. Show how frequentative, inceptive, diminutive and desiderative verbs are formed, illustrating by examples.

B.

Translate into Latin :

8. Ariovistus answered the ambassadors that, if he needed anything from Cæsar, he would come to him, but if Cæsar wished anything, he must come to him.

9. On the same day the general was informed that the enemy were marching to meet (*obviare*) him, and were less than two miles away.

10. Cæsar, the greatest of Roman generals, was born in Rome in the six hundred and fifty-fourth year from the founding of the city, and the hundredth year before the birth of Christ.

11. Ambassadors were sent to Cæsar by the Aedui to ask him to come, as soon as he could, to their assistance against the Germans.

12. He put in command of the legion a young man, whose father he had known very well (*familiariter uti*), and whom he perceived to be of very great ability.

13. When the commander learnt this, he at once dismissed the council, saying that there was need of action rather than of deliberation.

LATIN AUTHORS.

Primary.

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NOTE.—Candidates must take section A, and either section B or section C.

A.

(Cæsar De Bello Gallico, IV., 16.)

Translate into idiomatic English :

Germanico bello confecto . . . Rhenum postularet ?

1. Parse : *quarum*, *prædandi*, *prælio*, *dederent*, *æquum*, *imperii*.

2. Mark the quantity of the penult of the following words : *videret*, *facile*, *timere*, *recepit*, *dederent*, *invito*, *populi*, *transire*, *responderunt*, *existimaret*, *imperii*, *potestatis*.

3. *Fruimentandi causâ*. Express the same meaning in three other different ways.

4. Derive and explain the meaning of : *commentarii*, *septentriones*, *clientes*, *alarii*, *repræsentare*, *portorium*.