LIBERIA.

Liberia, in commercial importance, is rapidly advancing. The exportation of palm oil had risen, in the remembrance of President Benson, from less than 1000 barrels per year to more than 1,000,000. Natives in the interior manufacture millions of pounds of native cotton into cloth, and it is thought that a few years' suitable encouragement would bring it to the coast for sale. Large tracts of land on the St. Paul's river have been planted with sugar cane, and a steam sugar mill is now in operation which cost about $4000, and another large one worth $6000 is on the way out, both the property of back planters.

McGill Brothers (coloured) of Monrovia, have remitted nearly $15,000 to Baltimore for the purpose of building a schooner of 109 tons for the African coast trade, and purchasing her cargo. She was named the Moses Sheppard, and recently safely arrived out after a pleasant and rapid run. By the annexation of the colony at Cape Palmas to the Republic of Liberia, the latter has now a sea coast equal in length to that from Portsmouth, New Hampshire, to Norfolk, Virginia, and contains about 23,400 square miles—amply sufficient to produce the necessaries of life to the whole coloured population of the United States.

A PHOTOGRAPHIC DISCOVERY.

The *Glasgow* (Scotland) *Herald* notices a discovery which promises to give a more artistic character to photographic portraiture. "This improvement, the discovery of Mr. Eadie (an accomplished Glasgow artist), consists in a novel arrangement by which all the softness and all the gradations of light and shade, which are so charming in some of the best painted and engraved portraits, can be perfectly rendered on silver, glass, or paper; and by which, at the same time, the portrait is produced with the proper aspect—not right for left, and left for right, as has hitherto been the universal practice. For example, by the usual method the camera delivers to the prepared plate all which the lens can take in. The face, the bust, the hands, and down to the feet, and the carpet if a full-length likeness be wanted. But there is no gradation of tone—no artistic distribution of light and shadow. Now, by the new process, a portrait is taken upon a plate; but if we may be permitted to use such a form of expression, it seems to be thrown upon a cloud, because all round the head there is a white halo, and this light may be disposed at the back of the head or at the face, at the pleasure of the operator, to suit the character or the complexion of the sitter; and this aureola of light passes by imperceptible gradations of depth into a deep black, while the bust of the sitter is, so to speak, vignetted, passing from clear and bold lines into the obscurity of the dark shadow, which is the field upon which the portrait and its surrounding light are projected. The discoverer of these improvements has named the picture so produced Rembrandt Portraits."

CHANGING CLOTHES.

The Synod of Kentucky was in session. The subject of raising the salaries of certain Professors was under discussion. The Rev. Robert J. Breckinridge, D. D., (of whom his nephew, the Vice-President of the United States, said, "If Uncle Robert had been appointed to a command in Mexico, they would have been fighting till this time!") was on the floor, making a speech in opposition to the measure. It had been said that ministers of high standing and large means, clothed in fine linen and faring sumptuously every day, did not sympathize with those whose salaries are small. To this Dr. Breckinridge was replying. He scouted the idea that ministers lived for money, or desire the luxuries of the world. As for himself, he challenged any man to say that he lived more frugally than himself. Drawing himself up to his full height, and standing six feet at least, he displayed his proportions, and exclaimed "As to the fine linen, if there is a man on this floor who dresses more plainly than I do, I offer to exchange clothes with him this moment."

Directly in front of the Moderator, and in sight of most of the members, sat the Rev. Mr. Hopkins, one of the planting clergy—a short, thick-set, and rotund brother, whose circumference exceeded his altitude; and in this respect no man in the house presented so strong and striking a contrast with the tall and courtly Kentuckian. But the proposition to swap clothes had hardly escaped the lips of the speaker, before Hopkins wriggled himself out of his seat and on his feet, and cried out,

"Mr. Moderator, *I'm his man!*"

The effect was instant and tremendous. The image of Breckinridge, with his long arms and legs protruding from Hopkin's toggery, was up before the eyes of the Synod. They could see nothing else—think of nothing else; and for a while they gave way to uncontrollable laughter, in which BLOOD joined so heartily as the discomfited speaker.—*Harper's Magazine.*

USE OF PLASTER.—General R. Harmon of Wheatland, Monroe county, New York, in a recent communication to the *Chronicle*, says that for the last "twenty years no judicious farmer has thought of sowing clover seed without giving it a dressing of plaster." Clover is not the only crop that requires this dressing; almost every crop is benefitted by being plastered, if manured. The application of one hundred pounds of plaster to an acre of grass will give one-third more grass. Where is the farmer so blind to his own interest as not to apply it? He gives the following directions for applying it:—"Plaster should be sown at the rate of one hundred pounds to the acre, and as early in the spring as the ground is settled, so as to admit of going on to it, and on all grain crops as soon as they make their appearance above ground. Potatoes should never be planted without being wet and rolled in plaster. Plaster draws the ammonia from the air, and increases the dew on the plant, and retains it much longer on grasses, than it would remain were plaster not sown. On clay soils that are somewhat wet, plaster has not been beneficial; on sandy, gravelly, and loam soils, plaster shows its operation to the best advantage."

EXCESSIVE MENTAL EXERTION.—A writer in *Fraser's Magazine*, in an article on the mutual relations of the physical organization and the mental faculties, illustrates the evils of excessive mental exertion by this affecting little anecdote of Sir Walter Scott:—"One day, when he was exerting himself beyond his powers, Sir Walter said to Captain Basil Hall—who also suffered and died from disease in the brain—'How many hours can you work?' 'Six,' said the captain. 'But can't you put on the spurs?' 'If I do, the horse won't go.' 'So much the better for you,' said Scott, with a sigh; 'when I put on the spurs, the horse *will* go well enough, but it is killing the horse.'"

A WOMAN'S IDEA OF STRONG-MINDED WOMEN.—Mrs. M. P. Legare, editress of the New Orleans *Southern Mirror*, says:—"Woman is, by appointment, supreme in the social and domestic circle; it is much more important that she have the finer faculties of her nature in a high state of cultivation than the stronger and more masculine qualities of mind. She had better be a philanthropist than a philosopher. One Florence Nightingale is worth more to man than all the Lucretia Motts and Fanny L. Townsends that ever cursed the world; while in the domestic circle one good, intelligent, amiable wife or sister, who, with such mental training as serves to develop its beauties, and thus serve to invite the sterner sex to woo its refined pleasures and humanizing influences, shines brighter than a whole 'woman's rights convention' in solemn conclave, resolving to don the habiliments and usurp the realm of the other sex. Woman's element is love; her weakness is her strength. I battle against innovation, female suffrage, lady physicians, and Bloomer dresses."

A NOBLE BOY.—A boy, named Narcisse Lamontage, aged thirteen years, saved eight children from the wreck of the steamer Montreal. It was by seizing the door of a stateroom, placing the children upon it, and pushing it before him while he swam; that, at different trials, he succeeded in landing on a dry rock, or on the beach, eight of the survivors, who would have otherwise met, with the hundreds of others, a watery grave.

SPURGEON JUNIOR.—The Rev. J. A. Spurgeon, younger brother of the famed Spurgeon, appeared in Boston on Sunday last. He preached two sermons in the Corn Exchange Hall, on behalf of the Zion Chapel, West street. At the morning service the immense hall was crowded to excess, and on the preacher making his appearance a sensation of surprise at his youthful appearance seemed to pervade the audience; his age is said to be seventeen years. He took the text of his sermon from 1 John iii. 1, 2. His distinct utterance, fluency of speech, and earnestness of soul, together with the graceful ease and dignity of all his movements, are qualifications calculated to excite an extraordinary amount of interest in favour of a preacher of his early years. The younger Spurgeon's style of speaking possesses nothing in common with that of his brother, but in command of language and the choice of words he is, though but still a student, at the very least equal to his brother.—*Lincolnshire Times.*

CONVERTED TURK.—The Lord is certainly preparing a "highway" for the gospel in the East. The greatest sign in this direction is that a converted Turk is preaching the gospel of our Lord in Constantinople! He could not do that one hundred miles from the capital. Be it so; it is a beginning: and whether the death penalty be formally abrogated, or sunk into neglect and oblivion, like some of the Conventicle Acts in England, *pro tempore*, only let Christ be preached.

MAILS.—Summer Arrangement.

THE MAILS FOR THE NEIGHBOURING PROVINCES &c., will, until further notice, be made up and forwarded as follows—

For New Brunswick, Canada and the United States, via Shediac, every MONDAY and THURSDAY morning at 9 o'clock, and every FRIDAY morning, via Pictou, at 10 o'clock.

For Nova Scotia, via Pictou, every TUESDAY and FRIDAY morning at 10 o'clock.

For Newfoundland every TUESDAY morning at 10 o'clock.

For England and Bermuda every alternate TUESDAY morning at 10 o'clock, viz—

Tuesday,	June 2,	Tuesday,	September 8,
Do	June 16,	Do.	September 22,
Do	June 30,	Do	October 6,
Do	July 14,	Do	October 20,
Do	July 28,	Do	November 3,
Do	August 11,	Do	November 17,
Do	August 25,	Do	December 1.

Letters to be registered, and Newspapers, must be posted half an hour before the time of closing.

THOMAS OWEN, Postmaster General.

General Post Office, June 4, 1857.

ART UNION OF GLASGOW.

PATRON:

His Royal Highness the Prince Albert.

THE OBJECT OF THE ART UNION OF GLASGOW is, briefly, to aid in extending amongst the community a knowledge of the Fine Arts, by the purchase and dissemination amongst the Members, of Meritorious Works.

A Subscription of *One Guinea* constitutes Membership for one year. The whole subscriptions, after deducting the necessary expenses, are devoted to the purchase of Pictures, Drawings, Sculptures, Engravings, and other works of art.

I.—To a copy of the beautiful Engraving on Steel, of NOAH'S SACRIFICE, after the Painting by Daniel Maclise, Esq, R. A., engraved by W. H. Simmons, Esq.

II.—To one chance of obtaining at the Annual General Meeting, in 1857, for every guinea subscribed, a Painting, or other work of art.

The copy of the beautiful picture of Noah's Sacrifice can be seen at G. T. HASZARD'S Bookstore, where subscriptions will be received.

MAID OF ERIN.—NOTICE.

THE WELL KNOWN AND FAVORITE STEAMER MAID OF ERIN, CAPTAIN JOHN BELMORE, having been thoroughly overhauled and put in a complete state of repairs, is ready to resume her previous route, viz:—Leaving St. John for Digby and Annapolis every Monday morning at 9 o'clock—returning same evening. Leaving St. John for Dorchester, Hillsborough and the Bend every Tuesday and Friday evening tide, and returning, leaves the Bend next high water.

Shippers for Dorchester and Hillsboro' will please take notice that Freight for those places is payable in advance, and that the owners of the Steamer do not hold themselves responsible for any Goods after landing them on the respective shores.

Passengers are requested to look after their own luggage, as the owners will not be responsible for anything unless given in charge to the proper officer and signed for. For particulars apply to.

JOHN WALKER, Ward Street.

St. John, May 6, 1857.

DIXON'S CLOTH MILL.

THIS MILL BEING NOW IN first-rate order—several recent improvements having been made—the proprietor is enabled to turn out Cloth with despatch, and equal in finish to any Establishment in the Provinces. Cloth left with the Agents will be forwarded weekly by mail, and quickly returned.

JOHN DIXON.

AGENTS:

Charlottetown, George T. Haszard
Georgetown, Messrs. Owen & Moore
St. Andrew's, Patrick Griffin
St. Peter's, William Sterns.

TO BE LET,

FOR ONE, TWO, OR Three years, or longer term, as may be agreed upon GLEN STEWART, directly opposite Charlottetown, with about Fifty Acres of LAND, 24 of which are under cultivation. Application to be made to the Proprietor, W. STEWART, Esq., the South side of Charlottetown Ferry, Lot 48.

And on TUESDAY, the Fourth of August, will be SOLD BY AUCTION, the whole of the HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, together with Plate, Linen, Glass, some superior Engravings. Also, a sweet-toned PIANO FORTE; with FARMING STOCK, CROP, &c., catalogues of which will be issued in due time.

July 15th, 1857. 3i

FOR SALE,

A LARGE, POWERFUL JACK SCREW, and a SCREW suitable for pressing Fish. Enquire at George T. Haszard's Bookstore, or of BENJ. DAVIES, ESQUIRE.

MRS. IRVING BEGS TO ANNOUNCE to her friends and the public that she purposes giving instruction in the Art of PAINTING in Oil and Water Colours, Portrait Painting, &c. Also, Drawing in Crayon and Pencil from copies and casts. Classes for this purpose will be opened in the Rooms above Mr. Strong's Store (Dawson's Building), and terms and hours of attendance made known on personal application to Mrs. Irving.

Charlottetown, June 17, 1857.

Sydney and Pictou Coal,

FOR SALE BY

July 22, 1857. THOS. B. TREMAIN.

1857.

FIRST ARRIVAL!

DUNCAN, MASON & CO., HAVE RECEIVED their usual importation, per Ship "Isabel," from Liverpool. May 13, 1857.

The Royal Agricultural Society

HAVE RECEIVED BY THE MAJESTIC, a Machine for Digging Potatoes, which can be seen at the Society's Store in Town; also a number of Gray's Improved IRON PLOUGHS; a few tons of Peruvian GUANO; super-phosphate of Lime, Hemp and Flax Seed, Riga sowing, with their usual supply of CLOVER and TURNIP SEED.

May 26. W. W. IRVING, Sec'y. R. A. S.

FOR SALE,

FIVE HUNDRED ACRES OF LAND, at the head of East River, Lot 38, with a MARSH that cuts from thirty-five to forty tons of Hay yearly

For further particulars, enquire of

SAMUEL NELSON

Charlottetown, 25th March, 1857. 1si

FAIRBANKS' CELEBRATED SCALES,

of every variety, 34 Kilby Street, BOSTON, GREENLEAF & BROWN, Agents.

Sold in Charlottetown by JAMES ROMANS.

A full assortment of all kinds of weighing apparatus and Store Furniture for sale at low rates. Railroad, Hay, and Coal Scales, set in any part of the Provinces.

May 20, 1857. 1y

Shaving, Hair-cutting, Champooing, &c.

THE SUBSCRIBER BEGS RESPECTFULLY to inform his friends, and the public in general, that he has taken part of the shop in front of the Globe Hotel, Kent-street, where he is prepared to execute the above business in all its branches, in the *latest and most approved style*; and would therefore solicit a call from all parties requiring his services, having had many years' experience in the principal cities of the United States and the British Provinces.

Hair-dyeing, Cleaning, and other Fancy Work, in the most approved fashion.

The Champooing has been proved to be highly beneficial in cleansing, strengthening, and preserving the Hair.

Parties requiring his services in the above line will be waited upon at their private residences.

A choice supply of Perfumeries, Scents, Oils, &c., of the very best description, always on hand.

PRICES:

Shaving,	£0 0 3
Hair-cutting,	0 0 6
Champooing,	0 0 9

And other charges in proportion. GEO. R. JONES.

Charlottetown, June 30, 1857. 1m

BRICKS.

FROM 50 TO 60,000 HARD BURNT BRICKS, of a superior quality, for sale at the subscriber's premises on Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays; or on the wharf, by the Lighter load of 5,000.

July 15, 1857. 8i J. P. BEETE.

A CARD.

Morning and Afternoon Class Tuition.

R. B. IRVING, TEACHER OF English, French, Writing, Arithmetic, Geography, Book Keeping, and the Mathematics.

MORNING CLASSES—*Senior* and *Junior*—for pupils of both sexes. Also a JUVENILE CLASS, which will be taught under Mr. Irving's immediate superintendence, by a *Young Lady*, a licentiate of the Board of Education.

AFTERNOON—*A Young Ladies' Class.* This Class will be opened for such Young Ladies as desire to complete a good English Education, by a *finishing* course of English Grammar, Exercises and Composition, Geography, History,—and Book-keeping, or *the regular modes of keeping and making out accounts.*

A few Young Gentlemen received as PUPIL BOARDERS.

*** Terms and arrangements adapted to accord with the reception of only *a select and limited number* of pupils. Full *Programmes* thereof may be had on application to Mr. Irving.

CLASS ROOM—at his residence, the House in Pownal-street, lately occupied by Mrs. Douglas.

The CLASSES will be opened (D.V.) on Monday, 20th July, 1857. 6w Charlottetown, July 1, 1857.

The National Loan Fund Life Assurance Society of London.

CAPITAL £500,000 STERLING. Empowered by Act of Parliament, 2d Victoria.—A Saving Bank for the Widow and the Orphan.

T. HEATH HAVILAND, jr.,
April 1, 1857. Agent for Prince Edward Island.

☞ Office—Peake's Buildings, Charlottetown.

Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

THE ABOVE COMPANY NOW Insures all kinds of Property, both in Town and Country, at ONE-HALF THE PREMIUM usually charged by Foreign Companies. Persons Insuring in this Company have their share in the profits, which amount to above One Thousand Pounds within the few years it has been in operation, and the Interest now received on the Capital overpays the annual expense of working the Company. For all particulars, inquire at the Secretary's Office in Kent Street, Charlottetown; W.B. AITKIN, Esq., Georgetown; JOHN HASZARD, Esq., St. Eleanor's; JAMES C. POPE, Esq., Summerside; STEPHEN WRIGHT, Esq., Bedeque; EDWIN PARKER, Esq., Traveller's Rest; JAMES BEARISTOE, Esq., Princetown Royalty; JEREMIAH SIMPSON, Esq., Cavendish; JAMES PIDGEON, Esq. New London; RICHARD HUDSON, Esq., Tryon; GEORGE WIGGINTON, Esq., Crapaud; W. S. MACGOWAN, Esq., Souris; Hon. JAMES DINGWELL, Bay Fortune, or JOHN SUTHERLAND, Esq. St. Peter's Bay.

Charlottetown, 4th March, 1856.—1si

ALLIANCE

LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

LONDON.

ESTABLISHED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT

Capital £5,000,000 Sterling.

CHARLES YOUNG, Agent for P. E. Island.

Equitable Fire Insurance Company of London

Incorporated by Act of Parliament.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS FOR P. E. Island.—*Hon. T. H. Haviland, Hon. Charles Hensley, Francis Longworth, Esq., Robert Hutchinson, Esq., Thomas Dawson, Esq.*

Detached Risks taken at low Premiums. No charge for Policies. Forms of Application, and any other information, may be obtained from the Subscriber, at the Office of G. W. Deblois Esq. Charlottetown.

H. J. CUNDALL,
April 7th, 1854. Agent for P. E. I.

THOMAS HENRY LOCKHART,

BOOT AND SHOE MAKER, lately from London, in returning thanks to the public generally for the very liberal support they have given him since his arrival in this City, begs to inform them that he still continues doing all kinds of work in the above line. BOOTS and SHOES neatly repaired at moderate charges.

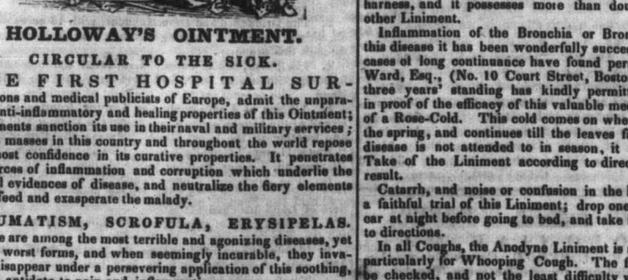
☞ Please inquire at Mr. John Lockhart's. April 8.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!—GOOD SLACK COAL at the Gas Works for 24s. per ton.

April 6. WILLIAM MURPHY, Manager.

NO SUCH WORD AS FAIL!

A RESISTLESS REMEDY.



HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

CIRCULAR TO THE SICK.

THE FIRST HOSPITAL SURGEONS and medical publicists of Europe, admit the unparalleled anti-inflammatory and healing properties of this Ointment; governments sanction its use in their naval and military services; and the masses in this country and throughout the world repose the utmost confidence in its curative properties. It penetrates the sources of inflammation and corruption which underlie the external evidences of disease, and neutralize the fiery elements which feed and exasperate the malady.

RHEUMATISM, SCROFULA, ERYSIPELAS.

These are among the most terrible and agonizing diseases, yet in their worst forms, and when seemingly incurable, they invariably disappear under a persevering application of this soothing, healing, antidote to pain and inflammation.

KING'S EVIL, FEVER SORES, STIFF JOINTS.

In cases of King's Evil where medicinal water, lotions, and every recipe of the pharmacopœia have proved useless, the Ointment will accomplish a thorough cure. Fever Sores heal quickly under its influence, and its relaxing effect upon contracted sinews is truly wonderful.

DISCHARGING ULCERS.

A most remarkable and happy change is produced in the appearance of malignant ulcers, after a few applications of this Ointment. The surrounding redness vanishes, and gradules of healthy flesh begin to take the place of the discharged matter. This process goes on more or less rapidly, until the orifice is filled up with sound material and the ulcer radically cured.

A WORD TO MOTHERS.

The young are the most frequent sufferers from external injuries, and therefore every mother should have this healing preparation constantly at hand. It is an absolute specific for sore breasts, and quickly removes the encrusted sores which sometimes disfigure the heads and faces of children.

SIGNIFICANT FACTS.

This Ointment is universally used on board the Atlantic and Pacific whaling fleet as a cure for scorbutic affections and as the best possible remedy for wounds and bruises. Large supplies of it have recently been ordered by the Sultan of Turkey for hospital purposes.

ULCERS, SORES AND TUMORS.

The effect of this unrivalled external remedy upon Scrofula, and other virulent ulcers and sores, is almost miraculous. It first discharges the poison which produces suppuration and proud flesh, and thus the cures which its healing properties afterwards complete are safe as well as permanent.

WOUNDS, BRUISES, BURNS AND SCALDS.

In cases of the fracture of the bone, injuries caused by steam explosions, Bruises, Burns, scalds, Rheumatism, stiffness of the Joints, and contraction of the sinews, it is employed and warmly recommended by the faculty. This marvellous remedy has been introduced by its inventor into all the leading Hospitals of Europe, and no private household should be without it.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:—

Bad Legs	Cancers	Sore-throats
Bad Breasts	Contracted and Stiff Joints	Skin diseases
Burns		Scurvy
Bunions	Elephantiasis	Sore-heads
Bite of Mosquitoes and Sand Flies	Fistulas	Sore-nipples
	Gout	Soft Corns
	Glandular swellings	Tumours
Coco-bay	Lumbago	Ulcers
Chiego-foot	Piles	Wounds
Chilblains	Rheumatism	Yaws.
Chapped hands	Scalds	

Sold at the establishment of Professor HOLLOWAY, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar,) London, and 80, Maiden Lane, New York, also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the Civilized World, at the following prices:—at 1s 3d; 3s 3d; and 5s each Pot.

☞ There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients of every disorder are affixed to each Pot.

G. T. HASZARD, Agent for P. E. Island.

DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

Ex *Faith* from LONDON, and recent arrivals from HALIFAX and BOSTON

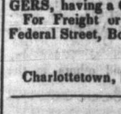
THE SUBSCRIBER HAS RECEIVED his usual Supply of DRUGS, MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, TOILET SOAPS, HAIR and TOOTH BRUSHES, CHEMICALS, FANCY and TOILET ARTICLES.

—ALSO—

Mixed Pickles, Worcester Sauce, Anchovy and shrimp Paste, Eau. Lemon, Vanilla, Ratafia and Coffee, Rose and Orange Flower water, Capers, Orange and Lemon marmalade, Olives, salad oil, French Vinegar, Coxe's Gelatine, candied citron, lemon and orange peels, sardines, curry powder, Cayenne pepper, chillies, maccaroni and vermacelli, mustard, baking powder, preserved ginger, Isinglass, gelatine, lozenges, French truffles, treacle, basket salt, and double Gloster Cheese.

City Drug Store, May 29. W. R. WATSON.

BOSTON PACKET.



THE FAST-SAILING clipper BRIG "GALENA," will leave BOSTON, for this Port, on or before the 1st of MAY next, and will continue her trips between this Port and Boston during the Season. Her accommodations for FREIGHT are such as will induce parties at either Ports to ship by this Vessel, as it will enable them to receive their merchandize at all times with quick despatch. Parties wishing to make a quick market of their PRODUCE, will find this a great convenience.

The above BRIG has superior accommodations for PASSENGERS, having a CABIN fitted up expressly for the purpose.

For Freight or Passage apply to HALL & FOWLE, 45 Federal Street, Boston, or to

SAMUEL A. FOWLE,
Old Custom House, Peake's Buildings.
Charlottetown, March 11th, 1857. tf

DR. A. JOHNSON'S AMERICAN ANODYNE LINIMENT,

FOR THE CURE OF

COUGHS, COLDS, INFLUENZA, Bronchitis, Asthma, Pain in the Sides or Breast, Rheumatism, Cramp in the Stomach, Spitting of blood, and all Lung Complaints. Manufactured by I. S. JOHNSON, Bangor, Maine. DR. A. JOHNSON'S AMERICAN ANODYNE LINIMENT, an entirely vegetable preparation, prepared and intended for Internal and External application.

The Inventor of this article was in the constant practice of medicine for 20 years, and by a long course of experiments upon the various diseases for which this Liniment is recommended, he became perfectly satisfied of its efficacy, and offers it with full confidence to the afflicted, as the result of his long experience and best efforts.

This has long been a standard medicine, and enjoys the singular privilege of being known and patronized by a large portion of the medical Faculty, wherever it has been introduced.

With the firm conviction that it is the best remedy of the present age for all diseases for which it is recommended, the proprietor offers his Liniment to the Public, not doubting that it will sustain the high reputation it has already acquired. We do not affirm that this article is a cure for the ten thousand ills humanity is heir to; but let those who are afflicted with the following diseases, try it, and we can assure them, they will find relief.

Inflammation of the Bronchia or Bronchitis, Rose Cold, Catarrh, Hard dry Cough, Whooping Cough, Hoarseness and common Cold, Pain and Soreness in the Lungs, Stomach and Sides, caused by lifting or otherwise, Asthma, influenza, for Sore Throat and Weak Lungs, for Chronic Diarrhœa, caused by Rheumatism in the bowels, for Cramp in the Stomach, for Stranguary, Gravel and Stone, Blind Piles, &c.

Externally it will have the most happy effects, in all cases where any other Liniment would be used, especially for Rheumatic Affections, Chilblains, Chapped Hands and Sore Lips; it is a sovereign remedy for the bites of flies and other insects. There is nothing of equal efficacy to this for Horses and Oxen where they are carked, cut, bruised, strained or chafed by the harness, and it possesses more than double the power of any other Liniment.

Inflammation of the Bronchia or Bronchitis, for the cure of this disease it has been wonderfully successful. Those who had cases of long continuance have found permanent relief. S. D. Ward, Esq., (No. 10 Court Street, Boston) who had a case of three years' standing has kindly permitted us to refer to him in proof of the efficacy of this valuable medicine; also in the case of a Rose-Cold. This cold comes on when the flowers bloom in the spring, and continues till the leaves fall in Autumn—if this disease is not attended to in season, it ends in consumption Take of the Liniment according to directions, and a cure will result.

Catarrh, and noise or confusion in the head may be cured by a faithful trial of this Liniment; drop one or two drops in each ear at night before going to bed, and take it internally according to directions.

In all Coughs, the Anodyne Liniment is a well known remedy, particularly for Whooping Cough. The first symptoms should be checked, and not the least difficulty will occur in the cure of this complaint. For children, half a teaspoon full of Liniment night and morning.

This Anodyne Liniment for sore throat and weak lungs, that complaint so common in all countries, especially in this climate, stands unrivalled, and in every case, a complete trial will be marked by the most complete success.

The Blind Piles. The Anodyne Liniment has in a great number of instances of this distressing disease, made permanent cures. In connection with taking the Liniment internally, external application should be made.

The sale of this invaluable medicine is rapidly increasing, and the Proprietor can say with confidence that he has been the favored instrument of giving relief to thousands of the afflicted and suffering. He earnestly solicits all who may be afflicted to give this Anodyne Liniment a fair trial, satisfied that if taken with a full determination to test its utility, they will find relief.

JOHNSON'S CATHARTIC PILLS.

Sugar Coated, in Glass Bottles.

For the Cure of a great variety of Diseases, arising from the impurities of the Blood, and Obstructions in the Organs of Digestion.

These Pills may be used in all forms of Diseases, with the most decided benefit, and without fear of injury. Being of Vegetable extract, they do not cramp or rack the delicate frame or weak constitution, but will be found particularly useful, by stimulating the weakened and distempered parts into healthy action.

The most delicate female, and children of the tenderest age, can take these Pills with perfect safety, and the most salutary results will follow. Being coated with pure White Sugar, prevents that general aversion which most persons have to ordinary Medicines, for nothing but the taste of sugar is apparent when administered.

Married Ladies, under all circumstances, will find these Pills a safe, and in small doses, a mild cathartic.

The best time to administer these Pills is on going to bed at night, though they can be taken at any time beneficially; at night, however, they have a more general and universal influence over the whole body; the mind, body and nervous system at that time being in a quiet state, gives the Pills an opportunity to operate with the fullest effect upon the whole system.

They are an excellent article to be taken

In the Spring of the Year,

To Invigorate and give Tone to the System.

These Pills have a great advantage over other Sugar-coated Pills, in that they are put up in GLASS BOTTLES, well corked; consequently will keep for any length of time without injury, and are not affected by damp weather.

The Proprietor of these Pills has spared no expense in getting up an article that he trusts will meet the universal approbation of the public, and he does not doubt they will, when known, take a stand beside his well known and extensively appreciated AMERICAN ANODYNE LINIMENT.

They are purely Vegetable in their composition, are peculiarly mild, give no pain, yet efficient in their operation, and require no change of diet or confinement while taking them. They require only a trial, and need no puffing to recommend them. Price, 25 cents per bottle.

For sale at the Apothecaries' Hall, and at the Drug Stores of W. R. Watson and M. W. Skinner, and sold at all the Stores throughout the Island. Persons wishing supplies of the above Medicines, can be furnished at Proprietor's prices at the Drug Store of

M. W. SKINNER,
General Agent for P. E. Island.
Nov. 5, 1856.

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GEORGE T. HASZARD, Agent.

Charlottetown, Dec. 31, 1856.

VALUABLE FARM

IN THE ROYALTY OF CHARLOTTETOWN.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS for sale, a FARM of about forty acres of very valuable LAND, situate in the Royalty of Charlottetown, and is the distance of about two miles from the city. This Property fronts nearly 30 chains on the St. Peter's Road, and about 15 chains on the Union Road, and adjoins the valuable farm of the Hon. George Coles. The greater portion of the Land has been recently cleared. For particulars, apply to

June 3, 1857. tf W. H. POPE.

℞ AYER'S Cathartic Pills,

(SUGAR COATED,)

ARE MADE TO

CLEANSE THE BLOOD AND CURE THE SICK.

Invalids, Fathers, Mothers, Physicians, Philanthropists, read their Effects, and judge of their Virtues.

FOR THE CURE OF

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.

PITTSBURG, PA., May 1, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst headache any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once. If they will cure others as they do me, the fact is worth knowing.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREBLE,
Clerk of Steamer Clarion.

Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
WASHINGTON, D. C., 7 Feb., 1856.

SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of *bilious disease* so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them.

Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D.,
Physician of the Marine Hospital.

Dysentery, Relax, and Worms.

POST OFFICE, HARTLAND, LIV. CO., MICH., Nov. 16, 1855.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the perfection of medicine. They have done my wife more good than I can tell you. She had been sick and pining away for months. Went off to be doctored at great expense, but got no better. She then commenced taking your Pills, which soon cured her, by expelling large quantities of worms (dead) from her body. They afterwards cured her and our two children of bloody dysentery. One of our neighbors had it bad, and my wife cured him with two doses of your Pills, while others around us paid from five to twenty dollars doctors' bills, and lost much time, without being cured entirely even then. Such a medicine as yours, which is actually good and honest, will be prized here.

GEO. J. GRIFFIN, *Postmaster.*

Indigestion and Impurity of the Blood.

From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends. Yours, J. V. HIMES.

WARSAW, WYOMING CO., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and purify the fountains of the blood.

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Erysipelas, Scrofula, King's Evil, Tetter, Tumors, and Salt Rheum.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1856.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her. ASA MORDRIDGE.

Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and Gout.

From the Rev. Dr. Binghs, of the Methodist Episc. Church.

PULASKI HOUSE, SAVANNAH, GA., Jan. 6, 1856.

HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating neuralgic pains, which ended in chronic rheumatism. Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until, by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, BATON ROUGE, LA., 5 Dec., 1855.

DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured by your Pills of Rheumatic Gout—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years. VINCENT SLIDELL.

For Dropsy, Plethora, or kindred Complaints, requiring an active purge, they are an excellent remedy.

For Costiveness or Constipation, and as a Dinner Pill, they are agreeable and effectual.

Fits, Suppression, Paralysis, Inflammation, and even Deafness, and Partial Blindness, have been cured by the alterative action of these Pills.

Most of the pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, INFLUENZA, BRONCHITIS, WHOOPING COUGH, CROUP, ASTHMA, INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION,

and for the relief of consumptive patients in advanced stages of the disease.

We need not speak to the public of its virtues Throughout every town, and almost every hamlet of the American States, its wonderful cures of pulmonary complaints have made it already known. Nay, few are the families in any