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UTAH'S VICTIMS

Schofield Has 105 Widows as a Result of the Recent Explosion.

EX-WAR SECRETARY ENDICOTT DEAD

Mallory Steamship Line Pier, in New York, Burned.

BOQUETS FOR MAIL CARRIERS

Seattle Lawyers Quarrel—Toronto Father Shoots His Son—Other Telegraphic News.

(From Tuesday's Daily.)
Schofield, Utah, May 10, via Skagway, May 15.—It is known that 199 men were killed here by the mine explosion of May 1st, of which number 195 bodies have been recovered. As a result of the disaster 105 women are left widows and 270 children are orphans.

Ex-Secretary of War Dead.

Boston, May 10, via Skagway, May 15.—W. C. Endicott, secretary of war during Cleveland's first term as president, is dead. His daughter is the wife of Colonial Secretary Joseph Chamberlain of London.

Big New York Fire.

New York, May 10, via Skagway, May 15.—The pier of the Mallory Steamship line burned last night; loss \$1,000,000.

Mail Carriers O. K.

Washington, May 10, via Skagway, May 15.—The postoffice department congratulates the mail carriers on the Yukon for the reason that a letter left Nome February 10th, passed Dawson April 11, and reached Washington May 5th. The department refers to it as "exceedingly prompt service."

Hosker-Thompson Case.

Seattle, May 10th, via Skagway, May 15.—At the preliminary hearing of Hosker and Thompson, their victim, Klondiker Torrence, swore on the stand that they had gone to his room in a Seattle hotel and stolen a valise containing securities and letter of credit on the Bank of B. N. A. for \$20,000. During the trial the lawyers got into a row and the case was adjourned.

Shot His Son.

Toronto, May 10, via Skagway, May 15.—Arthur McIntyre, aged 18, was accidentally shot dead by his father, Peter McIntyre, a well-known steamship agent. The shooting occurred in the office of the father who was arrested and remanded.

Many anonymous letters have been received by the government officials which have led to the placing of many additional watchmen on the government buildings to guard against any possible Fenian dynamite explosions.

More Alaska Troops.

Skagway, May 15.—Another company of U. S. troops is now quartered in the town. The city has offered a site to the government and it is believed that Skagway will be made a battalion post and department headquarters.

Railway Men Coming.

Skagway, May 15.—Frank Mortimer, financial agent of the White Pass Railway Company left here this morning for Dawson in the interests of the line.

Fight to the Death.

London, May 10, via Skagway, May 15.—President Kruger issued another proclamation on the 7th inst. He says the Boers will resist first at the Vaal

river, then at Pretoria and finally in the mountains. "We have nothing to gain by peace," concludes the address, "and everything to gain by fighting."

Free State Annexed.

London, May 10, via Skagway, May 15.—Roberts has issued a proclamation formally annexing the Orange Free State.

Thomas Daniels Departs.

Thomas Marion Daniels, who is well known as the resident agent of the Flyer Line, departed from Dawson at 7 o'clock this morning. He embarked at the Aurora dock in a small rowboat and drifted down the river with the current. He was not supplied with any provisions and no one accompanied him on his journey towards the international boundary. Despondency is the cause of Mr. Daniels' sudden departure from the city. He spent last night in gambling and drinking at Golden's Exchange, and this morning he realized that he had squandered the savings of the past two years. He was ashamed to face his wife and friends; and, without notifying anyone, he quietly left the town. The supposition is advanced that he will purchase supplies at Fortymile, and then proceed to Nome.

Mrs. Daniels learned of her husband's departure about 10 o'clock this morning. She immediately engaged John Mooney, an employee at the Aurora, to follow Mr. Daniels for the purpose of inducing him to return home. Up to the present time no word has been received from either Mooney or Daniels. The wife is intensely grieved over the unusual conduct of her husband; she does not believe that he intends to desert her.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniels came to Dawson in the summer of 1898. During the past winter, he was appointed agent of the Flyer Line, which company navigates the upper Yukon with the steamboats Eldorado and B. Manza King. Mr. Daniels had made extensive preparations for the approaching season; and quite recently he expressed himself as anticipating a profitable business.

An Excellent Entertainment.

Just now the Orpheum is experiencing no competition in the theatrical business. As a consequence, the managers of this popular resort have engaged the best talent in the city, and the amusement, which is now afforded to the public equals anything of the kind ever given in Dawson.

The evening's entertainment commences with the production of a Cuban melo-drama, entitled "The Lost American." The story of the play has been taken from the latest literary success of Mr. Archibald Clavering Gunter; and Messrs. A. B. Clark and Alf Layne have dramatized, most creditably, this romance connected with Cuba's struggle for freedom. The piece abounds in thrilling situations, and the performers take every advantage of their numerous opportunities. The leading roles are ably assumed by George L. Hillier and Blossom. Lucy Lovell and Dot Payne portray exceedingly well their respective characters. Sadie Taylor proves to be quite a capable actress. Frank Gardner, in the rendition of his part, evidences ability and conscientious effort. The others who assist in the successful production of the play are Bob Lawrence, Alf Layne, Al Clark, Fred Breen, Sam Jones and Frank Mayes.

The olio is varied and is comprised of nine excellent numbers. Beatrice Lorne sings two classical selections. Miss Garnett appears in a novel turn. Dot Payne is clever, and she is received with great favor. Bessie Pierce performs a difficult contortion act. Nettie Forsythe renders popular songs. Sadie Taylor, Gussie Lamore and Cecil Marion are as entertaining as usual. Dolan and Breen appear in team work to great advantage.

The performance concludes with the laughable comedy entitled "Casey, the Fiddler." The piece includes a cast of ten characters. Dolan essays the title role, and his ludicrous efforts are supported by capable players.

Last night the attendance was greater than the theater could conveniently accommodate, and the excellence of the entertainment insures large audiences for the balance of the week.

Awaiting Settlement.

There are a great many men now in Dawson who, after working all winter, have quit their jobs and are in town preparing for the trip down the river; and, incidentally, many of them are awaiting pay for their winter's work. In the majority of cases this pay is expected to be washed out of the dumps, but there are remote cases where the debtor says he will have money from the outside as soon as steamers are able to reach here with the mail. In both cases, however, it is only a matter of waiting with the laborers.

Special Power of Attorney forms for sale at the Nugget office.

HELD FOR BRIBERY

Fred Struthers, Clerk in Assistant Gold Commissioner Bell's Office,

HAS HIS PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION

Before Police Magistrate Primrose Today.

DIRECT CHAIN OF EVIDENCE

Was Brought to Light By Prosecution—Struthers Got \$75; Brown, \$37.50; Sutherland, \$22.50.

It was 10:20 o'clock this forenoon when, in Police Magistrate Primrose's court, the case of the Queen vs. Fred Struthers, charged with having accepted a bribe while in the employ of the government, was called.

The readers of the Daily Nugget will remember that on last Thursday, May 10th, appeared a detailed account of the arrest of William S. Brown, Ronald D. Sutherland and Fred W. Struthers, the former charged with bribing a government employe, the second with complicity in bribing a government employe, and the latter with, as above stated, accepting a bribe while in the employ of the government. Previous to his arrest Fred Struthers was employed in the office of Assistant Gold Commissioner Bell, in which employ the recording of bench claims, receiving of affidavits of representation work and issuing renewals of grants were among his clerical duties. The readers of the Nugget will also remember that the case of Struthers, as well as of Brown and Sutherland, was continued until the following day, Friday, and that on Friday the cases were again continued until this morning; Struthers, in the meantime, being admitted on bond in the sum of \$11,000, the others passing the interim in jail in default of bond.

When the case against Struthers was called this forenoon the prosecution, including the complainant, Sergeant J. J. Wilson, of the N. W. M. P., and Crown Prosecutor Wade, was ready to proceed with the preliminary hearing, but as Attorney McCaul for the defense was not present, a wait of 20 minutes was taken, at the expiration of which time Attorney McCaul, not having yet arrived, the court stated that he would adjourn the case until 2 p. m., but as the prosecution was anxious to go ahead, another ten minutes recess was taken. In the meantime Struthers had dispatched a messenger for his attorney, who, at the expiration of the second intermission, appeared in court, where a number of extra seats had been provided, all of which were occupied.

Fred Struthers was arraigned and stood up, when the charge was read, the same as previously mentioned in this paper. The first witness for the prosecution was J. J. Thomas, who gave his business as that of a tailor. Barring the many interruptions and objections interposed by Struthers' counsel, the substance of Thomas' evidence was about as follows:

"Acting on the request of Sergeant Wilson I spoke one day to Sutherland about the matter of renewing grants to claims. In the course of further conversation I informed him I had a friend who desired a claim renewed. Sutherland said he thought he could arrange it for me; later he said he could get the claim renewed for \$135. In the meantime I had secured from Robert Brewitt his miner's license and a bill of sale given him for the purchase of a claim on Lovett gulch. These two documents and the \$135 I gave to Sutherland; the money was in bills which I had marked; part of the money was my own and a part was given me by Sergeant Wilson. I gave papers and money to Sutherland about 2 o'clock on the afternoon of May 9th; took receipt from Sutherland for \$135. (Here the receipt was produced in court and marked "exhibit A.") Sutherland said I could get renewal papers in two hours. After giving papers and money to Sutherland I dropped into Kalenborn's

drug store and soon saw Sutherland and Brown passing down street towards the gold commissioner's office; I followed them and about the middle of the next block Sutherland stopped and Brown went on; I followed Brown to the gold commissioner's office, where he tried the side door, but could not get in, then he came round to the front door and went in. Sutherland had told me to come to his office, Orpheum building, at 4 o'clock that evening and the renewal would be there for me; at 3:30 I again met Brown on the street and I went to Sutherland's office and got back the miner's license, bill of sale and the claim renewal for which I had paid \$135. (The renewal was introduced in court and marked as an exhibit. It bears the names 'James Johnson' and 'Simon Thorne' as the two disinterested witnesses who swore to the required representation work having been done.) I know the names of nearly all the men who worked for Brewitt, but never heard of 'James Johnson' and 'Simon Thorne.'"

On cross-examination Thomas made no statements not embodied in the above which is not given as his testimony verbatim, but as its substance.

Ronald D. Sutherland was brought into court, put on the stand and sworn. He objected to answering any question which would tend to incriminate himself, but was assured by the court that what he might say now could not be used against him when brought to trial on his own count.

Sutherland's account of his first few meetings with Thomas was the same as previously testified by Thomas. The remainder of Sutherland's testimony was substantially this: "I am a broker and acted in the capacity of bringing the business of Thomas and Brown together. Thomas wanted a claim represented and I knew of Brown who would do it for him. Thomas gave me the miner's license and bill of sale in an envelope; am not sure that I looked at them, but understood what they were; he also gave me \$135 to pay for the renewal; I kept \$10 for my commission and gave \$125 to another party."

"Who did you give the \$125 to," said Crown Prosecutor Wade.

"I object," said Attorney McCaul. After considerable squabbling and reading of law, the court settled the controversy by overruling the objection, and the witness proceeded.

"I gave the \$125 to Brown, and he said he would have the renewal paper back to my office in an hour or two. I did not give Brown representation paper or the names 'James Johnson' and 'Simon Thorne' as witnesses, nor do I know of such men; in an hour or two Brown came back with the papers, among them the renewal paper; when Brown gave me \$12.50, making in all \$22.50 that I got out of the \$135 as my commission." Sutherland was not subjected to cross-examination.

William S. Brown was next brought over from the jail, put on the stand and sworn. He, like Sutherland, objected to answering any questions that might prejudice him at his own trial, but when assured that his evidence in this case could not be used against him, he gave, in substance the following:

"I have lived in Dawson some time; am a mine owner; had some transaction with Sutherland regarding the renewal of a claim for \$125. Sutherland gave me \$125 in bills; he also gave me Brewitt's mining license and bill of sale to his claim. I took the money and papers to the gold commissioner's office; I went alone; 'James Johnson' and 'Simon Thorne' did not go with me; I saw Mr. Struthers at the gold commissioner's office and gave him the license and bill of sale and \$75; I gave Struthers no affidavits nor names of witnesses; 'James Johnson' and 'Simon Thorne' were not there; at least I did not see them. Can not say who made out the affidavits; Struthers made out some affidavits; I did not supply him with any names or any other papers; in perhaps half an hour he gave me the renewal and I took it to Sutherland's office; am not sure that the \$75 I gave Struthers was of the money given me by Sutherland, as I had other money of my own; I think some of the \$75 I gave Struthers was part of the \$125 given me by Sutherland; I had some of the money on me when I was arrested."

At this stage of the proceedings the court adjourned until 2 o'clock this afternoon at which time, there being no other evidence, Fred Struthers was held over to the territorial court, Magistrate Primrose leaving the matter of fixing the amount of bond on which Struthers will be admitted to Judge Dugas, who will probably fix the amount this afternoon, pending the time of which bond being named and prepared, Struthers is confined in the jail. The cases against Brown and Sutherland were continued for one week.

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RECEIVED BY WIRE.

IN SORE STRAITS

Garrison and People of Mafeking on the Verge of Starving.

ALL FOOD SUPPLIES ARE CONSUMED

Hunter's Relief Column Is Advancing to the Rescue,

BUT IS STEADILY OPPOSED.

Roberts Moves Steadily to the Front and the Boers Fall Back, Fighting at Every Step.

London, May 10, via Skagway, May 15.—The interest of the country is now centered in the efforts which are being made to effect the relief of Mafeking. The British public would prefer hearing that the beleaguered garrison has been saved than to learn of great victories being won.

The inhabitants of Mafeking are on the verge of starvation. The natives are no longer given porridge. Everything that can possibly be eaten has been put to use as food and the people are now in the sorest straits.

Much sickness also prevails among the soldiers who are compelled to spend their night in wet, cold trenches.

Boers Harass Flanks.

London, May 8, via Skagway, May 15.—Advices from the front dated on the 6th, 7th and 8th show that Roberts has crossed the Little Vet river and is moving slowly forward. The Boers are falling back steadily, but are continually harassing the flanks of the army rendering its progress necessarily very slow. It is said that only one obstacle now remains to prevent the relief of Mafeking, and that is the distance which still remains to be covered by the relief column. Hunter is pushing in toward the beleaguered town as rapidly as possible, but his advance is being contested by the Boers at every step. Wendburg and Smalldel have been captured.

Roberts Pressing On.

London, May 10, via Skagway, May 15.—Roberts has crossed the Sand river. The Boers occupy a strong position in front of him and are continually harassing the advance. It is said the Boers will make a strong stand at Kroonstadt and then will fall back to Heilbron, which is 50 miles to the northeast.

Territorial Court.

The trial of the case of Rogers vs. Reed was resumed before Justice Dugat this morning. The action is for the recovery of about \$1000, which the plaintiff alleges to be due as freight charges for the transportation of goods from Honeycomb wood camp to Dawson on the steamboat Sybil. The suit will occupy the attention of the court for the remainder of today.

Patrick J. Sheehan, who was to have been sentenced this morning for the crime of obtaining money by false pretenses, was released from custody upon the recommendation of a physician, who certified that imprisonment would probably result fatally to the prisoner. The convicted man is in very poor health; his sentence has been suspended for two months, and he has been granted his freedom on his own recognizance.

Gustin Not Yet Coming.

It was reported last night and this morning that the A. E. Co.'s steamer, F. K. Gustin, which wintered a short distance up the river, would arrive in Dawson today; but inquiry at the store of the A. E. Co. contradicted the report, as it was said there that the Gustin is not expected yet for 10 days or two weeks.

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