

for himself a saw mill, which is still in his possession. He also built three steamboats and two sailing-vessels: and at the present has about \$50,000 invested in boat property. Mr. Trerice was reeve of the village of Dresden from 1876 to 1880; was warden of the County of Kent in 1880 and 1881, and was the first mayor of the town of Dresden. For twenty years he has been a magistrate and commissioner, and he has been connected with every public enterprise in which the interests of the town were involved, since its incorporation. Mr. Trerice is a member of the Methodist communion. He was first married on March 6th, 1856, but his wife died; and he married again on the 23rd April, 1885. We may add that Mr. Trerice moved to Dresden from Yarmouth in 1855, and has remained there ever since. His personal history has been part, and a conspicuous part, of the political and commercial history of Dresden as a village and as a town.

Foster, Hon. George Eulis, Apohiqui, New Brunswick, A.B., D.C.L., M.P. for King's, N.B., and Minister of Marine and Fisheries, was born on September 3rd, 1847, in the Province of New Brunswick. He is a son of John Foster, who was a descendant of a U. E. loyalist who settled in New Brunswick in 1783, by Margaret (Haney) Foster, who was descended, on her father's side, from German stock. George Eulis Foster attended the common schools, the superior school in King's county, and entered the University of New Brunswick in September, 1865, at the head of the matriculating class, and was winner in a strong competition for the King's county scholarship at the same university. He took, during his first year, the Douglas gold medal for an English essay, in a competition open to all the classes, and won the compound achromatic microscope, as a first prize, for natural science. His strong points at college were mathematics and classics, with a strong liking for English literature and history. He graduated in 1868; taught the Grammar school at Grand Falls, N.B.; became superior of the school at Fredericton Junction, and in the Baptist Seminary at Fredericton, one year at each. He became principal of the Ladies' High school at Fredericton in 1870, and was appointed professor of classics and history in the University of New Brunswick, in 1871. He studied at Edinburgh, Scotland, and Heidelberg, Germany, and took at the former a medal, one first, and three other prizes. He assumed the duties of his chair

in the University of New Brunswick in 1873, and occupied the same until January 1st, 1879, when he resigned. Acadia College, N.S., conferred upon him the title of D.C.L., in 1885. He was examiner in Grammar and English at the Provincial Normal schools, Fredericton, from 1874 to 1879. Early in life—in the thirteenth year of his age—Mr. Foster identified himself with the order of the Sons of Temperance, later with the British Templars, the United Temperance Association, the Dominion Alliance, and the International Temperance Association. He filled the offices of G.W.P., Sons of Temperance; Most Worthy Grand Templar of the British Templars of Canada; National Chief of the United Temperance Association, Vice-President and President of the Executive of the Dominion Alliance of Canada, and president, for four years, of the International Temperance Association. During Professor Foster's occupancy of the University chair, he frequently delivered lectures and addresses upon temperance topics, and upon his resignation of the chair he engaged in an extensive lecturing tour, delivering addresses on the total abstinence and prohibition questions in all the provinces of Canada, and most of the eastern and western States of the United States. He likewise edited several temperance papers. He has been identified for many years with the Y.M.C.A. of Fredericton, and was a member of the executive of the International Sabbath school Committee. After a lecturing tour of remarkable success, Professor Foster resolved to try what fortune had in store for him in the political sphere; though considering how wide and how brilliant his achievements had been, we may be sure that he had no misgivings in taking the contemplated step. In looking about him for a constituency, naturally that one nearest his heart, the county wherein he first drew breath, suggested itself, and to King's he went, though it was represented by that stalwart politician, Col. James Domville. The friends of Mr. Domville considered the act of Professor Foster as one that could be properly described only by the phrase "cheeky," but what they thought made no difference to the young candidate—he proceeded with his canvass, addressing the people everywhere upon the leading national topics. Against such eloquence as Professor Foster brought into the field, Major Domville was powerless, but apart from his ability as a debater, the people of King's had put the highest estimate upon the integrity of the