# POOR DOCUMENT

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH, ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, APRIL 23, 1904.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH E. W. MCCRDADY. Esitor ADVERTISING RATES.

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IMPORTANT NOTICE.

AUTHORIZED AGENTS.

Wm. Somerville

Semi-Weekly Telegraph

ST. JOHN, N. B., APRIL 23, 1904.

#### THE OLD AND THE NEW.

revolution in the diffusion of news which was to affect so materially the business erations, on land and sea, in the rar

nce the Morse invention flashed to Wash inoston the news of Henry Clay's nomina was first operated. In 1834 people could mean. The difficulties of communication were accepted as insuperable. A letter by "pony express" was a day en route between New York and Philade phia, and was a week on the way from New York to Louisville. The news and the market figures received in London were so long in transit that those who received them had no idea what the situation really was at the moment the stale news reached them. In those days the news of the Russian disaster at Port Arthur would have been unknown on this continent for months after its occurrence. The battle of Waterloo had been fought five weeks before New York knew of Napoleon's defeat. The reports of the Crimean war came to Halifax by steamers and were sent to New York by a single telegraph line, frequently with the result that events a month old upset the market when they reached Wall street.

Slow as the world was at first to grasp the full significance of the telegraph, when its possibilities were understood millions upon millions were spent in linking to gether the e ties of the world by wire. In the year 1903, in Great Britain, 93,000,000 telegraph messages were transmitted, and in the United States the number was almost as great. The earth is girdled by cables and land wires and a rumor started in Sapan or Russia is known here the mome t it becomes valuable enough to cable-and frequently when it is not worth the cost

Today, too, the admiral of an invisible fleet receives news that brings him rushing down upon an enemy his esouts have enticed into a position favorable for attack. To prevent one combattant from inbercepting wireless messages sent by batant prohibits the use of the wireless system by outsiders under pain of death

What wonders will the next sixty years give to the world? When one considered the invention of the telegraph he may well next three score years will embrace many that the most daring flight of the imaginetion does not reach today.

## THE WATER SUPPLY.

The publicity recently given to the supply, the advance in the insurance rate will meet today to consider measures for and for obtaining a supply of water sufficient for household and manufacturing purposes. It is likely they will urge immediate action by the mayor and common council whose duty it long has been to the men who have been instrumental in once decide what form the remedy for enough. Admiral Makaroff had courage. existing conditions should take, but they can at least make it immediately and abund- THE VALUE OF MARKSMANSHIP. antly plain to the aldermen that a remedy is to be found and applied with as little Montreal Witness protesting that the know that for years reports have been prepared on this question. They know knowledge of the men who made the reports or were content to believe that the time for action had not arrived.

men to push energetically for the reform of the water supply until they get it.

companie was studied. One alderman said he noticed that Halifax had the leas able to the city. Halifax received from the company last year \$6,749, while the city of Hamilton, with a population of about one-fifth larger, about 51,000, receive \$22,491. The committee decided to report to the council that they were pleased to note that the charter to the Halifax Tram twenty-one years, and will expire in 1916 and to recommend that a special meeting of the council be called to deal with stree railway matters and see that the company comply with the charter, especially with regard to road paving, so that the prop and be a good asset if the city decides to take the road over when the charter ex-

come such hold upon the company which operates here. They may have it after

#### LEARNING FROM JAPAN. A leading British journal, discussing

Admiral Togo's success, regards his recent strategy at Port Arthur as excelling any ever displayed in similar circumstances. about the value of the battleships upon sia's fleet in Eastern waters has been re destroyed or injured by torpedoes or mines. Had Japan, before the outbreak of this fleet has justified its existence many times

over within the last few months.

It can be guessed now that had Santiago been held by Japanese instead of Span iards, the torpedo boats which sought refuge there with Cervera's cruisers would not have remained idle during the week an American fleet watched at the harbor's narrow mouth, and part cularly during the period when Admiral Schley with only the flying squadron was on guard outside, for his cordon was much less carefully drawn than that established by Admiral Sampson after he reinforced his junior and assumed command. And it is not likely that inder similar circumstances Admiral Togo would have steamed out, in broad daylight, deal with this question. It is clear that gage a fleet more numerous and carrying much heavier guns and armor, as Admira calling today's meeting mean business. It Cervera did. No one doubts the Spanish is not to be expected that they can at admiral's courage, but courage is no

An excited Canadian writes to th country is likely to be plunged into mili tarism by the proposal to train a fairly that either the council distrusted the and to take care of themselves under field conditions. The Witness is opposed to war and to the fuss and feathers of a large military establishment, and thus far sym-But new that time has come. Possibly pathizes with its correspondent, but it re-

be a part of the education of the country. The Witness, in giving this good advice,

le who have to live in communi that they are not mere irresponsible indi-viduals, knowing no will but their own, but that they five in relation to society. Military movement and authority are of high value in teaching this fundamental

#### METHODS OF KILLING.

and so hasten the coming of a saner method of settling the quarrels of the

The rules of civilized warfare prohibit the use of explosive projectiles of less than a pound in weight, the poisoning of wells hard winter for the corporal's guard. and streams, and the employment of poisbe any worse to blow up a ship than it is to decimate a division by hurling it upon thousands of men through wounds immediately fatal or those which produce death after long and dreadful suffering. It is no more humane to occupy a wee in destroying a thousand human beings than it is to destroy them in a minute. It does not appear that the losses in war today are greater than they were many years ago. The prophecy that modern ap cliances would prove so destructive that infulfilled, but that which happened to Makaroff's ship and men can scarcely fail to strengthen the hands of those whose aim it is to abolish the arbitrament of the sword. Their number grows rapidly year to them. A terrible war may swell their ranks and their influence. The amazing thing is that they cannot get a better hear

## BOTH SIDES OF IT.

The sum and substance of the sort which her people can invade our home market here in the United States with the very articles that we ourselves produce and supply it with. In other words, she would have us make her a competitor in the trade that we now control exclusively.

Canada, at present is not "seeking" any sort of reciprocity from the United States. Such "seeking" as is going on is all on the other side of the line. Canada, of ourse, will always reject any terms which do not appeal to her statesmen as fair and of advantage to this country. The United States idea of reciprocity

with Canada is that we should open our markets for the advantage of American lines of goods in Canada, and settle down to the mere selling of raw material in the Just so long as this idea governs our foolish waste of words. The Americans may inderstand the attitude of Canada by the ime they have reconciled their own differences in regard to the reciprocity matter. It will take them a long time to do that, judging by recent developments.

## NOTE AND COMMENT.

Alderman-elect Daley appears to be labor candidate who is likely to go far. Never mind. Ex-Mayor Sears will not be wholly disconsolate. He is still a poet Five aldermen were defeated and it may be suspected that nine more were badly

Some vacant portfolios and seats in the legislature will now occupy the minds o the politicians.

About 3,500 citizens, many of whom were

spirit. Twenty firemen and an engine were sent from Buffalo yesterday to sav

\$8,000,000. In sympathizing with the Ontario city St. John should not forget its own perilous condition. The Globe nominates Hon. Mr. Sween for Solicitor General. No doubt he will

expenditures very materially this year.

Sydney's tax roll is a little higher than St. John's. The Cape Breton town has

eral Kouropatkin hangs the Japanese common soldiers taken as a spy. The officers he "allows to be shot."

Judge Alton B. Parker, of New York,

legislation as was sought in that direction was wisely avoided.

the city look as if the money spent for

The local house transacted considerab ousiness of importance during the closing hours of the session. The opposition must be glad the agony is over. It was been o

It is estimated that if all the reports on the water supply question which have been filed by the council without action could be sunk in the reservoir their bulk would increase the pressure and stop the leak of '54.

Of the 759 miles of electric railroads in Canada St. John has twelve, according to government statistics. These twelve miles of road would be more noticeable if the company were to run a few more cars over

The government forced the G. T. Pacific cheme through the house early this morn ng. There will still be more talk on the modifications. The Senate majority will take its orders as the majority took them in the House. But what will the country say about it?

The St. Petersburg Vyedomosti welcomes the Japanese with bloody hands in this "We sincerely wish that as many of the Mikado's subjects as possible may be landed without ceasing, day and night, at the greatest possible number of points on the coast of Korea and China. Not one of them will return."

Friends of Mr. Thomas Hetherington, M. P. P., report that he will be a candidate for Queens and Sumbury in the next Dominion election. As Dr. Hay and others have been mentioned in this connection there is evidently to be no lack of candi dates and the contest for a nomination may be interesting.

Japan has evidently begun a flank move ment in the Yalu region. The Russian reports of Japanese landings near Niuchwang indicate that the invaders are ready for the movement northward. Probably their progress has been much greater than the Russians admit. The Japanese are not sending out any reports in advance of the fighting.

St. Petersburg hears that Vicery Alexieff has resigned. Probably he had heard that the Czar said he was a "hoodoo." The shattering of reputations in the Far East goes on apace. Makaroft is with Tryon of the ill-fated Victoria. Stark, who commanded at Port Arthur, only a few days ago, is in disgrace. Now Alexiesf throws up the sponge. But Gen-

The storm was general along the North Atlantic coast, and it greatly aided the numorists, who continue to inform imaginary inquirers that this is not last winter chuckles over a man who was treated for sunstroke on Tuesday and frozen feet on

happiness and much expense, but he mus be a patriotic plumber who would call at-

were disposed to show a little temper a wounds-in some cases at least.

he had seen severer. He had long passed the record allowed by the Psalmist, and he attributed this to the fact that he had

The Portland (Me.) Press says hundreds of French-Canadians are leaving Biddeford (Me.) for Canada and adds that are running full time, but with the cur tailment the advantage is all in favor

## April Weather. (By Bliss Carman.)

And the willows putting forth, Misty crimson and soft yellow In the valleys of the North. "Soon the hazy purple distance, Where the cabined heart takes wing, Eager for the old migration In the magic of the spring.

"Soon, ah, soon the budding windflowers Through the forest white and frail, And the odorous white cherry Gleaming in her ghostly veil.

"Soon the waking and the summons Starting sap in bole and blade, And the bubbling, marshy whisper Sweeping up through bog and glade.

"Soon the frogs in silver chorus Through the night, from marsh an swale, Blowing in their tiny oboes All the joy that shall not fail,— "Passing up the old earth rapture By a thousand streams and rills, From the red Virginian valleys To the blue Canadian hills.

The expectancy and poise,
Of this ancient life renewing
Its temerities and joys.

"Soon the immemorial magic
Of the young Aprilian moon,
And the wonder of thy friendship
In the twilight—soon, ah, soon!"
—From The Green Book of the Bards."

## Senator Hoar Insists on Accuracy

There were many reminiscences of earl Washington during a late senate debate on the Fairbanks department bill. Mr Gorman's service in Washington first and last reached back further than the service of any other senator, for as a boy he was a page in the senate. He therefore remem bers many things about the city of earlier days, and was referring frequently to Tiber Creek.

Senator Hoar was all attention at that,

and soon began to whirl the keys on his key chain, an almost infallible sign, so observers say, that he is going into a debate. Mr. Gorman had spoken of Tiber Creek several times when Mr. Hoar arose. "If the gentleman will allow me," said he, "the stream that he speaks of was not generally called the Tiber. It was called Goose Creek," and Mr. Hoar's voice was pitched in such a high, thin treble that the senate burst into laughter.

#### Two Small Fires at Newcastle. Newcastle, N. B., April 21-The Salva

tion Army living apartments of their bar afternoon. A fire on the roof of the res dence of Rev. George Harrison later in the day, also caused some damage. Both losses The quick extinguishing of these fires

showed that the new water service is equal to any emergency, the stream being strong enough to rip shingles off a three story building.

Wednesday. It is a cold day when the professional jester cannot warm up to his daily grind.

Dr. Robert Hutchinson, of London, has declared oatmeal to be one of the most excellent articles of diet, particularly for children. It is rich in fat, from and phosphates, and, properly prepared to his mind it is not prepared to his mind it is food presented in a most finished and digestible form. A great deal had been written against it of late, the lecturer said, but the writers were wholly and entirely wrong. If it had been so bad the Scotch race would have long since died out.

St John, N. B., April 23, 1994.

## Suits And Pants At Manufacturers Prices

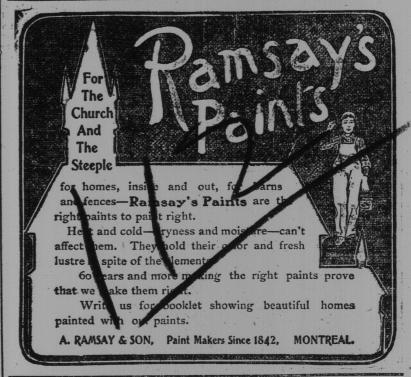
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# TO CANADIAN SOO.

It is not generally known that Admiral Makaroff, the Russian officer who lest his life in the blowing up of the Petropav lovsk, with 790 of his countrymen, once paid a visit to Canada. The Sault Ste Marie News says: The

death of Admiral Makaroff, commander of the Russian fleet at Port Arthur, prob ably created more comment among the pecple of the Soo than anywhere else in the ago he visited this part of the country or tour of inspection.

The admiral spent some time at St. Ig-nace inspecting the working of the hugo-ice crusher St. Marie, and it was after this gigantic ferry that the crusher plying the waters of Lake Baikal was patterned. the same table with this distinguished citizen of the land of the Czar, and wa on the boat with him several times. In recalling the experience at the straits to a representative of the News, Mr. Supe

"Admiral Makaroff did not impress n as being a great man, but this was probably because of the fact that he was a foreigner. He was clad in a fur-lined overeoat, wore high top boots, but I do not emember what his headgear was. He was given a place on the beat where he could

one of the crew told me that on one trip the admiral was allowed to get out on a as it struck."

ber the admiral. He was a member of a party that visited this city for the pur-pose of inspecting the locks."

Newcastle Civic Election. Chatham, N. B., April 19—(Special)—In the civic elections held today, George Brown was elected over ex-Alderman Hennessy, by a majority of 43. Messes, by a majority of 43.

Messes. Armstrong, Greinly, Lawlor.
Pedolin, Ritchie and Phinney, of the old board, were re-elected, and ex-Mayor Morrison and John Russell are the new men elected.

# ST, JOHN FIRE AND THAT IN TORONTO

One of the oldest and best known insurance men in Montreal spoke to the Star this morning on the subject of great Canadian fires, and the need of more care being exercised in the insurance of civic buildings. He also touched upon an interesting question, i.e., what amount had been lost to the country through fire, by the government being their own insurers. "The loss to Toronto is estimated, according to the telegraphic despatches, at \$10,000,000," said this gentleman. "This sum is very large, but it is not correct to speak of this as one of, if not the most disastrous fire in the dominion, as is being said. The sum named does not equal the loss sustained by the fire of 20th June, 1877, at St. John (N. B.), which, according to the report of the dominion superintendent of insurance for that year, amounted to \$13,000,000. This sum included dominion government and city government property, which was uninsured."
"Speaking of the St. John fire, I have alluded to the dominion government properties being uninsured. We have all re marked that in notices of conflagration lesses at different times, it has been stated that the government properties have been

"It occurs to one that it is fitting that information for the public should be given in the dominion parliament as to what the ey of the government in being their own insurers. This is an interesting point, and one which deserves consideration as af-fecting the country."—Montread Star.

## Gaspereaux for Bait Scarce Here.

Statements published relative to the supply of gasperaux here as bait for the ishermen were rather too hopeful. The act is the catch in this harbor is poor About a week ago there was one good About a week ago there was one good day's catch but the cold weather since has had a bad effect and comparatively no gasperaux are being taken in this harbor. The bait supply is also short in Halifax and one of the firm of A. Wilson & Son, of Halifax, is now in St. John seeing if he can arrange to get a supply of heat here.

Why, children, what in the world are you perched up on that sharp rail feare for?" "Because we're playing millionaire, and Tomnie's John Pierpout Morgan, and he made all the rest of us get off the earth."