

HAZEN AND GLASIER  
UNANIMOUS CHOICE  
IN SUNBURY CO.

Leader of Opposition in Speech Refers  
to Fredericton Sewerage Que-  
tion—Other Addresses.

FREDERICTON, March 25.—The opposition convention held at the Burton court house, Sunbury county, this afternoon was attended by about 400 persons, all the parishes in the county sending delegates. Messrs. Hazen and Glasier were the unanimous selection of those present as the candidates in the coming provincial election. The audience was addressed by Messrs. Hazen, Glasier, Morrissey, Hartt and Grimmer. The leader of the opposition devoted much of his speech to the Fredericton sewerage question. He went into the history of the business and characterized the statement that politics entered into the discussion without any foundation. He asked if such strong Liberals as Chas. Burpee, Hon. Archibald Harrison, Dr. Peake, Cecil McLean, Geo. Day and others would have any interest in favoring his politics.

ENGLISHMAN HAD  
HIS FEET FROZEN  
WHILE ON LONG TRAMP

MONCTON, March 25.—Miss Hannigan of Buctouche arrived in the city this morning, and is at the city hospital with his feet badly frozen. He will probably have to have some of his toes amputated, gangrene having set in. He froze his feet in endeavoring to tramp from Halifax to St. John.

BANK OF MONTREAL  
MUST PAY \$1,000  
DAMAGES TO RYAN

TORONTO, Mar. 25.—In a judgment handed out today Justice Glave makes it sufficiently clear that no bank has a right to throw a man's account open to inspection, especially to hostile interests.

FREIGHT TRAINS CRASH  
TOGETHER AND TWO  
MEN ARE KILLED

TORONTO, Mar. 25.—A collision in which two freight trains smashed together killing two men and seriously injuring two more, occurred this morning on the C. P. R. a couple of miles east of Myrtle Station.

ELECTED SPEAKER PRO TEM.

TORONTO, March 25.—The Ontario legislature was compelled today to elect a Speaker pro tem. J. S. Duff, of West Simcoe, was elected Speaker for the day only, owing to the illness of Hon. Speaker J. W. St. John, who underwent an operation in the hospital yesterday for appendicitis.

BOURASSA TO BRING UP MATTER  
OF WINE, WOMEN AND GRAFT  
CHARGES IN HOUSE TODAY

Foster Asks Member for Labelle Just  
What He Intends to Say

Latter, However, Has Not Decided—Can-  
ada's Representation at the Colonial  
Conference Discussed—Opposition  
Urge Premier to Go—Sir Wilfrid Is  
Anxious to Get Away if Business Will  
Allow.

OTTAWA, March 25.—Canada's representation at the colonial conference, what Mr. Bourassa is going to say tomorrow about some members of parliament and the new scale of provincial subsidies were the subjects discussed by the commons today.

Mr. Bourassa said that the people of the down river sections had won their case after a fair hearing before the Board of Health and the government. If the legislature, he claimed, should reverse the decision the government it would be an action that no legislature in the world would do. If the legislature, he said, in conclusion, should do such a thing, which he thought was doubtful, he thanked God that we still had the courts of law in this land, where justice could be obtained, and his services are at the disposal of the county of Sunbury so long as there is fighting chance for people's rights and justice.

Mr. Foster—Cannot the hon. member inform the house of the nature of his resolution?

Mr. Bourassa—I really am not able to do so.

Mr. Foster—Is it a leap in the dark?

Mr. Bourassa—No, I think I have clearly indicated the intention of my motion. I will ask the house to assist in clearing up insinuations against the members for Kings (N. B.), Simcoe, North and P. E. Island.

Mr. Borden—In that case I would ask leave to move for the adjournment of the house for the purpose of discussing the importance of Canada being represented at the conference. I think it is a subject that ought to engage the attention of the house at once, and I therefore move the adjournment so as to discuss the urgent public importance of Canada being represented by the Prime Minister at the conference.

Don't Starve

yourself by rigid dieting  
when under treatment  
for stomach ailments. A  
man or woman with hard  
work to do cannot afford  
such privations. If you  
are suffering from

Indigestion  
Constipation  
Sluggish Liver

or any of those kindred  
disorders, avail yourself  
of that homely remedy  
that rectifies without  
interfering with your  
meals in any way. It's

Herber's Dyspepsia  
CURE

Dr. Scott Wm. Liniment Co.,  
ST. JOHN, N. B.

Must Facilitate Business.

But I would be only too glad to welcome the proposal to facilitate the business of the house in order to afford me the opportunity I am entrusted with; and if gentlemen opposite will carry out the suggestion I do not think that there will be any necessity of adjourning the house. If my hon. friend would put a reasonable restraint upon the flow of eloquence of the gentlemen opposite so that we could confine ourselves to the discussion of the questions before the house, I think it will be possible for me to call on the 27th of next month, leaving some of my colleagues here until the business of the house is completed.

Mr. Foster said that it is most important that I should be accompanied on this mission, with which the Canadian people have entrusted me, with those of my colleagues who are to work out with me the problems we may have to discuss at the conference, and therefore since my hon. friend has been good enough to say that the opposition will facilitate the business of the session, I conclude that he will do so not only with reference to my own departure but with the departure of my friends and colleagues, whose attendance with me is of utmost importance to Canadian interests.

Foster Urges Premier to go.

Mr. Foster said he rose to add his word of persuasion to the Prime Minister to reconsider his half formed, if not already determined, intention to cancel his arrangements and to see whether or not by the kindly co-operation of men on the Conservative side of the house and may be by the enforced diligence of members on the government side they might not by present arrangements and by the facilities of the departure of the first minister by the fifth of next month.

Mr. Bourassa said that he should be at the conference at the beginning. It was absolutely impossible that the questions of defense or preferential trade should be discussed without Canada participating. With much heavy legislation out of the way and the united majority of the house, he thought that he would be able to prevent the Prime Minister leaving on April 5 and taking his proper place in the conference.

There is nothing of sufficient importance in the legislative work now before us to prevent him going, and if it will do any good I promise, and probably there might be some others on this side make similar promises, Mr. Bourassa said that he was willing to attend that conference so that Canada may be represented there.

No doubt that would cause a great deal of us inconvenience, but it seems to me the inconvenience should not weigh as anything in comparison with the public affairs among his friends opposite as to enable him to leave the remaining business of the house in charge of one of his responsible colleagues, we are willing on this side of the house to adjourn on Wednesday next for such length of time as may be necessary to enable the prime minister to attend that conference so that Canada may be represented there.

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Mr. Borden—I did not say that.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier—I would not have had a word of criticism to offer in the remarks of my honorable colleague as those in the latter part of his address. But the insinuation which my honorable friend, for reasons which are unknown to me, chose to make when he said that his opinion was that even when I was sitting in that conference in 1902 in London I had in contemplation not to attend the present conference.

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Caused Great Anxiety.

I may say that during the last few days I have been under great anxiety over this question, not knowing whether the speaker would keep me here or call me away.

Up to the present time I may say I have not made up my mind. I have thought that it might be possible for me to postpone for a time my departure from Ottawa.

The conference is called for April 15, and must meet then. But everybody knows that the first sitting of the conference will not be of so much importance as the later sittings.

Formalities always precede the actual business. It takes time to organize and prepare for the work, so that my attendance on April 15 would not be as important as it would be later on.

ference. The duty of the prime minister of Canada or of Australia, if his parliament was sitting, was to reply to the invitation of the British minister that the first claim upon him was that of the parliament of which he was the head and not the claim of the Empire.

The prime minister had no right to abandon parliament at a time when its institutions might be at stake.

Mr. Foster says there are no other important matters to come before the house. However, in the opinion of the great majority of the people of Canada there is one thing of the deepest importance to be settled, and that is the question of the parliament of Canada itself.

There are many members of parliament today whose honor is under suspicion, and it is not going to enter upon that subject because it is to be discussed tomorrow. But it is far more important that parliament should not prorogue before the honor of every member of the house had been vindicated.

The prime minister has no right to go to London while members of this parliament, sitting at a very early stage of the session, stand under suspicion of having violated the independence of parliament or of being unworthy of being representatives of the people of this country.

These are accusations which have become prevalent in the press of this country. Echoes of these accusations have found their way into this parliament; and I say that this parliament cannot prorogue and the prime minister cannot leave until his honor and the honor of the people whom it represents have been redeemed.

Canada Has No Grievances.

Hon. Mr. Fielding said he concurred in the statement that the first duty of the session and of the parliament and the Dominion. But it was important that the prime minister should be present at a very early stage of the conference, and if possible, at the opening. There are duties to Canada which can be best performed in the parliament of Canada, but there are also duties to Canada which can be best performed in other parts of the Empire, and notably, at the capital of the Empire.

Canada has no grievances to be discussed, but the sister colonies are to be present at the conference, and it is desirable that the representatives of Canada and particularly the prime minister should be present to confer with his brothers from the other colonies, to assist them with their judgment and wisdom, and to place on record the views Canada holds on the matters which are to be brought up.

Mr. Fielding thought that good progress had been made with the business of the session and that there had been little obstruction.

If these conferences are to be held from time to time, and if Canada, the first colony of the Empire, should be represented and adequately represented by the prime minister, Dr. Sproule joined in the request of the prime minister to go, and criticized the position taken by Mr. Bourassa that it was not the great importance of the session that should be represented by the prime minister at the coming conference.

Colonel Sam Hughes suggested that the business of the session should be expedited by parliament taking no recess at Easter.

He suggested that the objections of Mr. Bourassa could not overcome by sending him along to London to carry the message that had been given when he was made secretary of the high joint commission of Quebec.

Borden Denies Rumor.

R. L. Borden said in concluding the debate: "Mr. Bourassa referred to a matter of some importance which he promises to bring to the attention of the house tomorrow. If these matters should prove of the importance he indicates, and undoubtedly they are important, I would be prepared to insist with him that this session should not conclude until these matters have received due inquiry and investigation. It was for that reason that I suggested to the Prime Minister that we should not prorogue but adjourn for the purpose of enabling him to attend the conference."

"It will take this opportunity to refer to the statement made in the newspapers that there has been an arrangement between the two parties with regard to the matters which Mr. Bourassa proposes to bring forward tomorrow."

"I desire to repeat my statement that there is no arrangement and that there has never been the resemblance or suggestion of an arrangement, and statements to the contrary are as false as any that ever proceeded from pen or tongue."

RATTLED THINGS AT  
GRINDSTONE ISLAND

HOPEWELL HILL, March 25.—J. R. Russell, light keeper at Grindstone Island, visited the mainland today, after being confined to the ice-bound island for over two months. Mr. Russell reports the storm of night before last as the wildest in his experience at the light. When in the lantern, lighting the lamps while the storm was at its height, the chimneys of the lamps rattled against the reflectors, and the lofty building trembled perceptibly with the force of the gale. The fuel of the dwelling house, with its large gabled roof, was blown short off at the roof. No shipping has yet been reported moving at the head of the bay, though the ice is now fast disappearing.

WITNESSES SUBPOENAED.

FREDERICTON, March 25.—A number of witnesses are in town tonight on their way to Andover, having been subpoenaed to give evidence in the case of Tibbitts, assigned, against Hutchison, to be tried before Judge McLeod. It is a case of lumbering contract about \$10,000, being involved. Powell and Stratton for plaintiff, and Elliott and Carter for defendant.

Mr. F. Flewelling won the weekly roll off at the Queen Hotel bowling alleys this evening at candlepins, having an average of 56.

PROVINCIAL  
SUBSIDIES

Premier Brought up Matter  
in Parliament Yesterday.

Moved Resolution that British Govern-  
ment Amend B.N.A. Act to Give In-  
crease—Amendments Defeated

OTTAWA, Ont., March 25.—In the House of Commons today Sir Wilfrid moved the resolution that the British government amend the British North America act to increase provincial subsidies on the basis agreed upon at the recent provincial conference. In moving it Sir Wilfrid said that 40 years had passed since the subsidies were fixed. The fathers of confederation had done this work well, but conditions had indicated that the time had come for a change.

At that conference, as well as at the 1887 and 1902 conferences, the provinces had asked that the financial arrangements be put on a more equitable basis. The proposals placed now before the house would increase provincial subsidies by about \$2,346,000.

Mr. Foster thought that when the prime minister presented a demand to the house for between two and three millions increase payment from the Dominion treasury he should present a better reason than a historical sketch. Mr. Fielding said it was essential to remember that Canada was made from provinces. On entry to the Dominion these provinces had declared against direct taxation. The principles on which subsidies were granted being admitted he could see no objections to the present proposals.

Mr. Bergeron thought that provincial legislation was too expensive.

Mr. LeFurgey complains that Prince Edward Island would only get \$70,000 increase under the new arrangements. This is too little. The island had too small a revenue to pay its school teachers a direct salary. He claims the island should be placed on the same basis as British Columbia which would give it \$125,750 increase in subsidies.

He moved an amendment providing that a province with a population of 25,000 or under should get a subsidy of \$125,000 and not \$100,000 as proposed.

Mr. Crockett did not agree that the proposal of granting subsidy on basis of population would work out to the advantage of the smaller provinces, and speaking as a New Brunswick representative he opposed the proposal. The motion meant that every head of a family in New Brunswick would have to pay \$2.19 more to make up the aggregate of increase while the per capita each head of a family would receive only an increase in subsidy of \$1.86. He objected to corrupt provincial administrations knocking at the door of the federal treasury to make good their financial difficulties.

Mr. Martin of P. E. I. offered an amendment declaring that all the interest paid by the Island before Confederation on expenditure for railways should be refunded, and that no interest should be charged the province for the time since Confederation.

The Speaker ruled this out of order, as Mr. LeFurgey's amendment stood in the way.

Mr. LeFurgey's amendment, was defeated by 96 to 35.

Mr. Daniel held that terms of Confederation had been uneven and that the time and the new proposals were to even the terms. However, this would not be accomplished in the case of New Brunswick, as Mr. Crockett had shown. A few years ago the Dominion bought large territories from the Hudson Bay Company. A large part of that territory went to Ontario and Quebec. The maritime provinces had paid their share from that territory and had received no benefit.

As the imperial financial position of the provinces at the same time changes should be asked for by which the representatives each province had at the time of Confederation should be reduced, and where reduced, should be restored.

Mr. Lake wanted to offer an amendment respecting lands, but was declared out of order.

Mr. Fowler of Kings, N. B., declared that New Brunswick had not got a fair deal out of the provincial conference.

Mr. Maclean of Kings, P. E. I., moved that an additional allowance of \$100,000 be given to Prince Edward Island. This was declared lost.

Sir Wilfrid raised a point relevant to the resolution. The Speaker moved the amendment out of order.

Mr. Martin offered his amendment, which was lost on division.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—Senator Cramer, the Nicaraguan minister, tonight received a despatch from President Zelaya of Nicaragua announcing the capture and occupation of Tegucigalpa, the capital of Honduras.

FOR THE  
Easter Holiday, 1907

INTERCOLONIAL  
RAILWAY

will sell round trip tickets to all stations on the line.

FIRST CLASS ONE WAY FARE.

Going March 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, April 1st.

Good for return, leaving destination April 2nd, 1907.

And to Detroit, Port Huron, Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Buffalo, Black Rock, Suspension Bridge, Niagara Falls, Rousses Point, Muskegon, Spring, N. Y., New Port, Swanton, Burlington, Island Pond, Vt., and stations east thereof, also to points on the Dominion Atlantic Railway, Halifax and South Western Ry., Sydney and Louisburg Railway, Inverness Railway and Coal Co., and Cape Breton Company.

STEAMERS.

ATLANTIC STEAMSHIPS  
OF THE  
CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY  
ROYAL MAIL SERVICE  
FINEST AND FASTEST  
"EMPRESSES"

ST. JOHN, N. B. to LIVERPOOL, via HALIFAX  
Fri. Mar. 8. . . . . "Tunislan"  
(by arrangement)  
Sat. "16" . . . . . "Lake Erie"  
Fri. "22" . . . . . "Express of Ireland"  
Sat. "30" . . . . . "Lake Manitoba"  
Fri. April 5. . . . . "Empress of Britain"

ST. JOHN, N. B. to LONDON, via HALIFAX  
Wed. April 10. . . . . "Mount Temple"  
(2nd and 3rd Class)  
Wed. April 24. . . . . "Lake Michigan"  
(2nd Class only, \$25.00)

Steamers marked thus will call from Halifax afternoon, after leaving St. John.

WINTER RATES NOW IN EFFECT  
S. S. Lake Champlain and Lake Erie carry only One Class of cabin passengers (second class), to whom is given the accommodation situated in the best part of the steamer \$40.00 and \$42.50.

1st CABIN—\$50.00 and upwards, according to steamer.

2nd. CABIN—\$40.00, \$45.00 and \$47.50.

3rd CABIN—\$35.00 to \$38.75.

For tickets and further information apply to W. H. C. Mackay, St. John, N. B., or write W. P. Howard, D. P. A., C. P. R., St. John, N. B.

EASTERN STEAMSHIP COMPANY

INTERNATIONAL DIVISION

WINTER REDUCED RATES

Effective to May 1, 1907

St. John to Port  
land . . . . . \$3.00

St. John to Bos-  
ton . . . . . \$3.50

Commencing March 20th, steamers leave St. John on Wednesdays at 8.00 a. m., (Atlantic Standard) for Eastport, Lubec, Portland and Boston, and on Saturdays at 6.30 p. m., direct for Boston.

RETURNING

Leave Boston on Mondays at 9.00 a. m., for Portland, Eastport, Lubec and St. John, N. B., arriving at St. John, N. B., direct for Eastport, Lubec and St. John.

All cargo, except live stock, via steamers of this company, is insured against fire and marine risk.

W. G. LEE, Agent.  
St. John, N. B.

RAILROADS.

CANADIAN  
PACIFIC

FOR  
EASTER

AT SINGLE FARE

TO GENERAL PUBLIC

March 28 to April 1

Returning April 2nd.

Between all Stations in Canada  
East of Fort Arthur.

W. B. HOWARD, D. P. A.  
St. John, N. B.

INTERCOLONIAL  
RAILWAY

ON AND AFTER TUESDAY, JAN.

1907, trains will run daily (Sun-  
day excepted) as follows:

TRAINS LEAVE ST. JOHN.

No. 6—Mixed train to Moncton. . . 6.30

No. 2—Express for Halifax, Camp-  
bellton, Point du Chene. . . 7.00

No. 28—Express for Pt. du Chene,  
Halifax and Pictou. . . 12.25

No. 8—Express for Sussex. . . 13.30

No. 134—Express for Quebec and  
Montreal, also Pt. du Chene. . . 19.00

No. 10—Express for Moncton, the  
Sydney and Halifax. . . 23.25

TRAINS ARRIVE AT ST. JOHN.

No. 8—From Halifax and Pictou. . 6.30

No. 1—Express from Sussex. . . 9.00

No. 133—Express from Montreal  
Quebec and Pt. du Chene. . . 13.45

No. 5—Mixed from Moncton. . . 15.30

No. 25—Express from Halifax, Pic-  
tou, Pt. du Chene and Campbell-  
ton. . . 17.45

No. 1—Express from Moncton. . . 21.30

No. 11—Mixed from Moncton  
(daily). . . 4.00

All trains run by Atlantic Standard  
Time; 24.00 o'clock midnight.

NOTE—A special train (with buffet  
sleeping car attached) will leave Truro  
every Saturday night for Sydney and  
Sydney Mines, after arrival of No. 24  
(Maritime Express) from Montreal.

CITY TICKET OFFICE: 3 King  
street, St. John, N. B. Telephone 271.  
GEORGE CARVILLE, C. T. A.

SAYS IT WAS NOT SMALLPOX.

CHARLOTTETOWN, Mar. 25.—Owing  
to the report of the doctors that  
one case of smallpox was in Charlote-  
town, the city has placed for sixteen  
days under quarantine a school,  
church, places of entertainment be-  
lieved closed and thousands of people  
vaccinated. Today Donalson McNeil,  
the man who was reported to have the  
disease has a letter in the press stat-  
ing that he played a game of hockey,  
got overcast took a heavy cold, nec-  
essitated him, dozed himself with powders  
and black draft causing him to sweat  
and break out in a rash.